

Communicating Research with RMarkdown

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What is RMarkdown?

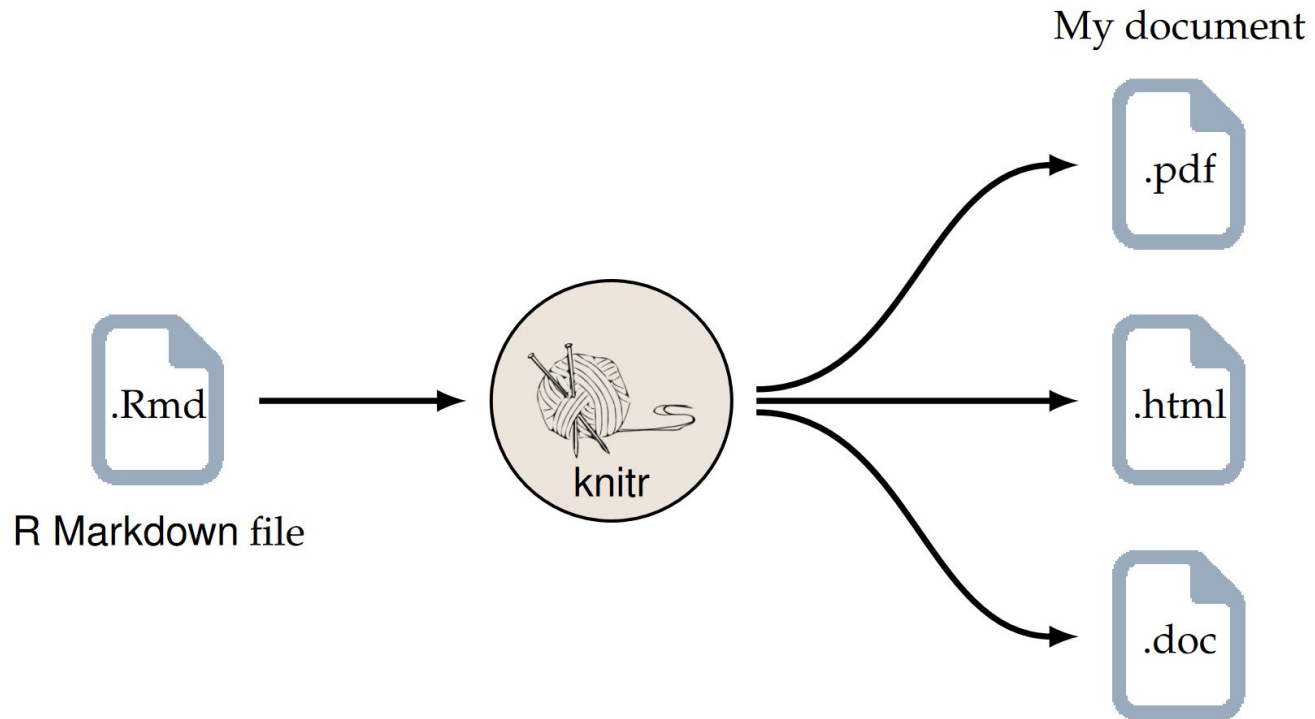
RMarkdown is a file format for making dynamic documents with R.

An R Markdown document is written in markdown (an easy-to-write plain text format) and contains chunks of embedded R code

R Markdown provides an unified authoring framework for data science, combining your code, its results, and your prose commentary.

R Markdown documents are fully reproducible and support dozens of output formats, like PDFs, Word files, slideshows, and more.

What is RMarkdown?



Need some help?

- R Markdown Cheat Sheet:

Help > Cheatsheets > R Markdown Cheat Sheet

- R Markdown Reference Guide:

Help > Cheatsheets > R Markdown Reference Guide

You need the `rmarkdown` package, however it is automatically loaded by RStudio.

