



# 江西理工大学信息工程学院

JIANGXI UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SCHOOL OF INFORMATION ENGINEERING



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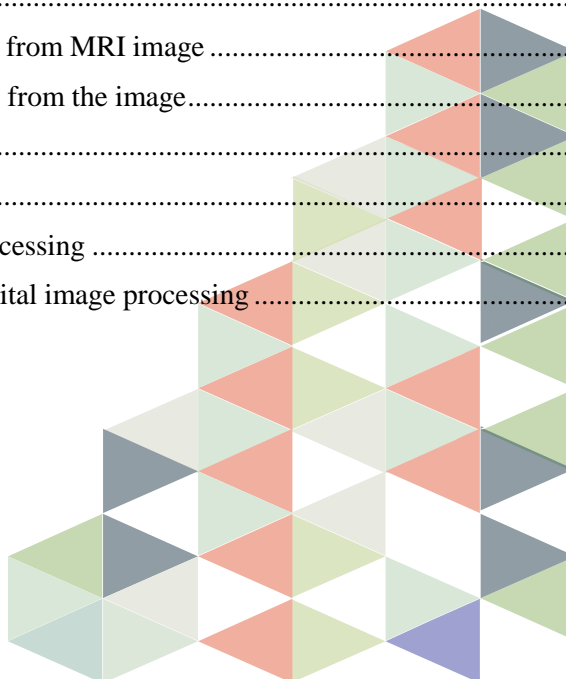
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## Practice ONE

The lab number	M601	实验室名称	本院实验中心		
Course number		Subject title	<b>Digital Image Processing (MATLAB Programming)</b>		
The experiment item no	1	Practical title	<b>How to install MATLAB? &amp; How to use MATLAB? (Basic Programming)</b>		
(To guide the file name)	(write)	(The experimental requirements)	(Will do)	(The experimental type)	(validation)
(period)					
(For professional)					
	<p>The purpose and requirement (fill in)</p> <p>Purpose:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To install MATALB Tool.</li> <li>2. Learn how to use and awareness about different options of MATALB.</li> <li>3. Learn how to programming in command window and also script (.m) file.</li> <li>4. Lean fundamentals of MATLAB Programming.</li> </ol> <p>Requirement:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Each student must have resources(computer)</li> <li>2. Every student have installed MATLAB2014a version above</li> <li>3. Every student have lecture slide and file which I send.</li> </ol>				
	<p>Content:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Fundamental Operation <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Code compilation</li> <li>b) Different windows usage</li> <li>c) MATLAB Tools usage</li> <li>d) Variable</li> <li>e) Matrix</li> <li>f) Loop</li> <li>g) Conditional statements</li> </ol> </li> <li>2) Image reading <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) RGB image</li> <li>b) Gray scale image</li> <li>c) Black and white</li> <li>d) Image visualization</li> </ol> </li> <li>3) Basic Image Operation <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Image conversion</li> <li>b) Image resizing</li> <li>c) How to find image size</li> <li>d) Some other basic operation</li> </ol> </li> </ol>				



## 1. MATLAB VARIABLES

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
x = 3      % defining x and initializing it with a value
Y = sqrt(16) % defining Y and initializing it with an expression
sqrt(78)
x1 = 7 * 8;
y = x1 * 7.89
```

## 2. MATLAB VARIABLES

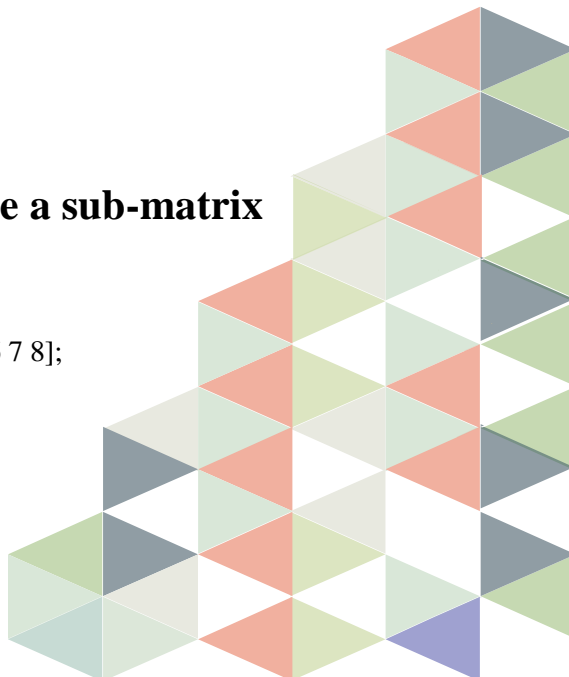
```
clc
clear all;
close all;
x=3
clear x    % it will delete x, won't display anything
clear     % it will delete all variables in the
workspace % peacefully and unobtrusively Long Assignments Long assignments can be extended to
another line by using an ellipses (...). For example,
initial_velocity = 0;
acceleration = 9.8;
time = 20;
final_velocity = initial_velocity + acceleration * time
```

## 3. MATLAB - MATRIX

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
m = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9]
% Referencing the Elements of a Matrix
a = [ 1 2 3 4 5; 2 3 4 5 6; 3 4 5 6 7; 4 5 6 7 8];
% see the results of the follwoing
a(2,5)
v = a(:,4)
a(:,2:3)
```

## 4. MATLAB – MATRIX: create a sub-matrix

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
a = [ 1 2 3 4 5; 2 3 4 5 6; 3 4 5 6 7; 4 5 6 7 8];
sa = a(2:3,2:4)
```



## 5. MATLAB – MATRIX: Deleting a Row or a Column in a Matrix

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
a = [ 1 2 3 4 5; 2 3 4 5 6; 3 4 5 6 7; 4 5 6 7 8];
a(4, :) = [] %For example, let us delete the fourth row of a
a = [ 1 2 3 4 5; 2 3 4 5 6; 3 4 5 6 7; 4 5 6 7 8];
a(:, 5) = [] %, let us delete the fifth column of a ?
```

## 6. MATLAB – MATRIX: % In this example, let us create a 3-by-3 matrix m, then we will copy the second and third rows of this matrix twice to create a 4-by-3 matrix. Create a script file with the following code

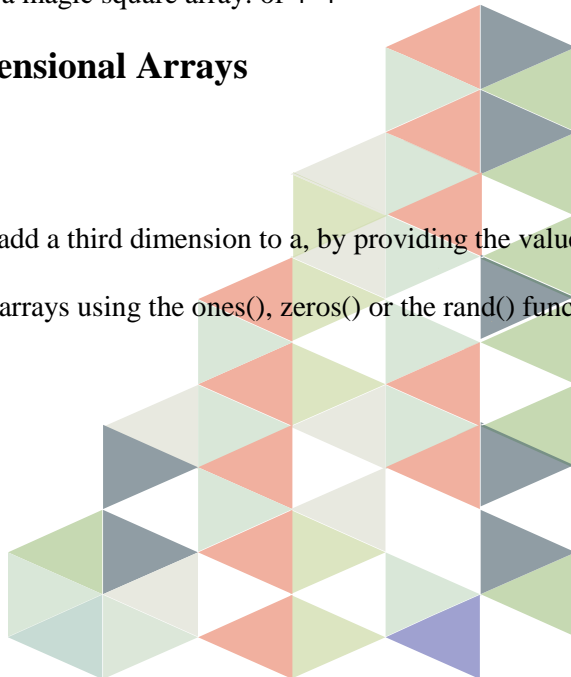
```
clc
clear all;
close all;
a = [ 1 2 3 ; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
new_mat = a([2,3,2,3],:)
```

## 7. MATLAB – MATRIX: Special Arrays in MATLAB

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
zeros(5) %. The zeros() function creates an array 5*5 of all zeros
ones(4,3) %The ones() function creates an array 4*3 of all ones
eye(4) % The eye() function creates an identity matrix 4*4
rand(3,5)%The rand() function creates an array 3*5 of uniformly distributed random numbers on (0,1)
magic(4)%The magic() function creates a magic square array. of 4*4
```

## 1. MATLAB – MATRIX :Multidimensional Arrays

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
a = [7 9 5; 6 1 9; 4 3 2]
% The array a is a 3-by-3 array; we can add a third dimension to a, by providing the values like
a(:, :, 2) = [ 1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9]
% We can also create multidimensional arrays using the ones(), zeros() or the rand() functions. For
example,
b = rand(4,3,2)
```



## 8. MATLAB – MATRIX: Multidimensional Arrays concatenate the arrays

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
a = [9 8 7; 6 5 4; 3 2 1];
b = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9];
c = cat(3, a, b, [ 2 3 1; 4 7 8; 3 9 0])
```

## 9. FUNCTIONS OF ARRAY

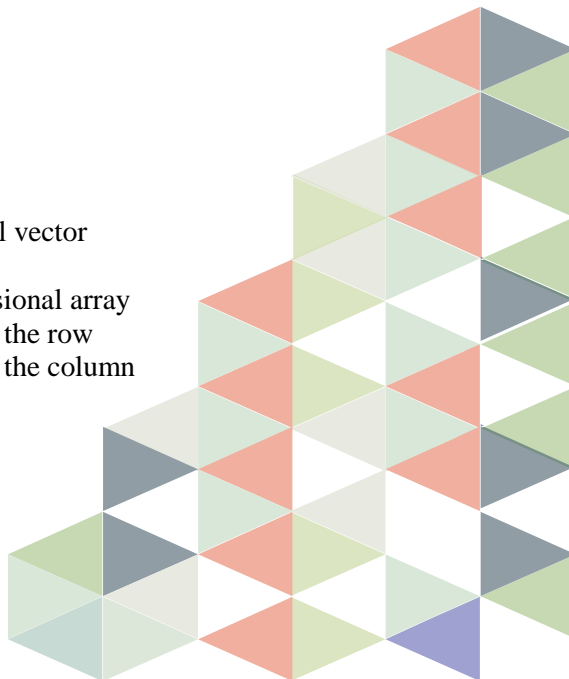
```
clc
clear all;
close all;
x = [7.1, 3.4, 7.2, 28/4, 3.6, 17, 9.4, 8.9];
length(x) % length of x vector
y = rand(3, 4, 5, 2);
ndims(y) % no of dimensions in array y
s = ['Zara', 'Nuha', 'Shamim', 'Riz', 'Shadab'];
numel(s) % no of elements in s
```

## 10. FUNCTIONS OF ARRAY

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
a = [1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9] % the original array a
b = circshift(a,1) % circular shift first dimension values down by 1.
c = circshift(a,[1 -1]) % circular shift first dimension values % down by 1 % and second dimension
values to the left % by 1.
```

