Example Paper for AACC

Daniel T. Holmes^a, Shannon Haymond^b

^aSt. Paul's Hospital, 1081 Burrard Street, Vancouver, BC V6Z 1Y6
 ^bAnn & Robert H. Lurie Children's Hospital, 225 E Chicago Avenue, Chicago, IL 60611

Abstract

Introduction: This is your introduction. It will be compelling. It will describe the retirement of an old immunoassay line and the introduction of a new immunoassay line.

Methods: Your incredible validation experiment of a new immunoassay line will go here. You will reference the CLSI.

Results: Your regression coefficients and biases will go here.

Conclusion: You will inevitably conclude that the methods are suitable for routine clinical use.

Keywords: CRAN, R, RMarkdown, RStudio

1. Installation

Software Requirements:

- R Language
- R Studio
- LaTeX markup language: Click here for Mac Users, Click here for Windows Users
- Pandoc converter to be able to save a Word Document as needed

A number of R-packages are required which can be installed via R-Studio.

2. Examples of Insertion of Code Blocks

Chunks of code and within-sentence code can be inserted directly into the document so that if you make any modification to the original data, when written properly, the changes will propagate through the whole document. You can, of course, read in a .csv or .xlsx document are part of the process. Code blocks can be named if they need to be cross-referenced or they can generically and automatically named.

If you want the raw code to show you set the flag echo = TRUE.

Email addresses: dtholmes@mail.ubc.ca (Daniel T. Holmes), shaymond@luriechildrens.org (Shannon Haymond)

Histogram of x

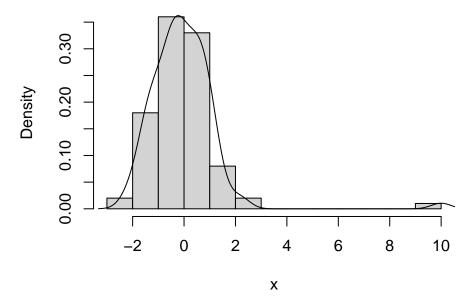


Figure 1: Here is an awesome figure caption.

```
library(schoolmath)
prime.factor(132) #Finds the prime factors of 132
```

[1] 2 2 3 11

This produces unfortunate looking unformatted output which can be improved upon.

2.1. Inline Code

It is extremely useful to put inline code into your sentences. For example, we can calculate the median and central 95% of x as -0.193, CI = [-1.809, 1.846] and have it appear right in this sentence along with, say, the maximum of x = 10.

3. More on Figures

3.1. Cross Referencing a Figure

If you need to make reference to a figure, for example to figure 1, you do it by the *name* and not by the *number* so that if the figure order changes, the numbering will change automatically.

Table 1: This is my first table

Age(y)	Sex	TSH	
22	\mathbf{M}	2.4	
34	M	0.1	
54	\mathbf{F}	10.3	

Table 2: A more complex table

term	estimate	std.error	statistic	p.value
(Intercept)	36.908	2.191	16.847	0.000
$_{ m hp}$	-0.019	0.015	-1.275	0.213
cyl	-2.265	0.576	-3.933	0.000

3.2. Figures from a file

Sometimes you want to include a figure from a file, for example a picture of Darth Vader is shown in figure 2.

4. Insertion of Tables

Tables need to be outputted through a function in order that they look nice. Ultimately, there is total control of the table appearance using LaTeX, but this is outside our scope. Simple tables can be inserted with the kable package.

4.1. Cross Reference of a Table

Of course, tables can be cross referenced in the same manner as figures. Here is a cross reference to table 1.

You can also take the output of a statistical analysis and put it into a table as shown in table 2:

5. Handling Mathematics

You can insert mathematics in line with the use of \$-signs and LaTeX math code. For example we can say $sin^2(x) + cos^2(x) = 1$ or $sin(x) = \frac{Opposite}{Hypotenuse}$. You can also make equations that are complex and cross-referenceable as shown in equation (1).

$$i\hbar\frac{\partial\Psi}{\partial t} = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\frac{\partial^2\Psi}{\partial x^2} + V\Psi \tag{1}$$



Figure 2: I find your lack of faith disturbing.

6. Handling Literature References

Here is an article that Shannon Haymond wrote [1] and here is one that Dan Holmes wrote that has fewer citations and is not as important [2]. If we wanted to cite them both together we can do so [1,2].

6.1. CSL files and Reference Abbreviation

Abbreviation of reference names is not mandatory if you are submitting to an Elsevier journal but if you are submitting as a Word document to a journal that does not support LaTeX, you will need to abbreviate your references as per the journal's requirements. I have prepared a .json file for you from the *entire* web of science list of journals. It is stored in the Extras folder. This will permit journal abbreviation. To choose the right reference formatting you need to choose the right .csl file from the github csl repository. You can download the sourcecode for this article here.

7. Useful Online Articles

Here are several useful articles on this topic:

- The idea for the presentation started with this blog article.
- A nice presentation can be found here.
- Here is a helpful article.
- Here is the Definitive Guide for all things Bookdown. This pertains to much more than academic papers.

8. Submitting your Stuff

If you need to submit in word, just knit to Word instead of PDF. The yaml parameter keep_tex = TRUE permits you to have the LaTeX source which is submittable as is to any Elsevier journal.

References

- [1] S. Haymond, R. Cariappa, C.S. Eby, M.G. Scott, Laboratory assessment of oxygenation in methemoglobinemia, Clin. Chem. 51 (2005) 434–444.
- [2] M. Rehan, J.E. Raizman, E. Cavalier, A.C. Don-Wauchope, D.T. Holmes, Laboratory challenges in primary aldosteronism screening and diagnosis, Clin. Biochem. 48 (2015) 377–387.