

Artificial Intelligence

Planning

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Classical Planning

Classical planning is defined as the task of finding a sequence of actions to accomplish a goal in a discrete, deterministic, static, fully observable environment.

PDDL: Planning Domain Definition Language

PDDL

Action schema precondition effect Example:

$Action(Fly(p, from, to),$

$PRECOND : At(p, from) \wedge Plane(p) \wedge Airport(from) \wedge Airport(to)$

$EFFECT : \neg At(p, from) \wedge At(p, to))$

Ground (variable-free) action:

$Action(Fly(P1, SFO, JFK),$

$PRECOND : At(P1, SFO) \wedge Plane(P1) \wedge Airport(SFO) \wedge Airport(JFK)$

$EFFECT : \neg At(P1, SFO) \wedge At(P1, JFK))$

Air Cargo Transport

Init($At(C_1, SFO) \wedge At(C_2, JFK) \wedge At(P_1, SFO) \wedge At(P_2, JFK)$
 $\wedge Cargo(C_1) \wedge Cargo(C_2) \wedge Plane(P_1) \wedge Plane(P_2)$
 $\wedge Airport(JFK) \wedge Airport(SFO))$

Goal($At(C_1, JFK) \wedge At(C_2, SFO)$)

Action($Load(c, p, a)$),

PRECOND: $At(c, a) \wedge At(p, a) \wedge Cargo(c) \wedge Plane(p) \wedge Airport(a)$

EFFECT: $\neg At(c, a) \wedge In(c, p)$)

Action($Unload(c, p, a)$),

PRECOND: $In(c, p) \wedge At(p, a) \wedge Cargo(c) \wedge Plane(p) \wedge Airport(a)$

EFFECT: $At(c, a) \wedge \neg In(c, p)$)

Action($Fly(p, from, to)$),

PRECOND: $At(p, from) \wedge Plane(p) \wedge Airport(from) \wedge Airport(to)$

EFFECT: $\neg At(p, from) \wedge At(p, to)$)

Spare Tire

Init(Tire(Flat) \wedge Tire(Spare) \wedge At(Flat,Axle) \wedge At(Spare,Trunk))

Goal(At(Spare,Axle))

Action(Remove(obj,loc),

 PRECOND: *At(obj,loc)*

 EFFECT: \neg *At(obj,loc) \wedge At(obj,Ground))*

Action(PutOn(t, Axle),

 PRECOND: *Tire(t) \wedge At(t,Ground) \wedge \neg At(Flat,Axle) \wedge \neg At(Spare,Axle)*

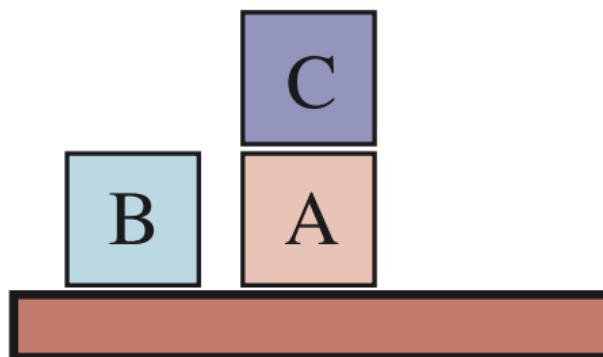
 EFFECT: \neg *At(t,Ground) \wedge At(t,Axle))*

Action(LeaveOvernight,

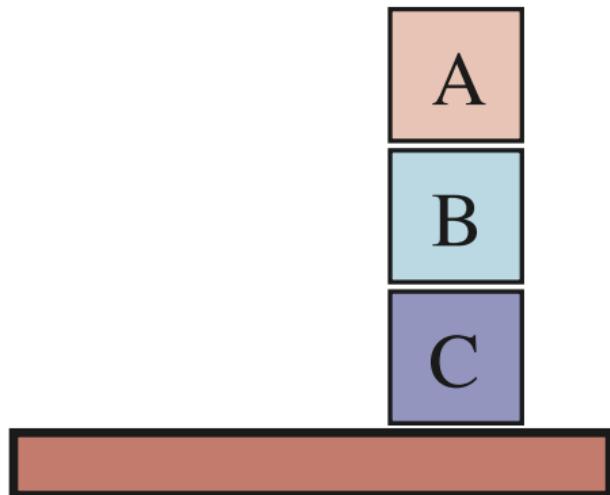
 PRECOND:

