

Homework 4.2

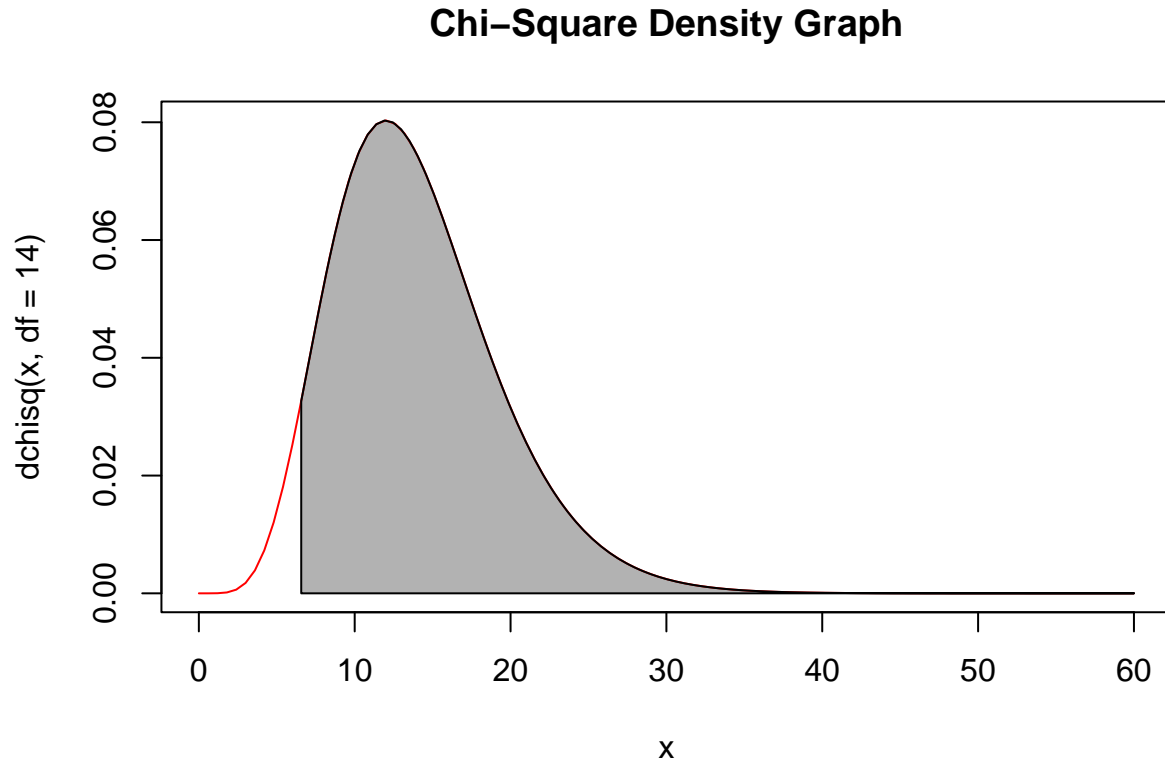
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Exercise 5.18 (a) $\mu = 14$ $\text{var} = 28$ (b) $a = 6.57$ $b = 23.6868$ $c = 29.1612$ $d = 6.5705$ $e = 23.6845$ (c) $\chi^2_{14,.95}$ $\chi^2_{14,.05}$ $\chi^2_{14,.01}$ ($\chi^2_{14,.95}, \chi^2_{14,.05}$)

(d)

```
curve( dchisq(x, df=14), col='red', main = "Chi-Square Density Graph",
       from=0,to=60)
xvec <- seq(6.57,60,length=101)
pvec <- dchisq(xvec,df=14)
polygon(c(xvec,rev(xvec)),c(pvec,rep(0,length(pvec))),
       col=adjustcolor("black",alpha=0.3))
```

