

1.1 # 1, 2, 3, 10, 12, 13, 15, 16, 21, 24, 25, 31, 32

1.) Solve using row operations. $x_1 + 5x_2 = 7$
 $-2x_1 - 7x_2 = -5$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 5 & 7 \\ -2 & -7 & -5 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{2R_1 + R_2} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 5 & 7 \\ 0 & 3 & 9 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_2/3} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 5 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-5R_2 + R_1} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & -8 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right] \quad \boxed{(x_1, x_2) = (-8, 3)}$$

2.) $3x_1 + 6x_2 = -3$
 $5x_1 + 7x_2 = 10$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 3 & 6 & -3 \\ 5 & 7 & 10 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_1/3} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 5 & 7 & 10 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-5R_1 + R_2} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -3 & 15 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_2/-3} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -5 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-2R_2 + R_1} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & 9 \\ 0 & 1 & -5 \end{array} \right] \quad \boxed{(x_1, x_2) = (9, -5)}$$

3.) Find the point (x_1, x_2) that lies on the line $x_1 + 2x_2 = 4$ and on the line $x_1 - x_2 = 1$.

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-R_1 + R_2} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & -3 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_2/-3} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-2R_2 + R_1} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad \boxed{(x_1, x_2) = (2, 1)}$$

10.) Continue row reducing

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 3 & 0 & -2 & -7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-3R_4 + R_2} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 3 & 0 & -2 & -7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 12 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-3R_2 + R_1} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -2 & -43 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 12 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{2R_4 + R_1} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -47 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 12 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right]$$

12.) Solve $x_1 - 5x_2 + 4x_3 = -3$
 $2x_1 - 7x_2 + 3x_3 = -2$
 $-2x_1 + x_2 + 7x_3 = -1$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -5 & 4 & -3 \\ 2 & -7 & 3 & -2 \\ -2 & 1 & 7 & -1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_2 + R_3} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -5 & 4 & -3 \\ 2 & -7 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & -6 & 10 & -3 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-2R_1 + R_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -5 & 4 & -3 \\ 0 & 3 & -5 & 4 \\ 0 & -6 & 10 & -3 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{2R_2 + R_3} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -5 & 4 & -3 \\ 0 & 3 & -5 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

No solution \rightarrow Inconsistent

13.) $x_1 - 3x_3 = 8$
 $2x_1 + 2x_2 + 9x_3 = 7$
 $x_2 + 5x_3 = -2$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -3 & 8 \\ 2 & 2 & 9 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-2R_1+R_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -3 & 8 \\ 0 & 2 & 15 & -9 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-2R_3+R_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -3 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_2/5} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -3 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-5R_2+R_3}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -3 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{3R_2+R_1} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \end{array} \right] \quad (5, 3, -1)$$

15.) Determine if the system is consistent. Do not completely solve.

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 - 6x_2 &= 5 \\ x_2 - 4x_3 + x_4 &= 0 \\ -x_1 + 6x_2 + x_3 + 5x_4 &= 3 \\ -x_2 + 5x_3 + 4x_4 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -6 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -8 \end{array} \right]$$

Inconsistent

16.) $2x_1 - 4x_4 = -10$
 $3x_2 + 3x_3 = 0$
 $x_3 + 4x_4 = -1$
 $-3x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 + x_4 = 5$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & 0 & 0 & -4 & -10 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ -3 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 5 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_1/2} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ -3 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 5 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_2/3} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ -3 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 5 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{3R_1+R_4}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & -5 & -10 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-2R_2+R_4} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -5 & -10 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-R_3+R_4} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -9 & -11 \end{array} \right]$$

Consistent

1.1 continued

- 21.) Determine the value(s) of h such that the augmented matrix yields a consistent linear system.

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 4 & -2 \\ 3 & h & -6 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-3R_1 + R_2} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 4 & -2 \\ 0 & -12+h & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad \text{All } h$$

24.) True or False

- a.) Two matrices are row equivalent if they have the same number of rows.
- b.) Elementary row operations on an augmented matrix never change the solution set of the associated linear system.
- c.) Two equivalent linear systems can have different solution sets.
- d.) A consistent system of linear equations has one or more solutions.

a.) False b.) True c.) False d.) True

- 25.) Find an equation involving g, h, k that makes the following correspond to a consistent system.

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -4 & 7 & g \\ 0 & 3 & -5 & h \\ -2 & 5 & -9 & k \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{2R_1 + R_3} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -4 & 7 & g \\ 0 & 3 & -5 & h \\ 0 & -3 & 5 & 2g+k \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_2 + R_3} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -4 & 7 & g \\ 0 & 3 & -5 & h \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & h+2g+k \end{array} \right] \quad \boxed{h+2g+k=0}$$

- 31.) Find the row operation that transforms the first matrix into the second and vice versa

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -2 & 8 \\ 4 & -1 & 3 & -6 \end{array} \right], \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -2 & 8 \\ 0 & 7 & -1 & -6 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\rightarrow -4R_1 + R_3$$

$$\leftarrow 4R_1 + R_3$$

32.) $\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -5 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & -2 \\ 0 & 4 & -12 & 7 \end{array} \right], \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 15 \end{array} \right]$

$\rightarrow -4R_2 + R_3$

$\leftarrow 4R_2 + R_3$