



$$\text{cov}\{x, y\} = E_{x, y} \{(x - \mu_x)(y - \mu_y)\}$$

$$\text{cov}\{x, y\} = \int_{x, y} (x - \mu_x)(y - \mu_y) p(x, y) dx dy$$

Demonstration

$$\text{var}\{x\} = E\{(x - \mu_x)^2\} = E\{x^2\} - E^2\{x\}$$

$$E\{(x - \mu_x)^2\} = E\{(x - \mu_x)(x - \mu_x)\} \Rightarrow$$

$$E\{x - \mu_x\} E\{x - \mu_x\} = (E\{x\} - E\{\mu_x\})(E\{x\} - E\{\mu_x\})$$

$$\Rightarrow E\{x\}^2 - E\{x\}E\{\mu_x\} - E\{x\}E\{\mu_x\} + E\{\mu_x\}^2$$

$$E^2\{x\} - 2\mu_x E\{x\} - \mu_x E\{x\} + E^2\{\mu_x\}$$

$$\Rightarrow E\{x^2\} - 2\mu_x E\{x\} + \mu_x^2 \Rightarrow E\{x^2\} - 2\mu_x^2 + \mu_x^2$$

$$= E\{x^2\} - \mu_x^2 = E\{x^2\} - E^2\{x\}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{cov}(x, y) &= E_{x, y} \{ (x - \mu_x) (y - \mu_y) \} = E_{x, y} \{ xy \} - E\{x\} E\{y\} \\
 &= E \{ (x - E\{x\}) (y - E\{y\}) \} = E \{ xy - x E\{y\} - y E\{x\} + E\{x\} E\{y\} \} \\
 &= E \{ xy \} - E \{ x E\{y\} \} - E \{ E\{x\} y \} + E \{ E\{x\} E\{y\} \} \\
 &= E \{ xy \} - \cancel{E\{x\} E\{y\}} - \cancel{E\{x\} E\{y\}} + E \{ x \} E \{ y \} \\
 &= E \{ xy \} - E \{ x \} E \{ y \}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{cov}(X, Y) = E \{ X Y^T \} - E \{ X \} E \{ Y \} \quad x, y \in \mathbb{R}^{D_{x_1}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{cov}(x, y) &= E \{ (x - E\{x\}) (y - E\{y\})^T \} \\
 &= E \{ xy^T - x E\{y\}^T - E\{x\} y^T + E\{x\} E\{y\}^T \} \\
 &= E \{ xy^T \} - E \{ x E\{y\}^T \} - E \{ E\{x\} y^T \} + E \{ E\{x\} E\{y\}^T \} \\
 &= E \{ xy^T \} - E \{ x \} E \{ y \} - \cancel{E \{ x \} E \{ y \}^T} + \cancel{E \{ x \} E \{ y \}^T} \\
 &= E \{ xy^T \} - E \{ x \} E \{ y \}
 \end{aligned}$$