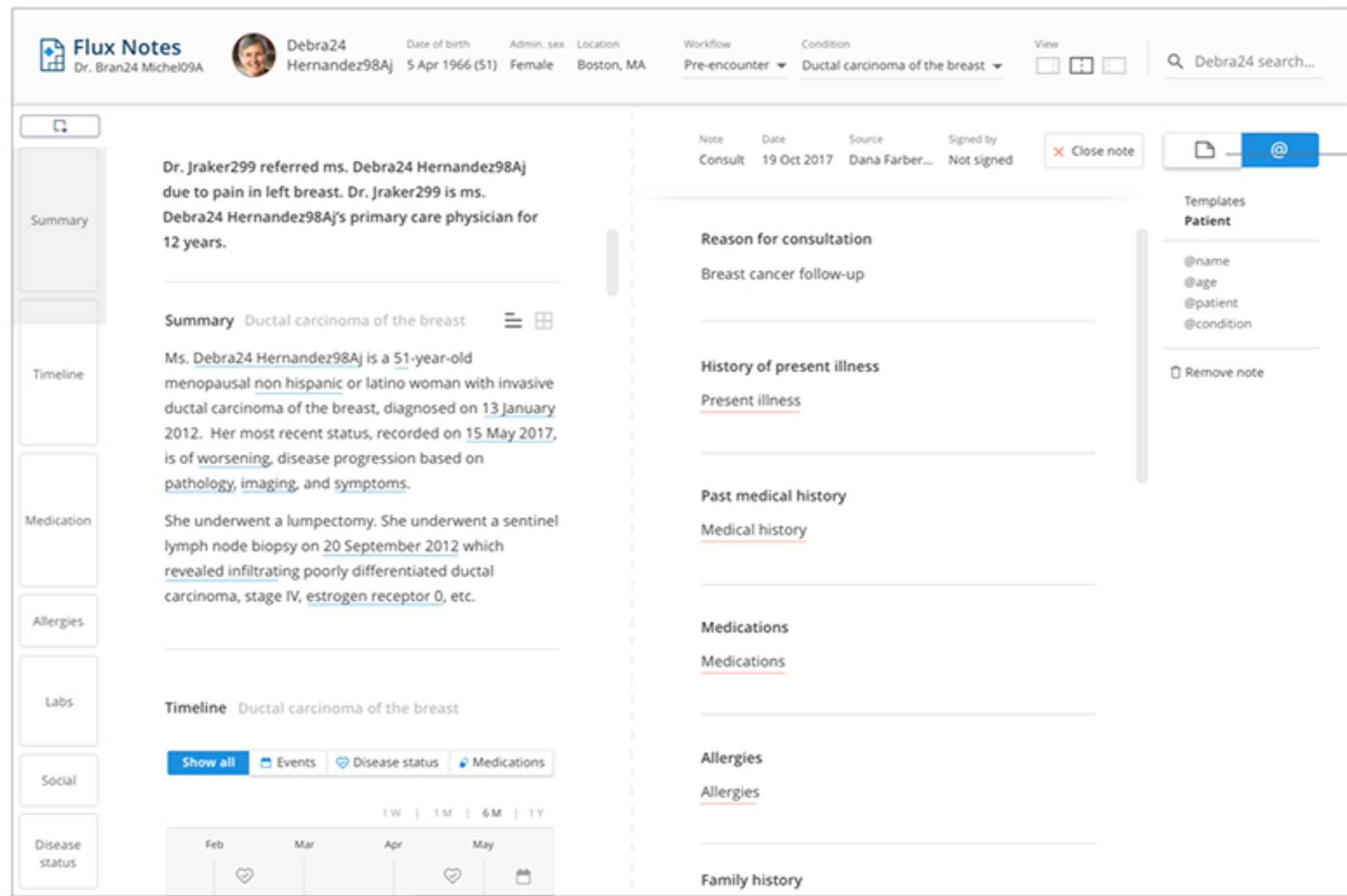The following are selected interface concepts for Flux Notes Full, focused on a pre-encounter view within an oncology