

# Package ‘infochimps’

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**Type** Package

**Title** An R wrapper for the infochimps.com API services

**Version** 0.2.1

**Date** 2010-11-22

**Author** Drew Conway

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**Depends** RCurl, RJSONIO

**Description** This package provides functions to access all of the APIs currently available infochimps.com. For more information see <http://api.infochimps.com/>.

**License** BSD

**LazyLoad** yes

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infochimps-package *An R wrapper for the infochimps.com API services*

---

### Description

This package provides functions to access all of the APIs currently available infochimps.com.

### Details

Package:	infochimps
Type:	Package
Version:	0.1.2
Date:	2010-11-22
License:	BSD
LazyLoad:	yes

### Author(s)

Drew Conway <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

### References

<http://api.infochimps.com/>.

### Examples

```
library(infochimps)

infochimps("your.api.key")
drew<-influence("drewconway")
```

---

census *Gather U.S. Census data for a given IP address*

---

### Description

A function to return combined census data for a given IP address using the infochimps.com APIs

### Usage

```
census(ip.address)
```

### Arguments

ip.address      Properly formatted IP address as character string

**Value**

list : see reference for listing of all data returned (extensive)

**Author(s)**

Drew Conway, <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

**References**

[http://api.infochimps.com/describe/web/an/ip\\_census/combined](http://api.infochimps.com/describe/web/an/ip_census/combined)

**Examples**

```
infochimps("your.api.key")
nyu<-census("128.122.79.165")

## The function is currently defined as
function(ip.address) {
  census.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$ip, "combined.json?ip=", ip.address, "&apikey=", .I
  census.get<-getURL(census.url)
  census.data<-fromJSON(census.get)
  if(is.null(census.data$error)) {
    return(census.data)
  }
  else {
    warning(census.data$message[[1]])
    return(NA)
  }
}
```

---

conversations

---

*Create data frame of recent conversations between two Twitter users*


---

**Description**

A function to return the interactions between two Twitter users with infochimps.com API

**Usage**

```
conversations(screen.name.a, screen.name.b, user.id.a = NA, user.id.b = NA)
```

**Arguments**

```
screen.name.a      The name of a Twitter user
screen.name.b      The name of a Twitter user
user.id.a          a Twitter user ID
user.id.b          a Twitter user ID
```

**Value**

Data frame with the following columns:

<code>user.id.a</code>	First Twitter user (numeric)
<code>user.id.b</code>	Second Twitter user (numeric)
<code>conversation.id</code>	Internal Twitter ID for tweet (numeric)
<code>conversation.type</code>	Factor describing conversation type (factor). See ref.
<code>reply.to.id</code>	If RE type, internal Twitter ID for reply-to tweet (numeric)

If user.name not found, or no data, return NA

**Author(s)**

Drew Conway, <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

**References**

<http://api.infochimps.com/describe/soc/net/tw/conversation>

**Examples**

```
infochimps("my.api.key")
jd.tweets<-conversations("drewconway", "CMastication")
head(jd.tweets)

## The function is currently defined as
function(screen.name.a,screen.name.b,user.id.a=NA,user.id.b=NA) {
  if(is.na(user.id.a) & is.na(user.id.b)) {
    conversation.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$base,"conversation.json?user_a_sn=",s
  }
  else {
    if(is.na(user.id.a)==FALSE & is.na(user.id.b)==FALSE) {
      conversation.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$base,"conversation.json?user_a_id
    }
    else {
      if(is.na(user.id.a)) {
        conversation.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$base,"conversation.json?user_
      }
      else {
        conversation.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$base,"conversation.json?user_
      }
    }
  }
  conversation.get<-getURL(conversation.url)
  # Fix JSON for proper handling for conversation IDs
  conversation.get<-gsub("[0-9]+","\\1\\2",conversation.get,perl=TRUE)
  conversation.data<-fromJSON(conversation.get)
  # Simple error checking
  if(is.null(conversation.data$error)) {
    user.id.a<-conversation.data$user_a_id[[1]]
    user.id.b<-conversation.data$user_b_id[[1]]
    conversations.matrix<-suppressWarnings(do.call("rbind", conversation.data$conversations))
    if(dim(conversations.matrix)[2]<3) {
```

```

    # JSON request returns no reply-to data
    reply.to<-NA
  }
  else {
    reply.to<-sapply(1:nrow(conversations.matrix), function(x) ifelse(conversations.matrix[x,1]!="", conversations.matrix[x,1], ""))
    conversations.df<-cbind(user.id.a, user.id.b, conversations.matrix[,1], conversations.matrix[,2], conversations.matrix[,3], conversations.matrix[,4])
    conversations.df<-as.data.frame(conversations.df, stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
    conversation.names<-c("user.id.a", "user.id.b", "conversation.id", "conversation.type")
    names(conversations.df)<-conversation.names
    for(c in 1:length(conversation.names)) {conversations.df[,c]<-unlist(strsplit(as.character(conversations.df[,c]), "\n"))}
    return(conversations.df)
  }
  else {
    warning(conversation.data$message[[1]])
    return(NA)
  }
}

