#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

STOCK CODE : 5517

**COMPANY NAME** : Shangri-La Hotels (Malaysia) Berhad

FINANCIAL YEAR : December 31, 2018

#### **OUTLINE:**

SECTION A – DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

# SECTION B – DISCLOSURES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES PURSUANT TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Appendix 4 (Corporate Governance Disclosures) of the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Bank Negara Malaysia. This section is only applicable for financial institutions or any other institutions that are listed on the Exchange that are required to comply with the above Guidelines.

## SECTION A – DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

#### **Intended Outcome**

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

## **Practice 1.1**

The board should set the company's strategic aims, ensure that the necessary resources are in place for the company to meet its objectives and review management performance. The board should set the company's values and standards, and ensure that its obligations to its shareholders and other stakeholders are understood and met.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Board takes collective responsibility for the proper stewardship of the Company's business, and has established procedures which provide accountability, probity and a focus on the successful long-term performance of the Company for the benefit of its shareholders.
	To enable it to oversee and control the business and affairs of the Company, the Board maintains a formal schedule of matters reserved to it for decision. This schedule includes approval of: business strategy and objectives; corporate governance arrangements; financial reporting and audit; annual budgets and operating plans; major capital expenditure, acquisitions and disposals; appointments to the Board; dividend recommendations; treasury policies; and the overall system of internal control and risk management. The Board has put in place a formal structure of delegated authority, whereby specific aspects of the control and management of the Group have been delegated to the Managing Director and several Board committees.
	The Board has delegated day-to-day operational decisions to the executive directors who are also responsible for monitoring financial performance, developing Group strategy and policy including capital expenditure budgets, and reporting on these areas to the Board for approval.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requi	
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

# **Practice 1.2**

A Chairman of the board who is responsible for instilling good corporate governance practices, leadership and effectiveness of the board is appointed.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the	The roles and responsibilities of the Chairman of the Board are specified in Paragraph 3.2 of the Board Charter.
practice	The non-executive Chairman ensures the effective functioning of the Board.
	He is responsible for the integrity and efficiency of the corporate governing process of the Board and maintains regular dialogue with the Managing Director on financial and operational matters.
	He also consults the other Board members promptly about any matters of major concern.
	The Chairman acts as facilitator at Board meetings to ensure that there is an active exchange of views and that the deliberations result in logical outcomes.
	He checks that all relevant items are placed on the agenda and all information is provided on a timely basis.
	The Chairman ensures the effective communication and information flow between the management and the Board, so as to enable the Directors to assess the direction of the Group and the performance of the management.
	The Board Charter is available on the Company's website at www.shangrila.com.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requi complete the columns below	ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

# **Practice 1.3** The positions of Chairman and CEO are held by different individuals.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The positions of Chairman and Managing Director are held by two different individuals.  The roles of Chairman and Managing Director are separate and clearly defined, with the division of responsibilities set out in writing and agreed by the Board to ensure a balance of power and authority.  The Chairman is responsible for the overall operation and leadership of the Board, whereas the Managing Director is responsible for leading and managing
	the Group's businesses and implementing Board strategy and policy.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requi complete the columns below	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

## **Practice 1.4**

The board is supported by a suitably qualified and competent Company Secretary to provide sound governance advice, ensure adherence to rules and procedures, and advocate adoption of corporate governance best practices.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Group Company Secretary is an Associate Member of the Malaysian Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and has held the position since August 1991.
	She is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are followed and that compliance with applicable rules and regulations is implemented throughout the Group.
	She also monitors and updates the Board on changes in the regulatory environment.
	The Group Company Secretary manages Board and Board committee meeting logistics, including making sure that all relevant materials are sufficiently detailed and received in time enough to allow for due consideration, as well as attending to all records and minutes.
	The Group Company Secretary undertakes continuous professional development.
Explanation for : departure	
ucparture	
Large companies are required complete the columns below	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

## **Practice 1.5**

Directors receive meeting materials, which are complete and accurate within a reasonable period prior to the meeting. Upon conclusion of the meeting, the minutes are circulated in a timely manner.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The Board is supplied with complete, accurate and timely information, so as to enable it to discharge its responsibilities fully and efficiently.  Between Board meetings, Directors are kept informed about relevant matters and the latest issues affecting the Group. The Board is also updated regularly on pertinent legislative and regulatory developments, as well as changes to accounting and corporate governance standards. The Group has a comprehensive system for reporting financial results to the Board.  Meeting materials, containing sufficient particulars and information, are usually circulated seven days prior to Board meetings.  The deliberations and decisions of Board meetings are fully recorded in the minutes, including matters on which Directors abstained from voting or deliberation.  Minutes are circulated with the Board papers for confirmation at the following Board meeting.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requirements the columns below	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

There is demarcation of responsibilities between the board, board committees and management.

