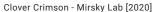


PLANT HARDINESS ZONE 7 DATASET

COVER CROP DESCRIPTION

A cool season annual with a short, upright growth habit. Popular in warmer regions of the Northeast. Shade tolerant. Does not reliably overwinter. Good forage producer, good N-fixer. Showy red blooms, good for pollinators. Host to some problem nematodes. Inoculate the seed with appropriate Rhizobium spp.; cross-inoculates with red or white clover. Mixes well with barley, annual ryegrass, cereal rye. Larger seeded and better seedling vigor than most clovers. Earlier-seeded, more fall growth, earlier spring bloom than hairy vetch. Slower residue breakdown of stems and N release than vetch.



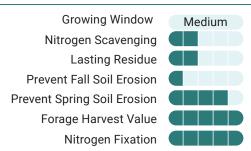




Clover Crimson - Mirsky Lab [2020] Clover Crimson - Aaron Sande [2020] Clover Crimson - Bjorkman [2020]



GOALS



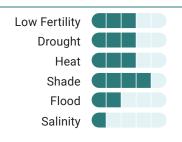
Penetrates Plow Pan **Reduces Surface Compaction** Improve Soil Organic Matter Increase Soil Aggregation **Good Grazing** Pollinator Food



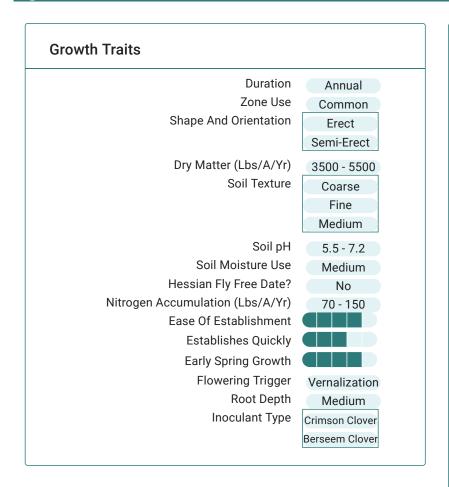
WEEDS

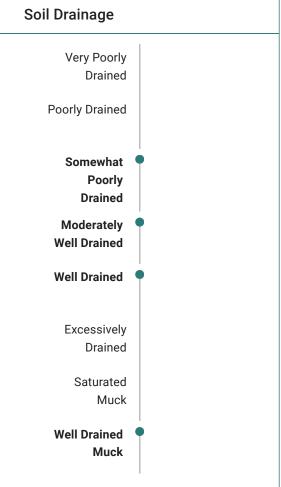
Residue Suppresses Summer Annual Weeds **Outcompetes Summer Annual Weeds** Suppresses Winter Annual Weeds Persistence Volunteer Establishment

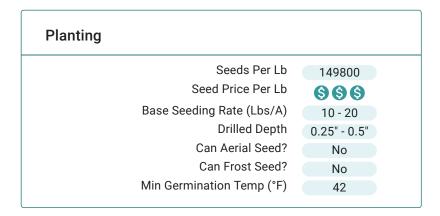
ENVIRONMENTAL TOLERANCES

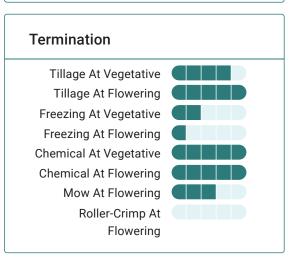


♠ PLANT HARDINESS ZONE 7 DATASET



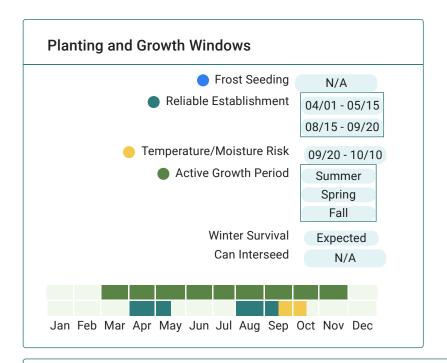








♠ PLANT HARDINESS ZONE 7 DATASET



Extended Comments

Pollinators: Attracts bumblebee queens and honeybees. One of the earliest flowering clovers. Delay termination until at least 30-50% bloom to maximize value to pollinators.

Goals: In USDA hardiness zone 7, there is rarely time between row crop harvest and the onset of winter to establish a crimson clover stand sufficient to protect against soil erosion in the fall-winter.

Nematodes: Excellent host for root-knot nematode.

Termination: If using herbicides to terminate use a tank mixture (e.g., glyphosate + dicamba or 2,4-d); do not rely on glyphosate alone. Freezing during the flowering stage unlikely.

Forage and Grazing: Failure to overwinter reliably in USDA hardiness zone 5 and less may limit utility for grazing and forage harvest unless planted in mid to late summer for winter termination.



♠ PLANT HARDINESS ZONE 7 DATASET

References & Resources

<u>Planting Flowers for Bees in Connecticut</u>, Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station

Multiple Purpose Cover Crops, Northeast Organic Farming Association of Connecticut

Fall Cover Crops, University of Delaware Cooperative Extension

Cover Crops and Green Manure Crops - Benefits, Selection, and Use, Rutgers Cooperative Research and Extension

Choosing Cover Crops, University of Massachusetts Extension

<u>Cover Crops – What a Difference a Few Weeks Makes</u>, Cornell University Cooperative Extension

Cover Crops for Conservation Tillage Systems, Penn State Extension

<u>Using Flowering Cover Crops for Native Pollinating Bee Conservation</u>, Penn State Extension

Special Cover Crop Control Considerations, Penn State Extension