

## Chapter 4

### Syntax Analysis

#### Linear Grammar

A grammar is linear if it is context-free and all of its productions' right hand sides have at most one nonterminal.

A linear language is a language generated by some linear grammar.

##### Example

A simple linear grammar is  $G$  with  $N = \{S\}$ ,  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ ,  $P$  with start symbol  $S$  and rules

$S \rightarrow aSb \mid \epsilon$

It generates the language

$$\{a^i b^i \mid i \geq 0\}$$

## Resolving Difficulties : Non-Reachable Variables

$S \rightarrow abS \mid abA \mid abB$ $A \rightarrow cd$ $B \rightarrow aB$ $C \rightarrow dc$	$V_{old} \leftarrow \emptyset$ $V_{new} \leftarrow \{S\}$ <b>while</b> $V_{old} \neq V_{new}$ <b>do</b> $V_{old} \leftarrow V_{new}$ <b>for</b> $X \in V_{old}$ <b>do</b> <b>for</b> $(X \rightarrow w) \in P$ <b>do</b> Add all variables appearing in $w$ to $V_{new}$ . <b>return</b> $V_{new}$ .
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The C is a *useless* (Non-Reachable) variable

## Resolving Difficulties : Non-Reachable Variables

$S_0 \rightarrow S \mid X \mid Z$ $S \rightarrow A$ $A \rightarrow B$ $B \rightarrow C$ $C \rightarrow Aa$ $X \rightarrow C$ $Y \rightarrow aY \mid a$ $Z \rightarrow \epsilon$	$V_{old} \leftarrow \emptyset$ $V_{new} \leftarrow \{S_0\}$ <b>while</b> $V_{old} \neq V_{new}$ <b>do</b> $V_{old} \leftarrow V_{new}$ <b>for</b> $X \in V_{old}$ <b>do</b> <b>for</b> $(X \rightarrow w) \in P$ <b>do</b> Add all variables appearing in $w$ to $V_{new}$ . <b>return</b> $V_{new}$ .
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The Y is a *useless* (Non-Reachable) variable

## Resolving Difficulties

$$S_0 \rightarrow S \mid X \mid \varepsilon$$

$$S \rightarrow A$$

$$A \rightarrow B$$

$$B \rightarrow C$$

$$C \rightarrow Aa$$

$$X \rightarrow C$$

The rule  $S \rightarrow A$  is redundant. We can replace any appearance of  $S$  by  $A$ , and reducing the number of variables by one. Rule of the form  $S \rightarrow A$  is called a *unit production*

The rule  $X \rightarrow C$  is also redundant. We can replace any appearance of  $X$  by  $C$ , and reducing the number of variables by one. Rule of the form  $X \rightarrow C$  is called a *unit production*

## Resolving Difficulties

$$S_0 \rightarrow A \mid C \mid \varepsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow B$$

$$B \rightarrow C$$

$$C \rightarrow Aa$$



$$S_0 \rightarrow A \mid Aa \mid \varepsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow B$$

$$B \rightarrow Aa$$



$$S_0 \rightarrow A \mid Aa \mid \varepsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow Aa$$

## Resolving Difficulties: Non-Generating Variables

$$S_0 \rightarrow A \mid Aa \mid \varepsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow Aa$$

