## MACHINE LEARNING NAIVE BAYES CLASSIFIER

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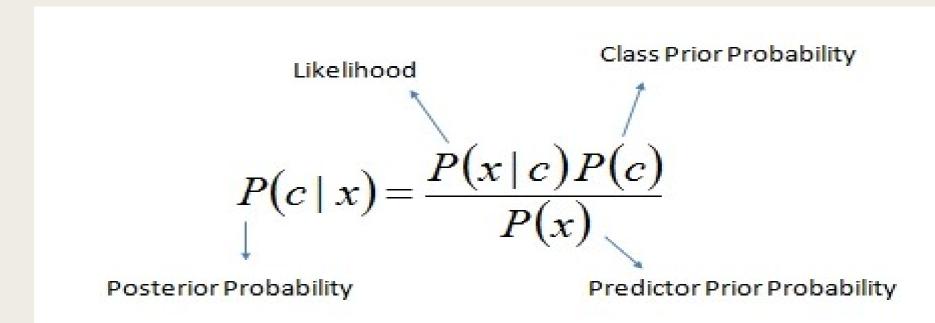
#### Naïve Bayes Classifier

- **classification** is the problem of identifying to which of a set of categories (sub-populations) a new observation belongs, on the basis of a training set of data containing observations (or instances) whose category membership is known.
- **probabilistic classifier** is a classifier that is able to predict, given an observation of an input, a probability distribution over a set of classes, rather than only outputting the most likely class that the observation should belong to.
- Naïve Bayes classifier is a probabilistic classifier developed based applying Bayes theorem with independence assumption between features.
- Naïve Bayes classifier is a generative model.

### Are you infected by Covid -19?

- Covid infects around 30% of the population.
- 70% of people who are tested are found positive.
- You are tested positive with an overall accuracy of testing = 80%

# Naïve Bayes classifier formulation



$$P(c \mid X) = P(x_1 \mid c) \times P(x_2 \mid c) \times \cdots \times P(x_n \mid c) \times P(c)$$

### Are you infected by Covid-19?

X1 Contact	X2 Sympto m	X3 Test	C infecte d
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Yes	Yes	No	No
No	Yes	Yes	Yes
No	No	Yes	No

X1 Contact	X2 Sympto m	X3 Test	C infected
Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Yes	No	No	Yes
No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Yes	No	No	Yes

### Are you infected?

■ You are not in the contact of a covid positive, you have symptoms, you are tested negative,

■ You are not in contact of a covid positive, you have no symptoms and you are tested negative.

### Conditional probability table

$$P(x1 = T)$$

$$P(X2 = T)$$

$$P(X3 = T)$$

$$P(C = T)$$

X1\C	Т	F
Т		
F		

X2\C	Т	F
Т		
F		

X3\C	Т	F
Т		
F		

P(C = T / X1 = F, X2 = T, X3 = F)

$$P(C = T / X1 = F, X2 = F, X3 = F)$$