



Economics of Coastal Blue Carbon

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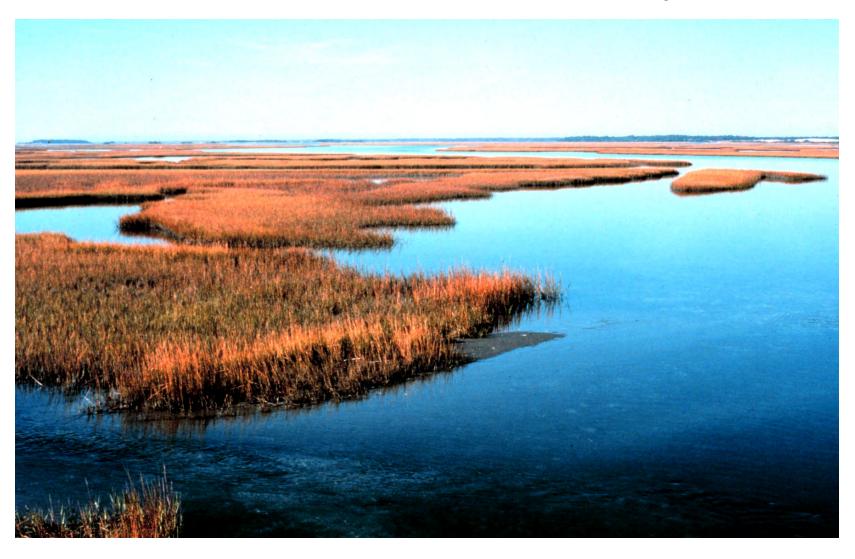
Based on work by
Brian Murray¹, Linwood Pendleton¹,
David Gordon¹, Aaron Jenkins, Samantha Sifleet, and Britta Victor

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The Blue Carbon Story







Soil Carbon Loss from Habitat Change

Habitat area
Habitat Loss
Carbon in top meter
Social Cost of Carbon (\$41/mt)







Ecosystem	Global extent (Mha)	Current conversion rate (% yr ⁻¹)	Near-surface carbon susceptible (top meter sediment + biomass, Mg CO ₂ ha ⁻¹)
Tidal Marsh	2.2 – 40 (5.1)	1.0 – 2.0 (1.5)	237 – 949 (593)
Mangroves	13.8 – 15.2 (14.5)	0.7 – 3.0 (1.9)	373 – 1492 (933)
Seagrass	17.7 – 60 (30)	0.4 – 2.6 (1.5)	131 – 522 (326)
Total	33.7 – 115.2 (48.9)		









Ecosystem	Carbon emissions (Pg CO ₂ yr ⁻¹)	Economic cost (Billion US\$ yr ⁻¹)
Tidal Marsh	0.02 - 0.24 (0.06)	0.64 - 9.7 (2.6)
Mangroves	0.09 - 0.45 (0.24)	3.6 – 18.5 (9.8)
Seagrass	0.05 - 0.33 (0.15)	1.9 – 13.7 (6.1)
Total	0.15 – 1.02 (0.45)	6.1 – 41.9 (18.5)





Carbon Loss from Habitat Change

- 25-50% habitat loss over last 50 years (McLeod et al. 2011)
- 150m to 1 billion mt CO₂e /yr
- 4-20% annual emissions deforestation





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Price vs. Value





Social Cost of Carbon





Social Cost of Carbon

Discount Rate

Year		5%	3%	2.50%
	2010	5	21	35
	2015	6	24	38
	2020	7	26	42
	2025	8	30	46
	2030	10	33	50
	2035	11	36	54
	•••	• (•	
	2050	16	45	65