```

demographics	<i>Gather demographic data for a given IP address from the U.S. Census</i>
--------------	--

### Description

A function to return infochimps.com census data for a given IP address from the Digital Elements IP data and U.S. censu data with infochimps.com APIs.

## Usage

demographics (ip.address)

## Arguments

ip.address	Properly formatted IP address as character string
------------	---

## Value

list : see reference for listing of all data returned (extensive)

**Author(s)**

Drew Conway, <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

## References

<http://api.infochimps.com/describe/web/an/de/demographics>

## Examples

```
infochimps("your.api.key")
nyu<-demographics("128.122.79.165")

## The function is currently defined as
function(ip.address) {
  demographics.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$de,"demographics.json?ip=",ip.address,"&
  demographics.get<-getURL(demographics.url)
  demographics.data<-fromJSON(demographics.get)
  if(is.null(demographics.data$error)) {
    return(demographics.data)
  }
  else {
    warning(demographics.data$message[[1]])
    return(NA)
  }
}
```

---

domain

*Return domain information for a given domain*

---

## Description

A function to return Digital Elements IP domain data from the infochimps.com API

## Usage

```
domain(ip.address)
```

## Arguments

`ip.address`      Properly formatted IP address as character string

## Value

A list containing the following elements:

<code>domain</code>	Domain name (character)
<code>company</code>	Registered company name (character)
<code>isp</code>	Internet service provider (character)
<code>proxy_type</code>	Proxy type (character)
<code>naics_code</code>	NAICS Code (numeric)

## Author(s)

Drew Conway <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

## References

<http://api.infochimps.com/describe/web/an/de/domain>

**Examples**

```

infochimps("your.api.key")
nyu<-domain("128.122.79.165")

## The function is currently defined as
function(ip.address) {
  domain.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$de, "domain.json?ip=", ip.address, "&apikey=", .Inf
  domain.get<-getURL(domain.url)
  domain.data<-fromJSON(domain.get)
  if(is.null(domain.data$error)) {
    return(domain.data)
  }
  else {
    warning(domain.data$message[[1]])
    return(NA)
  }
}

```

---

influence

*Find the level of influence for a given Twitter user*


---

**Description**

A function to return infochimps.com influence scores for a Twitter user

**Usage**

```
influence(screen.name, user.id = NA)
```

**Arguments**

screen.name    The name of a Twitter user  
user.id        a Twitter user ID

**Value**

list : see reference for listing of all data returned (extensive)

**Author(s)**

Drew Conway, <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

**References**

<http://api.infochimps.com/describe/soc/net/tw/influence>

**Examples**

```

infochimps("your.api.key")
drew<-influence("drewconway")

## The function is currently defined as
function(screen.name,user.id=NA) {
  if(is.na(user.id)) {
    influence.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$base,"influence.json?screen_name=",screen.name,"&user_id=",user.id,"&api_key=",infochimps("your.api.key"))
  }
  else{
    influence.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$base,"influence.json?user_id=",user.id,"&api_key=",infochimps("your.api.key"))
  }
  influence.get<-getURL(influence.url)
  influence.data<-fromJSON(influence.get)
  # Simple error checking
  if(is.null(influence.data$error)){
    return(influence.data)
  }
  else {
    warning(influence.data$message[[1]])
    return(NA)
  }
}