## 11. FUNCTIONS OF ARRAY

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
% Sorting Arrays
v = [ 23 45 12 9 5 0 19 17] % horizontal vector
sort(v) % sorting v
m = [2 6 4; 5 3 9; 2 0 1] % two dimensional array
sort(m, 1) % sorting m along the row
sort(m, 2) % sorting m along the column
```



### 12. Accessing Data in Cell Arrays

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
c = {'Red', 'Blue', 'Green', 'Yellow', 'White'; 1 2 3 4 5};
% See the Result of the following
c(1:2,1:2)
c{1, 2:4}
```

### 13. Creating Vectors (horizontal Vectors)

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
r = [7 8 9 10 11]
%MATLAB will execute the above statement and return the following result ? r = 7 8 9 10 11
```

### 14. Another example,

```
t = [2, 3, 4, 5, 6];
res = r + t
```

### 15. Creating Vectors (Vertical Vectors)

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
c = [7; 8; 9; 10; 11]
```

### 16. Image Reading and show image

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
I=imread('pic.jpg'); % imread function is used to read an image . you can give full path
                        % of the image if image is not in the same place where you save program.
                        % Like this imread('C:\Users\Muhammad\Desktop\picture.jpg?');
imshow(I); % this is used to visualize the image. This is use to show one image in program.
```

### 17. Image resizing

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
I = imread('pic1.jpg');
A=imresize(I,[500 500]); %used to resize the image I to 256 256 pixels
subplot(1,2,1);imshow(I);
subplot(1,2,2);imshow(A);
```





## 18. RGB image, Size & visualizing multiple images in multiple windows

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
img = imread('pic.jpg');
[m n d]=size(img); % it will show the number of pixels in vertical and horizontal mean (column and row) and also show the dimension. Which represent the number of color. In RGB case it will show 3 which mean R G B.
imgR = img(:,:,1);
imgG = img(:,:,2);
imgB = img(:,:,3);
figure;imshow(imgR,[]); % figure;imshow() function are used to visualize multiple image in one program. Then we use.
figure;imshow(imgG,[]);
figure;imshow(imgB,[]);
m
n
d
```

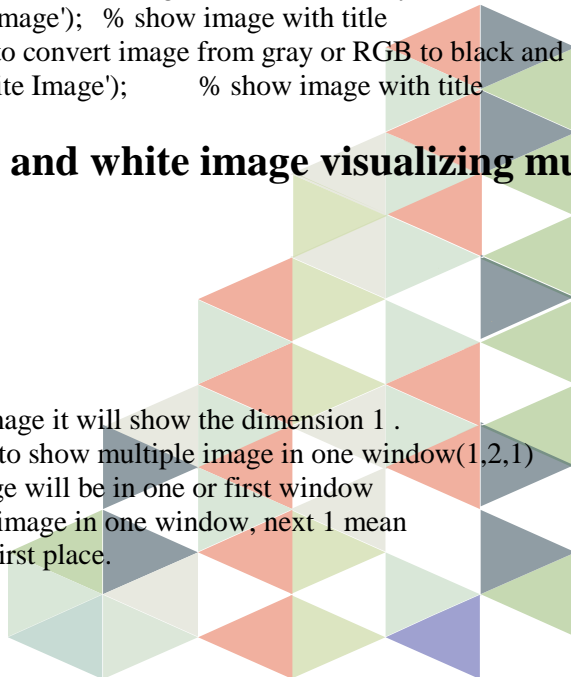
**% Note: figure;imshow() function are used to visualize multiple image in one program in multiple window.**

## 19. Image conversion

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
I = imread('pic.jpg');
figure;imshow(I,[]);title('RGB Color Image'); % show image with title
X=rgb2gray(I); % this function is used to convert image from RGB to Gray
figure;imshow(X,[]);title('Gray Color Image'); % show image with title
Y=im2bw(X); % this function is used to convert image from gray or RGB to black and white
figure;imshow(Y,[]);title('Black and white Image'); % show image with title
```

## 20. Gray scale image & Black and white image visualizing multiple images in one window

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
I = imread('pic.jpg');
A=imread('pic1.jpg');
X=size(I) % in the case of gray scale image it will show the dimension 1 .
subplot(1,2,1);imshow(I) %this is used to show multiple image in one window(1,2,1)
% first 1 show that image will be in one or first window
% , 2 mean will be two image in one window, next 1 mean
%this image will be in first place.
subplot(1,2,2);imshow(A)
```



## 21. % for Loop in MATLAB

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
for x = 0:0.05:1 % X start from 0 end to 1 and increment by 0.05 if you want decrement you use -0.05
    x
end
```

## 22. Nested For Loop in MATLAB

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
m=5;
n=4;
a = zeros(n,m);
for i = 1:n % auto increment by 1
    for j = 1:m % auto increment by 1
        a(i,j) = 1/(i+j);
    end
end
a
```

## 23. while Loop in MATLAB

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
n = 1;
y = zeros(1,10);
while n <= 10
    y(n) = 2*n/(n+1);
    n = n+1;
end
y
n
```

## 24. if Condition Statement in MATLAB

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
attn=5;
grade=82;
if (attn>0.9)&(grade>60)
    pass = 1
end
```



## 25. else if Condition Statement in MATLAB

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
i=5;
j=10;
if i == j
    a(i,j) = 2
elseif i >= j
    a(i,j) = 1
else
    a(i,j) = 0
end
```

## 26. switch Condition Statement in MATLAB

```
clc
clear all;
close all;
x = 2;
y = 3;
switch x
    case x==y
        disp('x and y are equal');
    case x>y
        disp('x is greater than y');
    otherwise
        disp('x is less than y');
end
```

## 27. MATLAB: Plot practice

```
clear;
clc;
close all
vis_ax = 'on';
ftsz=0.85;
fig_size = 800;
fig_0 = figure('color','w','position',[0, 0, fig_size*1.414,fig_size]);
set(fig_0,'renderer','Painters')
% main
ax_header = axes('position',[0,0,1,1],'visible','off');
```

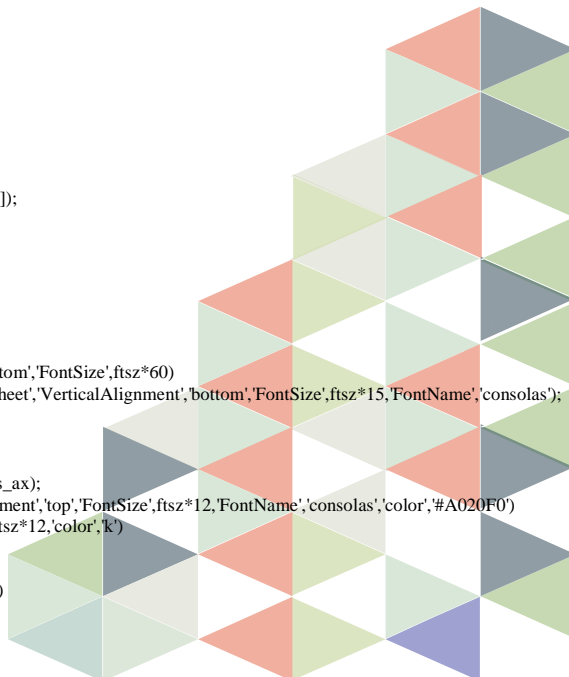
### % make title

```
ax_title = axes('position',[0,0.88,0.5,0.1],'visible','off');
text(0.01,0.15,'Matlab Plot Cheatsheet','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*60)
text(0.02,0.01,'https://github.com/Pjer-zhang/matlabPlotCheatsheet','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*15,'FontName','consolas');
```

### % plot colortable

```
ax_colortable = axes('position',[0.01,0.77,0.35,0.08],'visible',vis_ax);
text(1,0.98,"color'", 'HorizontalAlignment','right','VerticalAlignment','top','FontSize',ftsz*12,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.01,0.98,'Line Color','VerticalAlignment','top','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','k')

rectangle('Position',[0.01 ,0.37,0.08,0.23],'FaceColor','y')
rectangle('Position',[0.12+0.01 ,0.37,0.08,0.23],'FaceColor','m')
rectangle('Position',[0.24+0.01 ,0.37,0.08,0.23],'FaceColor','c')
rectangle('Position',[0.36+0.01 ,0.37,0.08,0.23],'FaceColor','r')
```



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```
rectangle('Position',[0.48+0.01 ,0.37,0.08,0.23],'FaceColor','g')
rectangle('Position',[0.60+0.01 ,0.37,0.08,0.23],'FaceColor','b')
rectangle('Position',[0.72+0.01 ,0.37,0.08,0.23],'FaceColor','w')
rectangle('Position',[0.84+0.01 ,0.37,0.08,0.23],'FaceColor','k')
text(0 +0.04, 0.07,"y","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.12+0.04, 0.07,"m","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.24+0.04, 0.07,"c","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.36+0.04, 0.07,"r","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.48+0.04, 0.07,"g","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.60+0.04, 0.07,"b","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.72+0.04, 0.07,"w","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.84+0.04, 0.07,"k","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
xlim([0 1])
ylim([0 1])
xticks([])
yticks([])
box on
```

### % marker

```
ax_marker = axes('position',[0.01,0.68,0.35,0.08],'visible','vis_ax');
text(1,0.98,"marker","HorizontalAlignment','right','VerticalAlignment','top','FontSize',ftsz*12,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.01,0.98,'Marker Style','VerticalAlignment','top','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','k')
hold on
plot(0 +0.03,0.5, 'Marker','o','MarkerSize',8,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.07+0.03,0.5, 'Marker','+', 'MarkerSize',8,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.14+0.03,0.5, 'Marker','*', 'MarkerSize',8,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.21+0.03,0.5, 'Marker','.', 'MarkerSize',8,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.28+0.03,0.5, 'Marker','x', 'MarkerSize',8,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.35+0.03,0.5, 'Marker','s', 'MarkerSize',8,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.42+0.03,0.5, 'Marker','d', 'MarkerSize',8,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.49+0.03,0.5, 'Marker','^', 'MarkerSize',8,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.56+0.03,0.5, 'Marker','v', 'MarkerSize',8,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.63+0.03,0.5, 'Marker','>', 'MarkerSize',8,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.70+0.03,0.5, 'Marker','<', 'MarkerSize',8,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.77+0.03,0.5, 'Marker','p', 'MarkerSize',8,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.84+0.03,0.5, 'Marker','h', 'MarkerSize',8,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.91+0.03,0.5, 'Marker','none', 'MarkerSize',8,'color','k','linewidth',1)
text(0 +0.03, 0.07,"o","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.07+0.03, 0.07,"+","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.14+0.03, 0.07,"*","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.21+0.03, 0.07,".","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.28+0.03, 0.07,"x","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.35+0.03, 0.07,"s","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.42+0.03, 0.07,"d","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.49+0.03, 0.07,"^","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.56+0.03, 0.07,"v","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.63+0.03, 0.07,">","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.70+0.03, 0.07,"<","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.77+0.03, 0.07,"p","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.84+0.03, 0.07,"h","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.91+0.03, 0.07,"none","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
xlim([0 1])
ylim([0 1])
xticks([])
yticks([])
box on
```

### % marker size

