# Package 'infochimps'

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R topics documented:
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infochimps-package An R wrapper for the infochimps.com API services

# **Description**

This package provides functions to access all of the APIs currently available infochimps.com.

### **Details**

Package: infochimps
Type: Package
Version: 0.1.2
Date: 2010-11-22
License: BSD
LazyLoad: yes

# Author(s)

Drew Conway <a href="mailto:conway@nyu.edu">drew.conway@nyu.edu</a>

#### References

http://api.infochimps.com/.

# **Examples**

```
library(infochimps)
my.infochimps<-infochimps("your.api.key")
drew<-influence("drewconway", my.infochimps)</pre>
```

census

Gather U.S. Census data for a given IP address

# **Description**

A function to return combined census data for a given IP address using the inforchimps.com APIs

# Usage

```
census (ip.address, session)
```

# **Arguments**

ip.address Properly formatted IP address as character string
session Object containing session API key information, crea

Object containing session API key information, created with infochimps() function

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#### Value

list: see reference for listing of all data returned (extensive)

### Author(s)

Drew Conway, <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

#### References

http://api.infochimps.com/describe/web/an/ip\_census/combined

# **Examples**

```
my.infochimps<-infochimps("your.api.key")
nyu<-census("128.122.79.165",my.infochimps)

## The function is currently defined as
function(ip.address,session) {
    census.url<-paste(session$ip.url,"combined.json?ip=",ip.address,"&apikey=",session$apicensus.get<-getURL(census.url)
    census.data<-fromJSON(census.get)
    if(is.null(census.data$error)) {
        return(census.data)
    }
    else {
        warning(census.data$message[[1]])
        return(NA)
    }
}</pre>
```

conversations

Create data frame of recent conversations between two Twitter users

# **Description**

A function to return the interactions between two Twitter users with infochimps.com API

# Usage

```
conversations (screen.name.a, screen.name.b, session, user.id.a = NA, user.id.b =
```

# Arguments

```
The name of a Twitter user

screen.name.b

The name of a Twitter user

session
Object containing session API key information, created with infochimps() function

user.id.a a Twitter user ID

user.id.b a Twitter user ID
```

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#### Value

Data frame with the following columns:

```
user.id.a First Twitter user (numeric)

user.id.b Second Twitter user (numeric)

conversation.id

Internal Twitter ID for tweet (numeric)

conversation.type

Factor describing conversation type (factor). See ref.

reply.to.id If RE type, internal Twitter ID for reply-to tweet (numeric)

If user.name not found, or no data, return NA
```

#### Author(s)

Drew Conway, <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

### References

http://api.infochimps.com/describe/soc/net/tw/conversation

# **Examples**

```
my.infochimps<-infochimps("my.api.key")
jd.tweets<-conversations("drewconway", "CMastication", my.infochimps)
head(jd.tweets)
## The function is currently defined as
function(screen.name.a, screen.name.b, session, user.id.a=NA, user.id.b=NA) {
    # Determine the form of the API request
    if(is.na(user.id.a) & is.na(user.id.a)) {
        conversation.url <-paste(session$base.url, "conversation.json?user_a_sn=", screen.na
    else {
        if(is.na(user.id.a) == FALSE & is.na(user.id.a) == FALSE) {
            conversation.url <- paste (session $ base.url, "conversation.json?user_a_id=", user.
        else {
             if(is.na(user.id.na)) {
                 conversation.url<-paste(session$base.url,"conversation.json?user_a_sn=",s</pre>
             else {
                 conversation.url<-paste(session$base.url, "conversation.json?user_a_id=", ")</pre>
             }
        }
    conversation.get<-getURL(conversation.url)</pre>
    conversation.data<-fromJSON(conversation.get)</pre>
    # Simple error checking
    if(is.null(conversation.data$error)) {
        user.id.a<-conversation.data$user_a_id[[1]]</pre>
        user.id.b<-conversation.data$user_b_id[[1]]</pre>
        conversations.matrix<-suppressWarnings(do.call("rbind", conversation.data$convers
        reply.to<-sapply(1:nrow(conversations.matrix), function(x) ifelse(conversations.m
```

conversations.df<-cbind(user.id.a, user.id.b, conversations.matrix[,1], conversat</pre>

