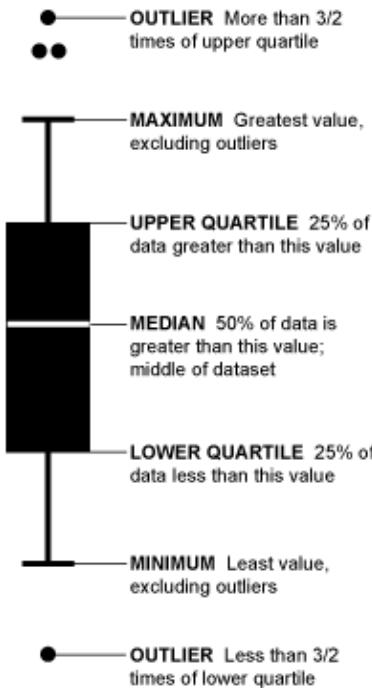


Visualisation

info-20002: foundations of informatics

Univariate - Boxplot



- Invented by J. Tukey,
- Display variability of a data variable
- Five-number summary (Tukey's Hinges)

Image source: [**How to Read and Use a Box-and-Whisker Plot**](#)

McGill, R., Tukey, J. W., Larsen, W. A. (1978). "Variations of Box Plots". *The American Statistician* 32(1): 12–16

[**40 years of boxplots**](#)

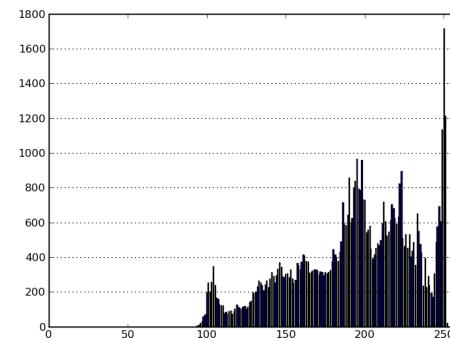
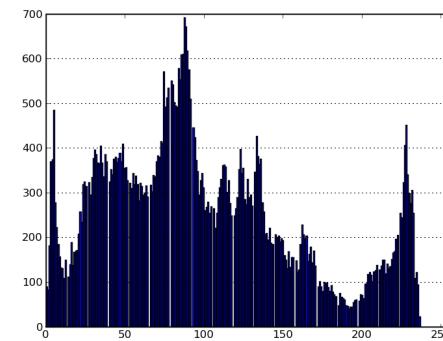
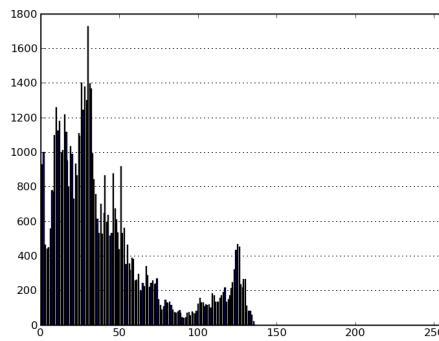
Univariate - World clouds



Data source: [**Baby names in England and Wales, 2010**](#)
[**Oliver and Olivia top list of most popular babies' names**](#)

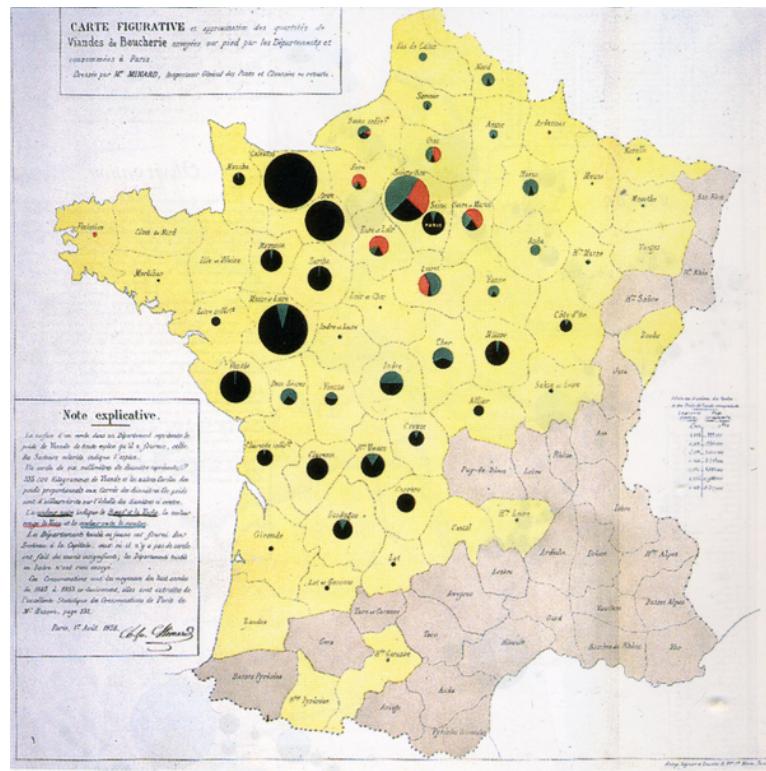
Univariate - Histogram

Histograms display the distribution of a data variable. Image histograms show the distribution of pixel values (luminance).



Bivariate - Pie chart

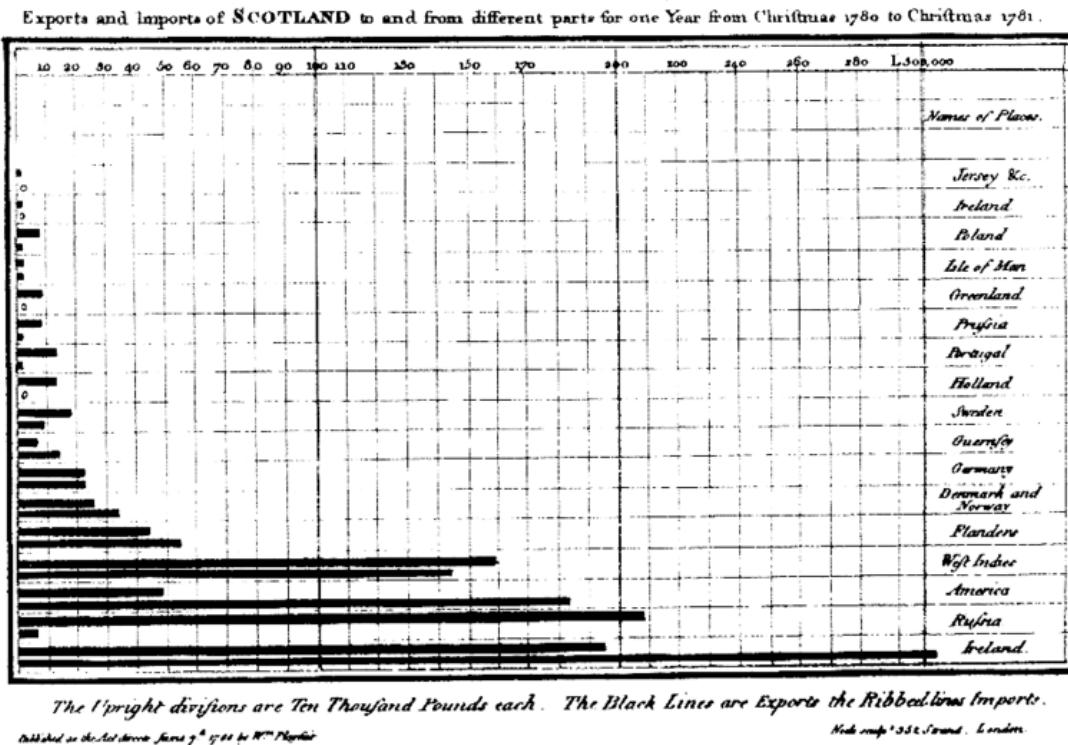
- A small number of nominal values over a single continuous variable
- Communicating the rough proportions



Data source: Stephen Few. [Save the Pies for Dessert](#).

Bivariate - Bar chart

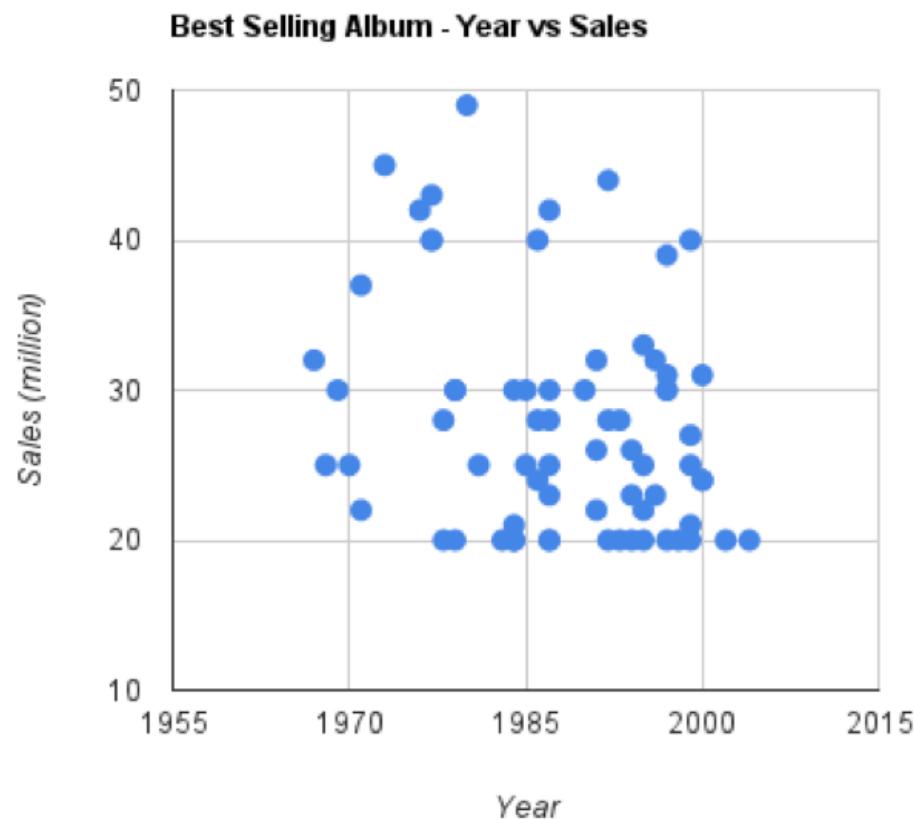
- Continuous values vs nominal values
- Comparing a property of nominal entities



William Playfair (1786). "The Commercial and Political Atlas: Representing, by Means of Stained Copper-Plate Charts, the Progress of the Commerce, Revenues, Expenditure and Debts of England during the Whole of the Eighteenth Century".

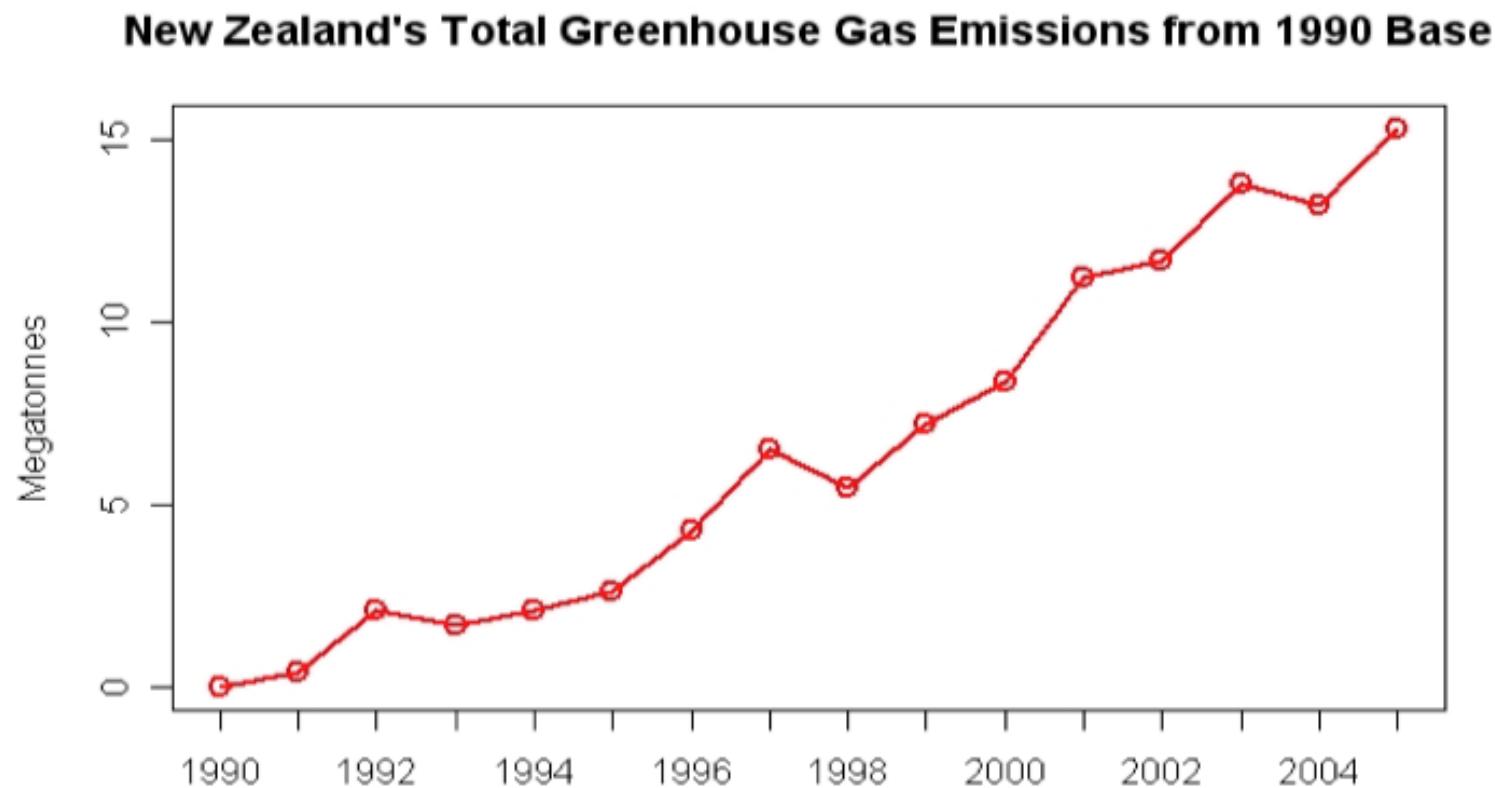
Bivariate - Scatter plot

- Relationship between two continuous variables



Bivariate - Line chart

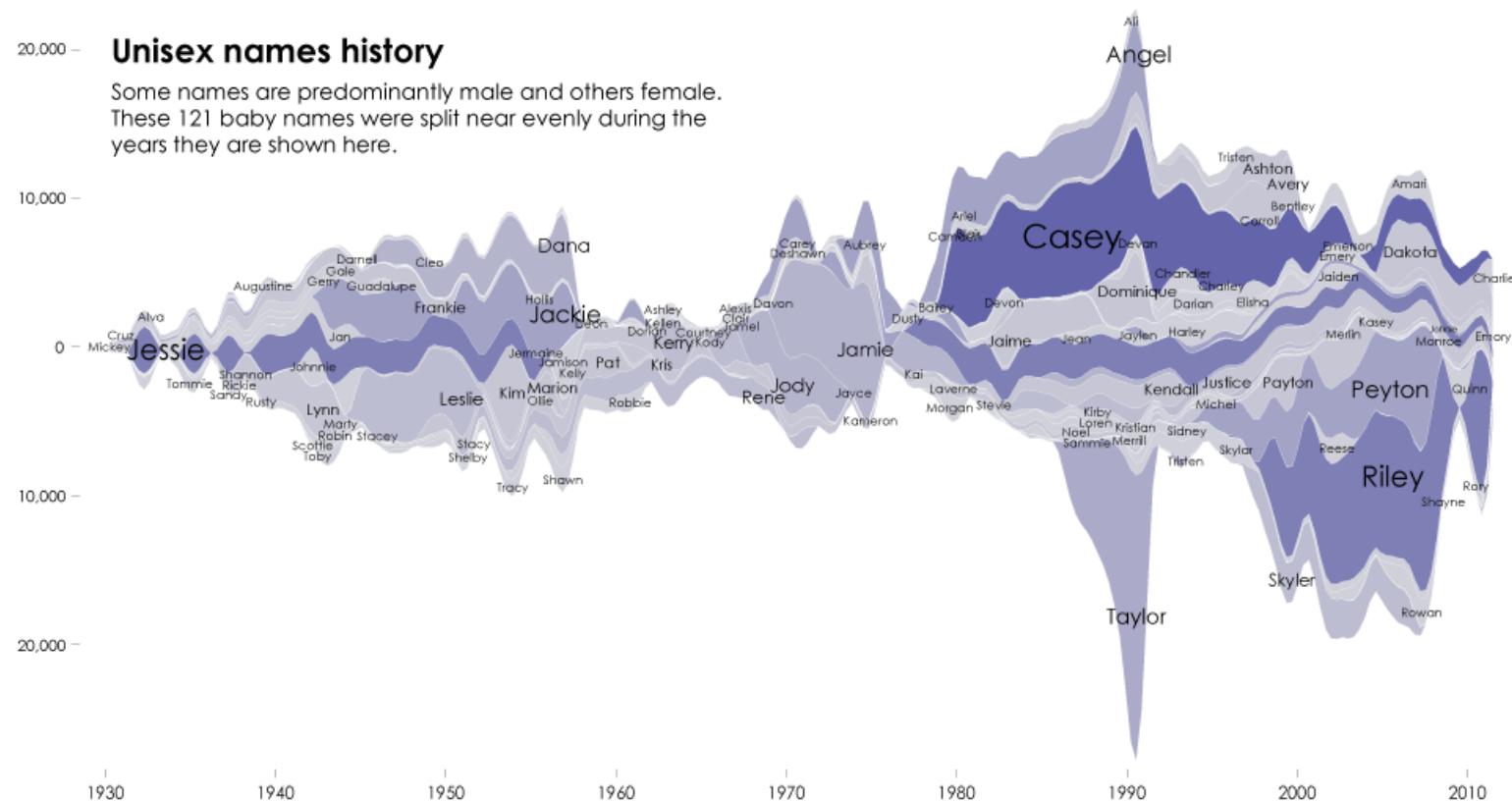
- Display a trend of a continuous variable over time
- Commonly used to compare two or more continuous variables



Multivariate - Stacked area chart/Stream graph

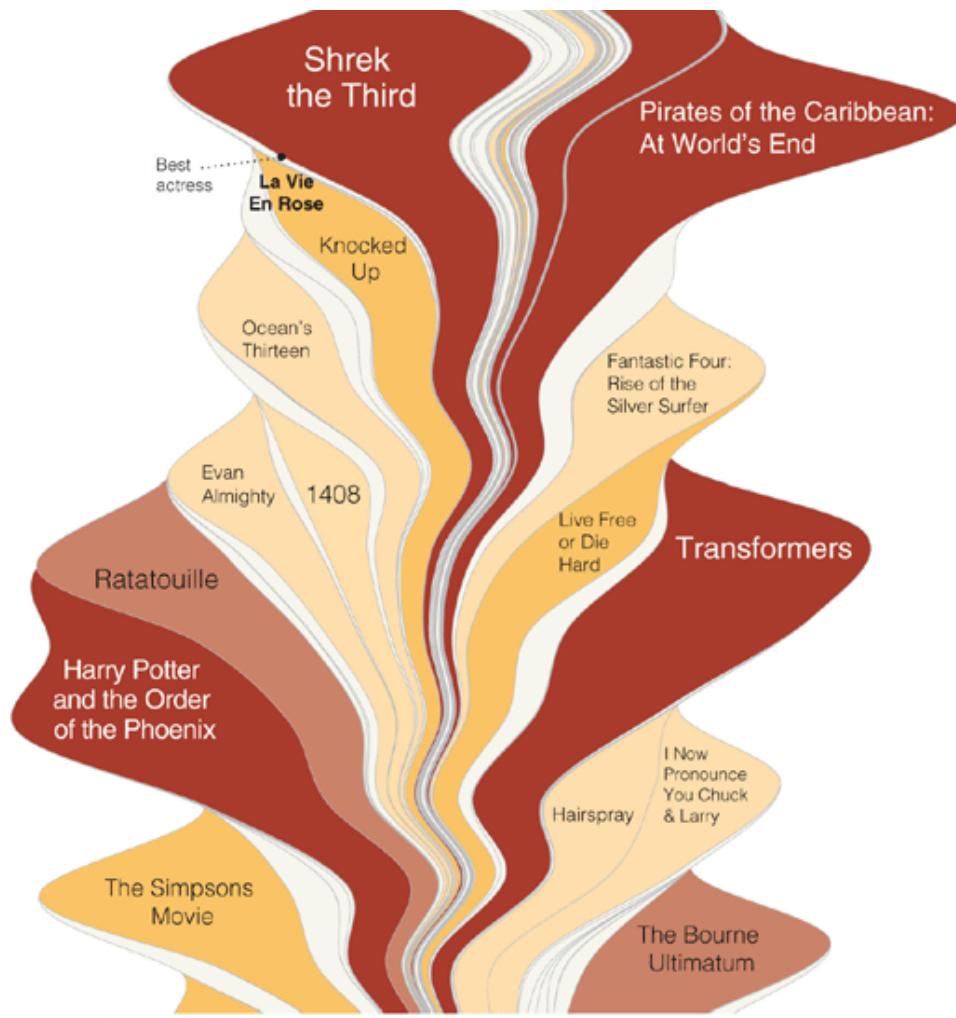
Unisex names history

Some names are predominantly male and others female. These 121 baby names were split near evenly during the years they are shown here.



Source: Social Security Administration | By: <http://flowingdata.com>

Multivariate - Stacked area chart/Stream graph



Byron, L., Wattenberg, M. (2008). **"Stacked Graphs – Geometry & Aesthetics"**. IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics 14(6): 1245–1252.

Multivariate - Trellis (small multiples)

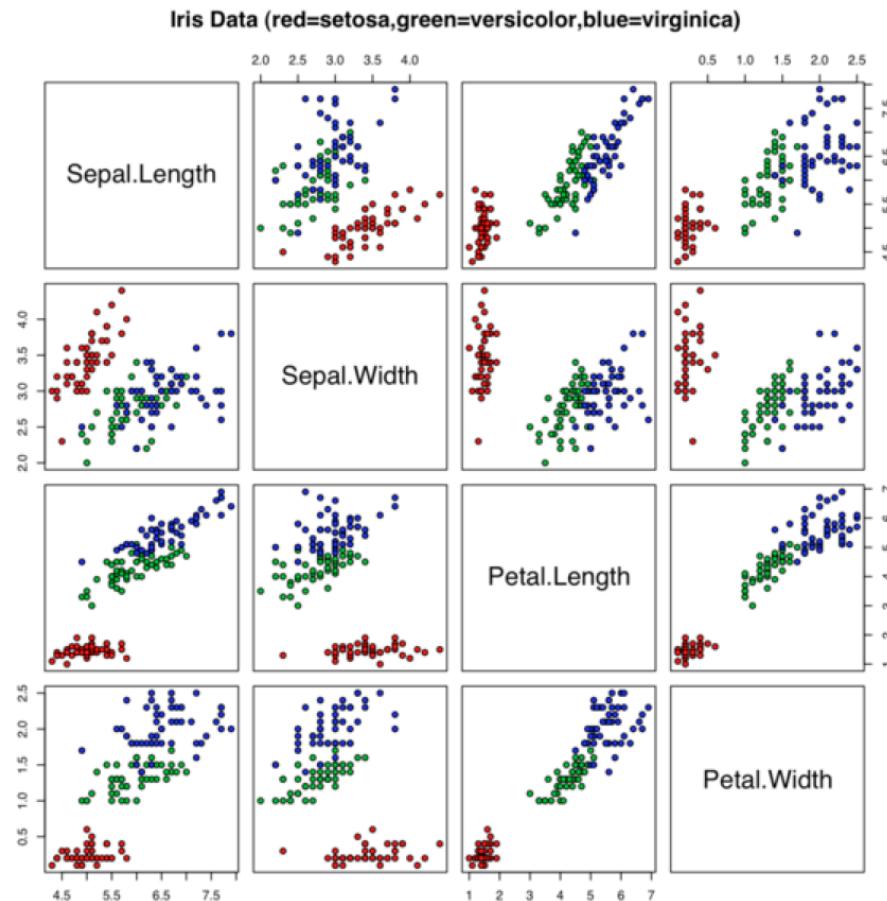
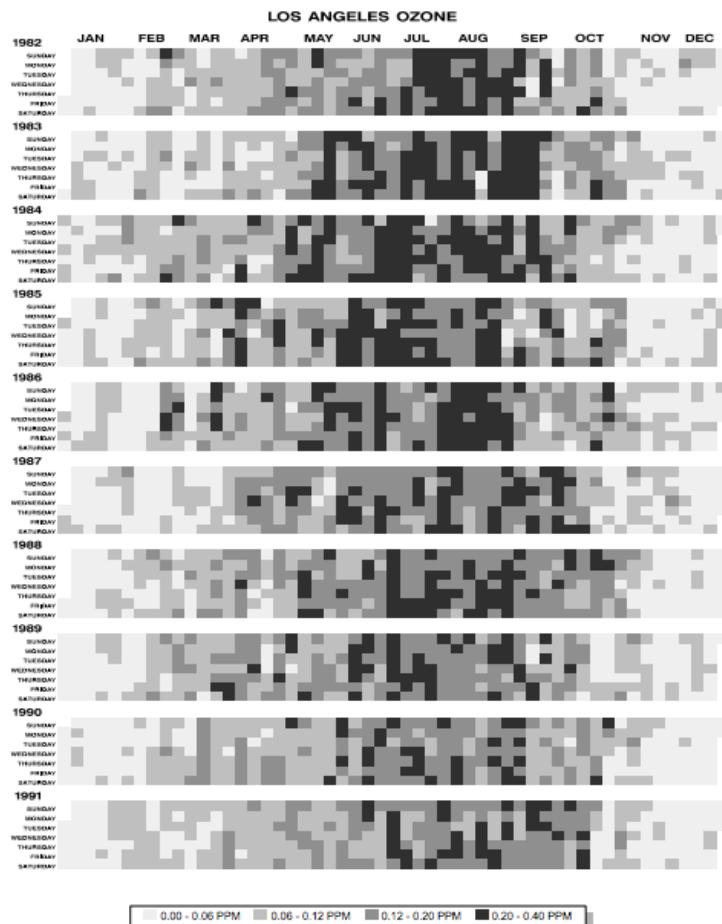




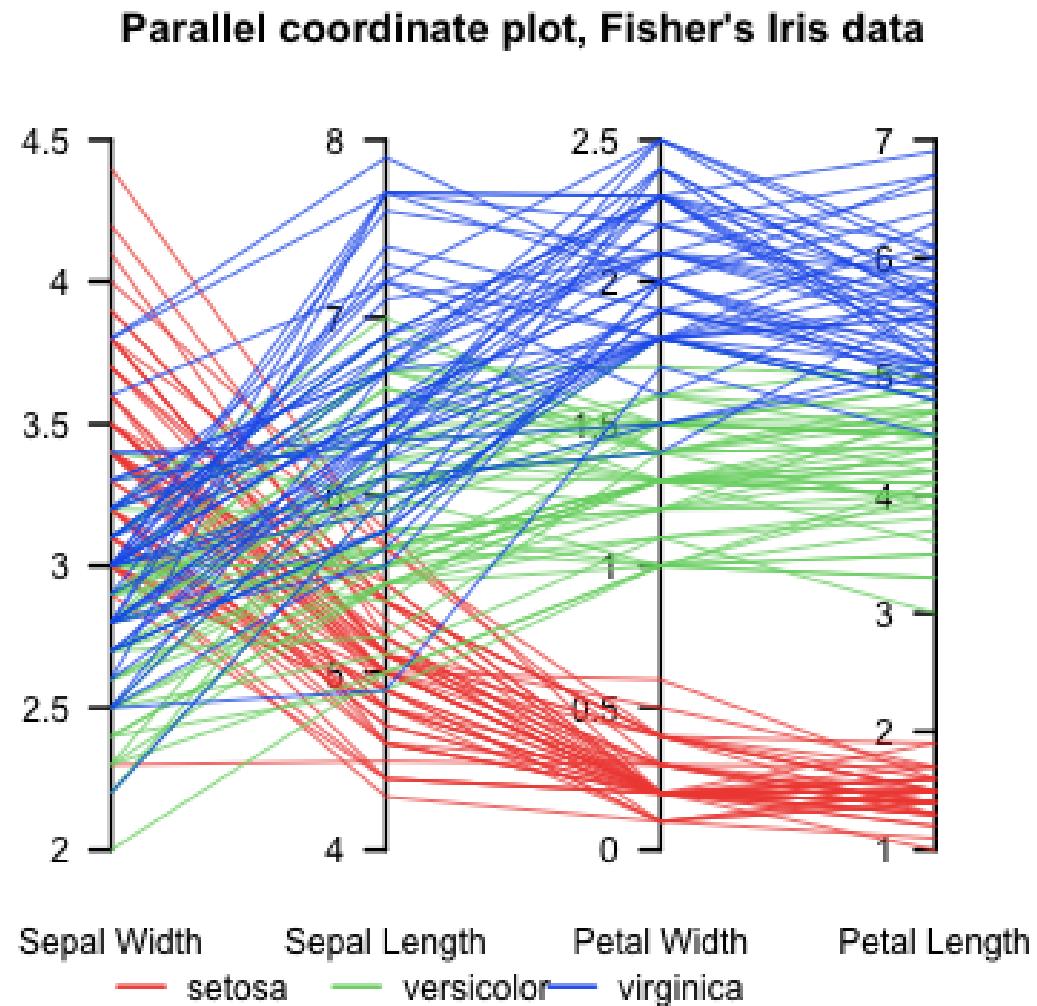
Image source: [**Iris versicolor**](#). CC BY-SA 3.0.

Multivariate - Tile map

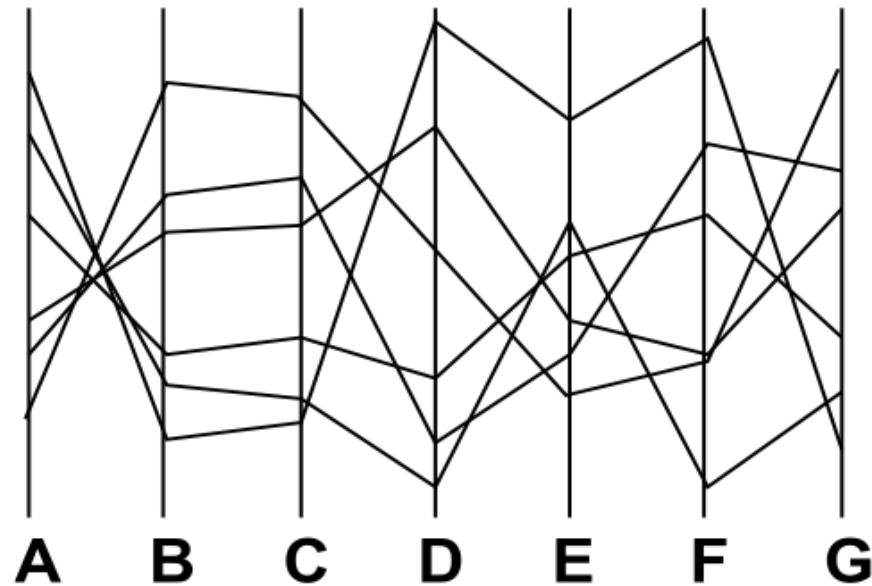


Mintz, D., Fitz-Simons, T. & Wayland, M. "Tracking Air Quality Trends with SAS/GRAPH", SUGI 22 Proceedings, 807-812.

Multivariate - Coordinate Plot (Parallel coordinates)

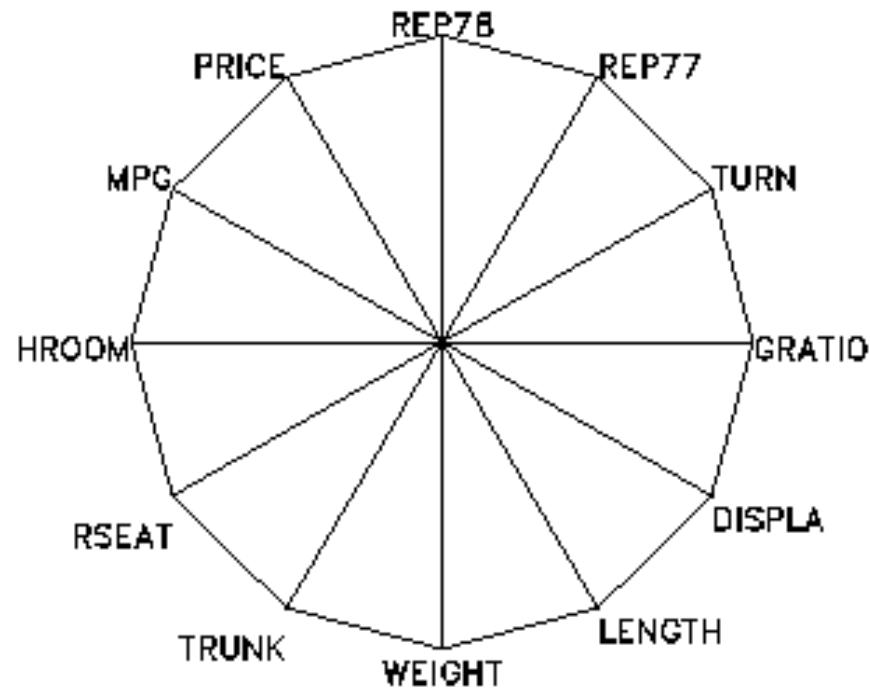


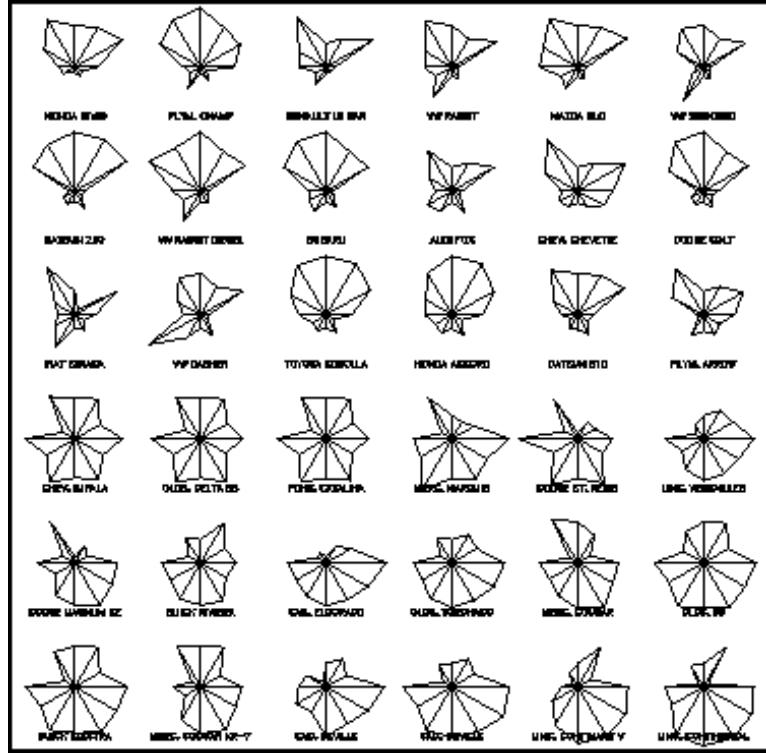
Multivariate - Coordinate Plot (Parallel coordinates)



The trade-off between A and B, and the correlation between B and C, are immediately apparent. The trade-off between B and E, and the correlation between C and G, are not.

Multivariate - Star plot/radar chart/spider chart





Friendly, M. (1991). **Statistical Graphics for Multivariate Data**. SAS SUGI 16 Conference, Apr, 1991.

Ronald Reagan's Address on Federal Tax Reduction

Ross Perot 1992 - Balancing the Budget & Reforming Government



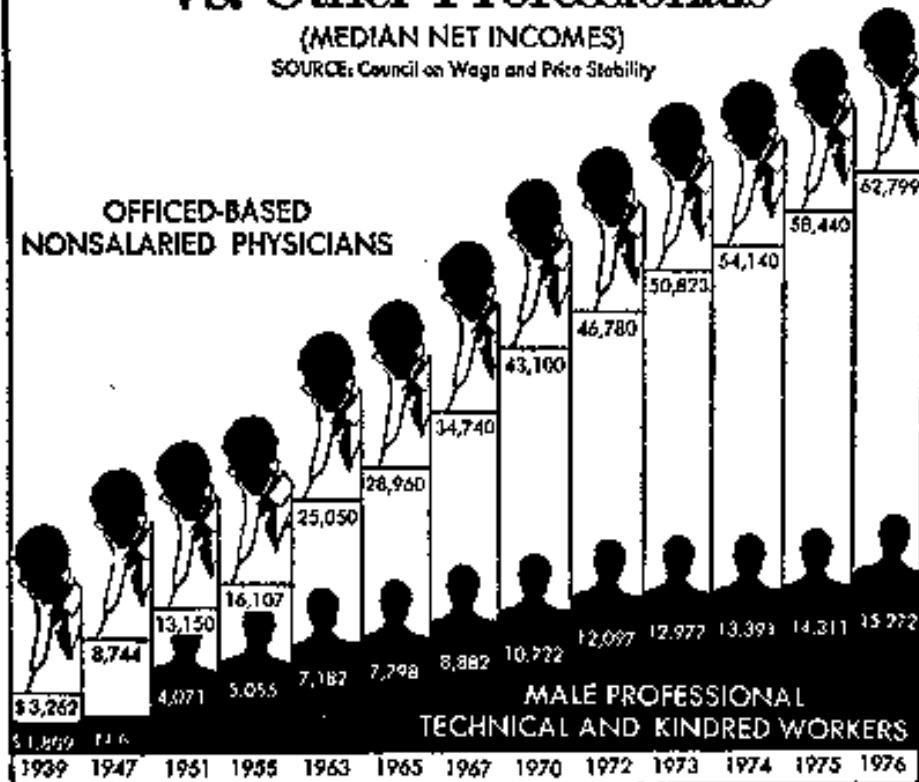
Guidelines

- Don't change the scale across charts which are intended to be contrasted (rubber scaling)
- Don't leave out the origin for ratio variables unless necessary
- Don't use line chart for comparing nominal variables
- Don't change the ordering of ordinal variables