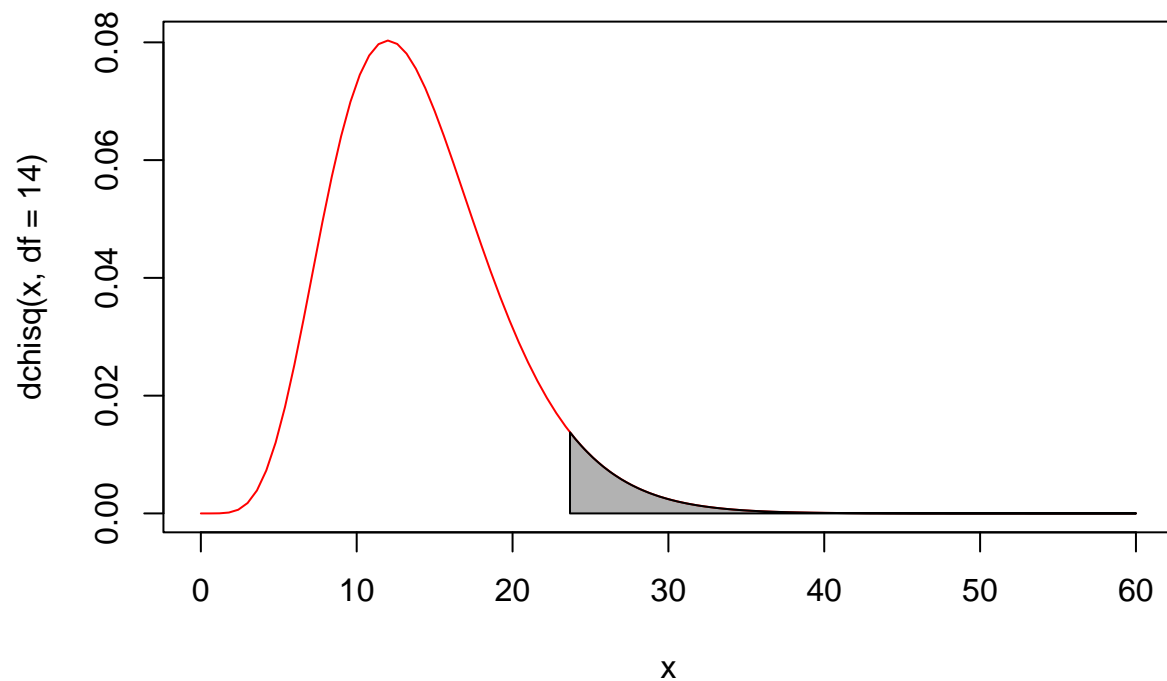


```

curve( dchisq(x, df=14), col='red', main = "Chi-Square Density Graph",
       from=0,to=60)
xvec <- seq(23.686,60,length=101)
pvec <- dchisq(xvec,df=14)
polygon(c(xvec,rev(xvec)),c(pvec,rep(0,length(pvec))),
       col=adjustcolor("black",alpha=0.3))