 EFFECT: \neg *At(Spare,Ground) \wedge \neg At(Spare,Axle) \wedge \neg At(Spare,Trunk)*
 \wedge \neg *At(Flat,Ground) \wedge \neg At(Flat,Axle) \wedge \neg At(Flat, Trunk))*

Blocks World



Start State



Goal State

Blocks World

Init(On(A,Table) \wedge On(B,Table) \wedge On(C,A)

\wedge Block(A) \wedge Block(B) \wedge Block(C) \wedge Clear(B) \wedge Clear(C) \wedge Clear(Table))

Goal(On(A,B) \wedge On(B,C))

Action(Move(b,x,y),

PRECOND: *On(b,x) \wedge Clear(b) \wedge Clear(y) \wedge Block(b) \wedge Block(y) \wedge*
 $(b \neq x) \wedge (b \neq y) \wedge (x \neq y),$

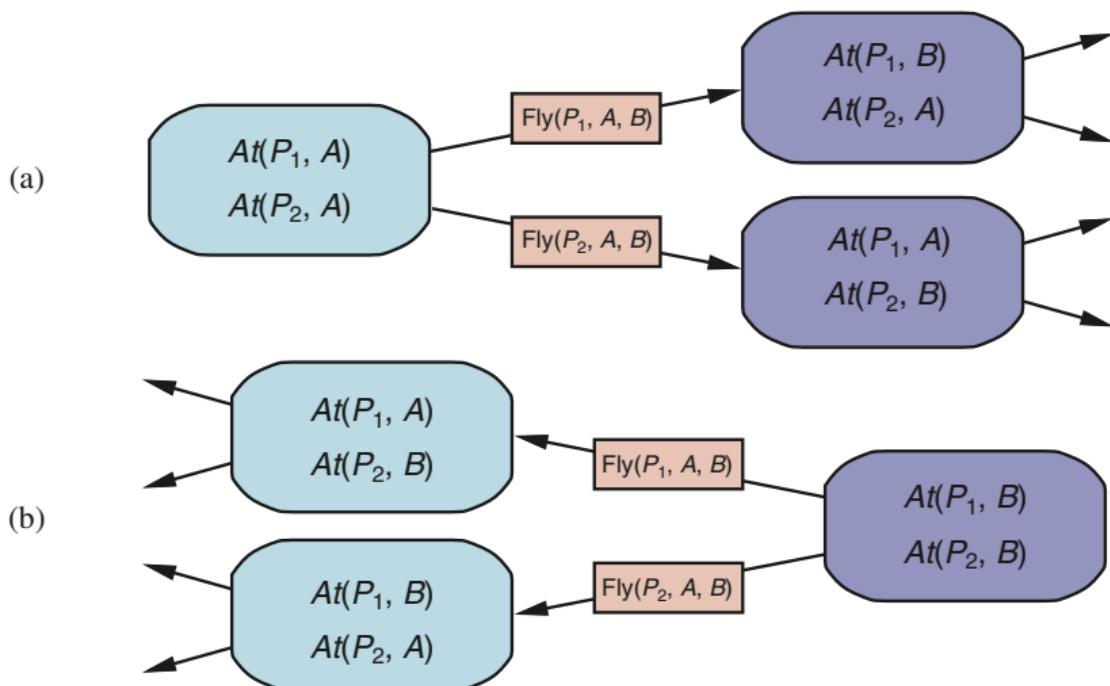
EFFECT: *On(b,y) \wedge Clear(x) \wedge \neg On(b,x) \wedge \neg Clear(y))*