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Vold ← ∅
Vnew ← Vold
do
  Vold ← Vnew
  for X ∈ V do
    for (X → w) ∈ P do
      if w ∈ (Σ ∪ Vold)* then
        Vnew ← Vnew ∪ {X}
while (Vold ≠ Vnew)
return Vnew

```

$V_{new} = \{S_0\}$  because  $S_0 \rightarrow \varepsilon$

The variable  $A$  is also *useless* since we can not derive any word in  $\Sigma^*$  from  $A$  (because once we starting deriving from  $A$  we get into an infinite loop).

step-I

step-II

Remove Non-Generating and Non-Reachable Variables

 $S \rightarrow AB \mid a$ 
 $A \rightarrow b$ 

Non-generating  
 $\{B\}$

Non-reachable  
 $\{A\}$

 $\Rightarrow$ 
 $S \rightarrow a$ 
 $S \rightarrow a$ 
 $A \rightarrow b$

Remove Non-Generating and Non-Reachable Variables

$$S \rightarrow AB \mid CA$$

$$B \rightarrow BC \mid AB$$

$$A \rightarrow a$$

$$C \rightarrow AB \mid b$$

Non-generating  
 $\{B\}$

All are reachable  
Variables

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$S \rightarrow CA$$

$$A \rightarrow a$$

$$C \rightarrow b$$

Remove Non-generating and Non-Reachable Variables

$$S \rightarrow aS \mid A \mid C$$

$$A \rightarrow a$$

$$B \rightarrow aa$$

$$C \rightarrow aCb$$

Non-generating  
 $\{C\}$

Non-reachable  
 $\{B\}$

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$S \rightarrow aS \mid A$$

$$S \rightarrow aS \mid A$$

$$A \rightarrow a$$

$$A \rightarrow a$$

$$B \rightarrow aa$$

## Try Yourself

Remove *useless* variables (Non-Generating and Non-Reachable Variables)

$$1. P = \{S \rightarrow aAa, A \rightarrow Sb \mid bCC, C \rightarrow abb, E \rightarrow aC\}$$

$$2. P = \{S \rightarrow aBa \mid BC, A \rightarrow aC \mid BCC, C \rightarrow a, B \rightarrow bcc, D \rightarrow E, E \rightarrow d\}$$

$$3. P = \{S \rightarrow aAa, A \rightarrow bBB, B \rightarrow ab, C \rightarrow aB\}$$

$$4. P = \{S \rightarrow aS \mid AB, A \rightarrow bA, B \rightarrow AA\}$$

Resolving Difficulties: Elimination of  $\epsilon$ -production

$$S \rightarrow ABA$$

$$A \rightarrow aA \mid \epsilon$$

$$B \rightarrow bB \mid \epsilon$$

Here, A and B are directly nullable Variables.

$$A \rightarrow aA \mid a$$

$$B \rightarrow bB \mid b$$

### Resolving Difficulties: Elimination of $\epsilon$ -production

$$\begin{array}{lcl}
 S \rightarrow ABA & & \\
 A \rightarrow aA \mid \epsilon & \longrightarrow & A \rightarrow aA \mid a \\
 B \rightarrow bB \mid \epsilon & & B \rightarrow bB \mid b
 \end{array}$$

Here, A and B are **directly Nullable** Variables. S is **indirectly Nullable** variable

$$S \rightarrow A_1BA_2 \mid A_1B \mid BA_2 \mid A_1A_2 \mid A_1 \mid A_2 \mid B$$

$$S \rightarrow ABA \mid AB \mid BA \mid AA \mid A \mid B$$

### Resolving Difficulties: Elimination of $\epsilon$ -production

$$\begin{array}{lcl}
 S \rightarrow aS \mid AB \mid a & & \\
 A \rightarrow \epsilon & \longrightarrow & S \rightarrow aS \mid AB \mid A \mid B \mid a \\
 B \rightarrow \epsilon & & D \rightarrow b \\
 D \rightarrow b & &
 \end{array}$$

Here, A and B are **directly Nullable** Variables. S is **indirectly Nullable** variable.

Here, A and B are **Non-generating** variables.

Here, D is **Non-Reachable** variable.

$$S \rightarrow aS \mid a$$

## Try Yourself

Remove **Nullable** Variables if any and generate grammar without  $\epsilon$ -production

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow [E] \mid E \\ E &\rightarrow T \mid E+T \mid E-T \\ T &\rightarrow F \mid T*F \mid T/F \\ F &\rightarrow a \mid b \mid c \mid \epsilon \end{aligned}$$

## Try Yourself

Remove **useless** Variables and **Nullable** Variables

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow a \mid aA \mid B \mid C \\ A &\rightarrow aB \mid \epsilon \\ B &\rightarrow aA \\ D &\rightarrow ddd \end{aligned}$$