```

Chi-Square Density Graph

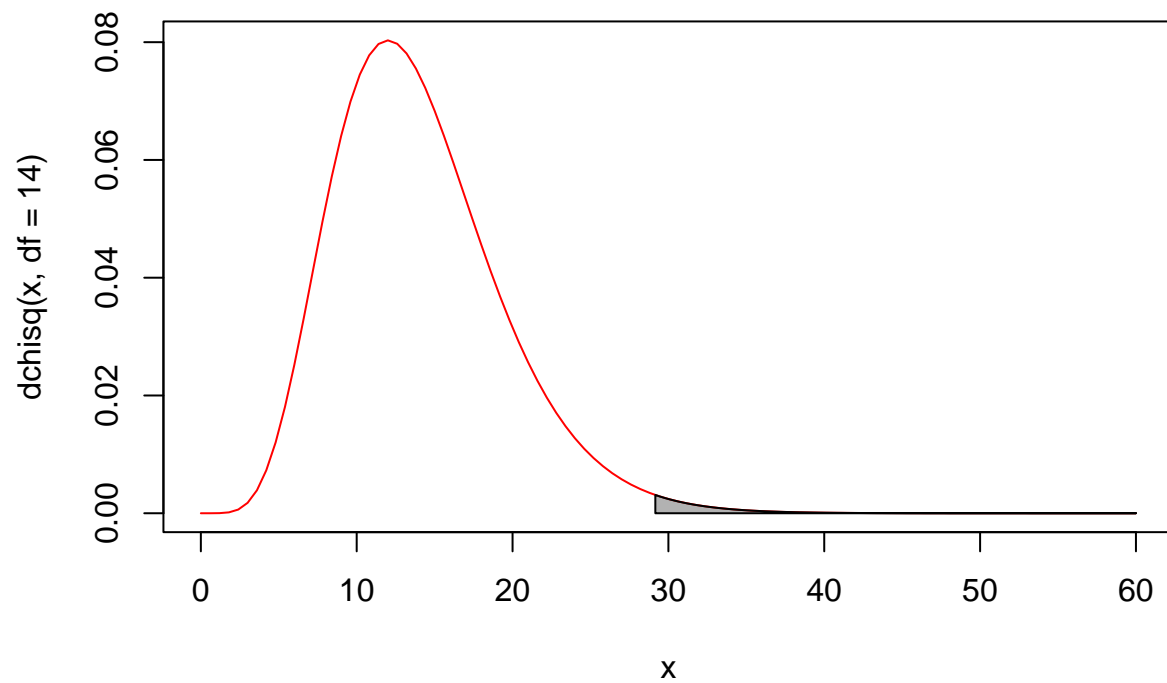


```

curve( dchisq(x, df=14), col='red', main = "Chi-Square Density Graph",
       from=0,to=60)
xvec <- seq(29.1612,60,length=101)
pvec <- dchisq(xvec,df=14)
polygon(c(xvec,rev(xvec)),c(pvec,rep(0,length(pvec))),
       col=adjustcolor("black",alpha=0.3))

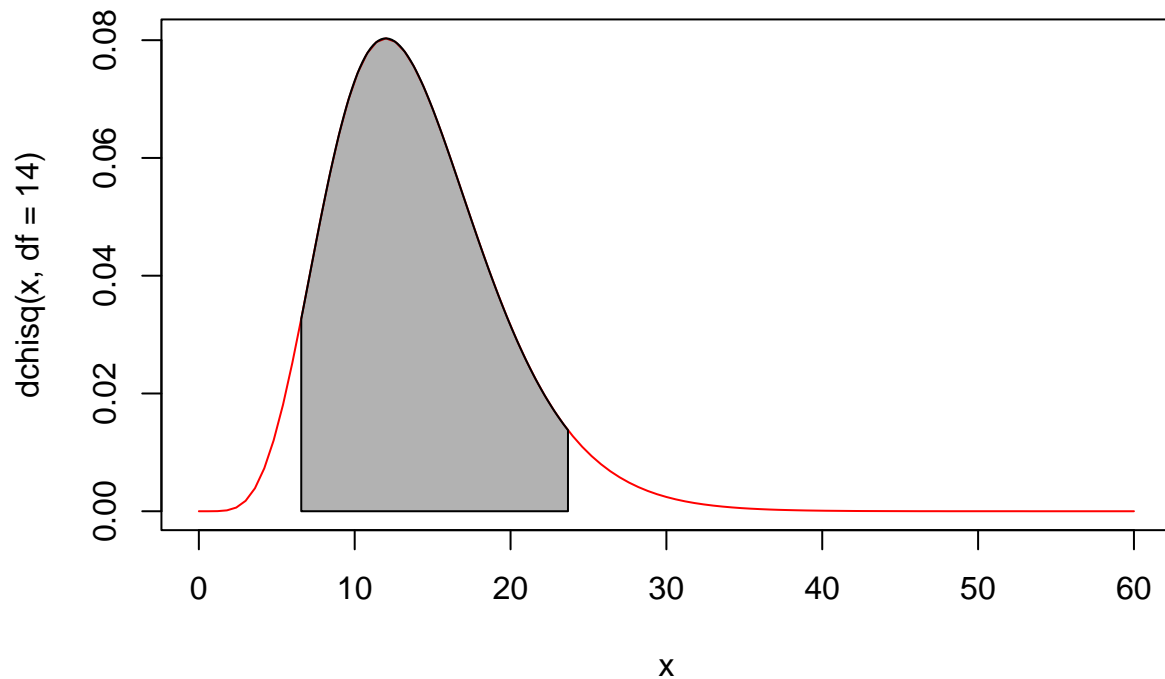
```

Chi-Square Density Graph



```
curve( dchisq(x, df=14), col='red', main = "Chi-Square Density Graph",
       from=0,to=60)
xvec <- seq(6.5705,23.6845,length=101)
pvec <- dchisq(xvec,df=14)
polygon(c(xvec,rev(xvec)),c(pvec,rep(0,length(pvec))),
       col=adjustcolor("black",alpha=0.3))
```

Chi-Square Density Graph



Exercise 5.20

```
pchisq(2,df=7)
```

```
## [1] 0.04015963
```

```
pchisq(2,df=16)
```

```
## [1] 1.02492e-05
```

