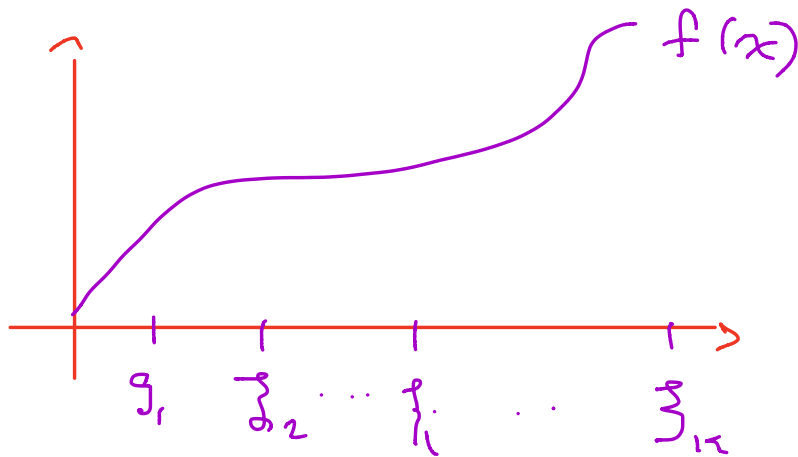


# Splines

$$f(x) = \sum_{i=1}^m \beta_i h_i(x)$$

parameters.  $\uparrow$  spline functions



Suppose the knots are fixed and we wish to fit local cubic polynomials (fixed degree  $m-1$ )

We will require that  $\hat{f}$  be  $C^2$ .

$$1) f(\xi_i^-) = f(\xi_i^+)$$

$$2) f'(\xi_i^-) = f'(\xi_i^+)$$

$$3) f''(\xi_i^-) = f''(\xi_i^+)$$

This class of functions is closed on addition, scalar mult.  
 $\Rightarrow$  forms a vector space.

A basis for this span is given by

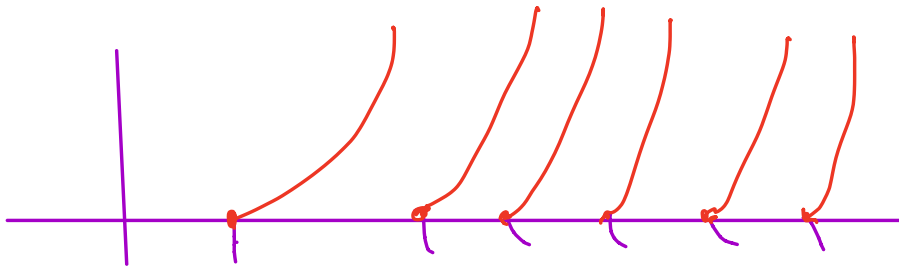
$$h_1 = x^0 = 1$$

$$h_2(x) = x$$

$$h_3(x) = x^2$$

$$h_4(x) = x^3$$

$$h_{q+l}(x) = (x - \xi_l)_+^3$$



So the basis is of size  $k+4$

### Natural Cubic Splines

- Same as before except we require linear behavior outside the knots

$$N_1(x) = 1$$

$$N_2(x) = x$$

$$d_k(x) = \frac{(x - \xi_k)_+^3 - (x - \xi_{k+1})_+^3}{\xi_{k+1} - \xi_k}$$

$$N_{2+k}(x) = d_k(x) - d_{k+1}(x)$$

Fitting

Define

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & h_1(x_1) & \dots & h_m(x_1) \\ 1 & h_1(x_2) & \dots & h_m(x_2) \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 1 & h_1(x_n) & \dots & h_m(x_n) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\beta = \begin{bmatrix} \beta_0/p & \vec{\beta}_1^T \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ \beta_p/p & \vec{\beta}_p^T \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{f} = [H \circ \beta] \mathbf{1}$$

## Smoothing Splines

Define:  $W_2^{(m)}[0,1] = \{f: [0,1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \mid \int_0^1 (f^{(m)})^2 dx < \infty\}$

$$\hat{f}(x) = \underset{f \in W_2^{(m)}}{\operatorname{argmin}} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - f(x_i))^2 + \lambda \|f''\|_2^2$$

Penalize roughness.  $R(f) = \int_0^1 (f'')^2 dx$

Theorem:  $\hat{f}$  is a natural cubic spline with knots at the data points  $\xi_k = x_k$

## B-Splines