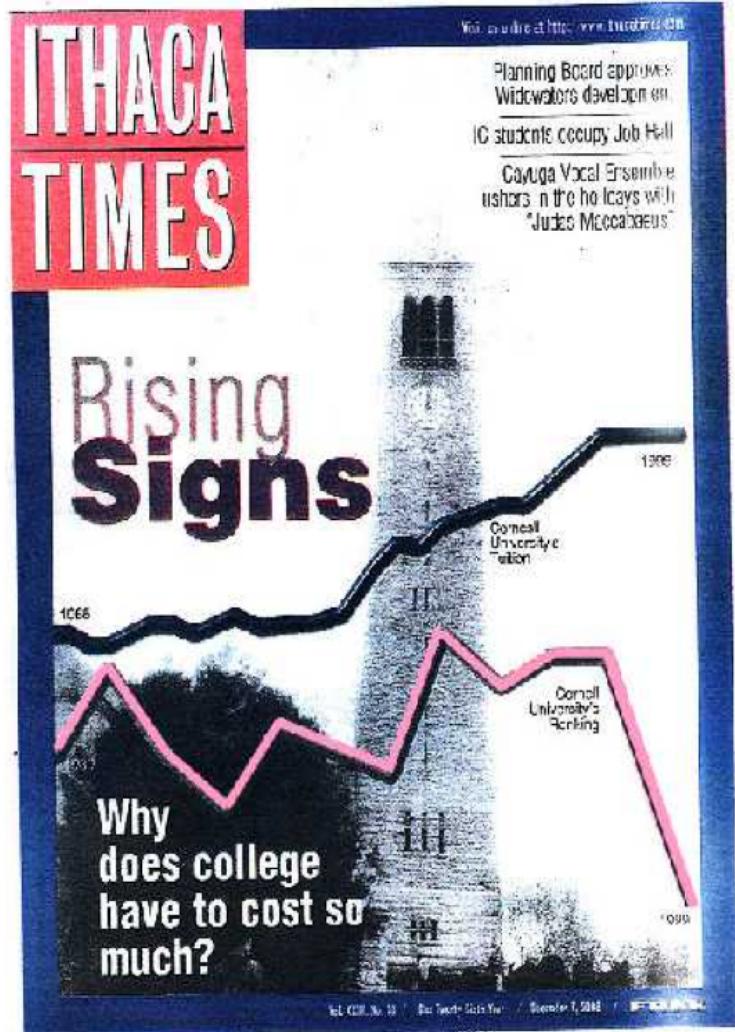
Incomes of Doctors Vs. Other Professionals

(MEDIAN NET INCOMES)

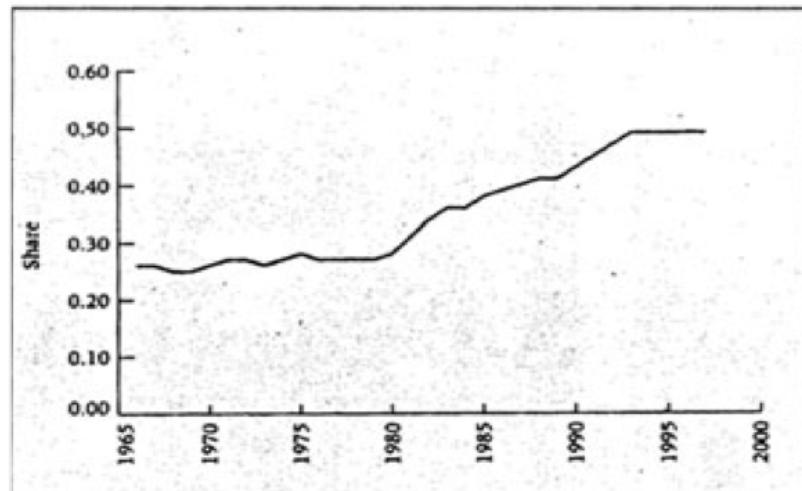
SOURCE: Council on Wage and Price Stability



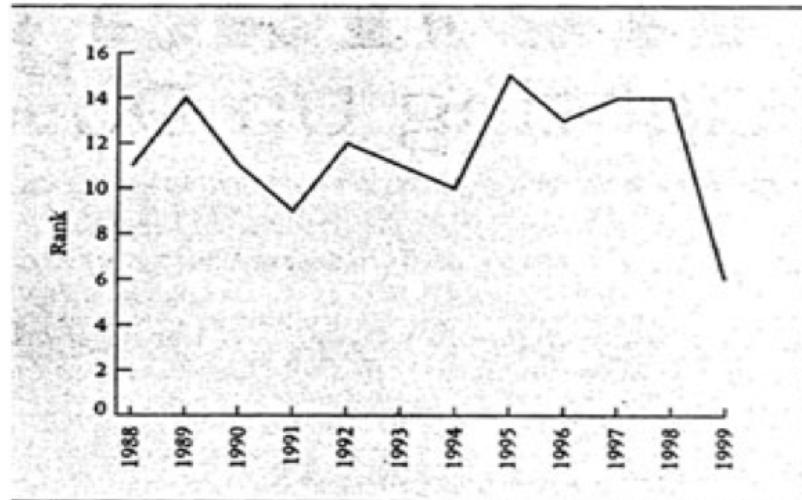
Wainer, H. (1997). Visual Revelations: Graphical Tales of Fate and Deception From Napoleon Bonaparte To Ross Perot



From Ithaca Times (Dec. 7, 2000) via <http://www.datavis.ca/>



BY THE NUMBERS: OVER 35 YEARS, CORNELL'S TUITION HAS TAKEN AN INCREASINGLY LARGER SHARE OF ITS MEDIAN STUDENT FAMILY INCOME.