SOCIAL COST OF HABITAT DESTRUCTION =

\$US 6-42 billion/yr



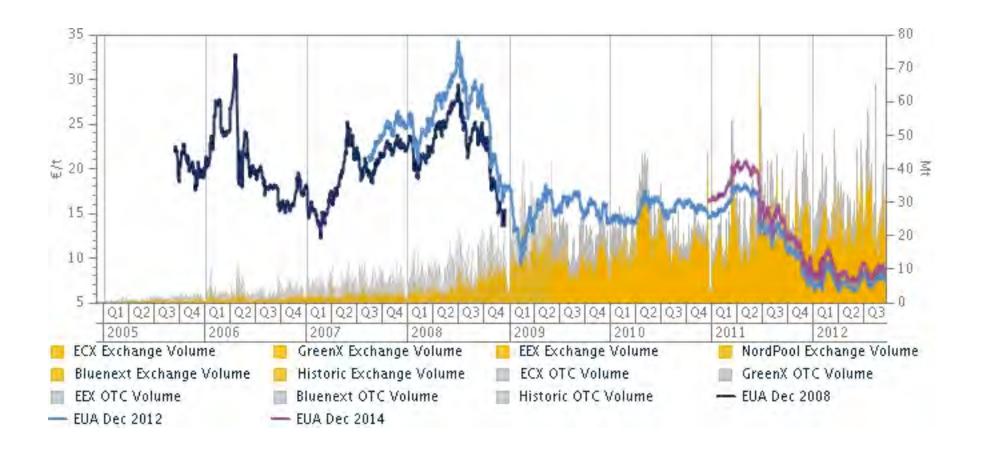


Nowadays, people know the PRICE of everything, the value of nothing

Oscar Wilde, Picture of Dorian Gray









CO₂ Loss

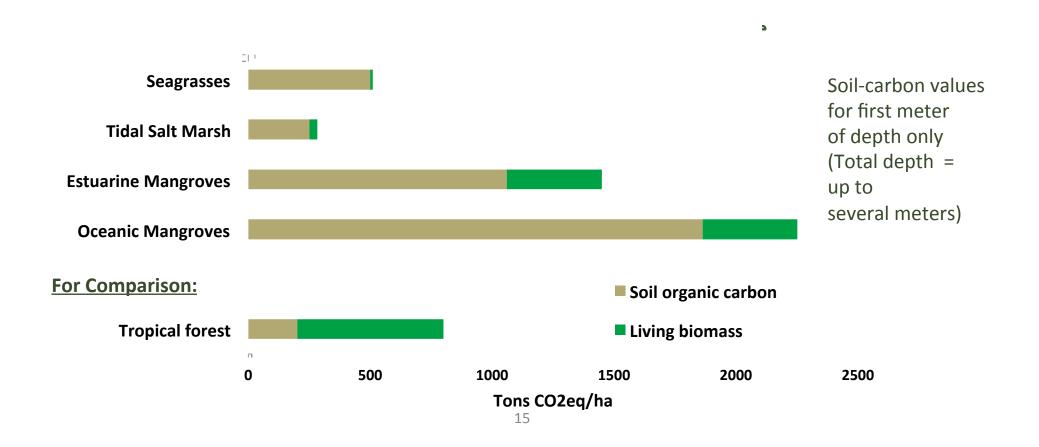
Potential Credit Source	Time Period	Ecosystems
Avoided Loss of Sequestration Flux	Perpetuity*	Seagrasses Tidal Salt Marshes Mangroves
Avoided Emissions from Soil Carbon	Several Years to Decades	Seagrasses Tidal Salt Marshes Mangroves
Avoided Emissions from Biomass (REDD)	Immediate	Mangroves

^{*} Based on input from science team that blue carbon systems continue to sequester without saturation





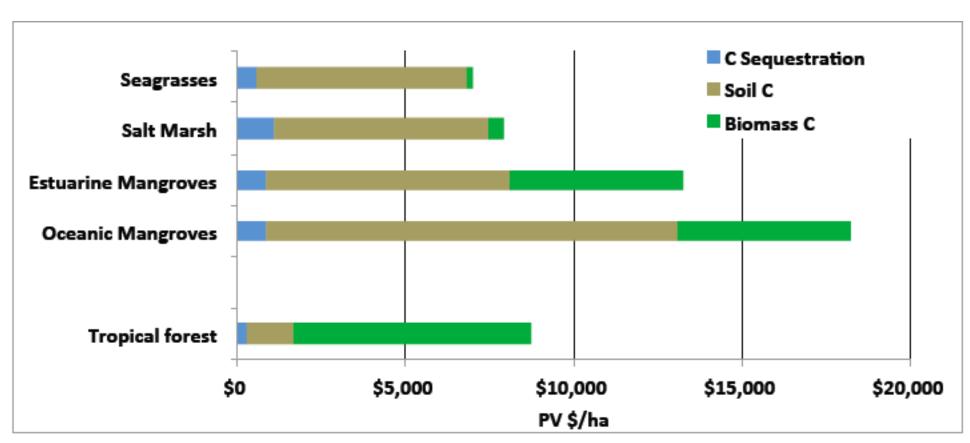
...Coastal Habitat Protects Massive Amounts of Carbon