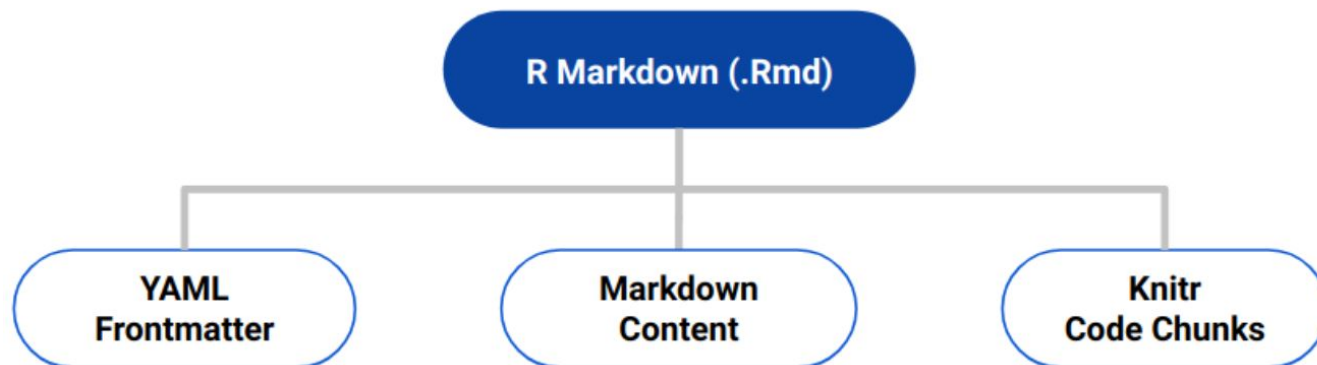
To create a new RMarkdown file (`.Rmd`), select *File -> New File -> R Markdown* in RStudio, then choose the file type you want to create.

For now we will focus on a `.html` Document, which can be easily converted to other file types later.

Components of an RMarkdown file

It contains three important types of content:

- An (optional) YAML header surrounded by `---`
- Chunks of R code surrounded by `` ```
- Text mixed with formatting like `##` headings and simple text.