```

---

infochimps

---

*Create an infochimps.com API session.*


---

**Description**

List object to hold a user's API key, as well as all API URLs. Needed in all functions

**Usage**

```
infochimps(api.key)
```

**Arguments**

`api.key`      A valid infochimps.com API key

**Value**

`api.key`      A valid infochimps.com API key

**Author(s)**

Drew Conway <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

**References**

To get an API key from infochimps.com see, <http://api.infochimps.com/about/features-and-pricing>



**Examples**

```
infochimps("your.api.key")

## The function is currently defined as
function(api.key) {
  if(is.character(api.key)) {
    .InfochimpsEnv$data$api.key<-api.key
  }
  else{
    warning("API key must be a string")
  }
}
```

ip.geo

*IP address geo-location***Description**

A function to return Digital Elements IP Intelligence geo-loaction data from the infochimps.com API

**Usage**

```
ip.geo(ip.address)
```

**Arguments**

ip.address      Properly formatted IP address as character string

**Value**

list : see reference for listing of all data returned (extensive)

**Author(s)**

Drew Conway <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

**References**

<http://api.infochimps.com/describe/web/an/de/geo>

**Examples**

```
infochimps("your.api.key")
nyu<-ip.geo("128.122.79.165")

## The function is currently defined as
function(ip.address) {
  geo.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$de,"geo.json?ip=",ip.address,"&apikey=",.InfochimpsEnv$data$apikey)
  geo.get<-getURL(geo.url)
  geo.data<-fromJSON(geo.get)
  if(is.null(geo.data$error)) {
    return(geo.data)
  }
}
```

```

    }
    else {
      warning(geo.data$message[[1]])
      return(NA)
    }
  }
}

```

strong.links

*Find all of the Strong Links of a given Twitter user***Description**

A function to return infochimps.com Strong Links data

**Usage**

```
strong.links(screen.name, user.id = NA)
```

**Arguments**

screen.name    The name of a Twitter user  
 user.id        a Twitter user ID

**Value**

A data frame with the following columns:

user.id        Twitter user ID (numeric)  
 strong.link    Twitter user ID with Strong Link (numeric)  
 link.weight    Strength of Strong Link (numeric)

If user.name not found, return NA

**Author(s)**

Drew Conway <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

**References**

[http://api.infochimps.com/describe/soc/net/tw/strong\\_links](http://api.infochimps.com/describe/soc/net/tw/strong_links)

**Examples**

```

infochimps("your.api.key")
drew.links<-strong.links("drewconway")
head(drew.links)

## The function is currently defined as
function(screen.name,user.id=NA) {
  if(is.na(user.id)) {
    strong.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$base,"strong_links.json?screen_name=",screen.name)
  }
  else{

```

```

    strong.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$base,"strong_links.json?user_id=",user.id,"
  }
  strong.get<-getURL(strong.url)
  strong.data<-fromJSON(strong.get)
  # Simple error checking
  if(is.null(strong.data$error)){
    strong.edges<-do.call("rbind",strong.data$strong_links)
    strong.edges<-cbind(strong.data$user_id,strong.edges)
    strong.df<-as.data.frame(strong.edges, stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
    strong.names<-c("user.id","strong.edge","link.weight")
    names(strong.df)<-strong.names
    for(c in 1:length(strong.names)) {strong.df[,c]<-unlist(strong.df[,c])}
    return(strong.df)
  }
  else{
    warning(strong.data$message[[1]])
    return(NA)
  }
}

```

trstrank

*Get the trstrank score for a given Twitter user***Description**

A function to return infochimps.com trstrank score for a Twitter user

**Usage**

```
trstrank(screen.name, user.id = NA)
```

**Arguments**

screen.name    The name of a Twitter user  
 user.id        a Twitter user ID

**Value**

A list with the following elements:

user\_id        A Twitter user ID (numeric)  
 screen\_name   Screen name of a Twitter user (character)  
 trstrank       trstrank score (numeric)  
 tq             trstrank quotient (numeric)