There is clarity in the authority of the board, its committees and individual directors.

# **Practice 2.1**

The board has a board charter which is periodically reviewed and published on the company's website. The board charter clearly identifies—

- the respective roles and responsibilities of the board, board committees, individual directors and management; and
- issues and decisions reserved for the board.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The Board's Charter is published on the Company's website at www.shangrila.com.  The Board Charter sets out the specific roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Chairman, the Managing Director and the Board committees, namely the Audit Committee (AC) and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC).  Issues and decisions reserved for the Board are set out in a formal schedule and include approval of: business strategy and objectives; corporate governance arrangements; financial reporting and audit; annual budgets and operating plans; major capital expenditure; acquisitions and disposals; appointments to the Board; dividend recommendations; treasury policies; and the overall system of internal control and risk management.  The Board is currently finalising its Charter as well as the roles and responsibilities of the AC and the NRC to take into account the changes introduced by the Companies Act 2016, the latest amendments to the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and the 2017 Code. These updates are expected to be finalised and completed by the end of 2019.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requi complete the columns below	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to v.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

## Practice 3.1

The board establishes a Code of Conduct and Ethics for the company, and together with management implements its policies and procedures, which include managing conflicts of interest, preventing the abuse of power, corruption, insider trading and money laundering.

The Code of Conduct and Ethics is published on the company's website.

Application :	Applied		
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Group has established a Code of Conduct and Ethics for all officers, directors and employees of the Group. The Code promotes the Group's core values of integrity, fairness, respect, ethical business conduct and service excellence.		
	The Code of Conduct and Ethics outlines the standards, values and responsibilities in areas such as compliance with the law, leadership responsibilities, equal opportunity and respect, protecting Company assets, conflict of interest, prevention of bribery and corruption, protection of confidential information, privacy and data protection, insider dealing, anti-competitive practices, health and safety, corporate social responsibility and whistleblowing policy.  Every employee is a signatory to the Code.		
	The Code of Conduct and Ethics is available on the Company's internal website.		
Explanation for : departure			
	Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to		
complete the columns below	v.		
Measure :			
Timeframe :			

The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

# **Practice 3.2**

The board establishes, reviews and together with management implements policies and procedures on whistleblowing.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The Group has a Whistleblowing Policy which sets out the process by which reports are to be made.  It is the duty of employees who become aware of any suspected or known violation to promptly report the matter to the Company.  The Whistleblowing Policy protects the whistleblower from reprisal and retaliation and any employee who engages in such reprisal or retaliation is subject to serious disciplinary action.  The Group's Whistleblowing & Whistleblower Protection Policy (for external users) is available on the Company's website at www.shangri-la.com.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requirements the columns below	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

# **Practice 4.1**

At least half of the board comprises independent directors. For Large Companies, the board comprises a majority of independent directors.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	On 28 February 2018, the Board consisted of eleven directors, following the appointment of three new independent directors to the Board, namely Mr Goh Ching Yin, Dato' Sri Khazali bin Ahmad and Encik Ahmed Reza bin Mohd Ghazali, with seven out of the eleven directors being independent,  Upon the retirement of four directors at the conclusion of the Company's AGM on 17 May 2018, namely Dato' Seri Ismail Farouk Abdullah, Dato' Dr Tan Tat Wai, Datuk Supperamaniam a/l Manickam and Mr Tan Yew Jin, the Board's composition continued to reflect a majority of independent directors, with four out of seven directors being independent.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requirements the columns below	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	Others

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

## Practice 4.2

The tenure of an independent director does not exceed a cumulative term limit of nine years. Upon completion of the nine years, an independent director may continue to serve on the board as a non-independent director.

If the board intends to retain an independent director beyond nine years, it should justify and seek annual shareholders' approval. If the board continues to retain the independent director after the twelfth year, the board should seek annual shareholders' approval through a two-tier voting process.