YAML Header

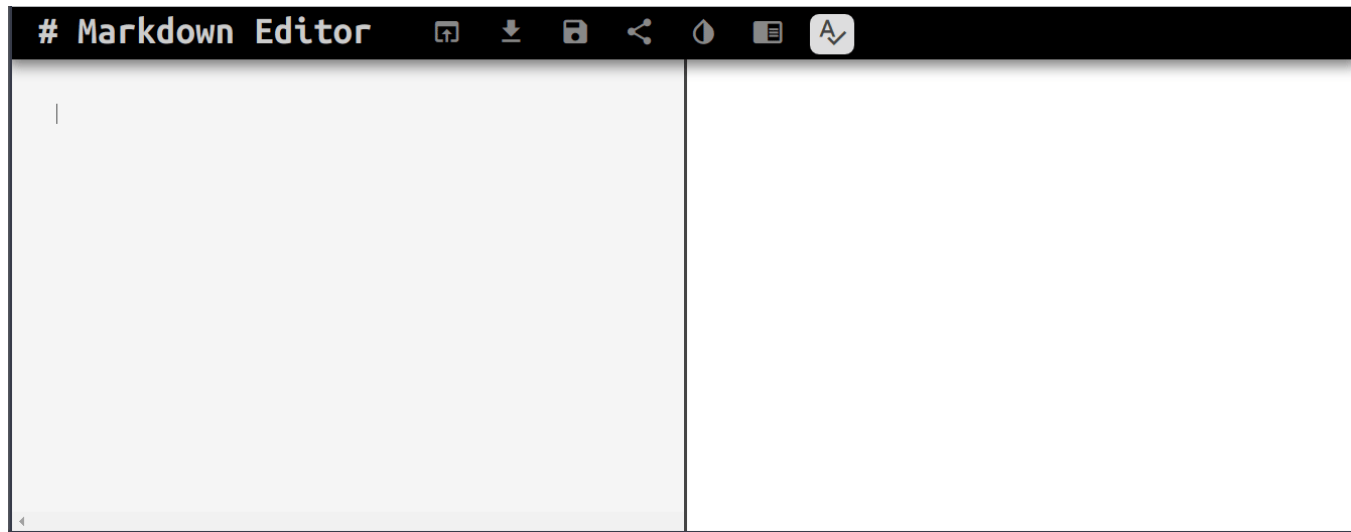
Defines the metadata

Defines the output format

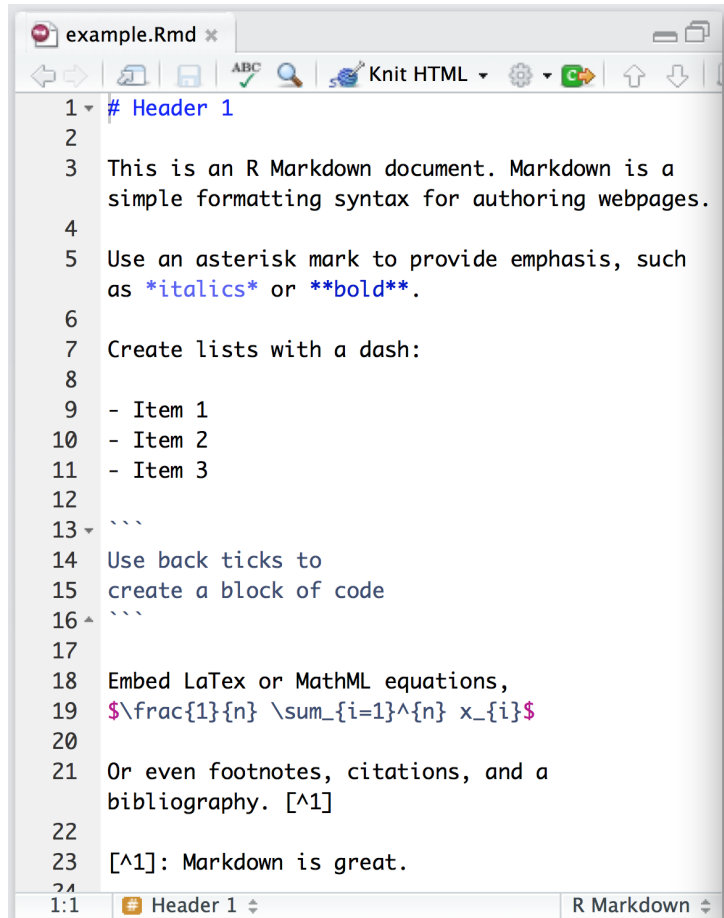
Defines options of the output format

```
---  
title: "First Example"  
author: "Arun Mitra"  
date: "23/10/2021"  
output: html_document  
      toc : true  
---
```

Markdown is Cool



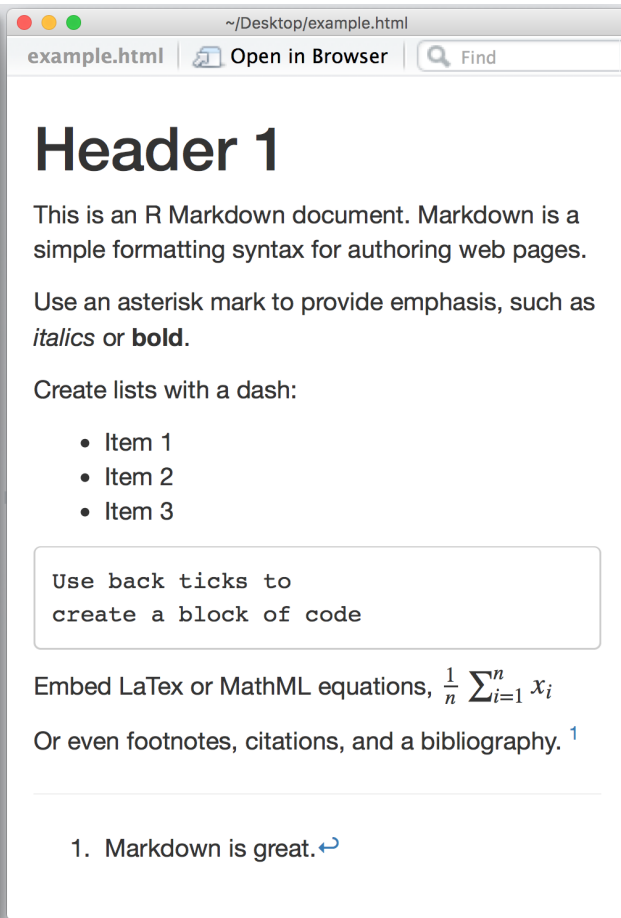
Basic Markdown Syntax



```

1 # Header 1
2
3 This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a
  simple formatting syntax for authoring webpages.
4
5 Use an asterisk mark to provide emphasis, such
  as italics or bold.
6
7 Create lists with a dash:
8
9 - Item 1
10 - Item 2
11 - Item 3
12
13 ```
14 Use back ticks to
15 create a block of code
16 ```
17
18 Embed LaTeX or MathML equations,
19  $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$ 
20
21 Or even footnotes, citations, and a
  bibliography. [^1]
22
23 [^1]: Markdown is great.
24
1:1 # Header 1 R Markdown

```



example.html Open in Browser Find

Header 1

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring web pages.

Use an asterisk mark to provide emphasis, such as *italics* or **bold**.

Create lists with a dash:

- Item 1
- Item 2
- Item 3

Use back ticks to create a block of code

Embed LaTeX or MathML equations, $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$

Or even footnotes, citations, and a bibliography. ¹

1. Markdown is great.↩

Code Chunks

The knitr package extends the basic markdown syntax to include chunks of executable R code.

When you render the report, knitr will run the code and add the results to the output file. You can have the output display just the code, just the results, or both.

To embed a chunk of R code into your report, surround the code with two lines that each contain three back ticks. After the first set of back ticks, include ````{ r }`, which alerts knitr that you have included a chunk of R code.

R Chunks

```
Here's some code
```{r}
dim(iris)
```
```



Here's some code

```
dim(iris)
```

```
## [1] 150  5
```

Chunk Options

To omit the results

To omit the results from your final report (and not run the code) add the argument `eval = FALSE` inside the brackets and after `r`. This will place a copy of your code into the report.

To omit the code

To omit the code from the final report (while including the results) add the argument `echo = FALSE`. This is very handy for adding plots to a report, since you usually do not want to see the code that generates the plot.

R Chunks

```
Here's some code  
```${r eval=FALSE}  
dim(iris)
```
```



Here's some code

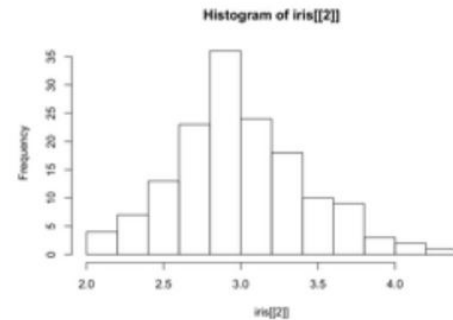
```
dim(iris)
```

R Chunks

```
Here's a plot  
```${r echo=FALSE}  
hist(iris[[2]])
```
```



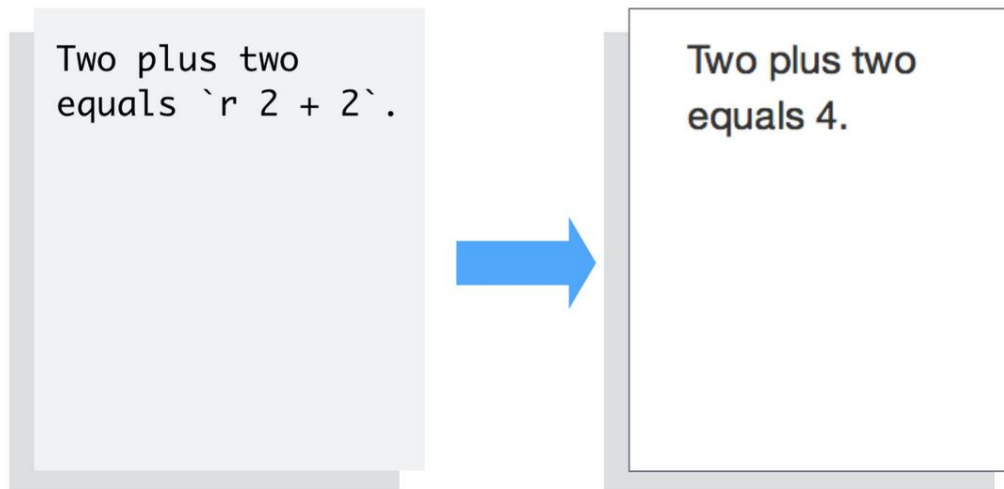
Here's a plot



Inline R Code

You can also evaluate R expressions inline by enclosing the expression within a single back-tick qualified with `r`.

`knitr` will replace the inline code with its result in your final document (inline code is always replaced by its result). The result will appear as if it were part of the original text.



Default RMD output in HTML

Untitled

Arun Mitra

19/10/2021

R Markdown

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see <http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com>.