```
ax_markersize = axes('position',[0.01,0.59,0.35,0.08],'visible','vis_ax');
text(1,0.98,"markersize","HorizontalAlignment','right','VerticalAlignment','top','FontSize',ftsz*12,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.01,0.98,'Marker Size','VerticalAlignment','top','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','k')
hold on
plot(0 +0.06,0.5, 'Marker','o','MarkerSize',1,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.14+0.06,0.5, 'Marker','o','MarkerSize',2,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.28+0.06,0.5, 'Marker','o','MarkerSize',4,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.42+0.06,0.5, 'Marker','o','MarkerSize',8,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.56+0.06,0.5, 'Marker','o','MarkerSize',12,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.70+0.06,0.5, 'Marker','o','MarkerSize',16,'color','k','linewidth',1)
plot(0.84+0.06,0.5, 'Marker','o','MarkerSize',18,'color','k','linewidth',1)
text(0 +0.06, 0.07,"1","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','k')
text(0.14+0.06, 0.07,"2","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','k')
text(0.28+0.06, 0.07,"4","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','k')
text(0.42+0.06, 0.07,"8","HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','k')
```

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```
text(0.56+0.06, 0.07,'12' , 'HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','k')
text(0.70+0.06, 0.07,'16' , 'HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','k')
text(0.84+0.06, 0.07,'18' , 'HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','k')

xlim([0 1])
ylim([0 1])
xticks([])
yticks([])
box on
```

### % line width

```
ax_linewidth = axes('position',[0.01,0.50,0.35,0.08],'visible',vis_ax);
text(1,0.98,"linewidth", 'HorizontalAlignment','right','VerticalAlignment','top','FontSize',ftsz*12,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.01,0.98,'Line Width','VerticalAlignment','top','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','k')
hold on
plot([0.05 ,0.20 ],[0.36 0.55],'k','linewidth',1)
plot([0.05+0.25,0.20+0.25],[0.36 0.55],'k','linewidth',3)
plot([0.05+0.50,0.20+0.50],[0.36 0.55],'k','linewidth',5)
plot([0.05+0.75,0.20+0.75],[0.36 0.55],'k','linewidth',7)
text( 0.125, 0.07,'1', 'HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','k')
text(0.25+0.125, 0.07,'3', 'HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','k')
text(0.50+0.125, 0.07,'5', 'HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','k')
text(0.75+0.125, 0.07,'7', 'HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','k')
xlim([0 1])
ylim([0 1])
xticks([])
yticks([])
box on
```

### % line style

```
ax_linestyle = axes('position',[0.01,0.41,0.35,0.08],'visible',vis_ax);
text(1,0.98,"linestyle", 'HorizontalAlignment','right','VerticalAlignment','top','FontSize',ftsz*12,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.01,0.98,'Line Style','VerticalAlignment','top','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','k')
hold on
plot([0.05 ,0.20 ],[0.36 0.55],'k','linewidth',2,'linestyle','-')
plot([0.05+0.25,0.20+0.25],[0.36 0.55],'k','linewidth',2,'linestyle','--')
plot([0.05+0.50,0.20+0.50],[0.36 0.55],'k','linewidth',2,'linestyle',':')
plot([0.05+0.75,0.20+0.75],[0.36 0.55],'k','linewidth',2,'linestyle','-.-')
text( 0.125, 0.07,"-", 'HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.25+0.125, 0.07,"--", 'HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.50+0.125, 0.07,":", 'HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
text(0.75+0.125, 0.07,"-.-", 'HorizontalAlignment','center','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*11,'FontName','consolas','color','#A020F0')
xlim([0 1])
ylim([0 1])
xticks([])
yticks([])
box on
```

### % 2-D plot

```
data1d=1+sin(0.4*linspace(1,15,15));
data2d=peaks(20);

ax_2d_01 = axes('position',[0.01+0.086*0,0.28,0.077,0.09],'visible',vis_ax);
plot(data1d); xticks([]);yticks([]);
text(0,1.01,'plot(y)','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)

ax_2d_02 = axes('position',[0.01+0.086*1,0.28,0.077,0.09],'visible',vis_ax);
area(data1d); xticks([]);yticks([]);
text(0,1.01,'area(y)','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)

ax_2d_03 = axes('position',[0.01+0.086*2,0.28,0.077,0.09],'visible',vis_ax);
stem(data1d);
xticks([]);yticks([]);
text(0,1.01,'stem(y)','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)

ax_2d_04 = axes('position',[0.01+0.086*3,0.28,0.077,0.09],'visible',vis_ax);
stairs(data1d);
xticks([]);yticks([]);
text(0,1.01,'stairs(y)','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)
```



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```
ax_2d_1 = axes('position',[0.01+0.086*0,0.15,0.077,0.09],'visible',vis_ax);
imagesc(data2d); xticks([]);yticks([]);
text(0,1.01,'imagesc(Z)','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)

ax_2d_2 = axes('position',[0.01+0.086*1,0.15,0.077,0.09],'visible',vis_ax);
contourf(data2d); xticks([]);yticks([]);
text(0,1.01,'contourf(Z)','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)

ax_2d_3 = axes('position',[0.01+0.086*2,0.15,0.077,0.09],'visible',vis_ax);
pcolor(data2d);
xticks([]);yticks([]);
text(0,1.01,'pcolor(Z)','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)

ax_2d_4 = axes('position',[0.01+0.086*3,0.15,0.077,0.09],'visible',vis_ax);
contour(data2d);
xticks([]);yticks([]);
text(0,1.01,'contour(Z)','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)

ax_2d_5 = axes('position',[0.01+0.086*0,0.02,0.077,0.09],'visible',vis_ax);
surf(data2d); xticks([]);yticks([]);
text(0,1.01,'surf(Z)','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)

ax_2d_6 = axes('position',[0.01+0.086*1,0.02,0.077,0.09],'visible',vis_ax);
mesh(data2d); xticks([]);yticks([]);
text(0,1.01,'mesh(Z)','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)

ax_2d_7 = axes('position',[0.01+0.086*2,0.02,0.077,0.09],'visible',vis_ax);
contour3(data2d);
xticks([]);yticks([]);
text(0,1.01,'contour3(Z)','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)

ax_2d_8 = axes('position',[0.01+0.086*3,0.02,0.077,0.09],'visible',vis_ax);
waterfall(data2d);
xticks([]);yticks([]);
text(0,1.01,'waterfall(Z)','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)
```

### % axes position

```
ax_posi = axes('position',[0.48,0.5,0.2,0.2],'visible','on');
box on
plot(data1d)
axes(ax_header)

%text(0.38,0.82,'Add axes to frame','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
% 'HorizontalAlignment','left','FontSize',ftsz*14,'color','k')

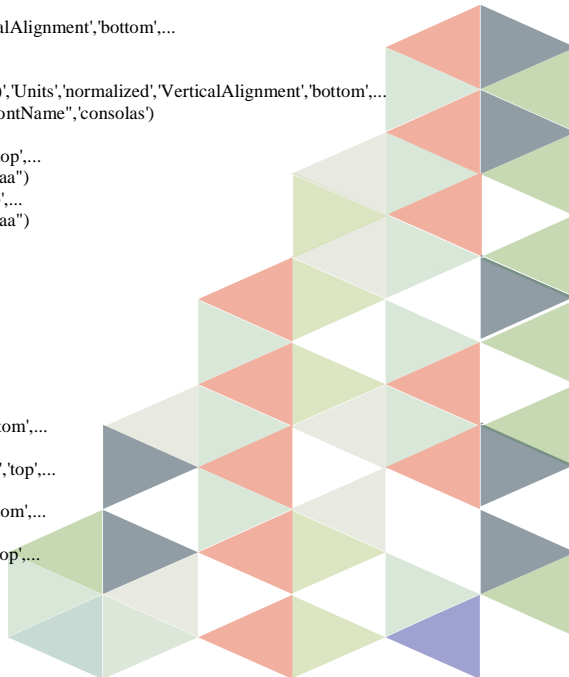
text(0.73,0.825,'ax=Axes("position", [left,bottom,width,height])','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'HorizontalAlignment','right','FontSize',ftsz*13,'color','k','FontName','consolas')

text(0.73,0.82,'Frame','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','top',...
'HorizontalAlignment','right','FontSize',ftsz*30,'color','#aaaaaa')
text(0.68,0.7,'Axes','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','top',...
'HorizontalAlignment','right','FontSize',ftsz*30,'color','#aaaaaa')
rectangle('Position',[0.38,0.4,0.35,0.42],'FaceColor','none')
annotation('doublearrow','Position',[0.38,0.57,0.1,0])
annotation('doublearrow','Position',[0.6,0.4,0.0,0.1])
annotation('doublearrow','Position',[0.48,0.7,0.2,0])
annotation('doublearrow','Position',[0.68,0.5,0.0,0.2])
```

### %[left bottom width height]

```
text(0.42,0.57,'left','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'HorizontalAlignment','center','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','k')
text(0.602,0.46,'bottom','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','top',...
'HorizontalAlignment','left','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','k')
text(0.6,0.7,'width','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'HorizontalAlignment','right','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','k')
text(0.681,0.6,'height','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','top',...
'HorizontalAlignment','left','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','k')

xticks([])
yticks([])
```



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```
xlim([0,1])
ylim([0,1])
```

```
text(0,1.01,'shading(ax,"flat")','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)
```

## % renderer

```
ax_rder1 = axes('position',[0.38,0.17,0.13,0.14],'visible',vis_ax);
h1=pcolor(data2d);
h1.EdgeColor='none';
shading(ax_rder1,'flat')
xticks([]);yticks([]);
text(0,1.01,'shading(ax,"flat")','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)
text(0,1.21,h=pcolor(Z);','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)
text(0,1.11,h.EdgeColor="none";','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)

text(0,1.3,'Renderer','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*15)

ax_rder2 = axes('position',[0.38,0.01,0.13,0.14],'visible',vis_ax);
h2=pcolor(data2d);
h2.EdgeColor='none';
shading(ax_rder2,'interp')
xticks([]);yticks([]);
text(0,1.01,'shading(ax,"interp")','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*10)
```