Potential Carbon-Credit Values

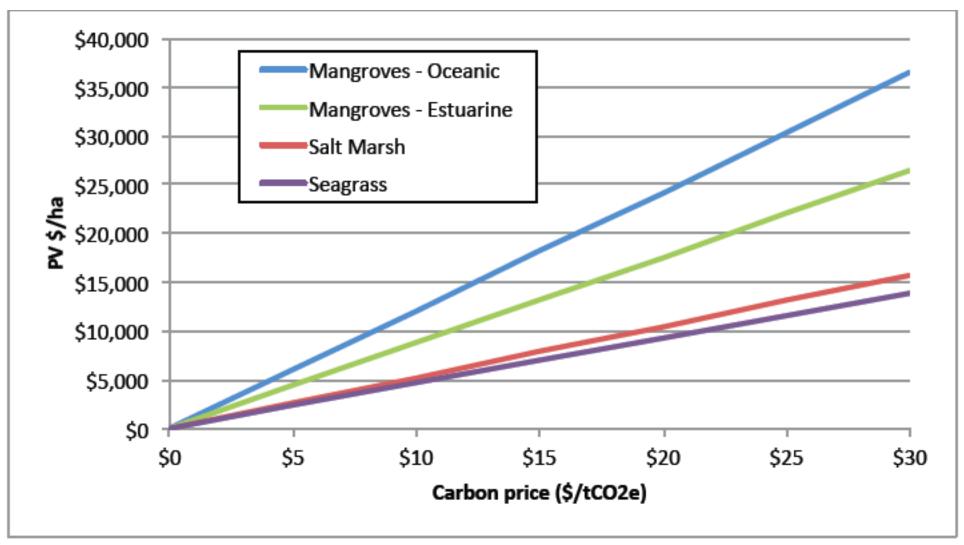


Source: Authors:





Gross Financial Returns



Source: Authors.





CREDIT?

Additionality

What Do You Have to Do to Protect Carbon



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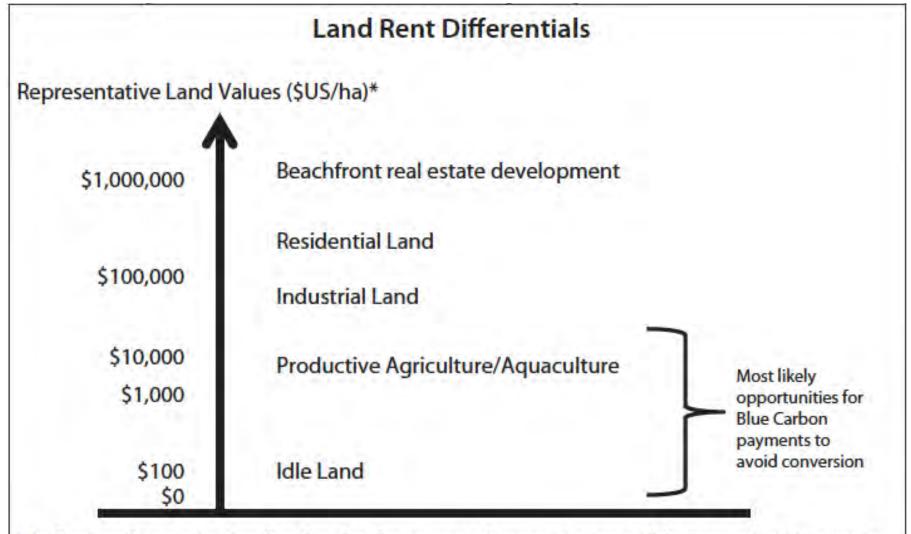








Opportunity Cost



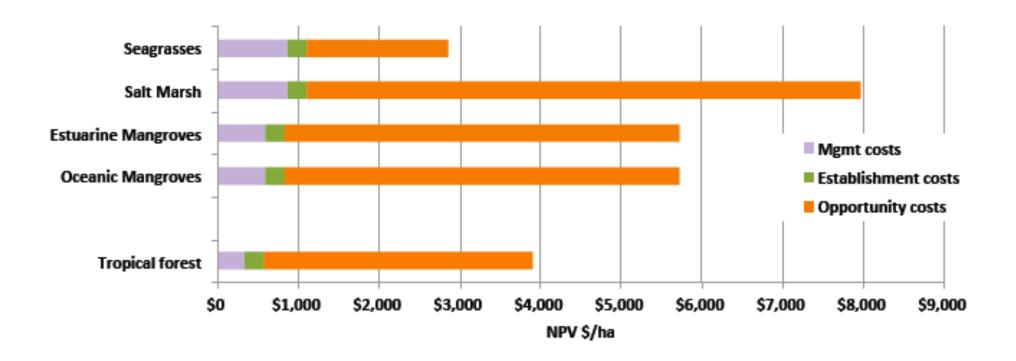
* Authors' rough approximations based on data from a range of sources. Can vary widely across and within countries.