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```
conversations.df<-as.data.frame(conversations.df)
  names(conversations.df)<-c("user.id.a", "user.id.b", "conversation.id", "conversation
  return(conversations.df)
}
else {
  warning(conversation.data$message[[1]])
  return(NA)
}</pre>
```

demographics

Gather demographic data for a given IP address from the U.S. Census

## **Description**

A function to return infochimps.com census data for a given IP address from the Digital Elements IP data and U.S. censu data with infochimps.com APIs.

# Usage

```
demographics (ip.address, session)
```

# **Arguments**

```
ip.address Properly formatted IP address as character string
session Object containing session API key information, created with infochimps() function
```

### Value

list: see reference for listing of all data returned (extensive)

### Author(s)

Drew Conway, <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

# References

http://api.infochimps.com/describe/web/an/de/demographics

```
my.infochimps<-infochimps("your.api.key")
nyu<-demographics("128.122.79.165", my.infochimps)

## The function is currently defined as
function(ip.address, session) {
    demographics.url<-paste(session$de.url, "demographics.json?ip=",ip.address, "&apikey=",
    demographics.get<-getURL(demographics.url)
    demographics.data<-fromJSON(demographics.get)
    if(is.null(demographics.data$error)) {
        return(demographics.data)
    }
}</pre>
```

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```
else {
    warning(demographics.data$message[[1]])
    return(NA)
}
```

domain

Return domain information for a given domian

# **Description**

A function to return Digitial Elements IP domain data from the infochimps.com API

### Usage

```
domain(ip.address, session)
```

# **Arguments**

ip.address Properly formatted IP address as character string

session Object containing session API key information, created with infochimps() func-

tion

#### Value

A list containing the following elements:

domain Domain name (character)

company Registered company name (character)
isp Internet service provider (character)

proxy\_type Proxy type (character)
naics\_code NAICS Code (numeric)

### Author(s)

Drew Conway <a href="mailto:conway@nyu.edu">drew.conway@nyu.edu</a>

# References

http://api.infochimps.com/describe/web/an/de/domain

```
my.infochimps<-infochimps("your.api.key")
nyu<-domain("128.122.79.165",my.infochimps)

## The function is currently defined as
function(ip.address,session) {
    domain.url<-paste(session$de.url,"domain.json?ip=",ip.address,"&apikey=",session$api.
    domain.get<-getURL(domain.url)
    domain.data<-fromJSON(domain.get)
    if(is.null(domain.data$error)) {</pre>
```

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```
return(domain.data)
}
else {
    warning(domain.data$message[[1]])
    return(NA)
}
```

influence

Find the level of influence for a given Twitter user

# **Description**

A function to return infochimps.com influence scores for a Twitter user

# Usage

```
influence(screen.name, session, user.id = NA)
```

## **Arguments**

```
screen.name The name of a Twitter user

session Object containing session API key information, created with infochimps() function

user.id a Twitter user ID
```

#### Value

list: see reference for listing of all data returned (extensive)

# Author(s)

Drew Conway, <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

# References

http://api.infochimps.com/describe/soc/net/tw/influence

```
my.infochimps<-infochimps("your.api.key")
drew<-influence("drewconway", my.infochimps)

## The function is currently defined as
function(screen.name, session, user.id=NA) {
    if(is.na(user.id)) {
        influence.url<-paste(session$base.url, "influence.json?screen_name=", screen.name,"
    }
    else{
        influence.url<-paste(session$base.url, "influence.json?user_id=", user.id, "&apikey=")
    influence.get<-getURL(influence.url)
    influence.data<-fromJSON(influence.get)</pre>
```

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```
# Simple error checking
if(is.null(influence.data$error)) {
    return(influence.data)
}
else {
    warning(influence.data$message[[1]])
    return(NA)
}
```

infochimps

Create an infochimps.com API session.