## % text position

```
ax_txt_posi = axes('position',[0.52,0.015,0.21,0.36],'visible',vis_ax);
text(1,0.98,'text(x,y,str)','HorizontalAlignment','right','VerticalAlignment','top','FontSize',ftsz*12,'FontName','consolas','color','k')
text(0.01,0.98,'Text alignment','VerticalAlignment','top','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','k')
text(0.72,0.9,""VerticalAlignment""','FontName','consolas','HorizontalAlignment','center','FontSize',ftsz*10,'color','#A020F0')
text(0.28,0.85,""HorizontalAlignment""','FontName','consolas','HorizontalAlignment','center','FontSize',ftsz*10,'color','#A020F0')
hold on
plot(0.28,0.15+2*0.25,'k+', 'markersize',12)
plot(0.72,0.15+2*0.25,'k+', 'markersize',12)
plot(0.28,0.15+1*0.25,'k+', 'markersize',12)
plot(0.72,0.15+1*0.25,'k+', 'markersize',12)
plot(0.28,0.15+0*0.25,'k+', 'markersize',12)
plot(0.72,0.15+0*0.25,'k+', 'markersize',12)

text(0.28,0.15+2*0.25,""left""','HorizontalAlignment','left','FontSize',ftsz*13,'color','#A020F0','fontname','consolas')
text(0.72,0.15+2*0.25,""middle""','VerticalAlignment','middle','FontSize',ftsz*13,'color','#A020F0','fontname','consolas')
text(0.28,0.15+1*0.25,""center""','HorizontalAlignment','center','FontSize',ftsz*13,'color','#A020F0','fontname','consolas')
text(0.72,0.15+1*0.25,""top""','VerticalAlignment','top','FontSize',ftsz*13,'color','#A020F0','fontname','consolas')
text(0.28,0.15+0*0.25,""right""','HorizontalAlignment','right','FontSize',ftsz*13,'color','#A020F0','fontname','consolas')
text(0.72,0.15+0*0.25,""bottom""','VerticalAlignment','bottom','FontSize',ftsz*13,'color','#A020F0','fontname','consolas')

plot([0.5 0.5],[0.1,0.79],'k-')
box on
xticks([])
yticks([])
xlim([0,1])
ylim([0,1])
```

## % the colormap

```
axes(ax_header)
% colormap title
cm_label = {'parula','jet','hsv','hot','cool','spring','summer','autumn',...
'winter','gray','bone','copper','pink','lines','colorcube','prism','flag'};
ax_null = axes('position',[0.74,1.01-1*0.066, 0.12,0.02],'visible','off');
text(0,0.78,'Colormap and grayscale','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontSize',ftsz*11,'color','k')

text(0,-0.03,'colormap(ax,name)','Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','#A020F0')

for num=1:8
cm_this=colormap(ax_null,cm_label{num});
img_tmp = zeros(1,size(cm_this,1),size(cm_this,2));
img_tmp(1,:)=cm_this;
img_cm = repmat(img_tmp,32,1,1);
```



```

gray_cm = rgb2gray(img_cm);

axes('position',[0.74,1.01-(num+1)*0.066, 0.12,0.02],'visible',vis_ax);
imshow(img_cm)
axis normal
axes('position',[0.74,1.01-(num+1)*0.066-0.02,0.12,0.02],'visible',vis_ax);
imshow(gray_cm)
axis normal

text(0.2,0.1,['','cm_label{num}',''], 'Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','#A020F0')

%set(gca,'position',[0 0 1 1])
end

for num=9:length(cm_label)
    cm_this=colormap(ax_null,cm_label{num});
    img_tmp = zeros(1,size(cm_this,1),size(cm_this,2));
    img_tmp(1,:)=cm_this;
    img_cm = repmat(img_tmp,32,1,1);
    gray_cm = rgb2gray(img_cm);

    axes('position',[0.87,1.01-(num-8)*0.066,0.12,0.02],'visible',vis_ax);
    imshow(img_cm)
    axis normal
    axes('position',[0.87,1.01-(num-8)*0.066-0.02,0.12,0.02],'visible',vis_ax);
    imshow(gray_cm)
    axis normal

    text(0.2,0.1,['','cm_label{num}',''], 'Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','#A020F0')

    %set(gca,'position',[0 0 1 1])
end

```

## % the log scale

```

xx = 0.01+ 1000*(1+cos(2*pi*linspace(0,1,800)));
yy = 0.01+ 1000*(1+sin(2*pi*linspace(0,1,800)));

ax_log1 = axes('position',[0.76,0.21,0.10,0.1414],'visible',vis_ax);
plot(xx,yy)
text(0.1,0.1,"plot(x,y)", 'Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','k')
grid on

text(-0.1,1.13,"Log scales", 'Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontSize',ftsz*14,'color','k')

ax_log2 = axes('position',[0.76,0.02,0.10,0.1414],'visible',vis_ax);
semilogx(xx,yy)
text(0.1,0.1,"semilogx(x,y)", 'Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','k')
grid on

ax_log3 = axes('position',[0.89,0.21,0.10,0.1414],'visible',vis_ax);
semilogy(xx,yy)
text(0.1,0.1,"semilogy(x,y)", 'Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','k')
grid on

ax_log4 = axes('position',[0.89,0.02,0.10,0.1414],'visible',vis_ax);
loglog(xx,yy)
text(0.1,0.1,"loglog(x,y)", 'Units','normalized','VerticalAlignment','bottom',...
'FontName','consolas','FontSize',ftsz*12,'color','k')
grid on

%orient(fig_0,'landscape')
%print('v0.pdf','-dpdf','-fillpage')
print('cheatsheet.png','-dpng','-r500')

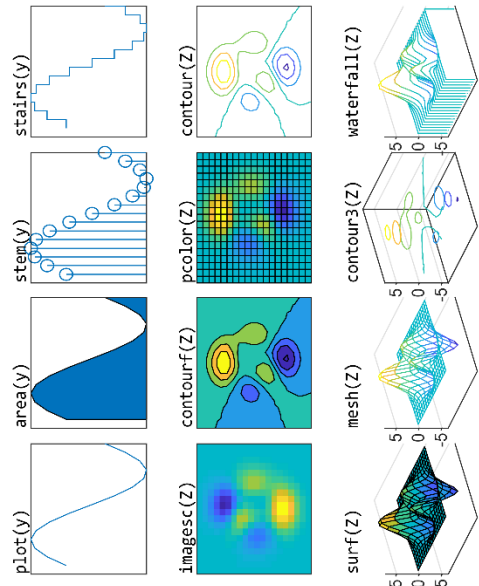
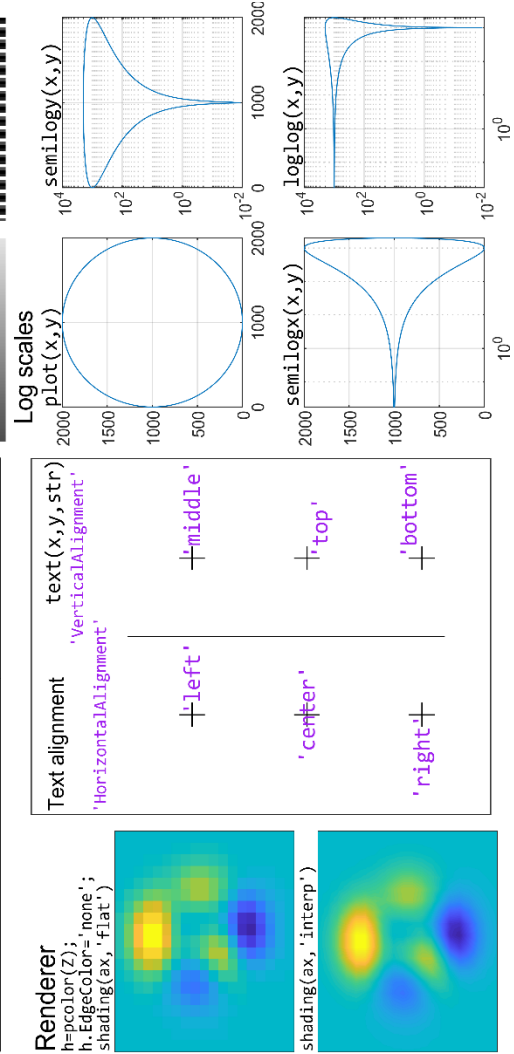
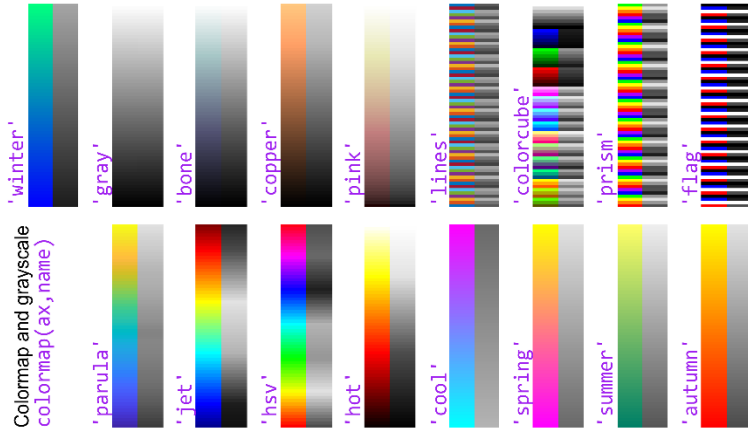
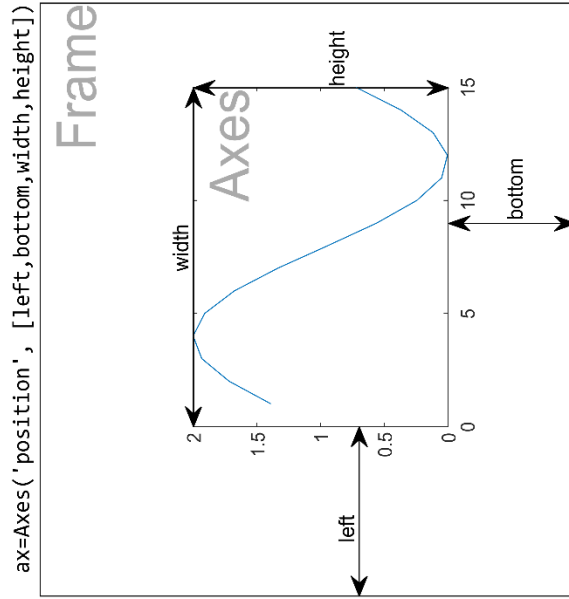
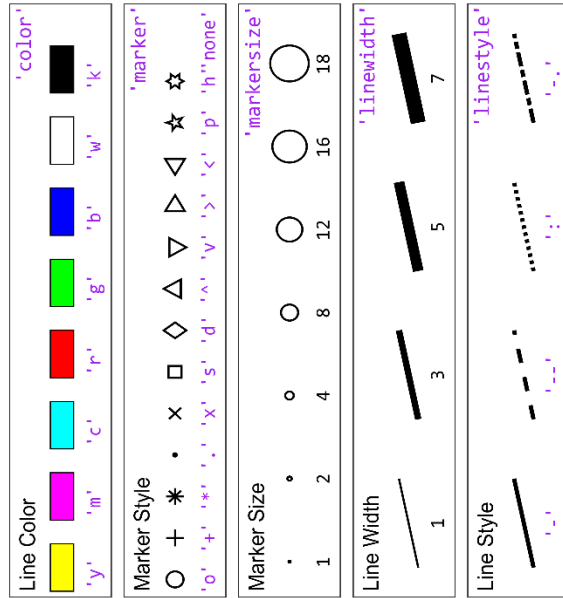
```





