https://github.com/cs-ubbcluj-ro/lab-work-computer-science-2024-dragosgavrus1/tree/main/3-Parser

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Parser Class Documentation

The Parser class implements an LR(0) parsing algorithm, generating a canonical collection of LR(0) items and building a parsing table to process input sequences according to a given grammar. Below is a comprehensive description of the class and its functionality:

Attributes

- grammar: The grammar to be parsed, containing non-terminals, terminals, a start symbol, and productions.
- items: A list of all items (productions with dot positions) derived from the grammar.
- canonicalCollection: A collection of unique LR(0) states representing all possible configurations during parsing.
- table: A parsing table used to store the shift, reduce, and accept actions, as well as transitions between states.

Methods

__init__(self, grammar)

- Initializes the parser with the given grammar.
- Augments the grammar by adding a new start production and computes the initial set of LR(0) items.

addAugmentedProduction(self)

- Adds an augmented production S' → S to the grammar, where S is the original start symbol.
- Ensures the parsing process begins with a unique start rule.

computeInitialLr0Items(self)

- Creates an initial list of LR(0) items for all productions in the grammar.
- Each item has a dot placed at the start of the production.

closure(self, itemList)

- Computes the closure of a given set of LR(0) items:
 - Adds items for all productions of non-terminals that appear immediately after the dot.
 - Stops when no new items can be added.
- Returns a new State object representing the closure.

isInCanonicalCollection(self, state)

- Checks if a given state is already part of the canonical collection.
- Returns True if the state exists, otherwise False.

computeCanonicalCollection(self)

- Constructs the canonical collection of LR(0) states:
 - 1. Starts with the closure of the augmented production.
 - 2. Iteratively computes transitions (goTo) for all symbols and adds new states to the collection.
 - 3. Stops when no new states are added.
- Prints the canonical collection.

goTo(self, state, symbol)

- Computes the set of items obtained by shifting the dot over a given symbol in the provided state.
- Returns the closure of the resulting set of items or an empty list if no transition is possible.
- Updates the parsing table with state transitions.

computeTableActions(self)

- Populates the parsing table with actions (shift, reduce, accept) for each state:
 - o shift: When a transition exists for a terminal symbol.
 - o reduce: When a production is completed (dot at the end).

o accept: When the augmented production is completed.

buildInputStack(self, sequence)

 Builds a stack of symbols from the input sequence by identifying terminal and nonterminal symbols in order.

getStateHavingIndex(self, index)

Retrieves a state from the canonical collection based on its index.

parseSequence(self, sequence)

- Parses a given sequence using the LR(0) parsing table:
 - 1. Maintains a working stack, input stack, and output stack.
 - 2. Iteratively processes actions from the parsing table:
 - shift: Adds the symbol and its target state to the working stack.
 - reduce: Replaces symbols on the stack with the left-hand side of a production and transitions to a new state.
 - accept: Terminates the parsing process if the input is valid.
 - 3. Throws an error if the sequence cannot be parsed.
- Prints the working stack, input stack, and output stack during parsing.

printCanonicalCollection(self)

Prints the canonical collection of states in a readable format.