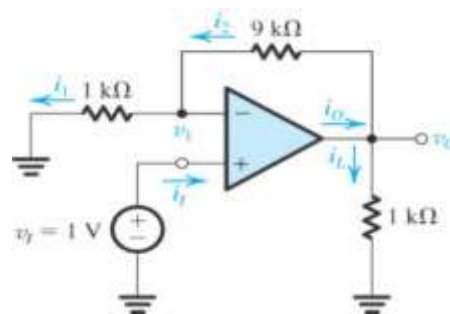


UNIT-3 : Operational amplifiers [CO3]

Assignment-03

Note : Write answers for any FIVE questions

- Q1.** Explain gain in operational amplifier? Explain the significance of CMRR. [KL2]
- Q2.** Explain procedure of using operational amplifier as inverting and non-inverting amplifier? [KL2]
- Q3.** Derive expression for output in unit follower and summing amplifier circuits using opamp. [KL3]
- Q4.** Derive expression for integrator and differentiator circuits using opamp. [KL3]
- Q5.** The slew rate of an Op-Amp is $6\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$ when close loop gain is unity. The amplified output signal is observed to be a pure sinusoid, $V_{\text{out}} = V_{\text{max}} \cos \omega t$ provided the frequency of this signal does not exceed a certain limit. Find the value of this limiting frequency before output signal is distorted by slew rate limit if (i) $V_{\text{max}} = 1\text{V}$ (ii) $V_{\text{max}} = 10\text{V}$ [KL4]
- Q6.** A square wave of peak-to-peak amplitude of 750mV has to be amplified to peak to peak amplitude of 3.8V , with a rise time of $4.5\mu\text{s}$ or less. Can IC Op-Amp be used? [KL3]
- Q7.** Compare active integrator and active differentiator [KL4]
- Q8.** Design a circuit with operational amplifier to produce V_o given by [KL6]
- $$V_o = (V_{s1} + V_{s3}) - (V_{s2} + V_{s4})$$
- Q9.** Assume Ideal Op Amp and Find : $i_1, v_1, i_i, i_2, V_o, i_L, i_o, V_o/V_i, i_L/i_i, P_o/P_1$



Q10. Assume ideal Op Amp and find the relationship between the output voltage and the four input voltages

