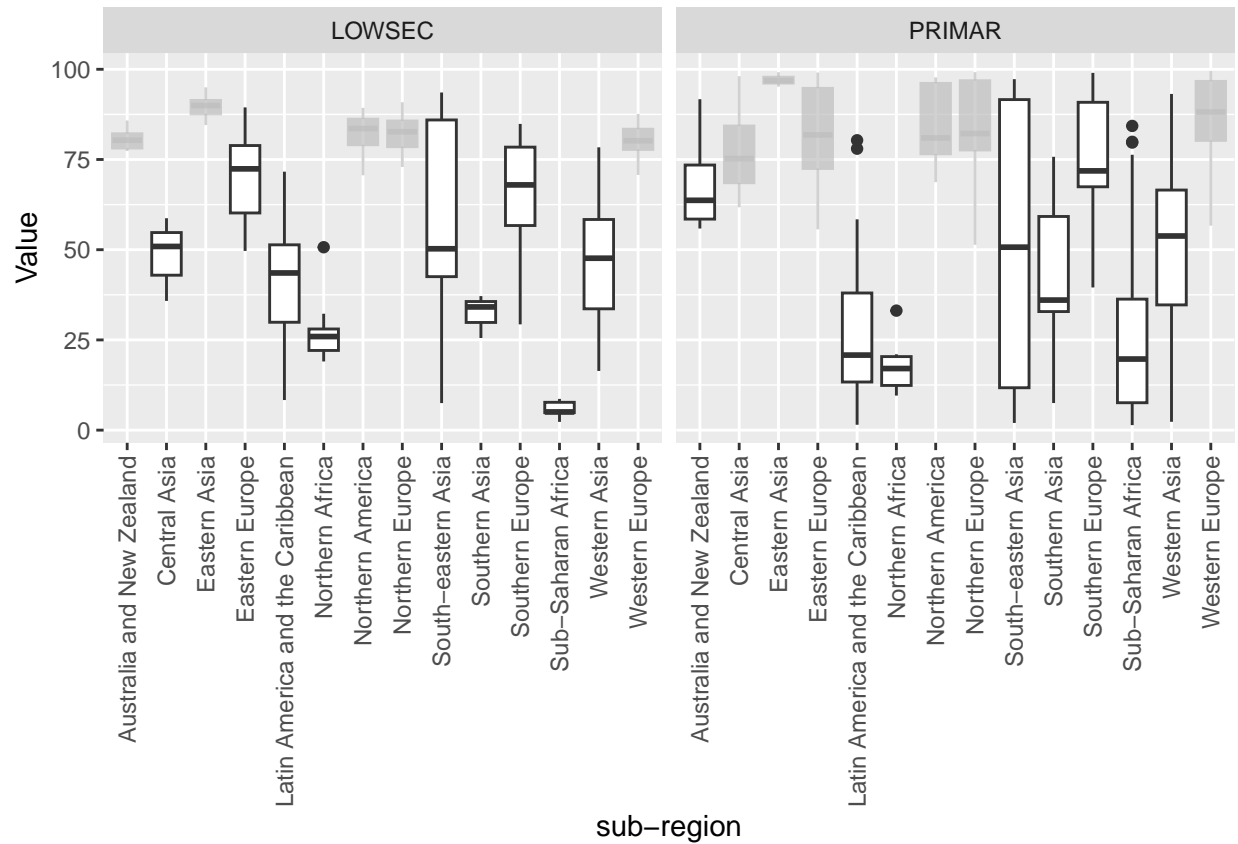


Question 1 EDA

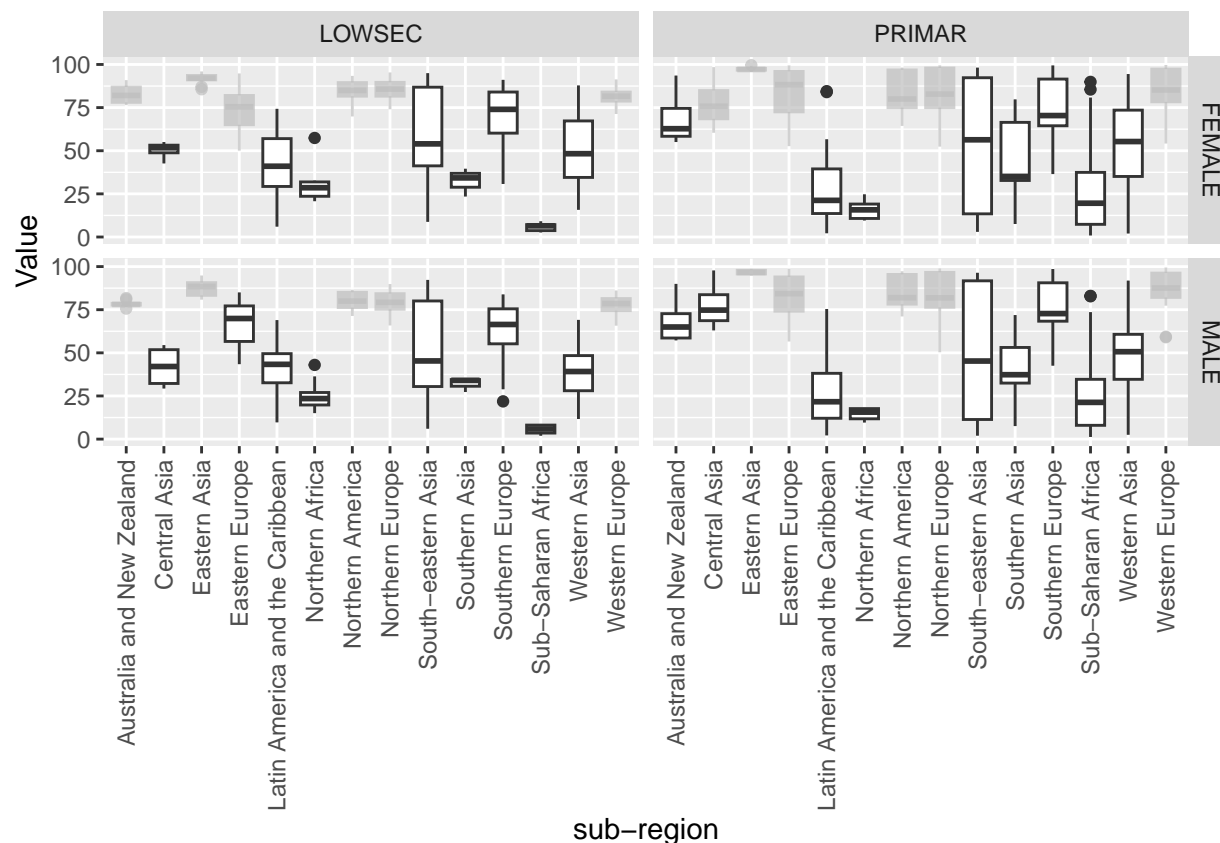
Andrew Dawson

EDA and Analysis of 4.1.1



Within the box plots, the highlighted box plots show within the differing sub-regions' median of population, which percentage of the population have not achieved minimum proficiency in reading and mathematics. This demonstrates the sub-regions capability of providing education access as the lower the percentage of the population with the minimum proficiency of the two vital skills, the lower the access is.

Comparing this with the two sexes also shows different patterns.



Now, what is most concerning is when looking at Latin America and the Caribbean and Northern Africa. Both of these sub-regions in both plots demonstrate a general pattern that the percentage of the entire population – or just about – has not achieved 75% proficiency.

GeoAreaName	sub-region	TimePeriod	Value	Education level	Type of skill
Niger	Sub-Saharan Africa	2014	1.40000	PRIMAR	SKILL_MATH
Dominican Republic	Latin America and the Caribbean	2013	1.50000	PRIMAR	SKILL_MATH
Chad	Sub-Saharan Africa	2019	1.80000	PRIMAR	SKILL_MATH
Zambia	Sub-Saharan Africa	2016	1.80000	PRIMAR	SKILL_READ
Lao People's Democratic Republic	South-eastern Asia	2019	2.00000	PRIMAR	SKILL_READ
Dominican Republic	Latin America and the Caribbean	2019	2.10000	PRIMAR	SKILL_MATH
Niger	Sub-Saharan Africa	2014	2.10000	PRIMAR	SKILL_READ
Zambia	Sub-Saharan Africa	2017	2.29846	LOWSEC	SKILL_MATH