	7
Application :	Applied - Annual shareholders' approval for independent directors serving
	beyond 9 years
Explanation on : application of the practice	Shareholders' approval was sought and obtained at the Company's AGM on 17 May 2018 to retain Dato' Haris Onn bin Hussein, who had served more than nine years but less than twelve years, as an independent non-executive director, in line with Practice 4.2 of the 2017 Code.  As Dato' Haris Onn bin Hussein will be retiring with effect from the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM of the Company to be held on 29 May 2019, no shareholders' approval will be required in this matter.  There are no other independent non-executive directors currently on the Board
	who have served beyond nine years.
Explanation for : departure	
•	
Large companies are required complete the columns below	ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

# Practice 4.3 - Step Up

The board has a policy which limits the tenure of its independent directors to nine years.

Application	:	Not Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	:	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

# **Practice 4.4**

Appointments of board and senior management are based on objective criteria, merit and with due regard for diversity in skills, experience, age, cultural background and gender.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Group strives to ensure a fair and inclusive workplace that enables everyone to pursue their professional and personal goals, and where colleagues treat each other with respect.
	The Group embraces diversity, provides equal opportunities in all aspects of employment, and repudiates all forms of discrimination, whether on the basis of gender, race, religion, disability, marital status, family status, sexual orientation, or any other personal characteristics.
	The Board duly acknowledges that diversity produces a more balanced and rounded perspective in decision making.
	The Board comprises individuals with a broad range of core competencies such as corporate finance, accounting, banking, investment, real estate and legal expertise, as well as business management, organisational development and strategy, and relevant industry knowledge.
	The Board always considers potential candidates from the widest possible pool, basing selection on merit, skills and experience.
Explanation for : departure	
acparture	
Large companies are required complete the columns below	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

## Practice 4.5

The board discloses in its annual report the company's policies on gender diversity, its targets and measures to meet those targets. For Large Companies, the board must have at least 30% women directors.

Application :	Departure	
Explanation on : application of the practice		
Explanation for : departure	The Group is committed to gender diversi Directors but at all levels throughout the C	•
	Since the Company's AGM on 17 May 20 been women, representing 29% of the Box with Practice 4.5.	
	The two women directors are Madam Kuo Mohd Amin, who are also part of senior n	•
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :	The Board will keep in view Practice 4.5 to the Board.	when making any new appointments
Timeframe :	Others	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

## Practice 4.6

In identifying candidates for the appointment of directors, the board does not solely rely on recommendations from existing board members, management or major shareholders. The board utilises independent sources to identify suitably qualified candidates.

Application :	Departure	
Explanation on : application of the practice		
Explanation for : departure	Neither an independent search con by the Board for the four appointm	sulting firm nor open advertising was used nents made on 28 February 2018.
	Instead, the NRC developed specific expertise that needed to be added to	fic criteria, taking account of the areas of the Board at the relevant time.
	Based on the recommendation of the NRC, the Board then considered potential candidates of the highest calibre in the specified fields. To achieve the right outcome, the selection of the four candidates was based on their skills, experience and fit with the existing Board members.	
	specific criteria to identify prospec	ccession process, the NRC has drawn up tive candidates, focusing on the required arther enhance the diversity of the Board.
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :	The Board through the NRC will consider using the services of external search consultants in the future should the need arise.	
Timeframe :	Others	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

# Practice 4.7

The Nominating Committee is chaired by an Independent Director or the Senior Independent Director.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	Prior to 30 March 2018, the NRC was chaired by Dato' Dr Tan Tat Wai, the Senior Independent Director of the Company.	
		From 30 March 2018 onwards, Dato' Haris Onn bin Hussein, an independent non-executive director of the Company has chaired the NRC.	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are recomplete the columns be	-	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to	
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Stakeholders are able to form an opinion on the overall effectiveness of the board and individual directors.

## Practice 5.1

The board should undertake a formal and objective annual evaluation to determine the effectiveness of the board, its committees and each individual director. The board should disclose how the assessment was carried out and its outcome.

For Large Companies, the board engages independent experts periodically to facilitate objective and candid board evaluations.

Application :	Departure	
Explanation on : application of the practice		
Explanation for : departure	In 2018, an annual evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board, its committees and individual directors was undertaken by way of an internal assessment review, with fellow directors providing constructive feedback to each other and identifying areas where improvements could be made.  The Board has a healthy culture of openness and debate, which enables constructive feedback to be given freely and without constraints during assessments.  Moving forward, the Board intends to formalise the internal evaluation process using a structured Board evaluation questionnaire to be facilitated by an independent expert, based on the performance criteria to be discussed and	
	agreed by the NRC.	
Large companies are requi complete the columns below	ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.	
Measure :	The Board, through the NRC, is in the process of finalising the appointment of a suitable independent expert to facilitate the formal evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board, its committees and individual directors in line with the recommendation of Practice 5.1.	
Timeframe :	Within 1 year.	

The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

#### Practice 6.1

The board has in place policies and procedures to determine the remuneration of directors and senior management, which takes into account the demands, complexities and performance of the company as well as the skills and experience required. The policies and procedures are periodically reviewed and made available on the company's website.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The Board has in place policies and procedures to determine the remuneration of the directors and senior management of the Group, which are reviewed periodically. However, the remuneration policies are not available on the Company's website due to their confidential and sensitive nature.  The Company's general policy on the remuneration of executive directors is to offer competitive remuneration packages designed to attract and retain high calibre executives and to motivate the highest performance. The NRC advises the Board on the overall remuneration policy for the executive directors.  In determining the structure and level of individual remuneration packages, the NRC takes into account specific responsibilities, individual performance, the business performance of the Company and the general economic outlook. It aims to provide a balanced remuneration package, which consists of an appropriate level of basic salary and an annual bonus linked to the Company's revenue, EBITDA, return on equity and the achievement of annual targets related to the performance of the Company. The NRC makes comparisons with the remuneration practices and salary levels of comparable companies, particularly in the hotel industry, but exercises its own judgement as to whether such other practices are appropriate for the Company.  The non-executive directors of the Company are paid an annual fixed fee for serving on the Board, which is determined by the Board as a whole, subject to shareholders' approval at the AGM.  No director is involved in deciding his or her own remuneration.
Explanation for : departure	
complete the columns below	ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

## Practice 6.2

The board has a Remuneration Committee to implement its policies and procedures on remuneration including reviewing and recommending matters relating to the remuneration of board and senior management.

The Committee has written Terms of Reference which deal with its authority and duties and these Terms are disclosed on the company's website.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Board has established a Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC).  The NRC is responsible for recommending to the Board a remuneration framework and policy that enables the Group to attract and retain executive directors of the necessary calibre and quality.  The Terms of Reference of the NRC are available on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.shangri-la.com">www.shangri-la.com</a> .	
Explanation for : departure		
Large companies are requirements the columns below	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.	
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

## Practice 7.1

There is detailed disclosure on a named basis for the remuneration of individual directors. The remuneration breakdown of individual directors includes fees, salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on : application of the practice	The disclosure of the remuneration of individual directors on a named basis is made in the Corporate Governance Overview Statement in the Company's 2018 Annual Report, with the remuneration categorised under fees, salary, bonus, benefits in kind and other emoluments.	
Explanation for : departure		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

## Practice 7.2

The board discloses on a named basis the top five senior management's remuneration component including salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments in bands of RM50,000.

Application :	Departure	
Explanation on : application of the practice		
Explanation for : departure	aggregate basis for the financial ye	op five key executives of the Group on an ar ended 31 December 2018 is disclosed in w Statement in the Company's 2018 Annual
	named basis with specific remuner interest of the Group due to confide highly competitive industry. The h hotel supply particularly in the ups	of the remuneration of key executives on a ation components would not be in the best entiality concerns as the Group operates in a notel market witnessed a significant growth in cale segment during 2018. The disclosure as ld therefore be disadvantageous to the
		nue to ensure that the remuneration remains and commensurate with performance.
		of the Group's key executives on an s to consider the overall remuneration of such of the Group's performance.
Large companies are requirements the columns belo		Non-large companies are encouraged to
Measure :	The Board will closely monitor any its response to Practice 7.2 annually	y changes in market practice and will review y.
Timeframe :	Others	

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

# Practice 7.3 - Step Up

Companies are encouraged to fully disclose the detailed remuneration of each member of senior management on a named basis.