Source: Authors.





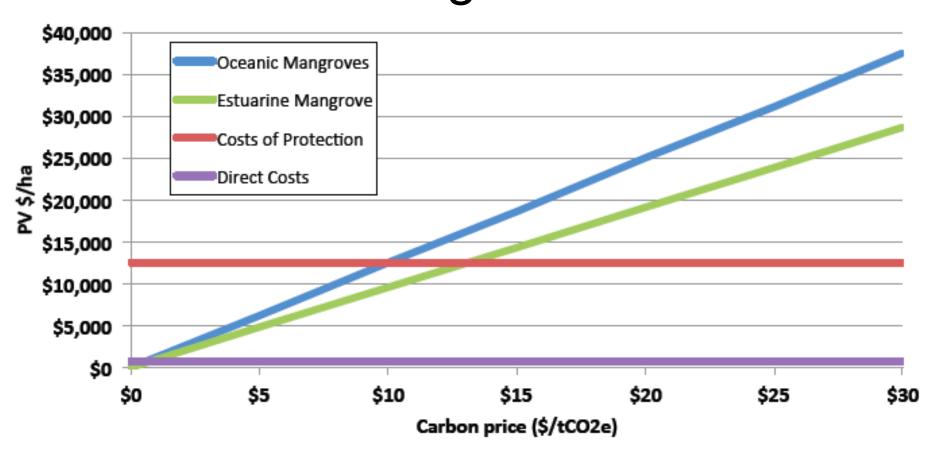
Cost of Protection







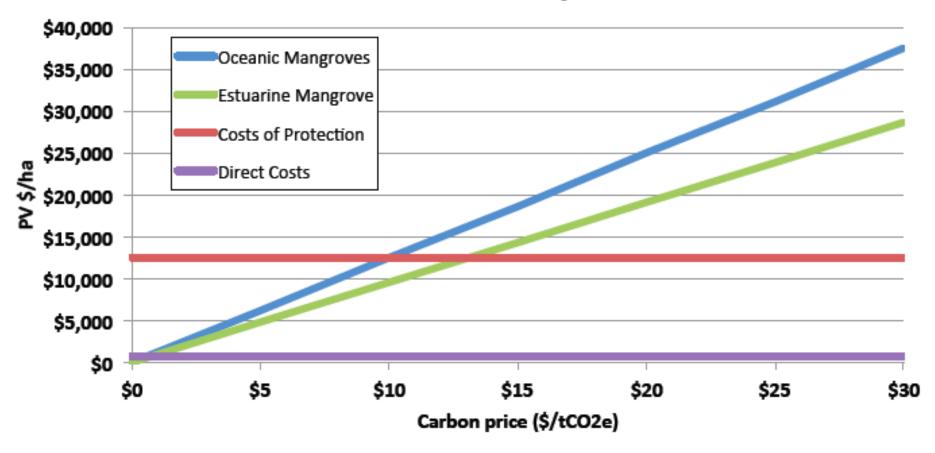
Net Revenue of Blue Carbon: mangroves







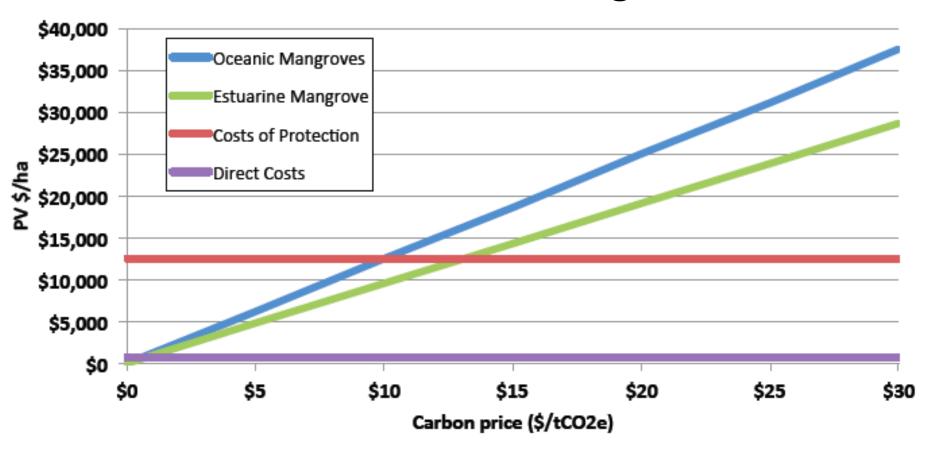
Net Carbon Benefits of Blue Carbon: mangroves