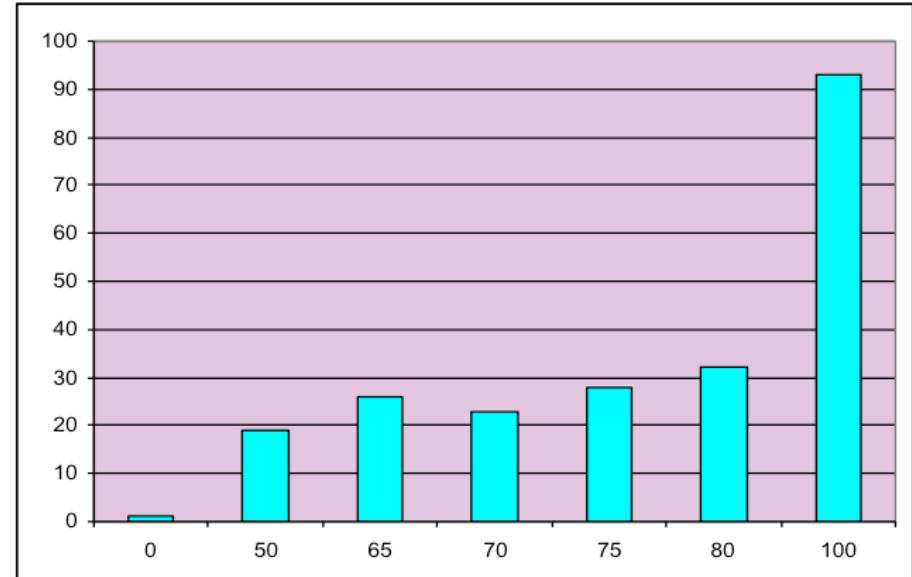
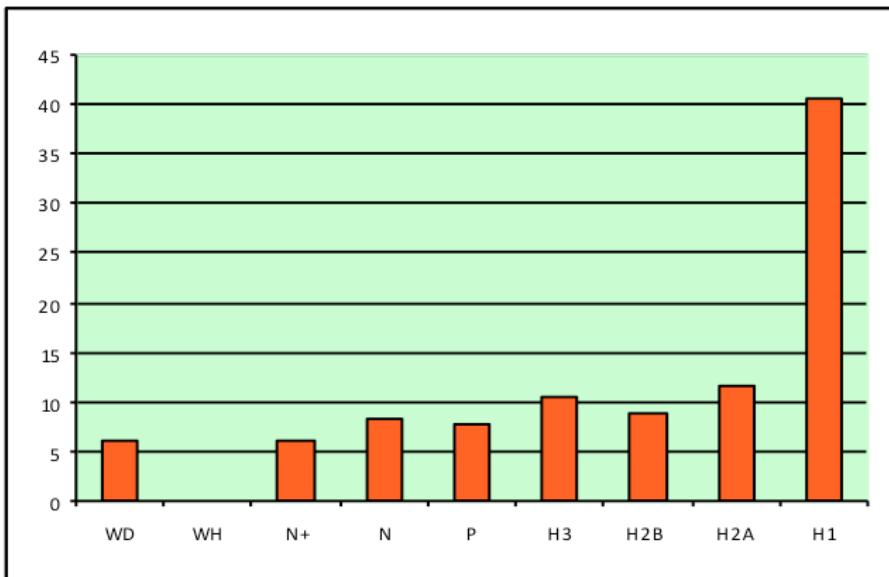
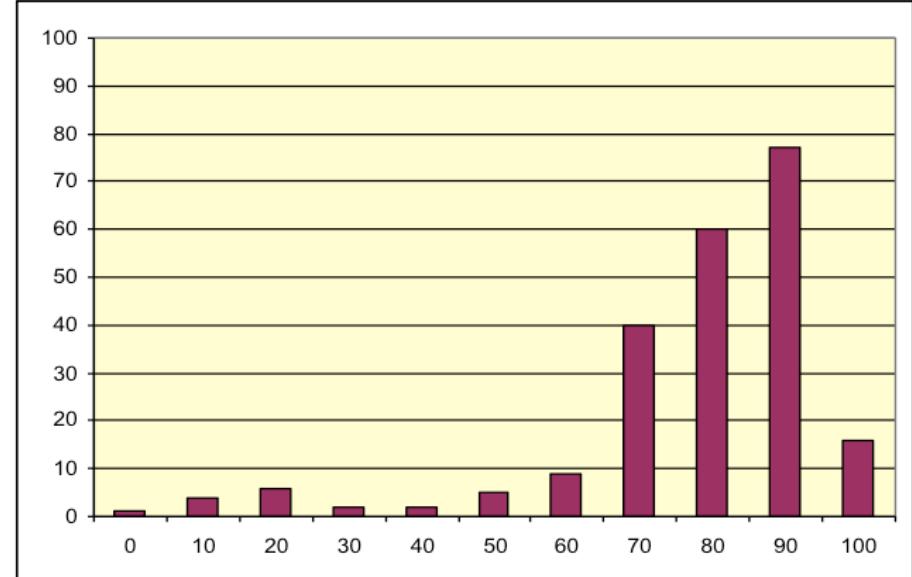
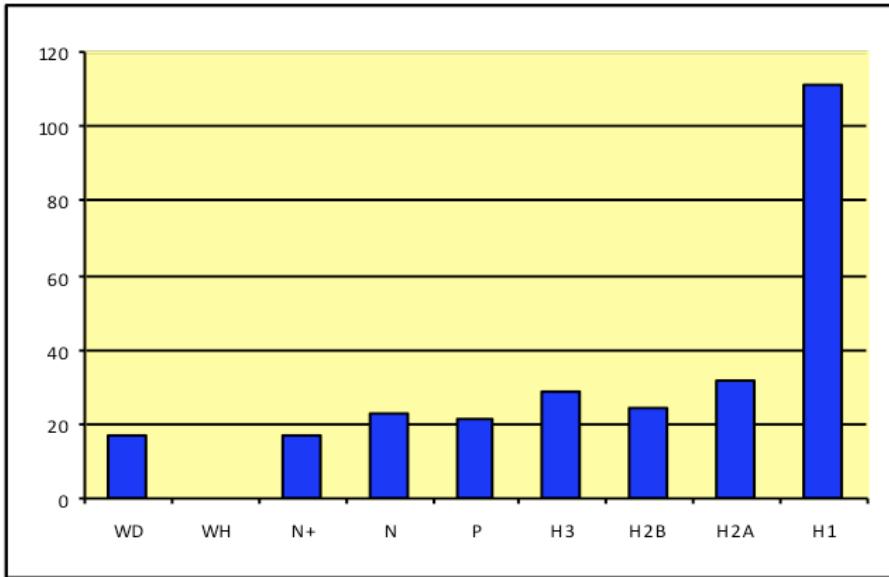


PECKING ORDER: OVER 12 YEARS, CORNELL'S RANKING IN *US NEWS & WORLD REPORT* HAS RISEN AND FALLEN ERRATICALLY.

Guidelines

- Red-green color blindness
- Visually impaired people need HIGH contrast
- Set the context for what you are presenting
 - axes labels, legend, units, captions
- Determine what numbers need to be presented to get your message across
 - more numbers vs. less; exact vs. rough; major vs minor axes, scale, absolute vs relative

Tufte E., (1983). The Visual Display of Quantitative Information



Measuring visualisation effectiveness

- **data density index (ddi)**
 - the number of numbers plotted per square inch
 - in popular media ranging from .1 to 362
- **data ink ratio**
 - the ink used for data divided by the total ink used for the graphic
 - the proportion of ink used for non-erasable display of information
 - 1.0 - redundant ink

Tufte E., (1983). The Visual Display of Quantitative Information.

Data-ink ratio

Wainer, H. (1984). How to display data badly. American Statistician 38(2):137-147

