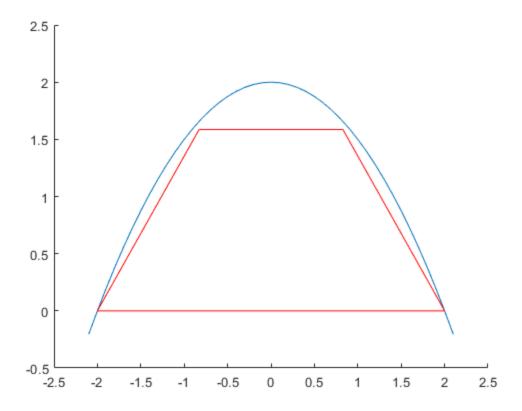
Lab23 - optimalization labolatory, Pawel Drapiewski 29.05.2018 r.

Solve matura excercise of maximal tapeze area describe under y=2-1/2*x^2 function

Solution made using KKT

```
clear all, close all;
% Solution is written on the paper. Attatched below.
B = [0.82842712 \ 1.5857865];
x = -2.1:0.1:2.1;
y = 2 - 1/2 * x.^2;
figure (1)
hold on;
ylim([-0.5 2.5])
plot(x, y);
% draw trapeze bounds lines
plot([-B(1) B(1)], [B(2) B(2)], 'r')
plot([-2 -B(1)], [0 B(2)], 'r')
plot([2 B(1)], [0 B(2)], 'r')
plot([-2 2], [0 0], 'r')
%plot()
hold off;
fprintf("Coords of found B points are: x=%d y=%d\n", B(1), B(2));
Coords of found B points are: x=8.284271e-01 y=1.585786e+00
```



Published with MATLAB® R2017b

B=[x,y]

3=2 2 x2

A = [2 0]

* Podejsie

L(x,y, 2,,2) = xy+2y+22(0+y)+2,(2-2x2-y)= = xy +2y + 2, (-2x2-y+2) + 22 y

xy + 2 y mex s.t: $y = 2 - \frac{1}{2}x^2$ XXX -y<0

c1: $\frac{JL}{Jx} = y + \lambda_1 x = 0$

 $\frac{3L}{3y} = x + 2 - \lambda_1 + \lambda_2 = 0$

complexity constrait 1:

$$\lambda_1 \left(-\frac{1}{2} x^2 - y + 2 \right) = 0$$

Complexity constrait 2:

scenario 1: both constrains active

-2x2-4+2 NO=0 2, 70 cond 1: and x=2 $4 = 2 - \frac{1}{2}x^2$

0 = 2-1x2

1x2=2

x2=4

1x1=2

x=2 v x=-2

21 (-1.4-4)=0 $\lambda_1(-2+2)=0$ 21 = 0 can't be, because of

scenario 2: first stack, second adire

-2x2-y+2>0

1=0

4=0 2270

const 1: 0 - ... = 0 comp cond 2:

max (PD)

PA = (a+6).h

a = 2.2=4 b = 2.4

Pa = (2+x) y

22.4=0 0.9=0

4 < -2x2+2

0 < -1x2+2

-2 <-1/2 x2/·(-2)

 $4 > x^2 / \Gamma$

1x1 <2 x <2 x x7-2)

(1: 0-0.x=0

c2: x+2-0+22=0

 $\times + \lambda_2 = -2$

x 2 = -2-x

70

-2-x>0 (x > 2-2 -> XED

2:
$$x+2 - 2x + 2x = 0$$

 $x+2 - \frac{2}{x} - \frac{2}{x} + 0 = 0$
 $\frac{1}{2}x = \frac{2}{x} - 2 / \cdot x$
 $\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2x - 2 = 0$
 $\frac{1}{2}x^$

Summany
Only one scenario had result. So the solution is x = 0.82842712 y = 1.5857865