Action(MoveToTable(b,x),

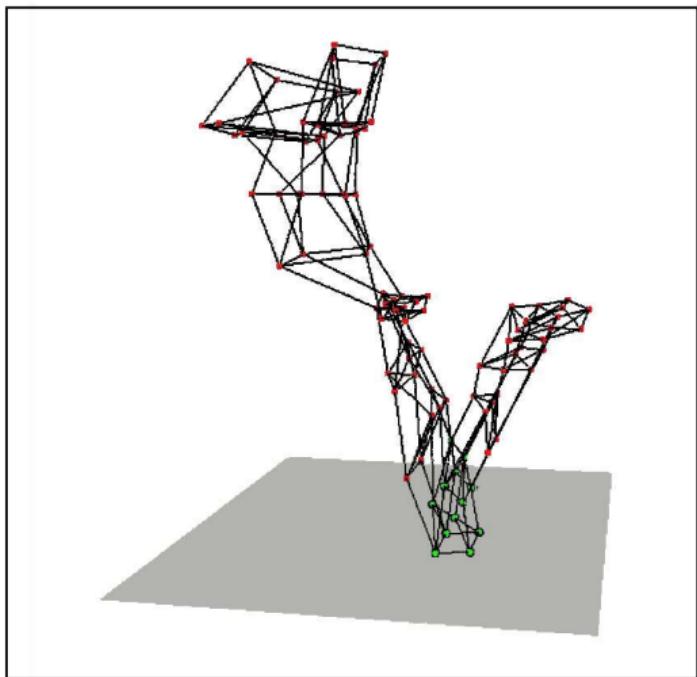
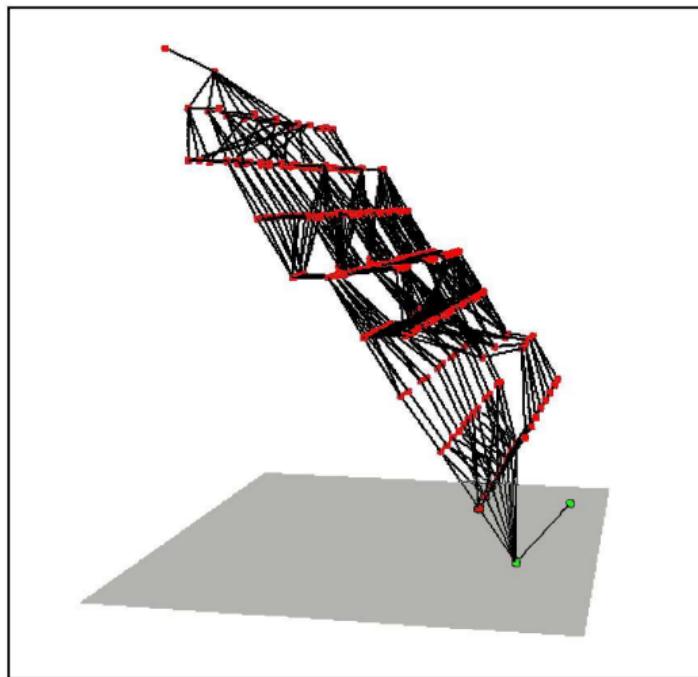
PRECOND: *On(b,x) \wedge Clear(b) \wedge Block(b) \wedge Block(x),*

EFFECT: *On(b,Table) \wedge Clear(x) \wedge \neg On(b,x))*

Forward and Backward State Space Planning



Heuristics for Planning



Hierarchical Planning

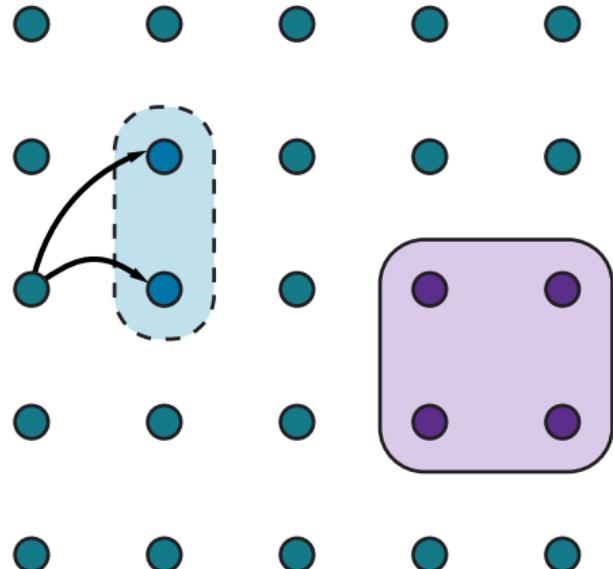
Refinement(*Go*(*Home*, *SFO*),
 STEPS: [*Drive*(*Home*, *SFOLongTermParking*),
 Shuttle(*SFOLongTermParking*, *SFO*)])
Refinement(*Go*(*Home*, *SFO*),
 STEPS: [*Taxi*(*Home*, *SFO*)])

Refinement(*Navigate*([*a*, *b*], [*x*, *y*])),
 PRECOND: *a*=*x* \wedge *b*=*y*
 STEPS: [])
Refinement(*Navigate*([*a*, *b*], [*x*, *y*])),
 PRECOND: *Connected*([*a*, *b*], [*a*-1, *b*])
 STEPS: [*Left*, *Navigate*([*a*-1, *b*], [*x*, *y*])])
Refinement(*Navigate*([*a*, *b*], [*x*, *y*])),
 PRECOND: *Connected*([*a*, *b*], [*a*+1, *b*])
 STEPS: [*Right*, *Navigate*([*a*+1, *b*], [*x*, *y*])])
...

