Clover, Balansa

Trifolium michelianum





PLANT HARDINESS ZONE 6 DATASET

COVER CROP DESCRIPTION

Cool-season annual legume. Good N fixer. Good for forage. Blooms attractive to pollinators. Can re-seed if managed for such. Can be hard seeded. Slow seedling establishment compared to other clovers but puts on large amount of biomass the following spring, flowering about two weeks later than crimson clover. Similar to berseem clover. Seed with low rate of oats for late summer/fall seeding if erosion is a concern.

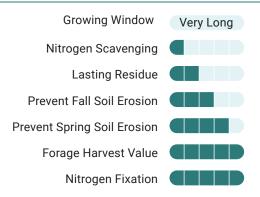


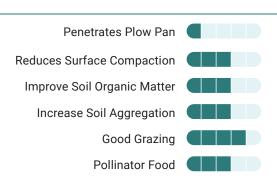


Clover, Balansa - WikimediaCommons [2008]

Clover, Balansa - Salon [2020]

GOALS

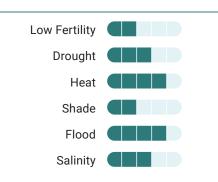




WEEDS



ENVIRONMENTAL TOLERANCES



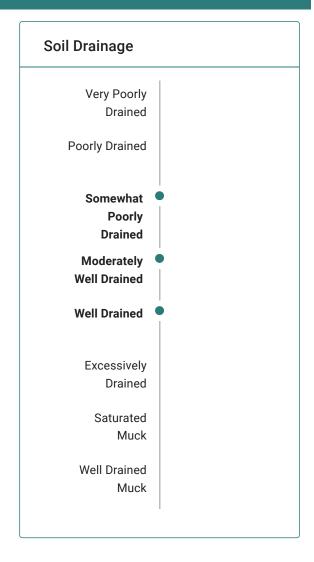
Clover, Balansa

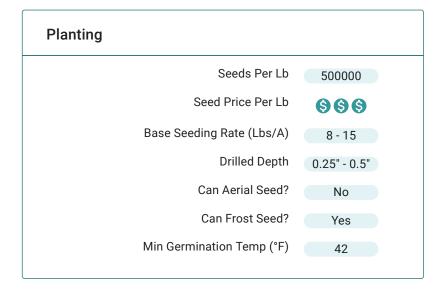
Trifolium michelianum

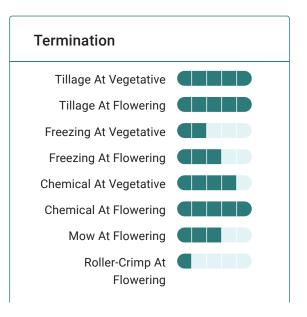


♠ PLANT HARDINESS ZONE 6 DATASET

	Growth Traits
Annual	Duration
Emerging	Zone Use
Erect	Shape And Orientation
1200 - 3000	Dry Matter (Lbs/A/Yr)
Fine	Soil Texture
Medium	
6.5 - 8	Soil pH
Medium	Soil Moisture Use
No	Hessian Fly Free Date?
70 - 150	Nitrogen Accumulation (Lbs/A/Yr)
	Ease Of Establishment
	Establishes Quickly
	Early Spring Growth
Vernalization	Flowering Trigger
Medium	Root Depth
Berseem Clover	Inoculant Type
Crimson Clover	







Clover, Balansa

Trifolium michelianum





PLANT HARDINESS ZONE 6 DATASET



Extended Comments

Planting: Frost seeding needs more research for this species due to its slow initial establishment. Frost seeding may not be advisable in coastal areas. Grows rapidly in spring.

Termination: If using herbicides to terminate use a tank mixture (e.g., glyphosate + dicamba or 2,4-d)

Growth, Roots, and Nutrients: The Balansa clover seed is very small, for successful Balansa Clover establishment the soil should be firm (packed). A small seed, it should not be planted too deep, only up to 1/4 inch deep. Most establishment problems have resulted from planting the seed to deep. In mixes, include this in the small box of the drill or adjust the drill accordingly that the seed is not placed too deep.

Pollinators: Delay termination until at least 30-50% bloom to maximize value to pollinators.

Nematodes: Host for root-knot nematode.

References & Resources

Use of Cover Crops and Green Manures to Attract Beneficial Insects, University of Connecticut Integrated Pest

Management Program