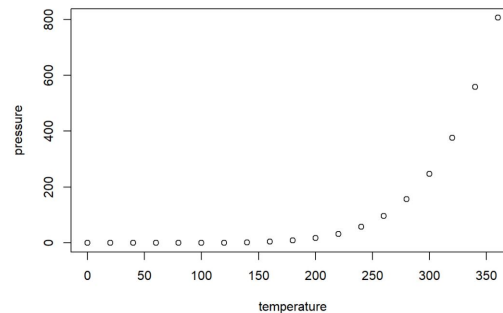
When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

```
summary(cars)
```

```
##      speed      dist
##  Min.   : 4.0   Min.   : 2.00
##  1st Qu.:12.0   1st Qu.: 26.00
##  Median :15.0   Median : 36.00
##   Mean  :15.4   Mean   : 42.98
##  3rd Qu.:19.0   3rd Qu.: 56.00
##   Max.  :25.0   Max.   :120.00
```

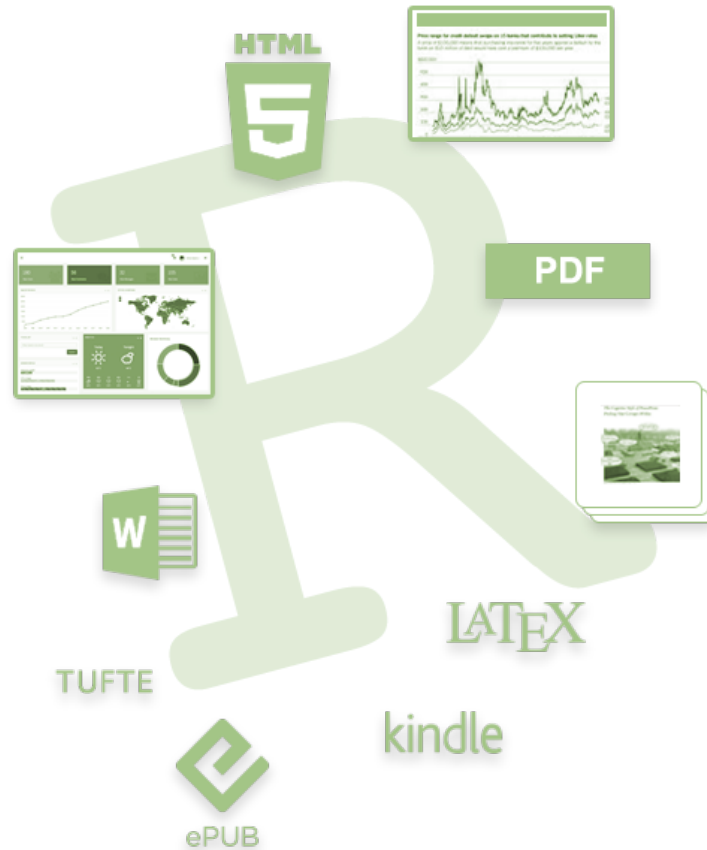
Including Plots

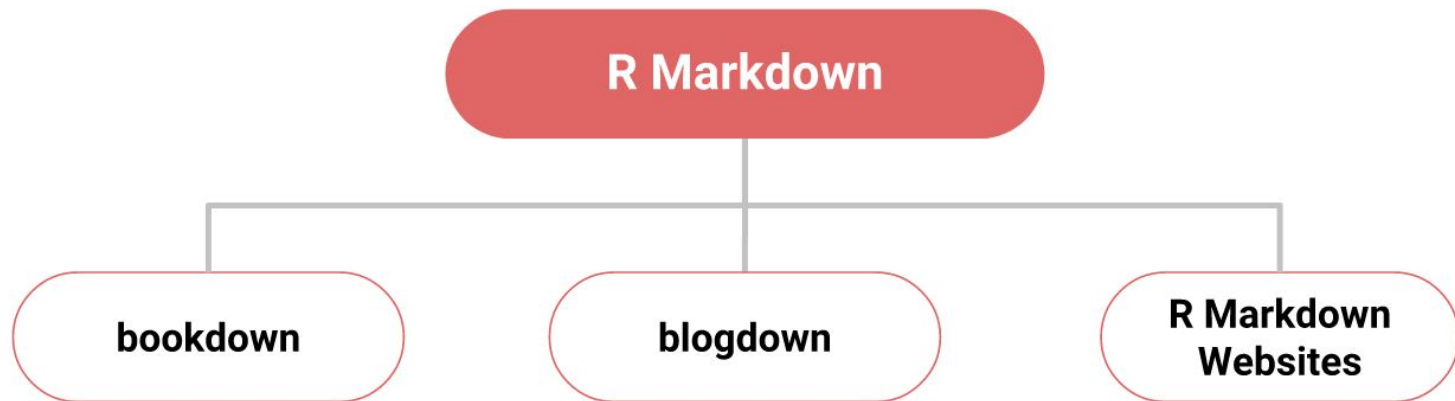
You can also embed plots, for example:



Note that the `echo = FALSE` parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.