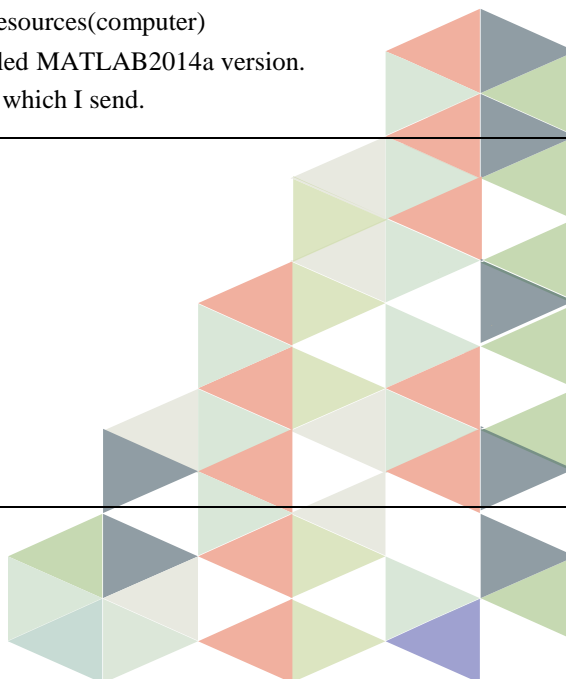
# Matlab Plot Cheatsheet

<https://github.com/Pjer-zhang/matlabPlotCheatsheet>



# Practice Two

The lab number	M601	实验室名称	本院实验中心		
Course number		Subject title	<b>Digital Image Processing (MATLAB Programming)</b>		
The experiment item no	2	Practical title	<b>Image transformation</b>		
(To guide the file name)	(write)	(The experimental requirements)	(Will do)	(The experimental type)	(validation)
(period)					
(For professional)					
	<p>The purpose and requirement (fill in)</p> <p>Purpose:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Basic idea behind the practice is to learn practically about the image transformation because it's a common step mostly in every application (using image processing technique).</li> <li>• Learn how to deal with the pixels, performing different operation.</li> <li>• Understand how we can change intensity of an image.</li> <li>• To get knowledge about the detail in an image (different slice contain).</li> </ul> <p>Requirement:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Each student must have resources(computer)</li> <li>• Every student have installed MATLAB2014a version.</li> </ul> <p>Every student have lecture slide and file which I send.</p>				
	<p>Content:</p> <p>Image transformation.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scaling</li> <li>Thresholding</li> <li>Log Transformation</li> <li>Power law transformation</li> <li>Contrast stretching</li> <li>Piece wise transformation</li> <li>image slicing</li> </ol>				



### 1. Image Scaling (??)

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
r=imread('pic1.jpg');
r=rgb2gray(r);
a=2;
[m n]=size(r);
for x=1:m
    for y=1:n
        s(x,y)=a*r(x,y);
    end
end
figure;imshow(r);
figure;imshow(s);
```

### 2. Image Threshold

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
r=imread('pic1.jpg');

r=rgb2gray(r);
t=100;
[m n]=size(r);
for x=1:m
    for y=1:n
        if r(x,y)>t;
            s(x,y)=1;
        else
            s(x,y)=0;
        end
    end
end
figure;imshow(r);
figure;imshow(s);
```

### 3. Image Log Transformations

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
r=imread('pic1.jpg');
r=imresize(r,[256 256]);
c=2;
[m n]=size(r);
for x=1:m
```



```
    for y=1:n
        h=double(r(x,y));
        s(x,y)=c.*log10(1+h);
    end
end
figure;imshow(s);
```

### 4. Image Power?Law (Gamma) Transformations

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
r=imread('pic1.jpg');
G=rgb2gray(r);
G=im2double(G);
[m n]=size(G);
for x=1: m
    for y=1: n
        S(x,y)=G(x,y)^5;
    end
end
figure;imshow(S);
```

### 5. Another Contrast Stretching Function

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
I=imread('pic1.jpg');
G=rgb2gray(I);
I = im2double(G);
m=0.75;
E=0.55;
g = 1./(1+(m./(I+eps)).^E);
figure,imshow(I),title('Original Image');
figure,imshow(g),title('Contrast stretched Image');
```

### 6. Piece wise Linear Transformations

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
I=imread('pic1.jpg');
G=rgb2gray(I);
H = G;
[m n]=size(G);
T1= 100;
T2= 15;
for x=1:m
```



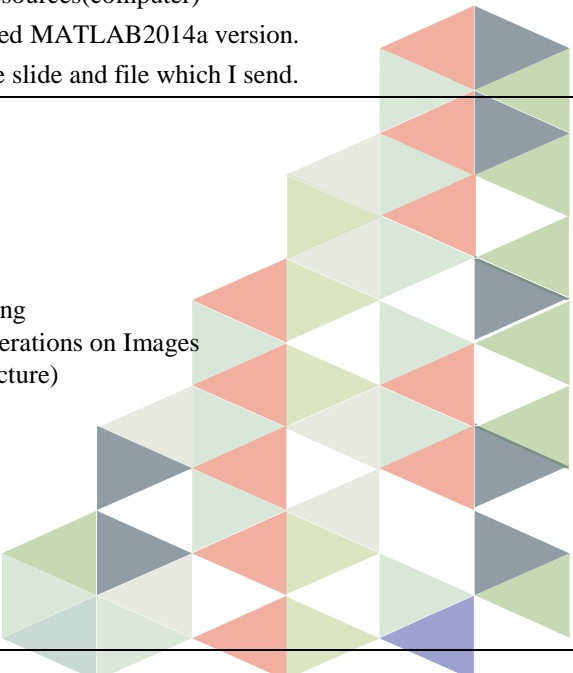
```
for y = 1:n
    if G(x,y)< T1 && G(x,y)> T2
        H(x,y)=G(x,y)+20;
    else
        H(x,y)=G(x,y);
    end
end
end
subplot(3,2,1:2);imhist(G)
subplot(3,2,3:4);imhist(H)
subplot(3,2,5);imshow(G)
subplot(3,2,6);imshow(H)
```

## 7. Image slicing

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
I=imread('pic1.jpg');
im=rgb2gray(I);
bit1 = bitget(im, 1);
bit2=bitget(im,2);
bit3=bitget(im,3);
bit4=bitget(im,4);
bit5=bitget(im,5);
bit6=bitget(im,6);
bit7=bitget(im,7);
bit8=bitget(im,8);
figure,imshow(bit1, [])
figure,imshow(bit2, [])
figure,imshow(bit3, [])
figure,imshow(bit4, [])
figure,imshow(bit5, [])
figure,imshow(bit6, [])
figure,imshow(bit7, [])
figure,imshow(bit8, [])
```



## Practice Three

The lab number	M601	实验室名称	本院实验中心		
Course number		Subject title	<b>Digital Image Processing (MATLAB Programming)</b>		
The experiment item no	3	Practical title	<b>Image Enhancement.</b>		
(To guide the file name)	(write)	(The experimental requirements)	(Will do)	(The experimental type)	(validation)
(period)					
(For professional)					
	<p>The purpose and requirement (fill in)</p> <p>Purpose:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Basic idea behind the practice is to learn practically about the image transformation because it's a common step mostly in every application (using image processing technique).</li> <li>• Learn how to deal with the pixels, performing different operation.</li> <li>• Understand how we can change intensity of an image.</li> <li>• To get knowledge about the detail in an image (different slice contain).</li> </ul> <p>Requirement:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Each student must have resources(computer)</li> <li>• Every student have installed MATLAB2014a version.</li> <li>• Every student have lecture slide and file which I send.</li> </ul>				
	<p>Content:</p> <p><b>Image Enhancement.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Histogram generation</li> <li>• Histogram equalization</li> <li>• Local Histogram Processing</li> <li>• Mathematical/Logical Operations on Images</li> <li>• Filtering (all include in lecture)</li> <li>• Mean(Averaging) Filter</li> <li>• Median filtering</li> <li>• Second order derivative</li> <li>• Laplace operator</li> <li>• High Boost Filtering</li> <li>• Gradient Operators</li> <li>• Sobal Filter</li> <li>• Gaussian Filter</li> </ul> 				

## 1. Histogram generation

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
I=imread('pic1.jpg');
G=rgb2gray(I);
subplot(2,2,1:2);imhist(G)
subplot(3,2,5);imshow(G)
```

## 2. Histogram equalization

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
I=imread('pic1.jpg');
G=rgb2gray(I);
H=histeq(G);
subplot(3,2,1:2);imhist(G)
subplot(3,2,3:4);imhist(H)
subplot(3,2,5);imshow(G)
subplot(3,2,6);imshow(H)
```

## 3. Local Histogram Processing

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
I=imread('pic1.jpg');
I=rgb2gray(I);
f=double(I);
[m n]=size(f);
f1 = f;
f2 = zeros(m,n);
f3 = zeros(m,n);
M=mean2(f);
D=std2(f);
k=[0.4 0.02 0.4];
E=4.0;
for i=2:m-1
    for j=2:n-1
        con=0; s=0;
        for i1=i-1:i+1
            for j1=j-1:j+1
                con=con+1;
```



```
s(con)=f(i1,j1);
end
end
Mloc=mean(s);
f2(i,j)=mean(s);
Dloc = std(s);
f3(i,j)=std(s);
if (Mloc<=k(1)*M) && (Dloc>=k(2)*D) && (Dloc<=k(3)*D)
f1(i,j)=E*f(i,j);
else
f1(i,j)=f(i,j);
end
end
end
figure,imshow(I),title('Original Image');
figure,imshow(uint8(f2)),title('Image formed from local means');
figure,imshow(uint8(f3)),title('Image formed from local standard deviation');
figure,imshow(uint8(f1)),title('Image formed from all multiplication constants'),xlabel('Enhanced Image');
```