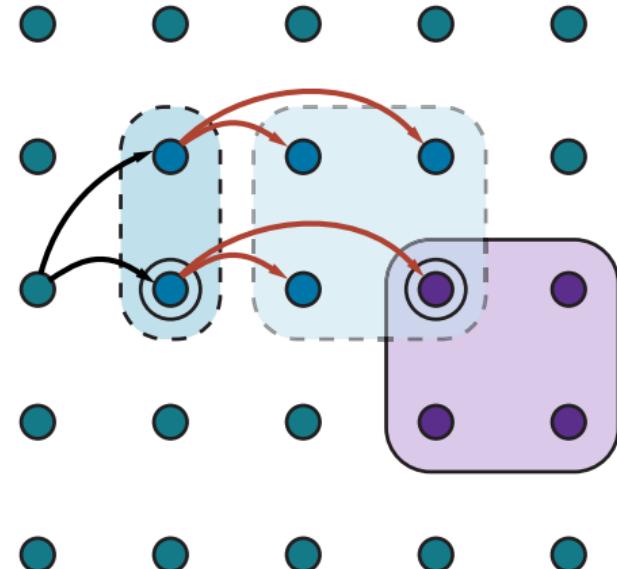
Hierarchical Planning

```
function HIERARCHICAL-SEARCH(problem, hierarchy) returns a solution or failure
  frontier  $\leftarrow$  a FIFO queue with [Act] as the only element
  while true do
    if IS-EMPTY(frontier) then return failure
    plan  $\leftarrow$  POP(frontier)           // chooses the shallowest plan in frontier
    hla  $\leftarrow$  the first HLA in plan, or null if none
    prefix,suffix  $\leftarrow$  the action subsequences before and after hla in plan
    outcome  $\leftarrow$  RESULT(problem.INITIAL, prefix)
    if hla is null then           // so plan is primitive and outcome is its result
      if problem.IS-GOAL(outcome) then return plan
    else for each sequence in REFINEMENTS(hla, outcome, hierarchy) do
      add APPEND(prefix, sequence, suffix) to frontier
```

Reachable Sets

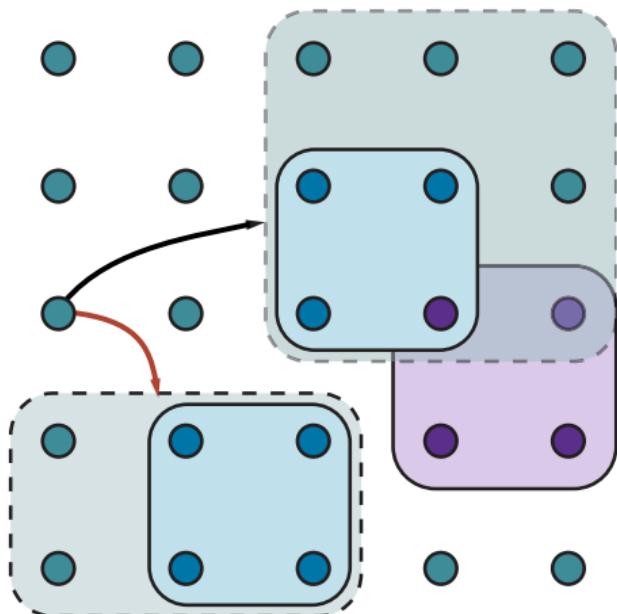


(a)