setting. These concepts continue to be refined based on new feedback and discussion.
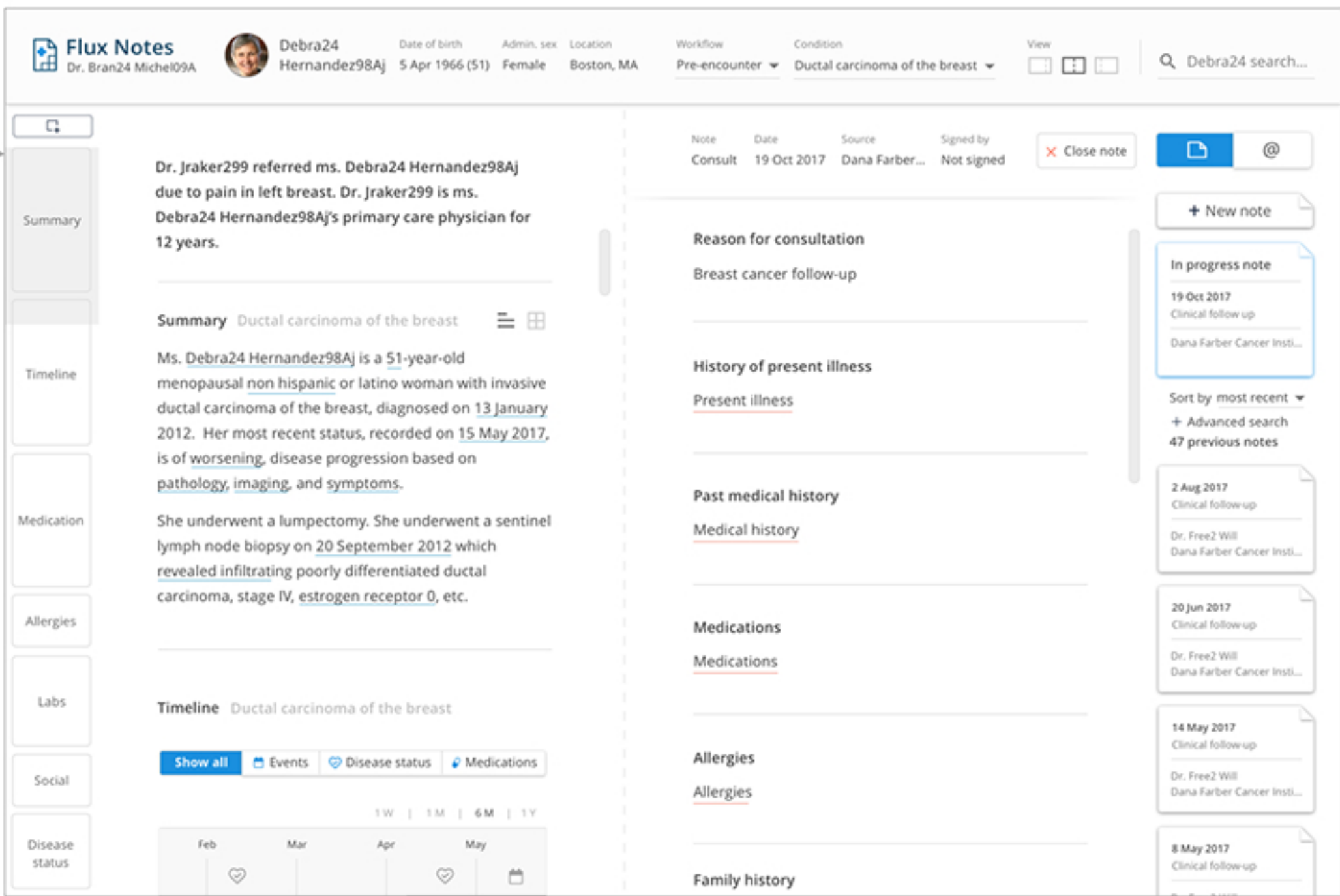
1 CONTEXT TRAY TOGGLE DURING NOTE AUTHORING

1.1 CONTEXT TRAY TOGGLE DURING NOTE AUTHORING

1.2 CONTEXT TRAY TOGGLE DURING NOTE AUTHORING

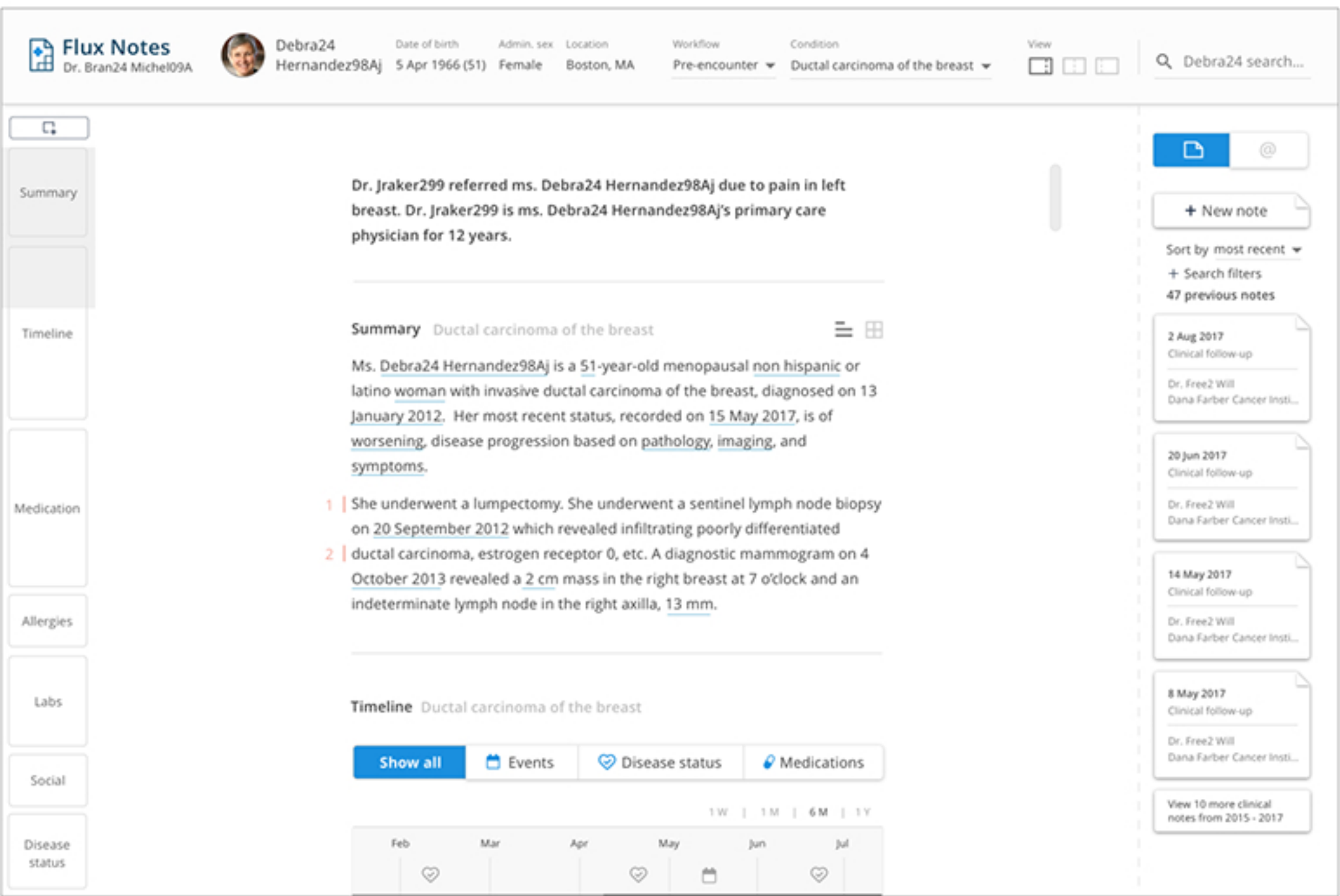### 1.3 CONTEXT TRAY TOGGLE DURING NOTE AUTHORING

The toggle at the upper right switches the right tray context between the @# shortcuts and viewing notes. The new note button is only accessible from the viewing notes context.

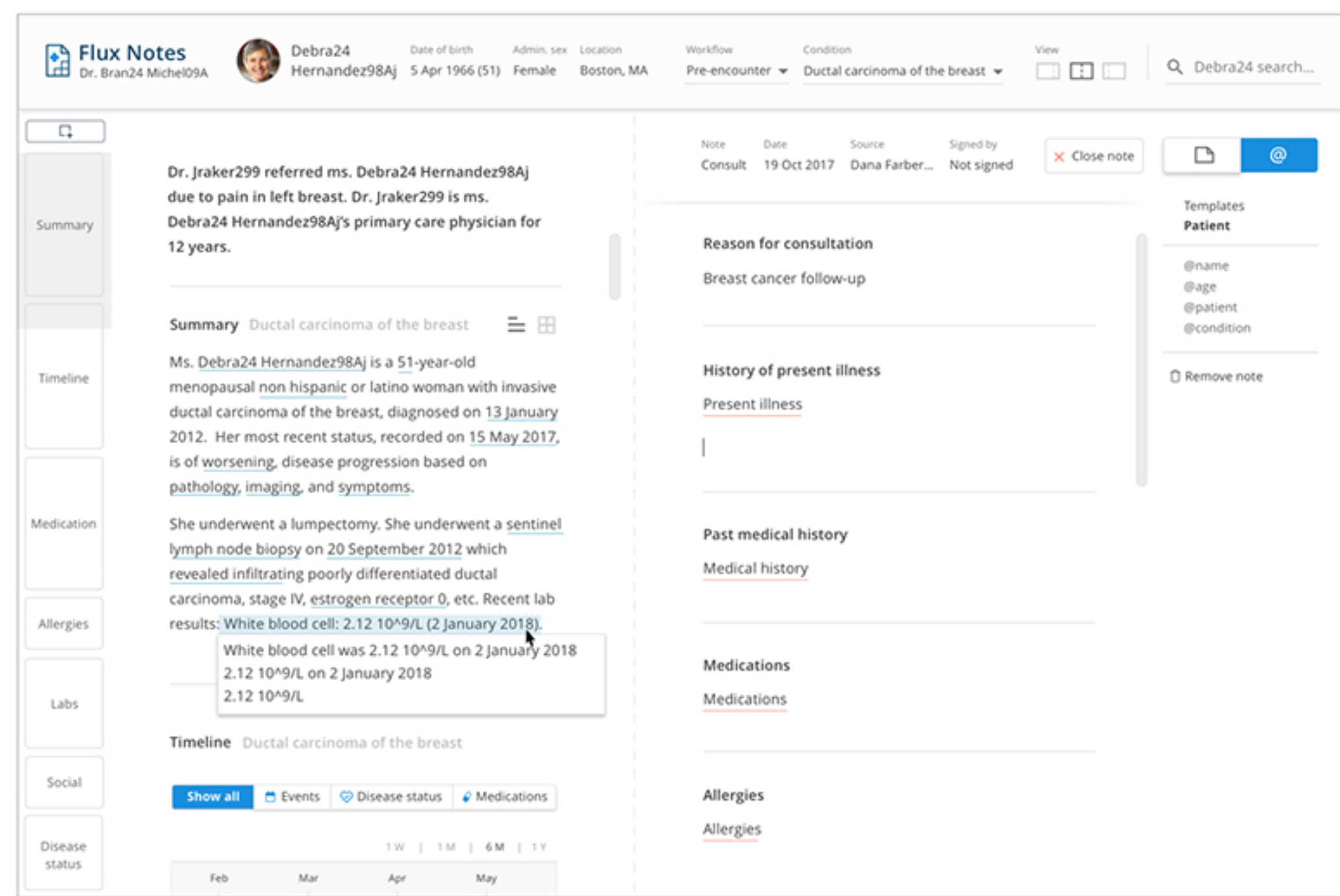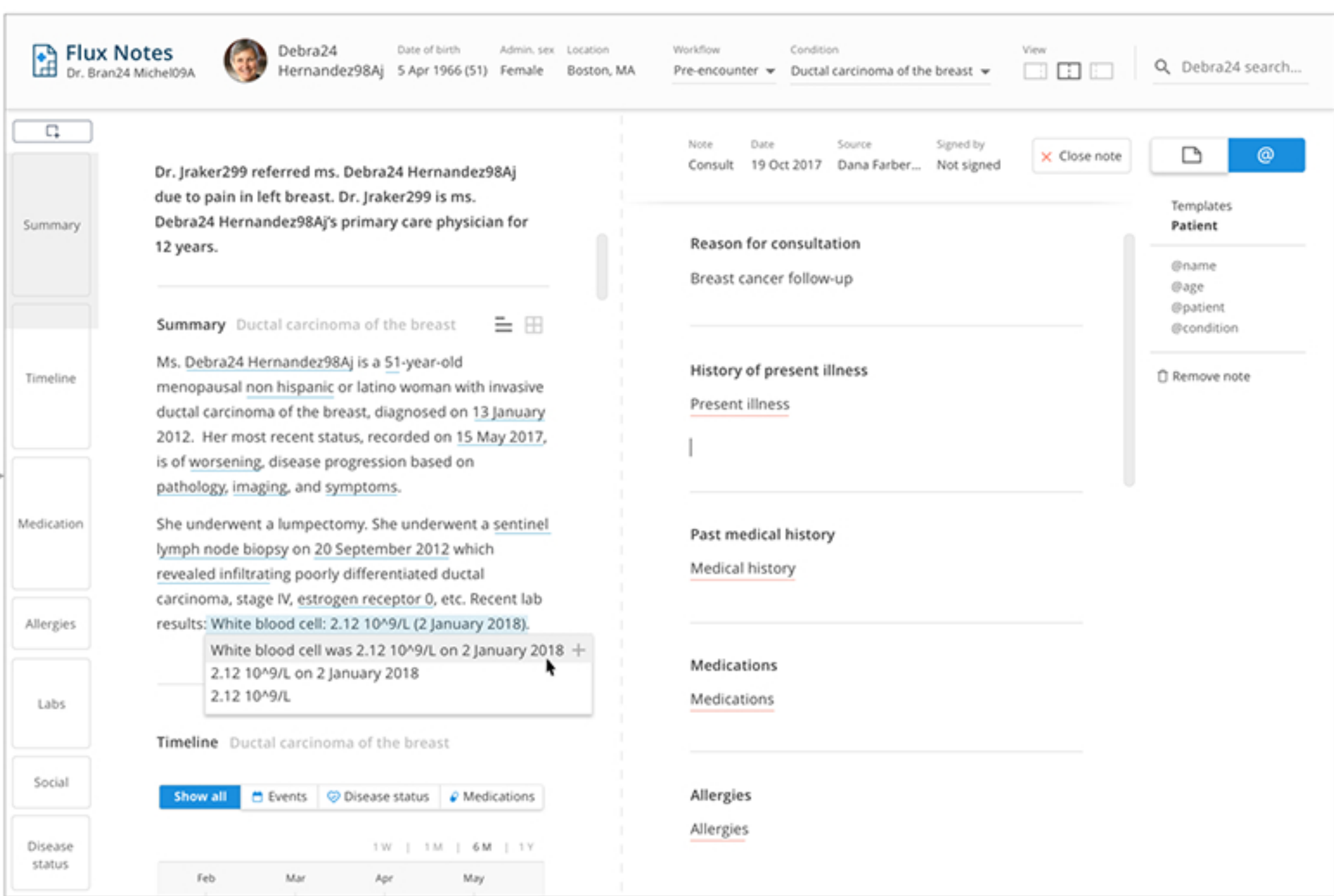When there is no note that is being authored, the @ toggle button is disabled. It only becomes enabled once an in progress note exists.
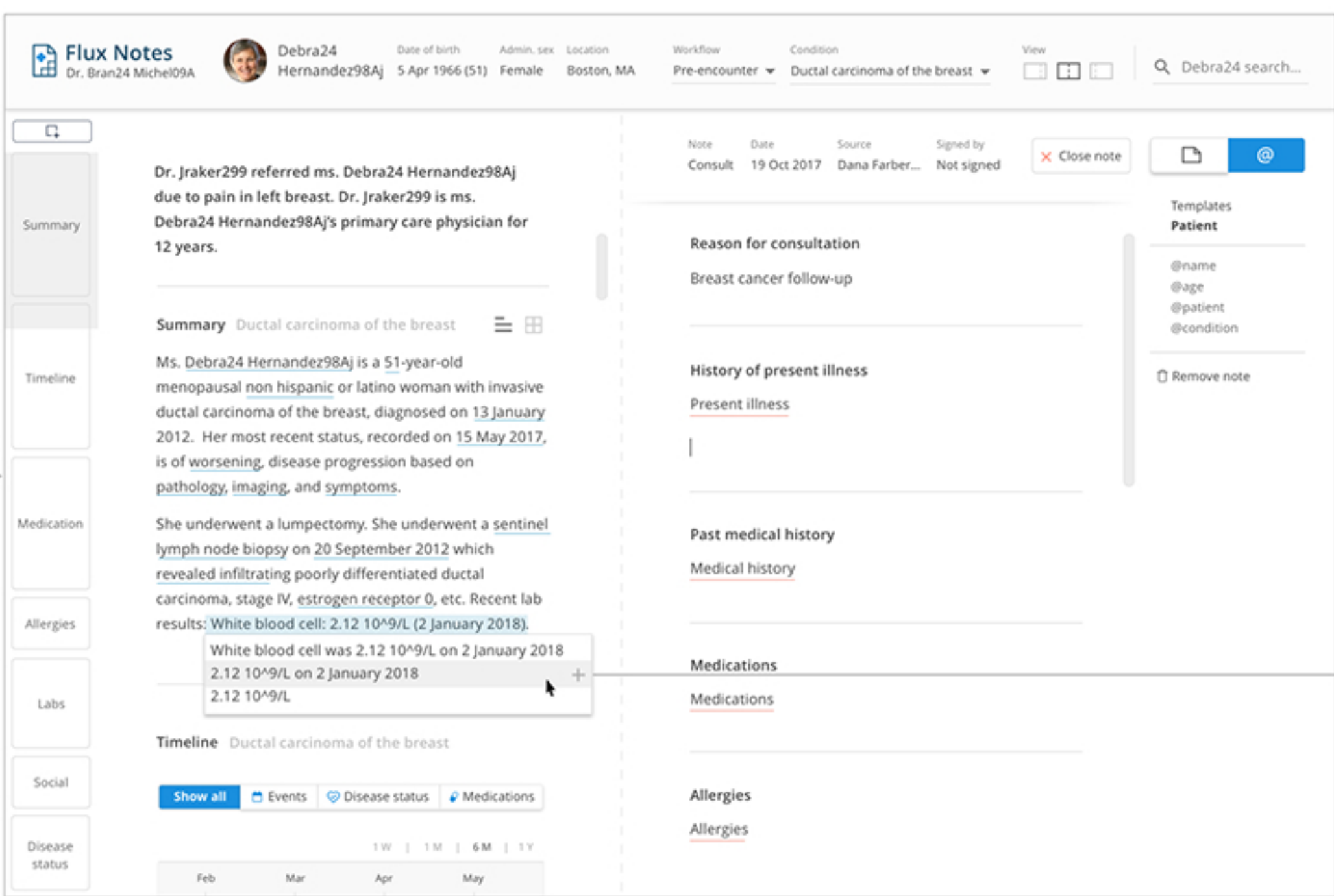
2 DATA INSERTION TO EDITOR FROM DATA PANEL

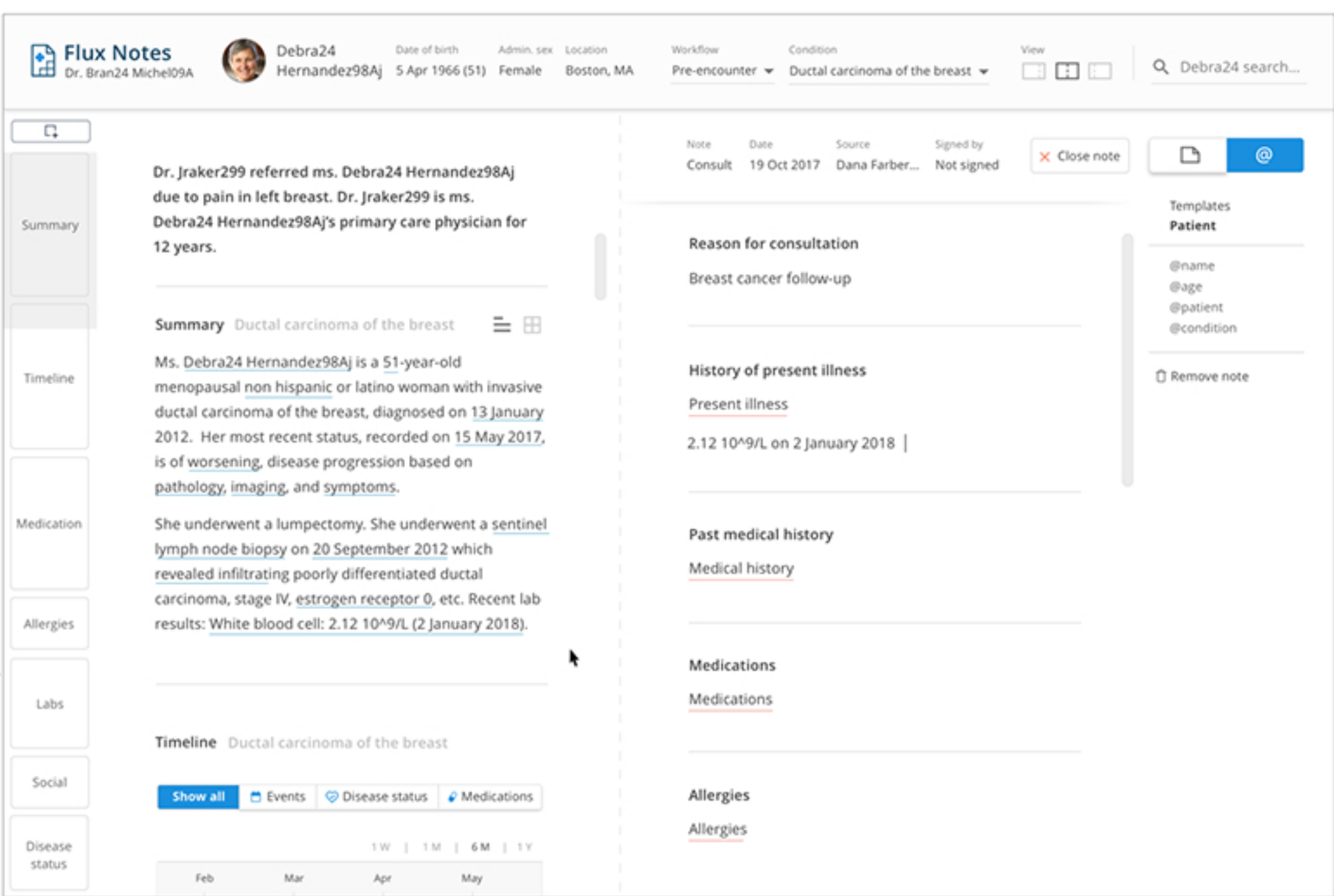### 2.1 DATA INSERTION TO EDITOR FROM DATA PANEL

2.2 DATA INSERTION TO EDITOR FROM DATA PANEL

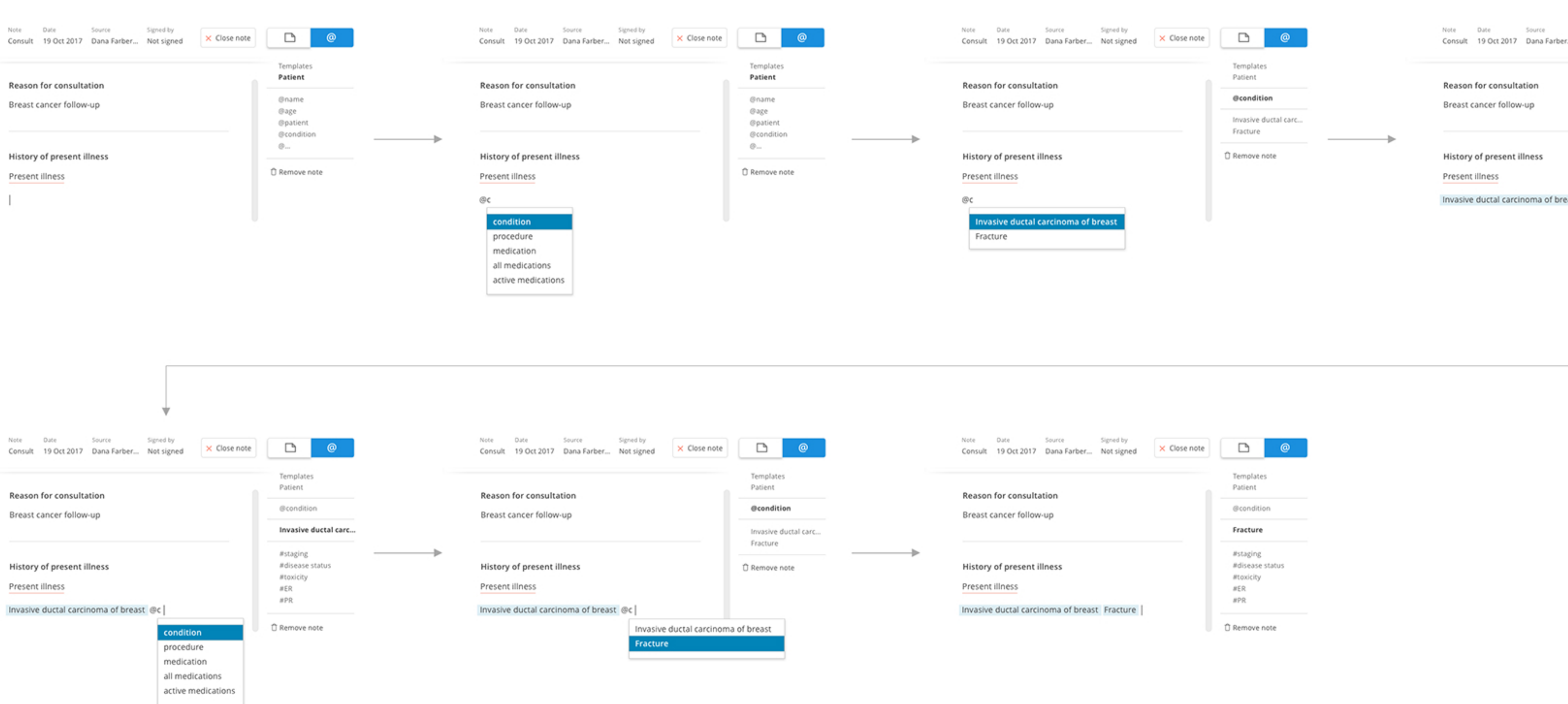### 2.3 DATA INSERTION TO EDITOR FROM DATA PANEL

2.4 DATA INSERTION TO EDITOR FROM DATA PANEL

Each structured data element may have multiple different variations of information that can be inserted into the authoring note. This can be accessed in two ways: mousedown to reveal the choices, moving the mouse over the choice, and mouseup to insert that information. Additionally, a structured data element can be clicked, revealing the choices, and a choice is clicked to insert it into the authoring note. On tablet devices this translates to 2 taps.

3 EDITOR CONTEXT TRAY INTERACTION

3.1 EDITOR CONTEXT TRAY INTERACTION (CONDITION CONTEXT)

3.2 EDITOR CONTEXT TRAY INTERACTION (RETURNING TO PATIENT CONTEXT)

Invasive ductal carc... is nested under @condition, which is nested under Patient. The user knows the shortcuts are related to each other at all times, like a vertical breadcrumb. Clicking or accessing those breadcrumbs with @ will expand the shortcuts in that section and collapse other sections. Only the sections immediately relevant to the user are expanded to reduce the need for vertical scrolling to view shortcuts.

Using any shortcuts within a particular context will expand that context and reveal its other shortcuts. In this example, the user types @age, expanding the Patient context.

Clicking Patient will expand that context and reveal the shortcuts associated with it.