# Habit forming products

Tech seminary 7

'A must-read for everyone who cares about driving customer engagement'

ERIC RIES, author of The Lean Startup

# HOOKEL



How to Build Habit-Forming Products

# NIR EYAL WITH RYAN HOOVER

## Hooked

- NIR EYAL creates, builds, and successfully sells 2 startups
- Hook Model
  - Building User Engagement
  - Creating Habit-Forming Products (designing features that encourage regular use)
  - Enhancing Customer Retention
  - When Offering Value to Users
  - In Competitive Markets
  - When Building Brand Loyalty

# Ethics

- Encourage positive habits
- Not exploiting them for addictive behaviors



### Ethics

#### Responsibility in design:

- + fitness App encourage healthier lifestyle
- make user obsessively check their progress and compare (negatively) with others

#### Avoid manipulation:

- + build engaging products
- a social media platform where users spend excessive time, ignoring real-life relationships and responsibilities

#### • Create positive habits:

+ learning app that encourage users for regular practice



## Ethics

#### User Autonomy

- + make the user more efficient, and let him decide
- constant notifications and interruptions, causing stress and dependence

#### Transparency

+ allow the user to know why they are engaged, if a game uses rewards to keep playing, it should be transparent

### Balancing business goals with user well-being

- Streaming service might want to increase viewing time, but should avoid binge-watching at the expense of sleep time

# Hook Model



The goal should always be to **enhance the user's life** and **provide value**, rather than **exploiting psychological vulnerabilities** for profit.



**Hook Model:** 

Trigger

Action

Variable Rewards

Investment

# Trigger

- **Externs** (what makes the user getting the product):
  - Marketing, press releases, videos, newsletters, shares, ...
- Interns (what does the user really want)
  - Fear of losing precious moments (Instagram)
  - Social connection (email app, WhatsApp, Facebook)
  - o Boredom: Twitter, TikTok

## Action

- For a behavior to be adopted, 3 elements are needed:
  - Trigger
  - Motivation: pleasure-seeking, hope, pain avoidance, social acceptance
  - o Possibility of acting:
    - Time
    - Money
    - physical effort
    - intellectual effort
    - deviation from the social norm
    - lack of routine



# (Variables) reward

- The reward from the tribe:
  - Our behavior is influenced by the people we admire
  - Facebook, League of Legends, Stack Overflow
- Reward from hunting:
  - The outcome is important but let's not forget about the process
  - This unpredictability stimulates continued usage.
    - online shopping, searching for information on the internet
- The reward for ourselves:
  - Self-progress
  - Ex: games, Mailbox (acquired by Dropbox for \$100Mil)

Bad example for variability. FarmVille which was very popular, but the next versions (City, Chief) kept the same suspense elements and consequently lost 80% of the users.

## Investment

- Psychological, we are **over-evaluating our work**
- user puts something into the product (time, data, effort, social capital, or money)
- likelihood of returning due to a sense of ownership
- Examples:
  - IKEA, you have no problem ensemble it, and you care more about it because you "build" it
  - Instagram/Facebook account where you "acquire" a lot of followers
  - Photoshop (as you grow your competences)
  - Stack Overflow (as you grow your reputation)



### Conclusions

- The main purpose is NOT to create manipulative or destructive prod ucts, but tools that frequently connect users' problems to solutions and create habits.
- "Hook Model" includes the following elements: "Trigger", "Actions", "Variable Reward", "Investment"
- I hope the "hooked model" will shine a spotlight on your **success**



## References

"Hooked. How To Build Habit-Forming Products" –
 Nir Eyal