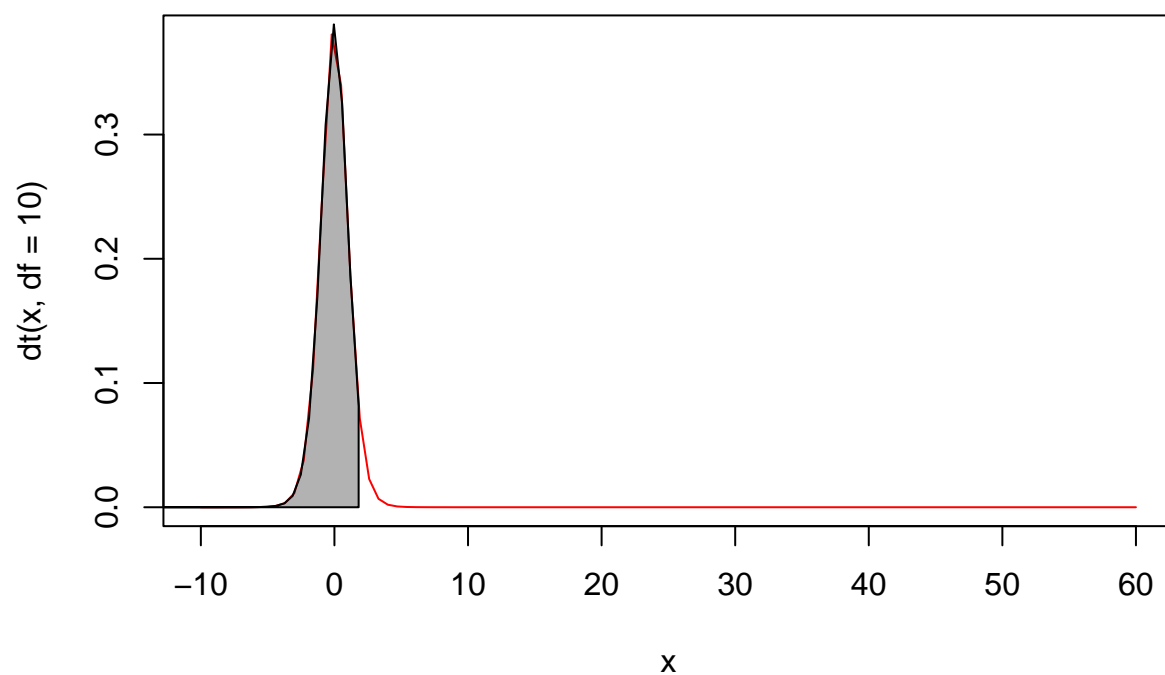
```
pchisq(2,df=21)
```

```
## [1] 3.383623e-08
```

This is incredibly unlikely Exercise 5.23 (a) $19c^{20} = \chi_{19,.10}^2 = 27.203$ $c = 1.197$ (b) $5c=6$ Not 5 degrees fahrenheit Exercise 5.25 (a) $a=1.812$ $b=-2.764$ $c=1.472$ $d=2.228$ (b) $a = t_{10,.05}$ $b = t_{10,.01}$ $c = t_{10,.10}$ $d = t_{10,.025}$ (c)