#### 4. Add Mathematical Operations on Images

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
I=imread('pic1.jpg')
I=rgb2gray(I);
J = imnoise(I,'salt & pepper',0.02);
figure;imshow(J);
K = filter2(fspecial('average',8),J)/255;
figure;imshow(K);
```

#### 5. Subtract Mathematical Operations on Images

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
I=imread('pic2.jpg');
I=imresize(I,[256 256]);
I=rgb2gray(I);
g=imread('pic1.jpg');
g=imresize(g,[256 256]);
g=rgb2gray(g);
F=imsubtract(I,g);
imshow(F)
```





## 6. Multi(\*)Mathematical Operations on Images

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
I=imread('pic2.jpg');
I=imresize(I,[256 256]);
I=rgb2gray(I);
g=imread('pic1.jpg');
g=imresize(g,[256 256]);
g=rgb2gray(g);
F=g.*I;
imshow(F);
```

## 7. AND Logical Operations on Images

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
I=imread('pic2.jpg');
I=imresize(I,[256 256]);
I=rgb2gray(I);
g=imread('pic1.jpg');
g=imresize(g,[256 256]);
g=rgb2gray(g);
C=bitand(I, g);
imshow(C);
```

## 8. OR Logical Operations on Images

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
I=imread('pic2.jpg');
I=imresize(I,[256 256]);
I=rgb2gray(I);
g=imread('pic1.jpg');
g=imresize(g,[256 256]);
g=rgb2gray(g);
C=bitor(I, g);
imshow(C);
```

## 9. Mean(Averaging) Filter

```
clc;
```



```
clear all;
close all;
i=imread('pic1.jpg');
i=im2double(i);
g=rgb2gray(i);
g = imnoise(g,'salt & pepper',0.08);
b=g;
s=size(g);
for x=2:s(1)-1
    for y=2:s(2)-1
        b(x,y)=(g(x+1,y)+g(x-1,y)+g(x+1,y+1)+g(x,y+1)+g(x,y-1)+g(x+1,y-1)+g(x-1,y-1)+g(x,y)+g(x-1,y+1))/9;
    end
end
subplot(1,3,1); imshow(i);
subplot(1,3,2); imshow(g);
subplot(1,3,3); imshow(b);
```

### 10. Median filtering

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
I=imread('11.jpg');
I=rgb2gray(I);
[r c]=size(I);
I = imnoise(I,'salt & pepper',0.02);
for x=2: r-1
    for y=2: c-1
        w=I(x-1:x+1,y-1:y+1);
        g=sort(w);
        f(x,y)=median(median(g));
    end
end
imshow(I,[]);
figure;imshow(f,[]);
```

### 11. Second order derivative

```
clc;
close all;
clear all;
```



```
I=imread('pic1.jpg');
I=rgb2gray(I);
I=imresize(I,[256 256]);
I=im2double(I);
[r c]=size(I);
for x=2: r-1
    for y=2: c-1
        G(x,y)=eps((I(x-1,y)+I(x+1,y))-2.*I(x,y));
        M(x,y)=G(x,y)+I(x,y);
    end
end
figure;imshow(I,[]);title('Original Image');
figure;imshow(M,[]);title('Sharp Image');
figure;imshow(G,[]);title('After Derivative');
```

## 12.% Laplacian program with respect to +ve and -ve

```
clc;
close all;
clear all;
I=imread('11.jpg');
I=rgb2gray(I);
I=imresize(I,[256 256]);
[r c]=size(I);
LP=[-1 -1 -1;
    -1 8 -1;
    -1 -1 -1];    % Laplacian with respect to +ve window
LN=[1 1 1;
    1 -8 1;
    1 1 1];        % Laplacian with respect to -ve window
for x=2: r-1
    for y=2: c-1
        w=I(x-1:x+1,y-1:y+1);
        gi=double(w)+double(LP);
        gp(x,y)=gi(2,2);    % Laplacian with respect to +ve
        g=imsubtract(double(w),double(LN));
        gn(x,y)=g(2,2);    % Laplacian with respect to -ve
    end
end
figure;imshow(I,[]);title('original image');
figure;imshow(gp,[]);title('+ve Laplacian Image');
figure;imshow(gn,[]);title('-ve Laplacian Image');
```

## 13. %%High Boost Filtering%%



```
I=imread('pic1.jpg');
I=rgb2gray(I);
I=imresize(I,[300 300]);
[r c]=size(I);
LP=[-1 -1 -1; -1 8 -1; -1 -1 -1];
LN=[1 1 1; 1 -8 1; 1 1 1];
for x=2: r-1
    for y=2: c-1
        w=I(x-1:x+1,y-1:y+1);
        gi=double(w)+double(LP);
        gp(x,y)=gi(2,2);
        g=imsubtract(double(w),double(LN));
        gn(x,y)=g(2,2);

    end
end
H=3.*I;
gni=imresize(gn, [240 210]);
gpi=imresize(gp, [240 210]);
HN=imsubtract(H,gni);
HP=double(H)+double(gpi);
figure;imshow(gp,[]);title('Plus Laplacian Image');
figure;imshow(gn,[]);title('Negative Laplacian Image');
figure;imshow(HN,[]);title('HN Image');
figure;imshow(HP,[]);title('HP Image');
```

## 14. Gradient Operators%

```
clc;
close all;
clear all;
I=imread('pic1.jpg');
I=rgb2gray(I);
I=imresize(I,[256 256]);
[r c]=size(I);
LP=[-1 -1 -1;
    0 0 0;
    -1 -1 -1]; % Gradient with respect to Horizontal
LN=[-1 0 1;
    -1 0 1;
    -1 0 1]; % Gradient with respect to Vertical
for x=2: r-1
    for y=2: c-1
        w=I(x-1:x+1,y-1:y+1);
        gi=double(w)+double(LP);
        gp(x,y)=gi(2,2); %Gradient with respect to Horizontal
        g=imsubtract(double(w),double(LN));
```



```
gn(x,y)=g(2,2);    % Gradient with respect to Vertical

end
end
figure;imshow(I,[]);title('original image');
figure;imshow(gp,[]);title('horiz grad Image');
figure;imshow(gn,[]);title('ver grad Image');
```

## 15. Sobal Filter vertical

```
clc;
close all;
clear all;
i= imread('pic1.jpg');
i = rgb2gray(i);
[r c]=size(i);
f=[-1 0 1;-2 0 2;-1 0 1];
for x=2:r-1
    for y=2:c-1
        w=i(x-1:x+1,y-1:y+1);
        m(x,y)=sum(sum(double(w).*f));
    end
end
sub
```

## 16. Sobal Horizontal

```
clc;
close all;
clear all;
i= imread('pic1.jpg');
i = rgb2gray(i);
[r c]=size(i);
f=[-1 -2 -1;0 0 0;1 2 1];
for x=2:r-1
    for y=2:c-1
        w=i(x-1:x+1,y-1:y+1);
        m(x,y)=sum(sum(double(w).*f));
    end
end
subplot(1,2,1); imshow(i);
subplot(1,2,2); imshow(m);
```

## 17. Gaussian Filter

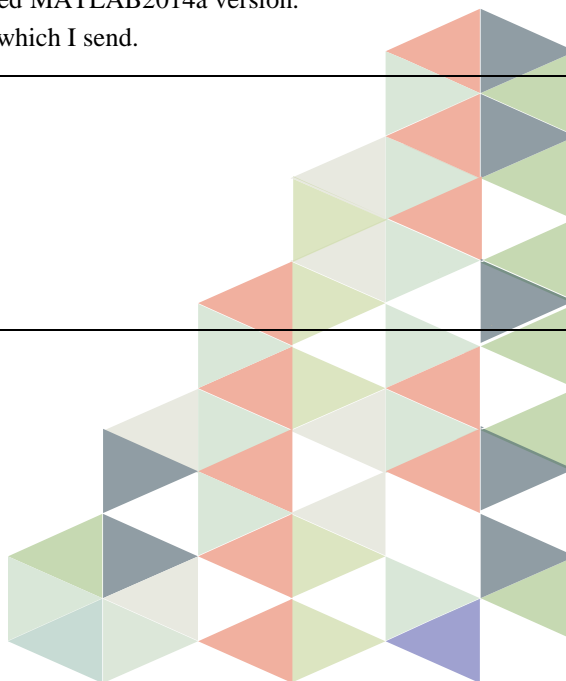


```
clc;  
clear all;  
close all;  
I=imread('pic1.jpg');  
I = imnoise(I,'salt & pepper',0.02);  
PSF = fspecial('gaussian',10,2);  
Blurred = imfilter(I,PSF);  
x=imsubtract(I,Blurred);  
imshow(x);  
figure; imshow(Blurred);title('Blurred Image');
```



## PRACTICE Four

The lab number	M601	实验室名称	本院实验中心		
Course number		Subject title	<b>Digital Image Processing (MATLAB Programming)</b>		
The experiment item no	4	Practical title	<b>Image Segmentation</b>		
(To guide the file name)	(write)	(The experimental requirements)	(Will do)	(The experimental type)	(validation)
(period)					
(For professional)					
	<p>The purpose and requirement (fill in)</p> <p>Purpose:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Basic idea behind the practice is to learn practically about the image transformation because it's a common step mostly in every application (using image processing technique).</li> <li>• Learn how to deal with the pixels, performing different operation.</li> <li>• Understand how we can change intensity of an image.</li> <li>• To get knowledge about the detail in an image (different slice contain).</li> </ul> <p>Requirement:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Each student must have resources(computer)</li> <li>• Every student have installed MATLAB2014a version.</li> </ul> <p>Every student have lecture slide and file which I send.</p>				
	<p>Content:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hand region segmentation</li> <li>Brain tumor segmentation</li> <li>Face Recognition Project</li> </ol>				