**Author(s)**

Drew Conway <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

**References**

<http://api.infochimps.com/describe/soc/net/tw/trstrank>

## Examples

```
infochimps("your.api.key")
trstrank("drewconway")

## The function is currently defined as
function(screen.name, user.id=NA) {
  if(is.na(user.id)) {
    trstrank.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$base, "trstrank.json?screen_name=", screen.name, "&")
  }
  else{
    trstrank.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$base, "trstrank.json?user_id=", user.id, "&")
  }
  trstrank.get<-getURL(trstrank.url)
  trstrank.data<-fromJSON(trstrank.get)
  # Simple error checking
  if(is.null(trstrank.data$error)) {
    return(trstrank.data)
  }
  else {
    warning(trstrank.data$message[[1]])
    return(NA)
  }
}
```

---

word.bag

*Find the words most associated with a given Twitter user*


---

## Description

A function to return infochimps.com Word Bag for a Twitter user

## Usage

```
word.bag(screen.name, user.id = NA)
```

## Arguments

screen.name	The name of a Twitter user
user.id	a Twitter user ID

## Value

A list with the following elements:

user_id	Twitter used ID (numeric)
vocab	Number of distinct tokens ever emitted (numeric)
total.usages	Total number of tokens emitted (numeric)
tok.df	Data frame with columns: user.id (numeric), rel.freq (numeric), tok user (character), freq.ppb (numeric)

If user.name not found, return NA

**Author(s)**

Drew Conway <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

## References

<http://api.infochimps.com/describe/soc/net/tw/wordbag>

## Examples

```

infochimps("your.api.key")
hilary<-word.bag("hmason")

## The function is currently defined as
function(screen.name,user.id=NA) {
  if(is.na(user.id)) {
    wordbag.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$base,"wordbag.json?screen_name=",screen.name)
  }
  else{
    wordbag.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$base,"wordbag.json?user_id=",user.id,"&api_key=",infochimps("your.api.key"))
  }
  wordbag.get<-getURL(wordbag.url)
  wordbag.data<-fromJSON(wordbag.get)
  if(is.null(wordbag.data$error)) {
    # Get wordbag data
    words<-do.call("rbind", wordbag.data$toks)
    words.df<-as.data.frame(cbind(wordbag.data$user_id[[1]],words), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
    words.names<-c("user.id","rel.freq","tok","user.freq.ppb")
    names(words.df)<-words.names
    for(c in 1:length(words.names)) {words.df[,c]<-unlist(words.df[,c])}
    words.list<-list(user.id=wordbag.data$user_id[[1]],vocab=wordbag.data$vocab[[1]],rel.freq=words.df[,3],tok=words.df[,4],user.freq.ppb=words.df[,5])
    return(words.list)
  }
  else {
    warning(wordbag.data$message[[1]])
    return(NA)
  }
}

```

---

<code>word.stats</code>	<i>Get basic statistics associated with a given word on Twitter</i>
-------------------------	---

### Description

### A function to return infochimps.com Word Stats data

## Usage

```
word.stats(tok)
```

## Arguments

tok	The word you are searching (character)
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8
9	9
10	10
11	11
12	12
13	13
14	14
15	15
16	16
17	17
18	18
19	19
20	20
21	21
22	22
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80	80
81	81
82	82
83	83
84	84
85	85
86	86
87	87
88	88
89	89
90	90
91	91
92	92
93	93
94	94
95	95
96	96
97	97
98	98
99	99
100	100

**Value**

A list with the following elements:

global_stdev_ppb	Standard deviation (numeric)
range	Range (numeric)
tok	The word (character)
global_freq_ppb	Global frequency in parts-per-billion (numeric)

If tok not found, return NA

**Author(s)**

Drew Conway <drew.conway@nyu.edu>

**References**

[http://api.infochimps.com/describe/soc/net/tw/word\\_stats](http://api.infochimps.com/describe/soc/net/tw/word_stats)

**Examples**

```
infochimps("your.api.key")
word.stats("infochimps")

## The function is currently defined as
function(tok) {
  tok<-tolower(gsub("[[:punct:]]", "", tok))
  word.url<-paste(.InfochimpsEnv$data$base, "word_stats.json?tok=", tok, "&apikey=", .InfochimpsEnv$data$apikey)
  word.get<-getURL(word.url)
  word.data<-fromJSON(word.get)
  # Simple error checking
  if(is.null(word.data$error)) {
    return(word.data)
  }
  else {
    warning(word.data$message[[1]])
    return(NA)
  }
}
```

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