Top Python Libraries for Data Science





Intro

Python offers a diverse range of data science libraries that continue to grow.

This Carousel focuses on five main areas: Essential Data Science tools, Machine Learning, AutoML, Deep Learning, and Natural Language Processing.





Staple Python Libraries for Data Science



NumPy

NumPy is a popular Python library for scientific calculations. It helps with fast math operations on large sets of data, especially matrices. People often choose NumPy Arrays instead of lists because they use less memory and are more convenient and efficient.



GitHub Stars: 25.1K



Pandas

Pandas is a free tool widely used in data science for tasks like analyzing, manipulating. and cleaning data. It makes data modeling and analysis easier with its simple code. Described as fast, powerful, flexible, Pandas is an opensource tool for data analysis and manipulation.



GitHub Stars: 40.4K



Matplotlib

Matplotlib is a big library in Python for making different types of visualizations, like fixed, interactive, and animated ones. Many other packages add to what Matplotlib can do, including some easier-to-use plotting tools like Seaborn, HoloViews, ggplot, and more.



GitHub Stars: 18.4K



Seaborn

Seaborn is a Python data visualization tool built on Matplotlib.

It makes it easy to create attractive statistical visuals for studying data. Seaborn works well with NumPy and pandas.



GitHub Stars: 11.4K



Plotly

Plotly is a widely-used tool for making interactive data visualizations. It's based on the Plotly JavaScript library (plotly.js) and allows you to create web-friendly visualizations.



GitHub Stars: 14.5K



Scikit-Learn

Machine learning and scikitlearn go hand in hand. Scikitlearn is a popular Python library for machine learning. It's built on NumPy, SciPy, and Matplotlib, and it's opensource. It's a straightforward and effective tool for predictive data analysis.



GitHub Stars: 56.5K



Machine Learning Python Libraries





LightGBM

LightGBM is a widely used tool for boosting in machine learning. It's great because:

- 1. Trains fast and works efficiently
- 2. Uses less memory
- 3. Gives better accuracy
- 4. Supports parallel, distributed, and GPU learning
- 5. Handles big data well.



XGBoost

It uses gradient boosting to solve data science problems quickly.

- Large and growing user base.
- Versatile applications in regression, classification, and ranking.
- Compatible with OS X, Windows, and Linux.
- Easily integrated with cloud services.
- Trusted and used in production by many organizations.





CatBoost

Catboost is a fast, scalable, high-performance gradient boosting on decision trees library used for ranking, classification, regression, and other machine learning tasks for Python, R, Java, and C++. It supports computation on CPU and GPU.



Statsmodels

Statsmodels provides classes and functions that allow users to estimate various statistical models, conduct statistical tests, and do statistical data exploration. A comprehensive list of result statistics is then provided for each estimator. The accuray of results can then be tested against existing statistical packages.



RAPIDS.AI cuDF and cuML

RAPIDS is a set of free software tools that run data science and analytics pipelines on GPUs. It works smoothly on GPU workstations, multi-GPU servers, and clusters with Dask. **NVIDIA** backs the project, and it uses Numba, Apache Arrow, and other open-source projects.



RAPIDS.AI cuDF and cuML

cuDF - cuDF is a GPU
DataFrame library used to load,
join, aggregate, filter, and
otherwise manipulate data.

cuML is a set of libraries that applies machine learning algorithms and mathematical functions. It shares compatible APIs with other RAPIDS projects.



Optuna

This open-source
hyperparameter optimization
framework is used primarily to
automate hyperparameter
searches.



Automated Machine Learning (AutoML) Python Libraries



PyCaret

This popular machine learning library in Python, known for its open-source nature, simplifies machine learning with minimal code. It's a comprehensive tool for managing models and speeding up the experiment process.





H20

H20 is a platform for making smart predictions using big data. It helps build and use machine learning models easily in a business setting. H2O's main code is in Java, and it uses Java's Fork/Join framework for speed and H2O's Map/Reduce framework for distributed computing.





TPOT

TPOT is a smart tool for making machine learning easier. It works with scikit-learn and uses Genetic Programming to find the best way to analyze data. With its special genetic programming, TPOT can automatically make the data better and create the best machine learning model for accurate results.





Auto-sklearn

Auto-sklearn is a smart tool for machine learning that's like a replacement for scikit-learn. It automatically fine-tunes settings and picks the best algorithm, saving a lot of time for machine learning users. Its design incorporates recent improvements in metalearning, ensemble building, and Bayesian optimization.



Deep Learning Python Libraries



TensorFlow

TensorFlow is a popular opensource library for highperformance numerical computation developed by the Google Brain team at Google, and a mainstay in the field of deep learning research.



PyTorch

PyTorch is a powerful tool for machine learning, making it quicker to go from testing ideas to putting them into action. It's a specialized library for deep learning on GPUs and CPUs, serving as an alternative to TensorFlow.





FastAl

FastAl is a user-friendly deep learning library that effortlessly produces top-notch results. It provides easy-to-use high-level components and interchangeable low-level components for developing new approaches, all without sacrificing usability, flexibility, or performance.





Keras

Keras is a user-friendly deep learning tool made for people, not machines. It's designed to be easy to use, with simple and consistent interfaces, fewer steps for common tasks, and clear error messages. TensorFlow liked it so much that they made Keras their main API in the TF 2.0 version.



PyTorch Lightning

PyTorch Lightning makes using PyTorch easier. It's a fast and lightweight framework that simplifies deep learning experiments. It separates research from engineering, making it easy to understand and reproduce code.



Python Libraries for Natural Language Processing



NLTK

NLTK is a key tool for building Python programs that analyze human language. It offers simple interfaces to over 50 datasets and word resources, such as WordNet. NLTK also includes text processing libraries and supports powerful NLP libraries.





spaCy

spaCy is a powerful opensource library for natural language processing in Python. It's great for big tasks like pulling information from large amounts of text, and it's built for efficiency using Cython. If your application deals with huge web data, spaCy is the perfect choice.



Gensim

Gensim is a Python library for topic modeling, document indexing, and similarity retrieval with large corpora. Its principle usership is in the information retrieval and natural language processing communities.



Hugging Face Transformers

Hugging Face Transformers, an open-source library, lets you effortlessly access and train advanced pre-trained models through APIs. This helps cut down on computing expenses, lowers carbon footprint, and saves time compared to training a model from the beginning.





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And most importantly....

Keep on learning



Happy Coding