#### Topic Seminar 01



## **Seminar Objectives**



# Topics

- Inspection
- Tour testing (Feature)

### **Assignment 1 - 10-minutes - Discussion**

# **Topics**

- Similarities/Differences between code inspection and walkthroughs.
- Inspection/Walkthroughs team and duties.
- Types of errors to be discovered. Name at least three and give an example for each type.

**Inspection AND Feature Tour Testing** 

• Pair programming

#### Assignment 2 – 60 minutes – Inspection

Inspect the documents (problem statement, design, source code) for the received problem.

Inspection refers to the analysis and the highlighting of the current state of the documents into a report.

Inspection may cause modification of the analyzed documents, like:

- Clarification of the problem statement.
- Modification of the design and/or the source code.
- Use the same available documents from the Laboratory 1 assignments.
- For the identification of the ambiguities/defects the following *check-lists* will be used:
  - o a. **Statement problem:** Lab01\_RequirementsPhaseDefectsChecklist
  - o b. **Design:** Lab01\_DesignPhaseDefectsChecklist
  - o c. **Source code**: Lab01 ProgramCodingPhaseDefectsChecklist
- For the inspected documents/artifacts a report will be realized (Lab01\_Review Form).

### Assignment 3 – 30 minutes – Feature Tour Testing

Tour testing

- Lecture 1: Function Testing, Tours, & A Taxonomy of Techniques
- http://www.testingeducation.org/BBST/testdesign/
- Video part A (9 mins, 14 secs) starting 4:45 to 9:15 minutes.
- Slides Slide set for all Test <u>Design course lectures</u> slides 9->21 (->41)

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**Problem statement.** Write a program that reads natural numbers n1, n2, ..., nk and prints the longest sequence ns, ns+1, ..., nd, with  $1 \le s \le d \le k$ , that contains only prime numbers.

**Problem design.** The program must have: a subalgorithm that reads the given numbers, a function that verifies if a natural number is prime; a subalgorithm that compute the indexies s and d,  $1 \le s \le d \le k$ , with the property that ns, ns+1, ..., nd are prime numbers; a subalgorithm that prints the numbers ns, ns+1, ..., nd.

#### Source code.

```
1 public class LongestPrimeSequence {
2
      private ArrayList 1;
3
      private int start, length;
4
      public LongestPrimeSequence() {
            System.out.println("Long. Seq. empty ...");
6
      public void setSequence(ArrayList 1) {
8
            this.l=1;
9
10
      public LongestPrimeSequence(ArrayList newL) {
11
            this.1 = newL;
12
            this.start=-1;
13
            this.length=0;
14
15
      public int getStart() {return this.start;}
16
      public int getLength() {return this.length;}
    public boolean isPrime(int n) throws ValueException{
18
      boolean b = true;
19
      if(n<0){
20
            throw new ValueException("data not valid");
21
22
      if(n<2){
23
            b=false:
24
2.5
      else{
26
            int i=2;
2.7
            while (i < (n/2)) {
28
                   if ((n \% i) == 0){
29
                               b=false;
30
31
                   else
32
                         b=true;
33
                   i++;
34
35
36
      return b;
37 }
```

```
38 public void SolveLongestSequence() throws ValueException{
      int posI=-1, lengthI=0, i=0;
40
      int posF=-1, lengthF=0;
41
      while(i<this.l.size()){</pre>
42
             if (isPrime ((int) this.1.get(i)) == true) {
43
                    if(posI==-1) {
44
                          posI=i;
45
                           lengthI=1;
46
47
                    else
48
                           lengthI++;
49
             }
50
             else{
51
                    if(lengthI>lengthF) {
52
                           lengthF=lengthI;
53
                          posF = posI;
54
55
56
             i++;
57
58
      this.start =posF;
59
      this.length=lengthF;
60
61 }
```