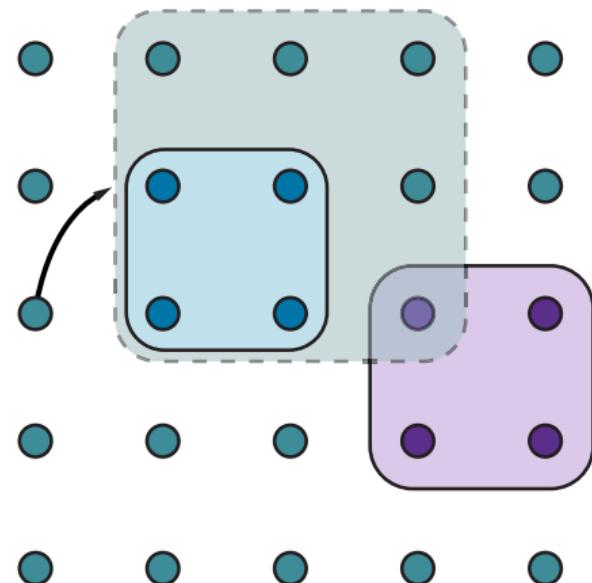


(b)

Goal Achievement



(a)



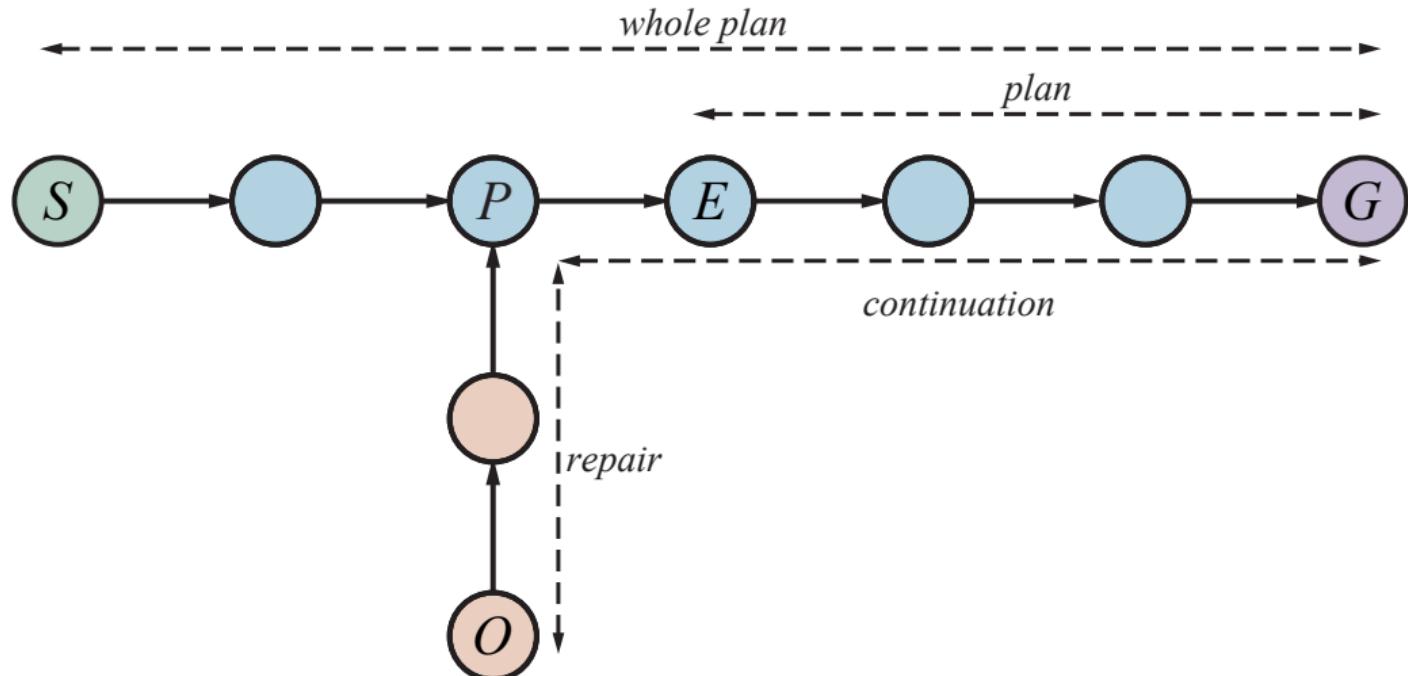
(b)

