

# week11

November 18, 2018

## 1 Loops

- Another Conditional Structure
  - Has condition and code block
- Repeats the code block while the condition is true
  - How is this different from an if statement?
  - When does execution stop?
- Most useful with collection, to perform same action on collection items

## 2 Loops in VB

- While Loops: If like condition checked before the start of any iteration (**what is an iteration?**)
- Do While loops: If like condition checked at the end of every iteration
- For Loops: Used with collections, condition is implicit, works on all items in a collection until all are exhausted
  - We will mainly use for loops

## 3 For Loops

- Used to iterate over collection items

```
Dim nameList As New List(Of String) From {"mohammed", "ali", "sara"}
```

```
For Each x in nameList: ' Where is the condition?  
    MsgBox(x)  
Next 'end of the block
```

What is x? What is its type?

**Important Note:** Never change the list you are looping with for each by adding or dropping items.

## 4 Another Kind of For Loops

- Used to repeat an action a specific number of times

```
Dim nameList As New List(Of String) From {"mohammed", "ali", "sara"}
```

```
For x = 0 to 10: ' Where is the condition?
```

```
    MsgBox(x)
```

```
Next 'end of the block
```

What is the difference from the previous for loop? Can we use this type to iterate over nameList?

**Remember:** if you know the index, you can fetch an item or replace it directly from the list

## 5 Differences between For Each and For loops

	For Each	For
<b>Number of iterations</b>	Equal to number of items in collection	Set by the developer
<b>Loop variable</b>	Contains a different item in the collection with each loop	Contains the index, which is a number that is incremented by one with each loop

	For Each	For
<b>Modify iter- ated col- lec- tion To get iter- a- tion in- dex</b>	<b>Not allowed</b>	<b>Allowed</b>
	You have to cre- ate a count that you in- cre- ment with each iteration	The loop vari- able con- tains it
<b>To get iter- a- tion item</b>	The loop vari- able con- tains it	You fetch item by index

## 6 When to use each loop?

- If all you need is to read items to calculate sums/average or display items, then all you need is **For Each loop**
- If you need to relate items in multiple lists, you have to relate them by index, then use **For loop**
- If you need to modify the items in the same list you iterate over, then use **For loop**
- **Important Note:** Everything you do with a *For Each* loop, can also be done with a *For Loop*, the difference

## 7 Challenge

Create an application that: - Stores names of contacts - Allows user to capitalize all names - Allows user to remove names - Allows user to sort the names (use two different methods) - Allows the user to restore all the lost names and reset any changes done to the list

## 8 Useful Operations That Use Loops

- Counting
- Summing
- Find Min/Max
- Sorting
- Search/Filter

## 9 Counting

```
Dim myList As New List(Of Integer) From {5, 6, 72, 3}
Dim intCount As Integer = 0 'must have a counter initialized to zero
```

```
For Each x In myList
    intCount = intCount + 1
Next
```

```
MsgBox("Total count: " & intCount)
```

Can you modify to count only odd numbers?

## 10 Summing

```
Dim myList As New List(Of Integer) From {5, 6, 72, 3}
Dim intSum As Integer = 0 'must have a summation variable initialized to zero
```

```
For Each x In myList
    intSum = intSum + x
Next
```

```
MsgBox("Total count: " & intSum)
```

Can you modify to sum only even numbers? or numbers less than 10?

## 11 Maximum

```
Dim myList As New List(Of Integer) From {5, 6, 72, 3}
Dim maximum As Integer = myList(0) 'Assume first value is minimum, look for bigger
```

```
For Each x In myList
    ' look for a value greater than maximum
    ' it should be the new maximum
    If x > maximum Then
        maximum = x
    End If
Next
```

```
MsgBox("Total count: " & maximum)
```

## 12 Minimum

```
Dim myList As New List(Of Integer) From {5, 6, 72, 3}
Dim minimum As Integer = myList(0) 'Assume first value is minimum, look for smaller

For Each x In myList
    ' look for a value less than minimum
    ' it should be the new minimum
    If x < minimum Then
        minimum = x
    End If
Next

MsgBox("Total count: " & minimum)
```

## 13 Challenge

Create an application with the following features: - Allows instructor to enter student grades and display them as a list - Find the minimum, maximum, and average grade in class

## 14 Shopping List Exercise

- Create a shopping list that you add items, their quantity, and unit price to the list
- User should be able to remove items from the list
- Show the total price for the shopping list, total number of items, and average item price
- When selecting an item, the corresponding quantity and unit price must be selected as well.
- When an item is selected, the show the total for that item.
- Allow user to update the values for selected entries.

**Hint:** The items that match in each list must remain in the same index across lists.

**Potential problem:** what if you sort the list?

In [ ]: