1.

$$f(y) = (\theta + 1)y^{\theta}$$

$$\mu = \int_{\mathcal{D}} f(y)dy = \int_{0}^{1} (\theta + 1)y^{\theta}ydy$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} (\theta + 1)y^{\theta+1}dy$$

$$= \frac{(\theta + 1)}{(\theta + 2}y^{\theta+2}]_{0}^{1}$$

$$= \frac{(\theta + 1)}{(\theta + 2}$$

$$\bar{Y} = \frac{(\theta + 1)}{(\theta + 2}$$

$$\bar{Y}(\theta + 2) = \theta + 1$$

$$\bar{Y}\theta + 2\bar{Y} = \theta + 1$$

$$\bar{Y}\theta - \theta = 1 - 2\bar{Y}$$

$$\theta(\bar{Y} - 1) = 1 - 2(\bar{Y})$$

$$\hat{\theta} = \frac{1 - 2\bar{Y}}{\bar{Y} - 1}$$

2. (a)

$$l(\theta;X) = \binom{100}{33} \theta^{33} (1-\theta)^{100-33}$$

(b)

$$\mu = n\theta$$
$$\frac{\bar{X}}{100} = \hat{\theta}$$

3. (a)

$$\mu = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$\bar{X} = \frac{1}{\hat{\lambda}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\bar{X}} = \hat{\lambda}$$

$$l(\lambda; X) = \prod_{n=1}^{N} \lambda e^{-\lambda X_n}$$

$$ln(l(\lambda; X) = ln(\prod_{n=1}^{N} \lambda e^{-\lambda X_n})$$

$$ln(l(\lambda; X) = Nln(\lambda) - \lambda \sum_{n=1}^{N} X_n$$

$$\frac{d}{d\lambda} ln(l(\lambda; X) = \frac{d}{d\lambda} [Nln(\lambda) - \lambda \sum_{n=1}^{N} X_n]$$

$$\frac{d}{d\lambda} ln(l(\lambda; X) = \frac{N}{\lambda} - \sum_{n=1}^{N} X_n$$

$$\frac{d}{d\lambda} ln(l(\lambda; X) = 0$$

$$0 = \frac{N}{\lambda} - \sum_{n=1}^{N} X_n$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{N} X_n = \frac{N}{\lambda}$$

$$\frac{\sum_{n=1}^{N} X_n}{N} = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$\frac{1}{X} = \hat{\lambda}$$

(c)

$$\begin{split} \sqrt{n}(g(\hat{\lambda}) - g(\mu)) &\to N(0, g'(\mu)^2 \sigma^2) \\ g'(\mu) &= -\mu^{-2} \\ g'(\frac{1}{\lambda}) &= -\lambda^2 \\ \sqrt{n}(\frac{1}{\bar{X}} - \lambda) &\to N(0, \lambda^2) \end{split}$$

4. (a)

$$P(X=1) = \lambda e^{-\lambda}$$

(b)

$$\hat{MLE} = \bar{X}e^{-\bar{X}}$$

(c)

$$\sqrt{n}(\bar{X}e^{-\bar{X}} - \lambda e^{-\lambda}) \to N(0, \lambda(-\lambda e^{-\lambda} + e^{-\lambda})^2)$$

- (d) $\lambda \neq 1$
- (e)

$$\hat{MLE} = \bar{X}^2$$

(f)

$$\sqrt{n}(\bar{X}^2 - \lambda^2) \to N(0, 4\lambda^3)$$

(g) $\lambda > 0$