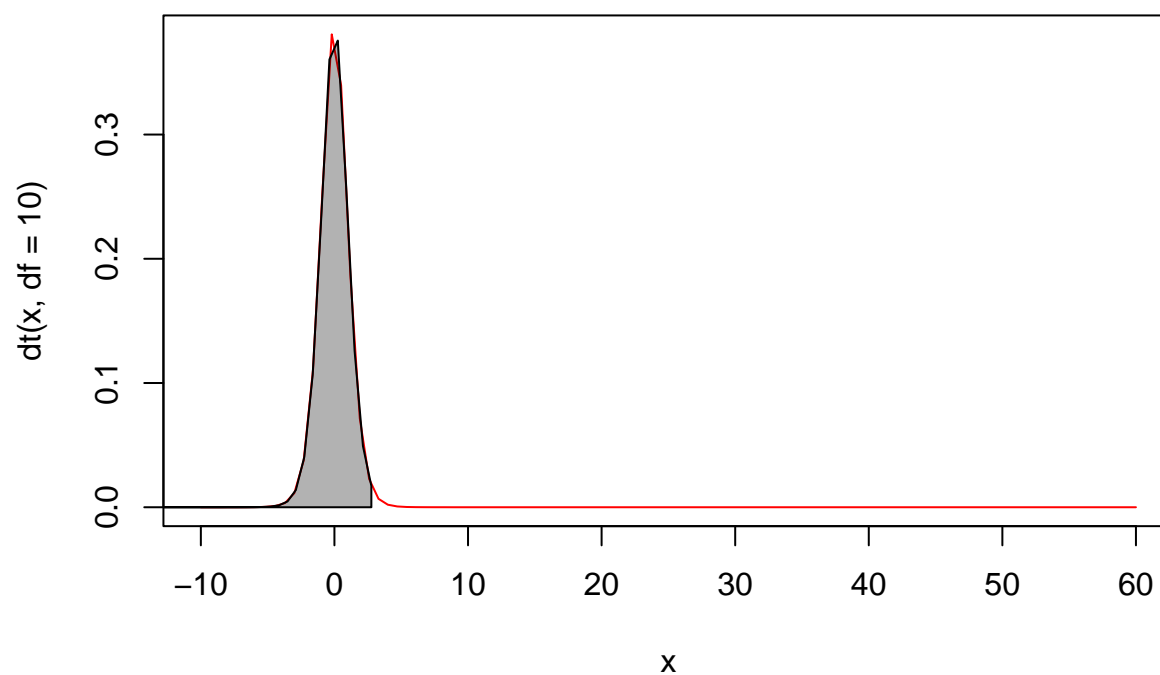
```
curve( dt(x, df=10), col='red', main = "T Density Graph",
       from=-10,to=60)
xvec <- seq(-60,1.812,length=101)
pvec <- dt(xvec,df=10)
polygon(c(xvec,rev(xvec)),c(pvec,rep(0,length(pvec))),
       col=adjustcolor("black",alpha=0.3))
```

T Density Graph



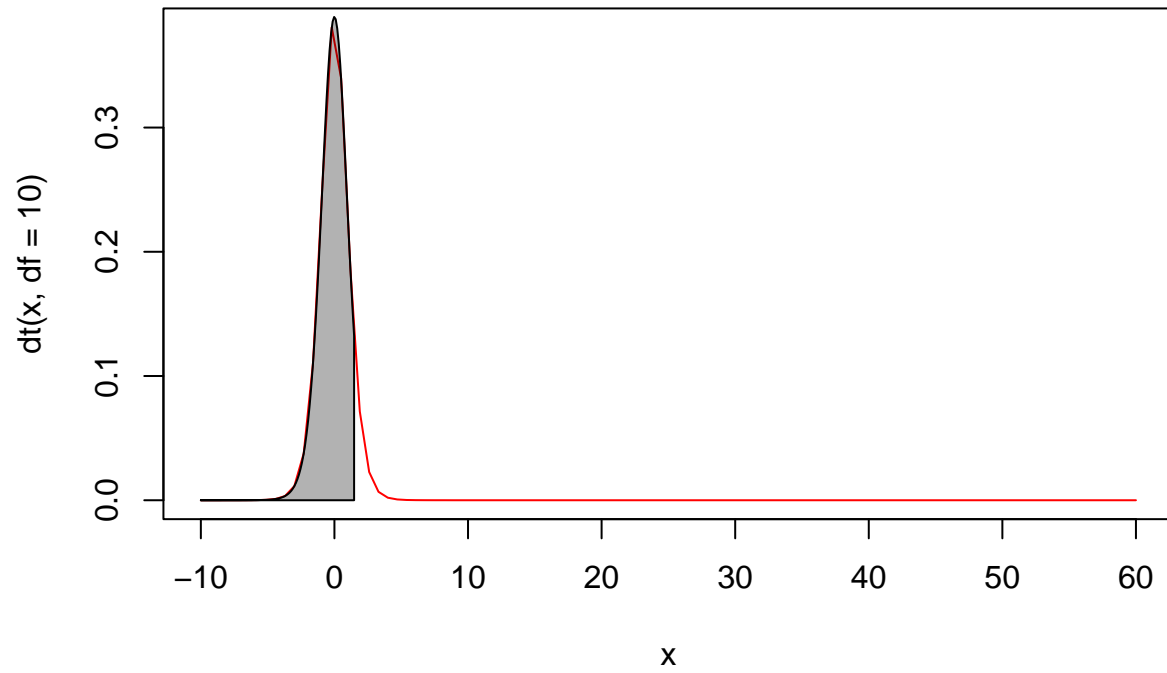
```
curve( dt(x, df=10), col='red', main = "T Density Graph",
       from=-10,to=60)
xvec <- seq(-60,2.764,length=101)
pvec <- dt(xvec,df=10)
polygon(c(xvec,rev(xvec)),c(pvec,rep(0,length(pvec))),
       col=adjustcolor("black",alpha=0.3))
```