Other Outputs





Rmarkdown

TEXT. CODE. OUTPUT.
(GET IT TOGETHER, PEOPLE.)



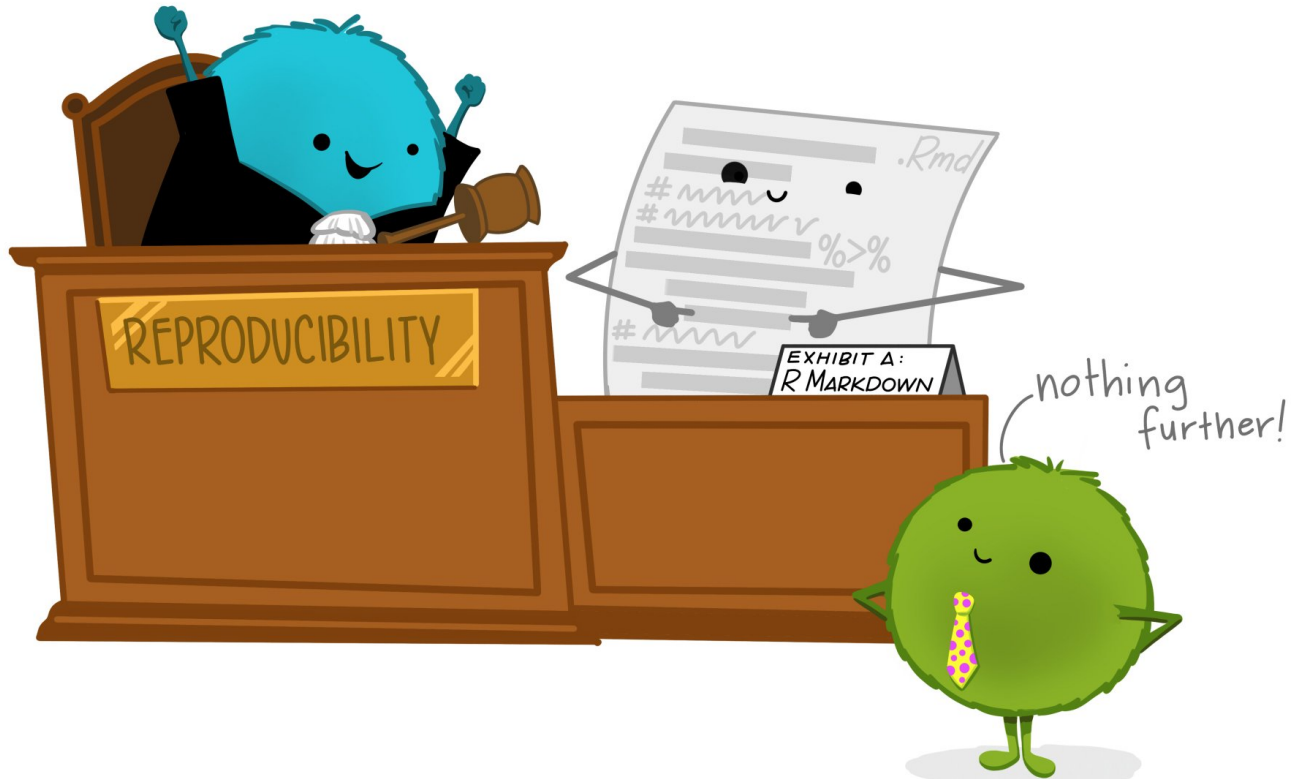
Conclusion

R Markdown is awesome.

- The ratio of markup to content is excellent.
- For exploratory analyses, blog posts, and interactive documents
- For journal articles, though knowledge on *L^AT_EX* will be helpful.

The RStudio team have made the whole process very user friendly.

- RStudio provides useful shortcut keys for compiling to HTML, and running code chunks.
- These shortcut keys are presented in a clear way.
- Code completion on R code chunk options is really helpful.



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