

problem 3

HW#9 - 3

a) use the linearity property to find the Laplace transform of

$$f(t) = A \cos(\beta t) \Rightarrow X(s) = \frac{1}{2} [e^{is\beta t} \frac{A}{s-\beta} + e^{-is\beta t} \frac{A}{s+\beta}]$$

$$X(s) = \frac{s + i\beta + s - i\beta}{2(s^2 - (\omega\beta)^2)} = \boxed{\left( \frac{8}{s^2 + \beta^2} \right)}$$

$$b) \int_0^t V_1 e^{-\alpha x} dx = \frac{1}{(\beta + \alpha)s} \neq$$

$$c) i(t) = 30e^{-1200t} \text{ mA} \quad v(t) = 0.1 \frac{di(t)}{dt} [V]$$

$$I(t) = 30e^{-1200t} \text{ mA} \Rightarrow I(s) = \frac{30}{(s+1200)}$$

$$v(t) = 0.1 \frac{d(i)}{dt} \Rightarrow v(s) = 0.1 \cdot s \cdot I(s)$$

$$v(s) = \frac{0.1 \cdot s \cdot 30}{s + 1200} = \boxed{\left( \frac{30}{s + 1200} \right)}$$

Problem 4:

$$a) \frac{dv(t)}{dt} + 6v(t) = 4u(t); v(0^-) = -3v$$

$$8v(s) - v(0) + 6v(s) = \frac{4}{s}$$

$$v(s)(6+s) + 3 = \frac{4}{s} \Rightarrow v(s) = \frac{4}{s} \cdot \frac{1}{6+s} - \frac{3}{6+s} = \boxed{\frac{4-3s}{s(6+s)}}$$