Application :	Not Adopted
Explanation on : adoption of the practice	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

# Practice 8.1 The Chairman of the Audit Committee is not the Chairman of the board.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on : application of the practice	Prior to 30 March 2018, the Chairman of the AC was Dato' Seri Ismail Farouk Abdullah, an independent non-executive director, who was not the Chairman of the Board.	
	From 30 March 2018 onwards, Mr Goh Ching Yin, an independent non-executive director of the Company took over the Chair of the AC and he is not the Chairman of the Board.	
Explanation for : departure		
_		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

## **Practice 8.2**

The Audit Committee has a policy that requires a former key audit partner to observe a cooling-off period of at least two years before being appointed as a member of the Audit Committee.

Application :	Departure	
Explanation on : application of the practice		
Explanation for : departure	In 2018, the AC did not have such a specific policy.	
acpurtuiz.	In practice, the Company has to date never appointed a former key audit partner to the Board or to the AC.	
Large companies are required complete the columns below	ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to w.	
Measure :	For good measure, the Terms of Reference of the AC are in the process of being updated, and will include a policy requiring any former key audit partner to observe a cooling-off period of at least two years before being appointed as a member of the AC.	
Timeframe :	Within 1 year	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

## Practice 8.3

The Audit Committee has policies and procedures to assess the suitability, objectivity and independence of the external auditor.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on : application of the practice	The AC reviews the terms of engagement and the performance of the external auditor and the effectiveness of the audit process, including the objectivity and independence of the external auditor.	
	The AC has established criteria to ensure the independence of its external auditor by restricting its fee for non-audit services to a percentage of its total annual audit fee.	
	In addition, the external auditor is required to provide annual written confirmation of its independence in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants.	
Explanation for : departure		
Large companies are required complete the columns below	ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to	
Measure :	<i>n</i> .	
Timeframe :		

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

# Practice 8.4 - Step Up

The Audit Committee should comprise solely of Independent Directors.

Application :	Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	Since 30 March 2018, the AC has comprised three independent non-executive directors, namely Mr Goh Ching Yin, Dato' Haris Onn bin Hussein and Dato' Sri Khazali bin Ahmad.

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

## **Practice 8.5**

Collectively, the Audit Committee should possess a wide range of necessary skills to discharge its duties. All members should be financially literate and be able to understand matters under the purview of the Audit Committee including the financial reporting process.

All members of the Audit Committee should undertake continuous professional development to keep themselves abreast of relevant developments in accounting and auditing standards, practices and rules.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on : application of the practice	The AC members who served during 2018 are financially literate and able to understand matters under the purview of the AC and are familiar with the financial reporting process.	
Explanation for : departure		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

**Practice 9.1**The board should establish an effective risk management and internal control framework.

Application :	Applied		
	••		
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Board has ultimate responsibility for the Group's risk management and internal control system and for reviewing its effectiveness, adequacy and integrity, including its financial and operational controls and compliance with relevant laws and regulations.		
	The Board has established a process and procedure for identifying, evaluating, monitoring and managing risks faced by the Group, which accord with the guidance on risk management and internal controls provided in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers.		
	The Group has an established framework of procedures and internal controls with which the management of each operating business unit is required to comply.		
	The Board has delegated the responsibility for the review of the risk management and internal control system to the AC. The AC considers significant control matters, receives regular reports from the Internal Audit Department (IAD) of the Company's ultimate holding company, and reports its findings and conclusions to the full Board on a quarterly basis.		
	These procedures ensure that the Board is aware of key risks facing the Group and that the risk management and internal control system is regularly reviewed for effectiveness and adequacy.		
Explanation for : departure			
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure :			
Timeframe :			

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

# Practice 9.2

The board should disclose the features of its risk management and internal control framework, and the adequacy and effectiveness of this framework.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on : application of the practice	The key features of the Group's risk management and internal control framework are disclosed in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control in the Company's 2018 Annual Report.	
Explanation for : departure		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

## Practice 9.3 - Step Up

The board establishes a Risk Management Committee, which comprises a majority of independent directors, to oversee the company's risk management framework and policies.