Net Ecosystem Services Benefits of Blue Carbon: mangroves







Climate Mitigation vs Habitat Protection

Cost competitiveness

Stacking





Restoration vs. Protection Mitigation?





BC markets could catalyze other markets

Land-Based Impacts Upstream

Protected Blue Carbon in Estuary

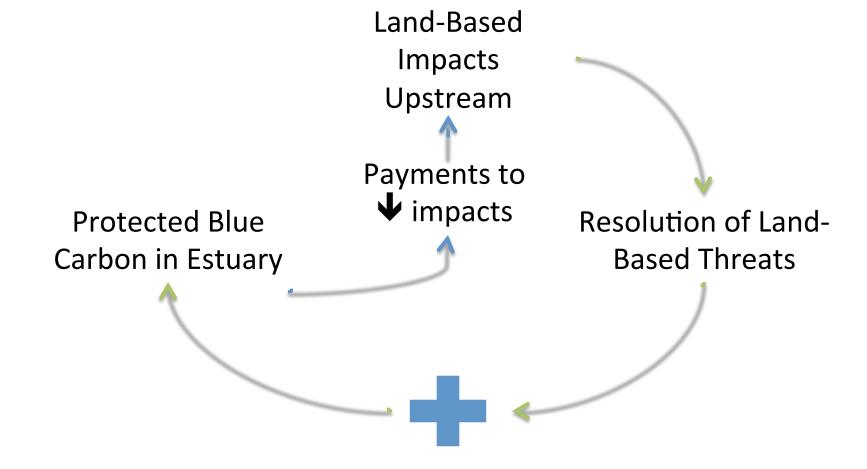
Lost Blue Carbon
Due to Upstream
Sources (e.g.
pollutants,
nutrients)







Land-Based Threats







Will Environmental Markets Work for Coastal Carbon?



Regine Lheritier, Odon Wagner Gallery





Will Environmental Markets Work for Coastal Carbon?

- Sellers produce environmental services for compensation at an agreed upon price and quantity
- Buyers pay the seller for the environmental services.
 - Government traditional payment programs (e.g., Conservation Reserve Program, USDA)
 - Private parties
 - Voluntary/stewardship/philanthropy
 - Industry sustainability/supply chain standards
 - To meet compliance obligations





Markets for compliance obligation

- CAP
- TRADE
 - within the regulated sector
 - outside the regulated sector: offsets
- E.g. SO2/NOX trading, GHG cap-andtrade, nutrient trading,...
- Carbon (rich) ...offsets





Tropical Forest Offsets



Reduced

Emissions from

Deforestation

Degradation

+ Carbon stock enhancement

REDD+





Establishing Markets is Costly: REDD +

Planning and Institutional Capacity	\$1.6 billion
Pilots and Projects	\$234 million
Verified Emissions	~ \$97 million in credits
Reductions	sold











Voluntary Markets







Beyond Markets

Federal Regulations

- National Environmental Protection Act
- Clean Water Act (Mitigation)
- Endangered Species Act
- Natural Resources Damage Assessment





Take Home

- Societal value > financial value
- Payments of blue carbon conservation
- Polluters pay for habitat protection
- Value of protection >> Value of restoration
- Policy and financial challenges remain
- Upstream land impacts may be important



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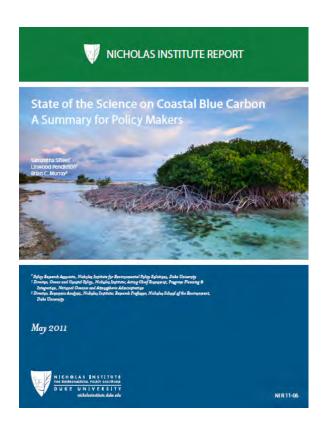




Keep Up With Blue Carbon Policy







http://nicholasinstitute.duke.edu/oceans/bluecarbon