Labor Productivity: U.S. vs Japan

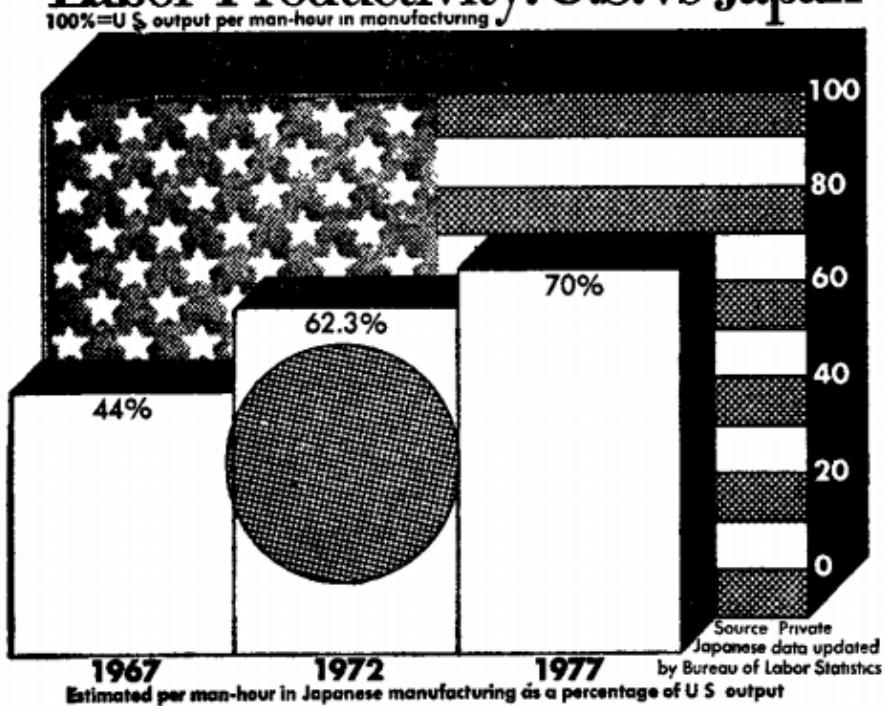
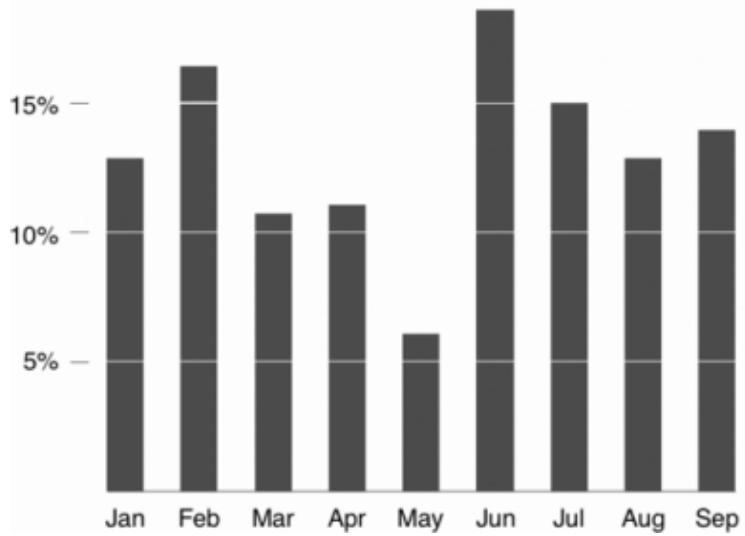
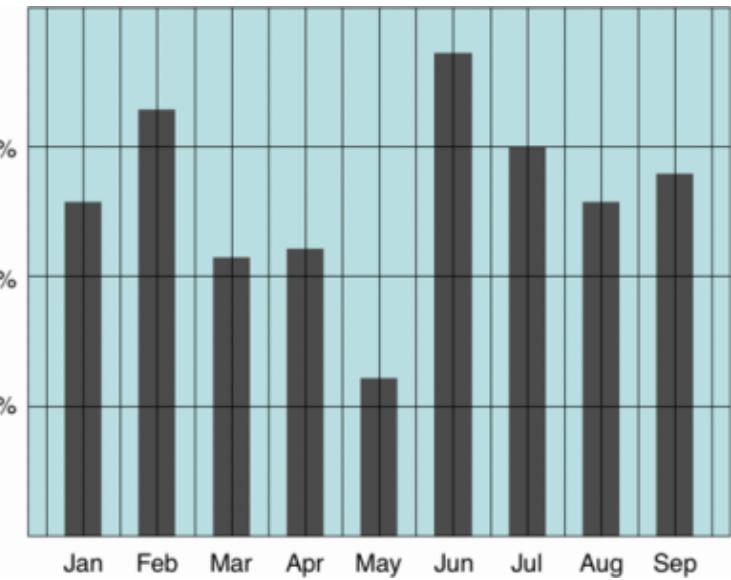
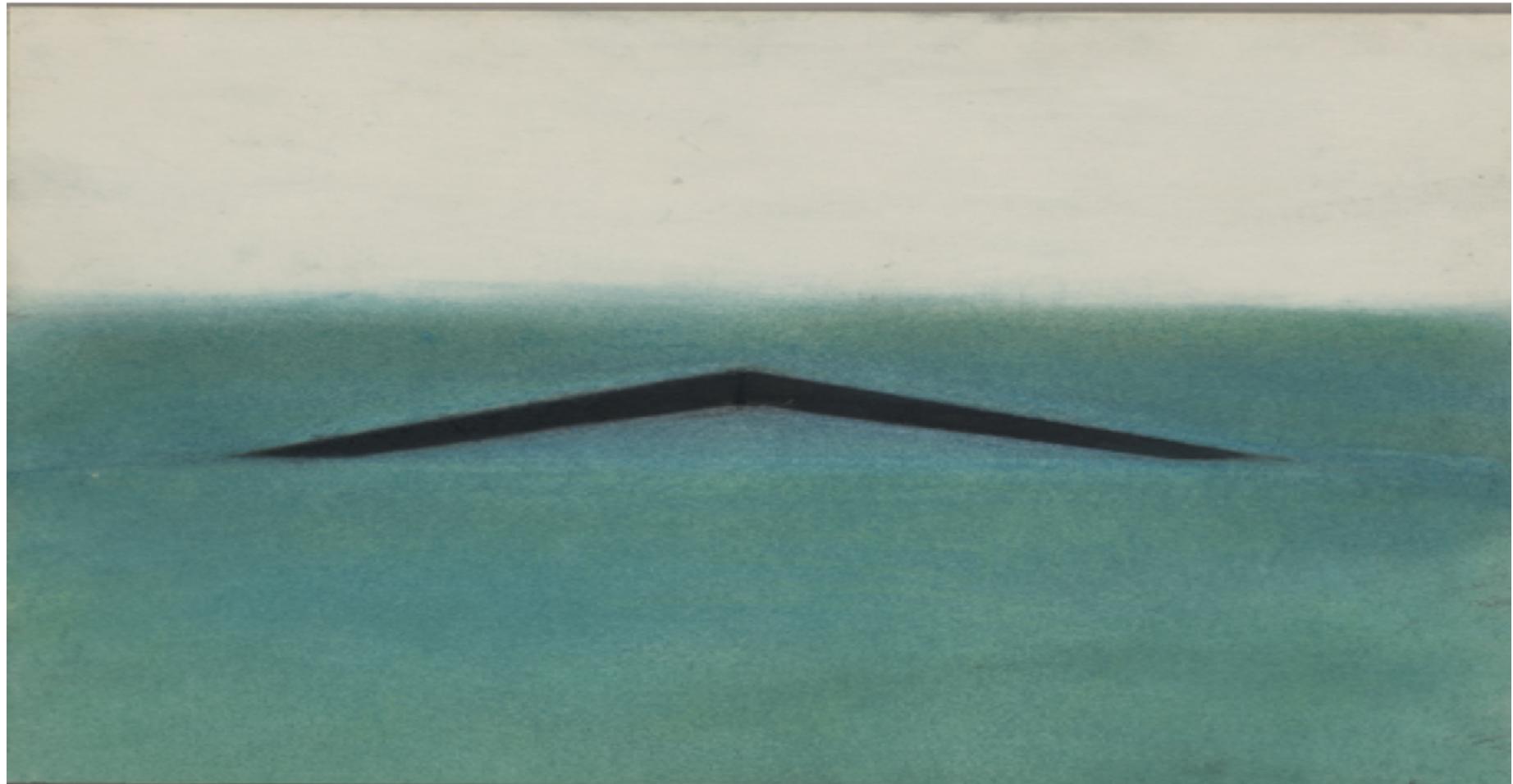


Figure 3 A low density graph (© 1978, The Washington Post) with chart-junk to fill in the space ($ddi = .2$)



Vietnam Veterans Memorial, Washington DC.

Problem: How to display 58,195 names in a memorial space?



Visualisation Steps

- **Data Definition**

Define the visualisation goal and the supporting data variables

- **Visualisation Selection**

Select appropriate visual structure

- **Data Pre-Processing**

Preparing raw data to visualisation-ready data

- **Visual Transformation**

Mapping data variables to visual elements

matplotlib

- plotting library for python
- produce static/non-interactive visualisation.

<http://matplotlib.org/>

the tutorial: http://matplotlib.org/users/pyplot_tutorial.html

the cookbook: <http://wiki.scipy.org/Cookbook/Matplotlib>

the gallery: <http://matplotlib.org/gallery.html>

matplotlib - structure of usage

- **The `matplotlib` library**

```
>>> import matplotlib
```

- **The device dependent backend**

Specify the drawing engine that renders the visual to a file or a display device.

Example:

- 'PS' for creating postscript file
- 'SVG' for creating scalar vector graphics (SVG file),
- 'Agg' for creating PNG file:

```
>>> matplotlib.use('Agg')
```

- **The `pylab` interface**

Provide a set of functions on top of the underlying matplotlib library

Provide functions like `plot`, `boxplot`, and `bar`

```
>>> from pylab import * # or import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

using matplotlib

To display the plot result in a web page, put this code at the start of your script:

```
import matplotlib
matplotlib.use('Agg')
```

and this code at the end:

```
@app.route('/viz-app', methods=['GET'])
def handler():
    savefig("plot.png", dpi=100)
    body = '<html><body></body></html>'
    return body, 200, {'Content-Type': 'text/html'}
```

using matplotlib

To send the plot result directly to the browser, put this code at the start of your script:

```
import matplotlib
matplotlib.use('Agg')
```

and this code at the end:

```
@app.route('/viz-app', methods=['GET'])
def handler():
    savefig("plot.png", dpi=100)
    binary = open('plot.png').read()
    return binary, 200, {'Content-Type': 'image/png'}
```