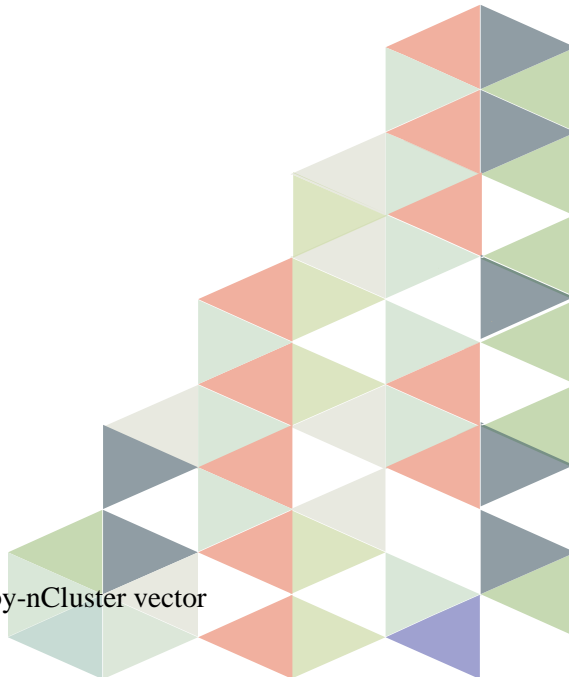
### 1. %% Program to segment the brain tumor from MRI image

```
clear all;
close all;
% jpgFiles=dir('*.*JPG');
%if wou want to get more picture at the same time you delete the comment '%'
% % for k=1:length(jpgFiles)
%   %if wou want to get more picture at the same time you delete the comment '%'
%   Wajih=k;
%if wou want to get more picture at the same time you delete the comment '%'
%   filename=jpgFiles(k).name;
%if wou want to get more picture at the same time you delete the comment '%'
%   I=imread(filename);
%if wou want to get more picture at the same time you delete the comment '%'
I=imread('12.jpg');
%if wou want to get more picture at the same time you comment it like '%'
I=imresize(I,[256 256]);
figure;imshow(I);
I=im2double(I);
[nrow ncol dim] = size(I);

if dim==3
    I = rgb2gray(I);
end

[r c]=size(I);
for x=1:r
    for y=1:c
        if I(x,y)>=0.7;
            M(x,y)=I(x,y)^(0.6);
        else
            M(x,y)=I(x,y)^2;
        end
    end
end
figure;imshow(M);
se = strel(ones(5,5));
e1 = imerode(M, se);
figure;imshow(e1);
nCluster =3;

[IDX,C,sumd,D] = kmeans(e1,nCluster);
% sums of point-to-centroid distances in the 1-by-nCluster vector
center=sort(sumd);
```





```
Sc=size(sumd,1);

for x=1:Sc
if x<Sc
threshvalue(x) = (center(x)+center(x+1))/2;
end
end
if (Sc>2) & (Sc<4)
M = median(center);
L1=M*ones(nrow,ncol);
for irow=1:nrow
for icol=1:ncol
for iCluster = 1:nCluster
if ( e1(irow,icol) < threshvalue(Sc-2)/255 )
L1(irow,icol)=center(Sc);
end
if ( e1(irow,icol) < threshvalue(Sc-1)/255 )
L1(irow,icol)=center(Sc-2);
end
end
end
end
end

else if Sc==2
L1=center(Sc)*ones(nrow,ncol);
for irow=1:nrow
for icol=1:ncol
for iCluster = 1:nCluster
if ( e1(irow,icol) < threshvalue(Sc-1)/255 )
L1(irow,icol)=center(Sc-1);
end
end
end
end
end

figure, imshow(L1,[]);

% end %if wou want to get more picture at the same time you delete the comment '%'
```



## 2. %% Program to segment the hand region from the image

```

clear all;
close all;
% jpgFiles=dir('*.*JPG');
%if you want to get more picture at the same time you delete the comment '%%'

% for k=1:length(jpgFiles)
%if you want to get more picture at the same time you delete the comment '%%'

%     pic=k;
%if you want to get more picture at the same time you delete the comment '%%'

%     filename=jpgFiles(k).name;
%if you want to get more picture at the same time you delete the comment '%%'

%
% I=imread(filename);
%if you want to get more picture at the same time you delete the comment '%%'

I=imread('65.jpg'); %if you want to get more picture at the same time you comment it like'%%'
I=imresize(I,[256 256]);
figure;imshow(I);
[nrow ncol dim] = size(I);
cform = makecform('srgb2lab');
J = applycform(I,cform);
figure;imshow(J);
K=J(:,:,3);
figure;imshow(K);
L=graythresh(J(:,:,3));
BW1=im2bw(J(:,:,3),L);
figure;imshow(BW1);
[r c]=size(BW1);
figure;imshow(BW1);
for i=1:r
    for j=1:c
        if BW1(i,j)>0
            M(i,j)=I(i,j);
        end
    end
end
figure;imshow(M);
M=im2bw(M);
SE=[0 0 1 0 0;
    0 1 1 1 0;
    1 1 1 1 1;
    0 0 1 0 0;
    0 0 1 0 0];

```



```
0 1 1 1 0;  
0 0 1 0 0];
```

```
IM2=imerode(M,SE);
```

```
SE1=[1 1 1 1 1;  
1 1 1 1 1;  
1 1 1 1 1;  
1 1 1 1 1;  
1 1 1 1 1];
```

```
1 1 1 1 1;  
1 1 1 1 1;  
1 1 1 1 1;  
1 1 1 1 1;  
1 1 1 1 1];
```

```
1 1 1 1 1;  
1 1 1 1 1;  
1 1 1 1 1];
```

```
1 1 1 1 1;  
1 1 1 1 1;  
1 1 1 1 1];
```

```
1 1 1 1 1;  
1 1 1 1 1;  
1 1 1 1 1];
```

```
1 1 1 1 1];
```

```
IM2 = imdilate(IM2,SE1);
```

```
figure;imshow(IM2);
```

```
IM2=im2bw(IM2);
```

```
figure;imshow(IM2);
```

```
IM3=edge(IM2,'canny');
```

```
IM3=imresize(IM3,[256 256]);
```

```
figure;imshow(IM3);
```

```
%end %if you want to get more picture at the same time you delete the comment '%'
```



## List of main function used in lecture 2021

## 1) main function used in Matlab

Matlab Cheat Sheet	
<p><b>Some nifty commands</b></p> <p>clc Clear command window clear Clear system memory clear x Clear x from memory ans Last result close all closes all figures close(H) closes figure H whos lists data structures winopen(pwd) Open current folder close(obj) returns objects class int16(x)=y convert doubles to Integers dlmread('path',M) Reads data save filename x,y saves x,y variables to .mat file save -append filename x appends x to .mat file load filename loads all variables from .mat file ver Lists version and toolboxes beep Makes the beep sound doc function Help/documentation for function web google.com opens webaddress inputdlg Input dialog box</p>	<p><b>Built in functions/ constants</b></p> <p>abs(x) absolute value pi 3.1415... inf ∞ eps floating point accuracy 1e6 sums elements in x sum(x) Cumulative sum cumsum(x) Product of array elements prod cumulative product cumprod(x) Difference of elements diff Standard functions. round/ceil/floor/fix Standard functions. *Standard functions: sqrt, log, exp, max, min, Bessel *factorial(x) is only precise for x &lt; 21</p> <p><b>Cell commands</b></p> <p>x=cell(a,b) A cell can contain any variable type. x(n,m) a x*b cell array cell2mat(x) access cell n,m cellfun('fname',C) transforms cell to matrix cellfun('fname',C) Applies fname to cells in C</p> <p><b>Strings and regular expressions</b></p> <p>strcmp compare strings (case sensitive) strcmpi compare strings (not case sensitive) strcomp as strcmp, but only n first letters strfind find string within a string * gives start position regexp Search for regular expression</p> <p><b>Logical operators</b></p> <p>&amp; Short-Circuit AND. &amp; AND   Short-Circuit or   or ~ not == Equality comparison ~= not equal isa(obj, 'class_name') is object in class *Other logical operators: &lt;,&gt;,&gt;=,&lt;=</p> <p><b>Class indicators: isnan, isequal, ischar, isinf, isvector</b> *isempty, isscalar, iscolumn *Short circuits (SC) only evaluate second criteria if first criteria is passed, it is therefore faster. And useful for avoiding errors occurring in second criteria *non-SC are bugged and short circuit anyway</p> <p><b>Variable generation</b></p> <p>j:k row vector [j,i+1,...,k] j:i:k row vector [j,i+1,...,k] linspace(a,b,n) n points linearly spaced and including a and b NaN(a,b) a x b matrix of NaN values ones(a,b) a x b matrix of 1 values zeros(a,b) a x b matrix of 0 values meshgrid(x,y) 2d grid of x and y vectors [a,b]=deal(NaN(5,5)) declares a and b global x gives x global scope</p>
<p><b>Portions of matrices and vectors</b></p> <p>x(:) All elements of x x(j:end) j'th to end element of x x(2:5) 2nd to 5th element of x x(j,: ) all j row elements x(:,j) all j column elements x(:,:j) all j column elements of x diag(x) diagonal elements of x [A,E] concatenates horizontally [A;E] concatenates vertically</p> <p><b>Keyboard shortcuts</b></p> <p>edit filename Opens filename in editor Alt Displays hotkeys F1 Help/documentation for highlighted function F5 Run code F9 Run highlighted code F10 Run code line, enter functions F11 Run code line, enter functions Shift+F5 Leave debugger F12 Insert break point Ctrl+Page up/down Moves between tabs Ctrl+shift Interrupts code Ctrl+C Open highlighted codes file Ctrl+D Comment/uncomment line Ctrl+ R/T New script Ctrl+N Close script Ctrl+W Docks window Ctrl-shift+d Undocks window Ctrl-shift+u max window/restore size Ctrl-shift+m</p>	<p><b>Standard Matrix and vector operations</b></p> <p>x=[1, 2, 3] 1x3 (Row) vector defined x=[1; 2; 3] 3x1 (Column) vector defined x=[1, 2; 3, 4] 2x2 matrix x(2)=4 change index value nr 2 x.*y Element by element multiplication x./y Element by element division x+y Element by element addition x-y Element by element subtraction A^n normal/Matrix power of A A.^n Elementwise power of A A' Transpose inv(A) Inverse of matrix size(x) Rows and Columns eye(n) Identity matrix sort(A) sorts vector from smallest to largest eig(A) Eigenvalues and eigenvectors *Standard operations: rank,rref,kron,chol *Inverse of matrix inv(A) should almost never be used, use RREF through \ instead: inv(A)/b = A/b.</p> <p><b>Matrix and vector operations/functions</b></p> <p>x(x&gt;5)=0 change elements &gt;5 to 0 x(x&gt;5) list elements &gt;5 find(A&gt;5) Indices of elements &gt;5 find(isnan(A)) Indices of NaN elements B=regmat(A,n,p) Makes B from A bsxfun(fun,A1,B) Binary operation on two arrays arrayfun(fun,A1,...,An) Calls function in times, gets n inputs in times from arrays *if arrayfun/bsxfun is passed a gpuarray, it runs on GPU.</p> <p><b>Statistical commands</b></p> <p>hist(x) histogram distrnd random numbers from dist distpdf pdf from dist distcdf cdf dist distrnd random numbers from dist distpdf pdf from dist distcdf cdf dist *Standard distributions (dist): norm, t, f, gam, chi2, bino *Standard functions: mean,median,var,cov(x,y),corr(x,y), *quantile(x,p) is not textbook version. (It uses interpolation for missing quantiles. *Like most programs, histogram is not a true histogram.</p> <p><b>Structures</b></p> <p>StructName.FieldName = Makes structure, and variable named fieldname Sets value to struct. cell vector or a structure. StructName(2).FieldName Second element of structure getfield(StructName,'FieldName') Gets data from structure with fieldname</p>