T Density Graph



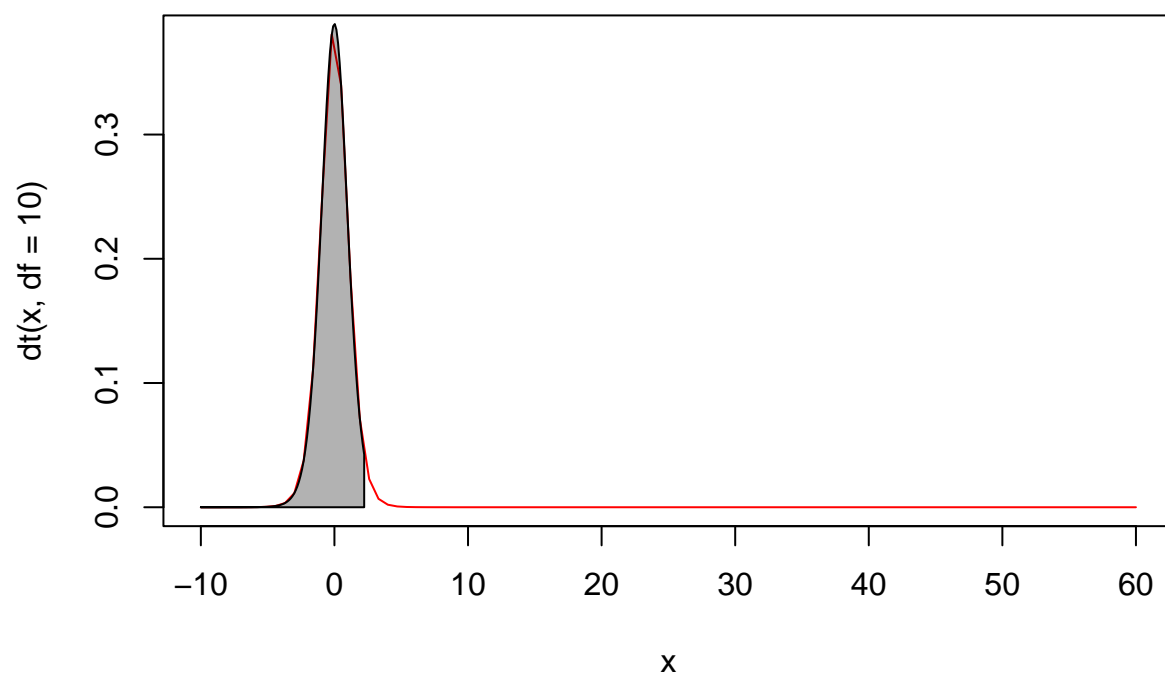
```
curve( dt(x, df=10), col='red', main = "t Density Graph",  
       from=-10,to=60)  
xvec <- seq(-10,1.472,length=101)  
pvec <- dt(xvec,df=10)  
polygon(c(xvec,rev(xvec)),c(pvec,rep(0,length(pvec))),  
        col=adjustcolor("black",alpha=0.3))
```

t Density Graph



```
curve( dt(x, df=10), col='red', main = "T Density Graph",  
       from=-10,to=60)  
xvec <- seq(-10,2.228,length=101)  
pvec <- dt(xvec,df=10)  
polygon(c(xvec,rev(xvec)),c(pvec,rep(0,length(pvec))),  
        col=adjustcolor("black",alpha=0.3))
```

T Density Graph



Exercise 5.31 $F_{v_1, v_2} = \frac{\chi_{v_1}^2/v_1}{\chi_{v_2}^2/v_2}$ $1/F_{v_1, v_2} = \frac{\chi_{v_2}^2/v_2}{\chi_{v_1}^2/v_1}$ $F_{v_1, v_2, 1-\alpha} = \frac{1}{F_{v_2, v_1, \alpha}}$ Exercise 5.33 .142 .008 .498