Yemen	Western Asia	2011	2.32531	PRIMAR	SKILL_MATH
Côte d'Ivoire	Sub-Saharan Africa	2019	2.60000	PRIMAR	SKILL_MATH

These countries display the worst percentages of their population, this aligns well with the plot.

References

Duncalfe, Luke. 2024. "ISO-3166 Country and Dependent Territories Lists with UN Regional Codes." github.com/luke/ISO-3166-Countries-with-Regional-Codes?tab=readme-ov-file.

United Nations. 2023. "SGD Indicators Database." <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/dataportal/database>.

Appendix

```
#for future plots
tiltXText <- theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, vjust = 0.5, hjust = 1))

#filter data
DataPro <- Data %>% filter(Indicator == "4.1.1", Units == "PERCENT", Sex == "BOTHSEX", `sub-region` != "Other")

#plot filtered data
DataPro %>% ggplot(aes(`sub-region`, Value))+
  geom_boxplot()+
  facet_wrap(~`Education level`)+
  gghighlight(quantile(Value,0.5)<75, calculate_per_facet = T)+
  tiltXText

#filter data
DataProSex <- Data %>% filter(Indicator == "4.1.1", Units == "PERCENT", Sex != "BOTHSEX", `sub-region` != "Other")

#plot filtered data
DataProSex %>% ggplot(aes(`sub-region`, Value))+
  geom_boxplot()+
  facet_grid(Sex~`Education level`)+
  gghighlight(quantile(Value,0.5)<75, calculate_per_facet = T)+
  tiltXText

#table
tab <- DataPro %>%
  arrange(Value) %>%
  select(GeoAreaName, `sub-region`, TimePeriod, Value, `Education level`, `Type of skill`) %>%
  slice_head(n=10)

kable(tab)
```