Angelic Search

```
function ANGELIC-SEARCH(problem, hierarchy, initialPlan) returns a solution or fail
  frontier  $\leftarrow$  a FIFO queue with initialPlan as the only element
  while true do
    if IS-EMPTY?(frontier) then return fail
    plan  $\leftarrow$  POP(frontier) // chooses the shallowest node in frontier
    if REACH+(problem.INITIAL, plan) intersects problem.GOAL then
      if plan is primitive then return plan // REACH+ is exact for primitive plans
      guaranteed  $\leftarrow$  REACH-(problem.INITIAL, plan)  $\cap$  problem.GOAL
      if guaranteed  $\neq \{\}$  and MAKING-PROGRESS(plan, initialPlan) then
        finalState  $\leftarrow$  any element of guaranteed
        return DECOMPOSE(hierarchy, problem.INITIAL, plan, finalState)
      hla  $\leftarrow$  some HLA in plan
      prefix, suffix  $\leftarrow$  the action subsequences before and after hla in plan
      outcome  $\leftarrow$  RESULT(problem.INITIAL, prefix)
      for each sequence in REFINEMENTS(hla, outcome, hierarchy) do
        add APPEND(prefix, sequence, suffix) to frontier

function DECOMPOSE(hierarchy, s0, plan, sf) returns a solution
  solution  $\leftarrow$  an empty plan
  while plan is not empty do
    action  $\leftarrow$  REMOVE-LAST(plan)
    si  $\leftarrow$  a state in REACH-(s0, plan) such that sf  $\in$  REACH-(si, action)
    problem  $\leftarrow$  a problem with INITIAL = si and GOAL = sf
    solution  $\leftarrow$  APPEND(ANGELIC-SEARCH(problem, hierarchy, action), solution)
    sf  $\leftarrow$  si
  return solution
```

Online Planning



Resource Constraints

Jobs($\{AddEngine1 \prec AddWheels1 \prec Inspect1\}$,
 $\{AddEngine2 \prec AddWheels2 \prec Inspect2\}$)

Resources(*EngineHoists*(1), *WheelStations*(1), *Inspectors*(2), *LugNuts*(500))

Action(*AddEngine1*, DURATION:30,
 USE:*EngineHoists*(1))

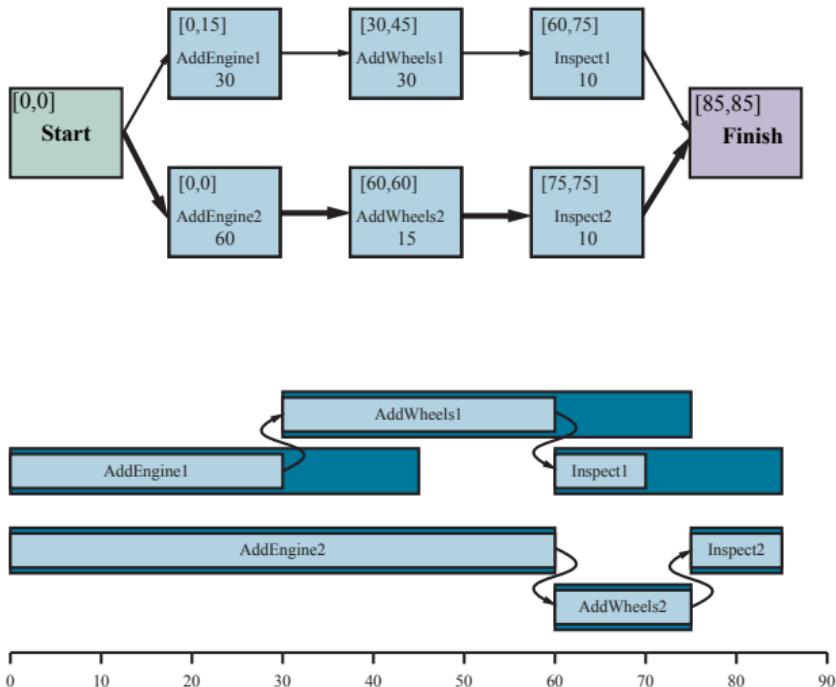
Action(*AddEngine2*, DURATION:60,
 USE:*EngineHoists*(1))

Action(*AddWheels1*, DURATION:30,
 CONSUME:*LugNuts*(20), USE:*WheelStations*(1))

Action(*AddWheels2*, DURATION:15,
 CONSUME:*LugNuts*(20), USE:*WheelStations*(1))

Action(*Inspect_i*, DURATION:10,
 USE:*Inspectors*(1))

Temporal Constraints



Job-Schop Scheduling Solutions