Application	:	Not Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice		

Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

## **Practice 10.1**

The Audit Committee should ensure that the internal audit function is effective and able to function independently.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	The Group's internal audit function is carried out by the IAD.  The IAD is responsible for reviewing and providing assurance of the effectiveness, adequacy and integrity of the Group's system of internal control and risk management, and compliance with Group policies and procedures.  In addition, the IAD carries out detailed independent accounting inspections of financial records at least once a year to evaluate the efficiency of the accounting and financial controls of the Group hotels and resorts. It performs audits of new hotel developments, hotel extension projects and renovation projects, focusing on tenders, procurement, project mobilisation and design approval processes.  The IAD reports to the AC on the effectiveness of the Group's risk and control management and recommends improvements. The audits performed by the IAD utilise risk-based audit plans approved by the AC.  The IAD also provides an annual written declaration that its members have no relationships or conflicts of interest which could impair their objectivity and independence.	
Explanation for : departure		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

## Practice 10.2

The board should disclose-

- whether internal audit personnel are free from any relationships or conflicts of interest, which could impair their objectivity and independence;
- the number of resources in the internal audit department;
- name and qualification of the person responsible for internal audit; and
- whether the internal audit function is carried out in accordance with a recognised framework.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The necessary disclosures can be found in the AC Report in the Company's 2018 Annual Report.	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

# **Practice 11.1**

The board ensures there is effective, transparent and regular communication with its stakeholders.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	The Board is committed to ensuring the accurate and timely disclosure of information to all shareholders. The Company keeps shareholders abreast of the overall financial performance and future development of the Group by way of its annual report and accounts, quarterly announcements of results made through Bursa Malaysia, press releases and circulars to shareholders.  It also holds meetings with institutional investors and financial analysts on a regular basis each year to discuss matters relating to the Group's performance, business activities and growth plans and to respond to any queries they may have.  The AGM provides the Board with an opportunity to communicate with and answer questions from shareholders. The entire Board is also available to talk to shareholders before and after the meeting.	
Explanation for : departure		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

# **Practice 11.2**

Large companies are encouraged to adopt integrated reporting based on a globally recognised framework.

Application :	Departure		
Explanation on : application of the practice			
Explanation for : departure	The financial reporting and disclosures are sufficient for stakeholders to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the Company as well as the environmental, social and governance processes and procedures of the Company.		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure :	The Board acknowledges the benefits of integrated reporting based on a globally recognised framework such as the International Integrated Reporting Council's International Integrated Reporting Framework and will consider its implementation.		
Timeframe :	Others	Not in the immediate term.	

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

# Practice 12.1

Notice for an Annual General Meeting should be given to the shareholders at least 28 days prior to the meeting.

Application :	Applied		
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Notice of the Company's forthcoming AGM on 29 May 2019 was given to the shareholders on 30 April 2019, which is 28 days prior to the meeting.		
Explanation for : departure			
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to			
complete the columns below.			
Measure :			
Timeframe :			

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

## Practice 12.2

All directors attend General Meetings. The Chair of the Audit, Nominating, Risk Management and other committees provide meaningful response to questions addressed to them.

Application :	Departure		
Explanation on : application of the practice			
Explanation for : departure	At the Company's 2018 AGM held on 17 May 2018, all directors were present with the exception of Dato' Dr Tan Tat Wai, who was absent due to a prior commitment which could not be rescheduled.		
	The Managing Director and the Board appropriately addressed all questions posed by the shareholders at the Company's 2018 AGM.  A "Summary of Key Matters Discussed at Annual General Meeting Held on May 17, 2018" can be found at the Company's website at www.shangri-la.com.		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure :	As far as possible, all directors and chairs of the respective committees of the Board will attend general meetings to enable the shareholders to engage in an effective manner.		
Timeframe :	Others		

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

## Practice 12.3

Listed companies with a large number of shareholders or which have meetings in remote locations should leverage technology to facilitate—

- including voting in absentia; and
- remote shareholders' participation at General Meetings.

Application :	Departure	Departure	
Explanation on : application of the practice			
Explanation for : departure	The Board is committed to engaging with its shareholders.  The Company always holds it AGMs at the same location in Kuala Lumpur.		
	Shareholders are allowed to appoint proxies to attend, participate, speak and vote on their behalf at the AGM.  More than 76% of the shareholding of the Company was represented at the 2018 AGM.		
	The Company has leveraged on technology by introducing electronic voting at its AGM.		
Large companies are requirements complete the columns belo	Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :	The Company is supportive of leveraging on technology to enhance shareholder participation at general meetings. However, it would need to consider in greater detail the most suitable technology and platforms to facilitate voting in absentia and participation by remote shareholders'.		
Timeframe :	Others	Not in the immediate future	