## 2) Main Function used in Digital Image processing

### MATLAB Quick Reference

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[http://www.bigfoot.com/~jialong\\_he](http://www.bigfoot.com/~jialong_he)

#### General Purpose Commands

Managing Commands and Functions	
<b>addpath</b>	Add directories to MATLAB's search path
<b>doc</b>	Display HTML documentation in Help browser
<b>docopt</b>	Display location of help file directory for UNIX platforms
<b>genpath</b>	Generate a path string
<b>help</b>	Display M-file help for MATLAB functions in the Command Window
<b>helpbrowser</b>	Display Help browser for access to all Math Works online help
<b>helpdesk</b>	Display the Help browser
<b>helpwin</b>	Display M-file help and provide access to M-file help for all functions
<b>lasterr</b>	Last error message
<b>lastwarn</b>	Last warning message
<b>license</b>	license
<b>lookfor</b>	Search for specified keyword in all help entries
<b>partialpath</b>	Partial pathname
<b>path</b>	Control MATLAB's directory search path
<b>pathool</b>	Open the GUI for viewing and modifying MATLAB's path
<b>profile</b>	Start the M-file profiler, a utility for debugging and optimizing code
<b>profile report</b>	Generate a profile report
<b>refresh</b>	Refresh function and file system caches
<b>rmrpath</b>	Remove directories from MATLAB's search path
<b>support</b>	Open Math Works Technical Support Web Page
<b>type</b>	List file
<b>ver</b>	Display version information for MATLAB, Simulink, and toolboxes
<b>version</b>	Get MATLAB version number
<b>web</b>	Point Help browser or Web browser at file or Web site
<b>what</b>	List MATLAB-specific files in current directory
<b>whatnew</b>	Display README files for MATLAB and toolboxes
<b>which</b>	Locate functions and files
Managing Variables and the Workspace	

<b>clear</b>	Remove items from the workspace
<b>disp</b>	Display text or array
<b>length</b>	Length of vector
<b>load</b>	Retrieve variables from disk
<b>memory</b>	Help for memory limitations
<b>mkdir</b>	Prevent M-file clearing
<b>mkdir</b>	Allow M-file clearing
<b>openvar</b>	Open workspace variable in Array Editor, for graphical editing
<b>pack</b>	Consolidate workspace memory
<b>save</b>	Save workspace variables on disk
<b>saves</b>	Save figure or model using specified format
<b>size</b>	Array dimensions
<b>who, whos</b>	List the variables in the workspace
<b>workspace</b>	Display the Workspace Browser, a GUI for managing the workspace

#### Controlling the Command Window

<b>clc</b>	Clear Command Window
<b>echo</b>	Echo M-files during execution
<b>format</b>	Control the display format for output
<b>home</b>	Move cursor to upper left corner of Command Window
<b>more</b>	Control paged output for the Command Window

#### Working with Operating Environment

<b>beep</b>	Produce a beep sound
<b>cd</b>	Change working directory
<b>checkin</b>	Check file into source control system
<b>checkout</b>	Check file out of source control system
<b>cmopts</b>	Get name of source control system, and PVCS project filename
<b>copyfile</b>	Copy file
<b>customverctrl</b>	Allow custom source control system
<b>delete</b>	Delete files or graphics objects
<b>diary</b>	Save session to a disk file
<b>dir</b>	Display a directory listing
<b>dos</b>	Execute a DOS command and return the result
<b>edit</b>	Edit an M-file
<b>filepath</b>	Get filename parts
<b>filebrowser</b>	Display Current Directory browser, for viewing files

<b>fullfile</b>	Build full filename from parts
<b>info</b>	Display contact information or toolbox Readme files
<b>inmem</b>	Functions in memory
<b>ls</b>	List directory on UNIX
<b>matlabroot</b>	Get root directory of MATLAB installation
<b>mkdir</b>	Make new directory
<b>open</b>	Open files based on extension
<b>pwd</b>	Display current directory
<b>tempdir</b>	Return the name of the system's temporary directory
<b>tempname</b>	Unique name for temporary file
<b>undocheckout</b>	Undo previous checkout from source control system
<b>unix</b>	Execute a UNIX command and return the result
<b>!</b>	Execute operating system command

#### Starting and Quitting MATLAB

<b>finish</b>	MATLAB termination M-file
<b>exit</b>	Terminate MATLAB
<b>matlab</b>	Start MATLAB (UNIX systems only)
<b>matlabrc</b>	MATLAB startup M-file
<b>quit</b>	Terminate MATLAB
<b>startup</b>	MATLAB startup M-file

#### Operators and Special Characters

<b>+</b>	Plus
<b>-</b>	Minus
<b>*</b>	Matrix multiplication
<b>*</b>	Array multiplication
<b>^</b>	Matrix power
<b>^</b>	Array power
<b>kron</b>	Kronecker tensor product
<b>\</b>	Backslash or left division
<b>/</b>	Slash or right division
<b>./ and \.</b>	Array division, right and left
<b>:</b>	Colon
<b>()</b>	Parentheses
<b>[]</b>	Brackets
<b>{ }</b>	Curly braces
<b>.</b>	Decimal point
<b>...</b>	Continuation



**3) List of main function used in Matlab Digital image processing**

List of main function used in DIP lecture 2020			
No	Function Name	Function Aim	Function Parameter
1	imread	Read image from graphics file	Filename, format, value
2	imwrite	Write image to graphics file	Raw image, filename, mapping, format
3	imshow	Display image	Out of imread
4	clc	Clear command window	N/A
5	Close	Remove specified figure	Name, all, force, hidden
6	figure	Create figure window	Name, value
7	grayscale	Convert grayscale image to indexed image using multilevel thresholding	Image read from imread, threshold value
8	imhist	Histogram of image data	Image, mapping
9	im2bw	Convert image to binary image	Image
10	imsharpen	Sharpen image using unsharp masking	Image, name, value
11	rgb2gray	Converts RGB color spaced image to grayscale	Image
12	imadd	Add two images	Image1, image2
13	imabsdiff	Absolute difference between 2 images	Image1, image2
14	immultiply	Multiply 2 images	Image1, image2
15	imdivide	Divide one image by another	Image1, image2
16	Iminfo	Show info of image	image
17	nlfilter	General sliding-neighborhood operations	Grayscale image, [mxn] value, function
18	subplot	Create axes in tiled positions	M,n,p where mxn = grid size and p is position by which axes are created
19	im2double	Convert image to double precision	Image
20	imadjust	Adjust image intensity values or colormap	Image

21	graythresh	Global image threshold using Otsu's method	Image, level
22	imopen	Morphologically open image	Image, Strel()
23	Imsubtract	Subtract image from another	Image1, image2
24	imcomplement	Invert colors/complement the image	image
25	Bitand	Bitwise AND logic of image	Image1,image2
26	Bitor	Bitwise OR logic of image	Image1, image2
27	Bitxor	Bitwise XOR logic of image	Image1, image2
28	Bitcmp	Bitwise complement of image	Image1,image2
29	imhisteq	Enhance contrast using histogram equalization	Image, value
30	Imnoise	Add noise to image	Image, noise type, level
31	Imfilter	N-D filtering of multidimensional images	Image, filter mean value [matrix]
32	medfilt2	2-D median filtering	Image, filter mean value [matrix]
33	fspecial	Gaussian lowpass filter of size hsize with standard deviation sigma	Image, sigma
34	ordfilt2	replaces each element in A by the order the element in the sorted set of neighbours specified by the nonzero elements in domain .	Image, filter mean value [matrix]
35	tform	TFORM struct T for a two-dimensional affine transformation	Image , 2D, Axis
36	imadjust	Adjust image intensity values or colormap	Image
37	graythresh	Finding the threshold value	Image, level
38	sobel	detects edges in image	Image , levels
39	meshgrid	2-D grid coordinates based on the coordinates	Image , levels , variables
40	img_pow	Using matlab functions on the image matrix	Matrix, Axis
41	imdilate	Dilates the grayscale, binary, or packed binary image	Image , value
42	bwperim	Find perimeter of objects in binary image	Image , value
43	imerode	The imerode function determines the center element of the neighborhood	Image , text
44	imagesc	Display image with scaled colors	Image

45	bwmorph	Morphological operations on binary images	Image1, Image2
46	bwskel	This MATLAB function reduces all objects in the 2-D binary image A to 1-pixel wide curved lines	Image, Skeletonize Binary Image
47	imtophat	performs morphological top-hat filtering	Image , binary image, filtered image
48	imadjust	Adjust image intensity values or colormap	Image1, Image2
49	imcrop	Crop Image tool associated with the grayscale	Image
50	bwhitmiss	performs the hit-miss operation defined in terms of a single array	Array , Image
51	imgaussfilt	This MATLAB function filters image A with a 2-D Gaussian smoothing kernel	Value , Image1 ,Image2, Frequency
52	imfftlog	frequency usually comes out in linear scale from Discrete Fourier Transform.	Text, Image, Level
53	fft2	frequency usually comes out in linear scale from Discrete Fourier Transform.	Text, Image, Level
54	fftshift	This MATLAB function rearranges a Fourier transform X by shifting the zero-frequency	Text, Image, Level
55	applycform	This MATLAB function converts the colour values in A to the colour space specified in the colour transformation	Image1 , Image2
56	imLab	graphical application for Scientific Image	Image , scientific image
57	imRGB	RGB image to grayscale	Binary Image, Image
58	FDetect	Face detection	Image
59	BBsize	Bounding Box values based on number of objects	Image detect
60	IEzc	Finding the threshold value	Image
61	Imaqhwinfo	Know about device info	Image, level
62	fscanf	Read formatted data from a file.	Level, Text, Matrix
63	fprintf	Performs formatted writes to screen or file.	Level, Text, Matrix
64	findstr	Finds occurrences of a string.	Image, mapping



65	strcmp	Compares strings.	Image, mapping
66	ezplot	Generates a plot of a symbolic expression.	Image, mapping
67	imhist	Display a histogram	Image, mapping
68	histeq	Equalize image	Image, mapping
69	graythresh	Finding the threshold value	Image, level
70	Imsharpen	Image sharpening	Image, name, value
71	clc	Clear command window	N/A
72	Close	Remove specified figure	Name, all, force, hidden