# **Description**

List object to hold a user's API key, as well as all API URLS. Needed in all functions

### Usage

```
infochimps(api.key)
```

# **Arguments**

api.key A valid infochimps.com API key

### Value

api.key A valid infochimps.com API key
base Base URL for most infochimps.com API calls
de Base URL for Digital Elements API calls
ip Base URL for IP address related API calls

#### Author(s)

Drew Conway <a href="mailto:conway@nyu.edu">drew.conway@nyu.edu</a>

# References

To get an API key from infochimps.com see, http://api.infochimps.com/about/features-and-pricing

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ip.geo

IP address geo-location

# Description

A function to return Digitial Elements IP Intelligence geo-loaction data from the infochimps.com API

## Usage

```
ip.geo(ip.address, session)
```

# Arguments

ip.address Properly formatted IP address as character string
session Object containing session API key information, created with infochimps() function

# Value

list: see reference for listing of all data returned (extensive)

# Author(s)

Drew Conway <a href="mailto:conway@nyu.edu">drew.conway@nyu.edu</a>

# References

http://api.infochimps.com/describe/web/an/de/geo

```
my.infochimps("your.api.key")
nyu<-ip.geo("128.122.79.165",my.infochimps)

## The function is currently defined as
function(ip.address,session) {
    geo.url<-paste(session$de.url, "geo.json?ip=",ip.address, "&apikey=",session$api.key,segeo.get<-getURL(geo.url)
    geo.data<-fromJSON(geo.get)
    if(is.null(geo.data$error)) {
        return(geo.data)
    }
    else {
        warning(geo.data$message[[1]])
        return(NA)
</pre>
```

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strong.links

Find all of the Strong Links of a given Twitter user

## **Description**

A function to return infochimps.com Strong Links data

# Usage

```
strong.links(screen.name, session, user.id = NA)
```

# Arguments

screen.name The name of a Twitter user
session Object containing session API key information, created with infochimps() function

user.id a Twitter user ID

# Value

A data frame with the following columns:

```
user.id Twitter user ID (numeric)
strong.link Twitter user ID with Strong Link (numeric)
link.weight Strength of Strong Link (numeric)
```

If user.name not found, return NA

#### Author(s)

Drew Conway <a href="mailto:conway@nyu.edu">drew.conway@nyu.edu</a>

# References

http://api.infochimps.com/describe/soc/net/tw/strong\_links

```
my.infochimps<-infochimps("your.api.key")
drew.links<-strong.links("drewconway",my.infochimps)
head(drew.links)

## The function is currently defined as
function(screen.name,session,user.id=NA) {
   if(is.na(user.id)) {
      strong.url<-paste(session$base.url,"strong_links.json?screen_name=",screen.name,'
   }
   else{
      strong.url<-paste(session$base.url,"strong_links.json?user_id=",user.id,"&apikey=
   }
   strong.get<-getURL(strong.url)
   strong.data<-fromJSON(strong.get)</pre>
```

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```
# Simple error checking
if(is.null(strong.data$error)){
    strong.edges<-do.call("rbind",strong.data$strong_links)
    strong.edges<-cbind(strong.data$user_id,strong.edges)
    strong.df<-as.data.frame(strong.edges)
    names(strong.df)<-c("user.id","strong.edge","link.weight")
    return(strong.df)
}
else{
    warning(strong.data$message[[1]])
    return(NA)
}</pre>
```

trstrank

Get the trstrank score for a given Twitter user

# **Description**

A function to return infochimps.com trstrank score for a Twitter user

# Usage

```
trstrank(screen.name, session, user.id = NA)
```

### **Arguments**

screen.name The name of a Twitter user

session Object containing session API key information, created with infochimps() function

user.id a Twitter user ID

# Value

A list with the following elements:

```
user_id A Twitter user ID (numeric)
screen_name Screen name of a Twitter user (character)
trstrank trstrank score (numeric)
tq trstrank quotient (numeric)
```

### Author(s)

Drew Conway <a href="mailto:conway@nyu.edu">drew.conway@nyu.edu</a>

### References

http://api.infochimps.com/describe/soc/net/tw/trstrank

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#### **Examples**

```
my.infochimps<-infochimps("your.api.key")</pre>
trstrank("drewconway", my.infochimps)
## The function is currently defined as
function(screen.name, session, user.id=NA) {
    if(is.na(user.id)) {
        trstrank.url<-paste(session$base.url,"trstrank.json?screen_name=",screen.name,"&a
    else{
        trstrank.url<-paste(session$base.url,"trstrank.json?user_id=",user.id,"&apikey=",
    trstrank.get<-getURL(trstrank.url)</pre>
    trstrank.data<-fromJSON(trstrank.get)</pre>
    # Simple error checking
    if(is.null(trstrank.data$error)) {
        return(trstrank.data)
    else {
        warning(trstrank.data$message[[1]])
        return(NA)
```

word.bag

Find the words most associated with a given Twitter user

### **Description**

A function to return infochimps.com Word Bag for a Twitter user

# Usage

```
word.bag(screen.name, session, user.id = NA)
```

# **Arguments**

screen.name The name of a Twitter user

session Object containing session API key information, created with infochimps() function

user.id a Twitter user ID

## Value

A list with the following elements:

If user.name not found, return NA

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#### Author(s)

Drew Conway <a href="mailto:conway@nyu.edu">drew.conway@nyu.edu</a>

#### References

http://api.infochimps.com/describe/soc/net/tw/wordbag

# **Examples**

```
my.infochimps<-infochimps("your.api.key")
hilary<-word.bag("hmason", my.infochimps)</pre>
## The function is currently defined as
function(screen.name, session, user.id=NA) {
    if(is.na(user.id)) {
        wordbag.url<-paste(session$base.url, "wordbag.json?screen_name=", screen.name, "&api
    else{
        wordbag.url<-paste(session$base.url, "wordbag.json?user_id=",user.id, "&apikey=",se
    wordbag.get<-getURL(wordbag.url)</pre>
    wordbag.data<-fromJSON(wordbag.get)</pre>
    if(is.null(wordbag.data$error)) {
        # Get wordbag data
        words<-do.call("rbind", wordbag.data$toks)</pre>
        words.df<-as.data.frame(cbind(wordbag.data$user_id[[1]],words))</pre>
        names(words.df)<-c("user.id", "rel.freq", "tok", "user.freq.ppb")</pre>
        words.list<-list(user.id=wordbag.data$user_id[[1]],vocab=wordbag.data$vocab[[1]],</pre>
        return(words.list)
    else {
        warning(wordbag.data$message[[1]])
        return(NA)
```

word.stats

Get basic statistics associated with a given word on Twitter

# **Description**

A function to return infochimps.com Word Stats data

# Usage

```
word.stats(tok, session)
```

# Arguments

tok The word you are searching (character)

Object containing session API key information, created with infochimps() function

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### Value

```
A list with the following elements:
```

```
global_stdev_ppb
Standard deviation (numeric)

range Range (numeric)

tok The word (character)

global_freq_ppb
Global frequency in parts-per-billion (numeric)
```

If tok not found, return NA

# Author(s)

Drew Conway <a href="mailto:conway@nyu.edu">conway@nyu.edu</a>

## References

http://api.infochimps.com/describe/soc/net/tw/word\_stats

```
my.infochimps<-infochimps("your.api.key")
word.stats("infochimps", my.infochimps)

## The function is currently defined as
function(tok, session) {
    word.url<-paste(session$base.url, "word_stats.json?tok=",tok, "&apikey=",session$api.ke
    word.get<-getURL(word.url)
    word.data<-fromJSON(word.get)
    # Simple error checking
    if(is.null(word.data$error)) {
        return(word.data)
    }
    else {
        warning(word.data$message[[1]])
        return(NA)</pre>
```

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