



COVER CROP DESCRIPTION

Also sometimes known as Italian ryegrass. Establishes well in tough conditions. Tolerates wet soils better than small grains. Not good in heat or drought. Winter-hardiness can vary - select cultivar accordingly. Dense fibrous root system, top soil conditioner, good weed fighter and N scavenger, top-quality forage. Needs N fertility for high biomass. One of the best cover crop species for interseeding due to ease of establishment under droughty conditions, shade tolerance, and short stature. Annual ryegrass is a key weed in small grains. Do not allow to set seed. Can be hard to terminate in the spring with herbicides and other methods; successful termination dependent on crop growth stage and application timing. Blends of annual ryegrass that mature at different times will make termination more difficult. Mixes well with crimson clover. Shorter than small grains with a lower C:N ratio.

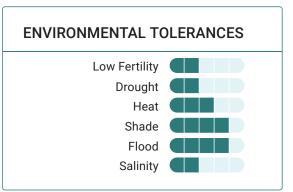




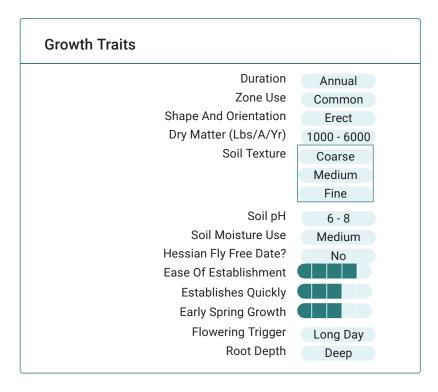
Ryegrass, Annual - Ackroyd [2020] Ryegrass, Annual - Ackroyd [2020]

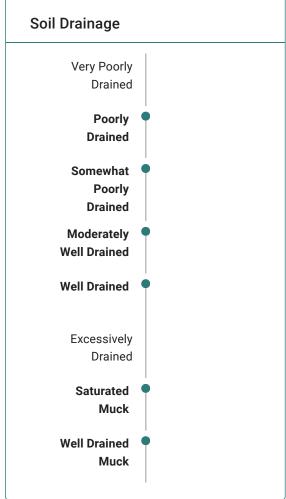
GOALS Penetrates Plow Pan **Growing Window** Short Nitrogen Scavenging **Reduces Surface Compaction** Lasting Residue Improve Soil Organic Matter Prevent Fall Soil Erosion Increase Soil Aggregation **Prevent Spring Soil Erosion Good Grazing** Pollinator Food Forage Harvest Value

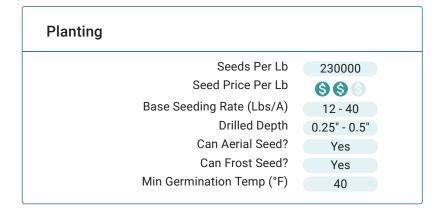


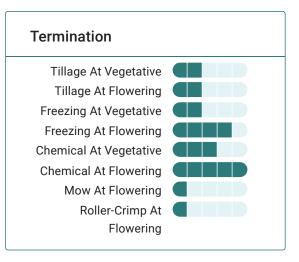






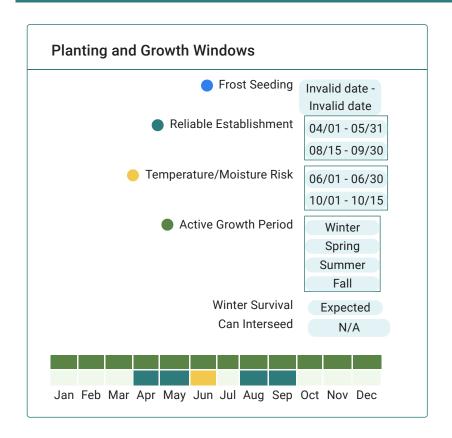
















Extended Comments

Taxonomy: Scientific name quandry! Lolium multiflorum deprecated: https://www.calflora.org/cgi-bin/species_query.cgi? where-taxon=Festuca+perennis

Planting: Frost seeding may not be advisable in coastal areas.

Termination: Herbicide resistance has been documented in annual ryegrass. If using tillage, multiple passes may be necessary. Mow to 6" height to improve likelihood of winter survival.

Forage and Grazing: Breeding efforts in Europe to make Italian ryegrass more winterhardy because it is FANTASTIC forage. This makes it difficult to manage as a cover crop if the farm has no livestock to feed it to.

Weeds: If mowing, leave 3-4" to ensure regrowth; Must be killed before it joints or after heading

Goals: Italian ryegrass is a biennial; needs vernalization to set seed and reliably winter kills in some areas, hence the nickname "annual ryegrass." There are true annual ryegrasses: these are called Westerwolds. They do not have a vernalization requirement to set seed, so management is needed to prevent volunteers. Cultivar matters hugely when using ryegrass as a cover crop because it affects the likelihood of winterkill and how challenging it will be to manage in rotation.

Nematodes: Host for root-knot and sting nematode





References & Resources

Spring Planted Cover Crops for Vegetable Rotations, University of Delaware Cooperative Extension

Forage Species Adapted to the Northeast, West Virginia University Extension Service

Pasture and Hay Seeding Rates, West Virginia University Extension Service

Cover Crops and Green Manure Crops - Benefits, Selection, and Use, Rutgers Cooperative Research and Extension

Pasture Production of Selected Forage Species. University of New Hampshire Cooperative Extension

Aerial Seeding Helps Farmers Plant Cover Crops in the Northeast, Lancaster Farming

<u>UNH Researchers Find Forage Radish is the Cream of Cover Crops.</u> University of New Hampshire Ag Experiment Station

Cover Crops, University of Massachusetts Extension

Cover Crops and Green Manures (New England Vegetable Management Guide), University of Massachusetts Extension

Late Season Cover Crops, University of Massachusetts Extension

Plant Cover Crops, University of Maryland Extension

Cover Cropping for Success, University of Maine Cooperative Extension

<u>Cover Crops for Home Gardens</u>, University of Maine Cooperative Extension

Using Green Manures, Maine Organic Farmers and Gardeners Association

Selected Green Manures and Cover Crops for Maine, University of Maine

Spring Management of Overwintering Cover Crops - Don't Wait!, Cornell University Cooperative Extension

Annual Ryegrass, Cornell University Cooperative Extension

Early Spring Seasonal Cover Crops, Cornell University Cooperative Extension

Mid and Late Summer Seasonal Cover Crops, Cornell University Cooperative Extension

Cover Crops for Conservation Tillage Systems, Penn State Extension

Cover Crop Interseeder - Potential for Injury from Corn Herbicides, Penn State Extension

Ryegrass, Penn State Extension

Cover Crop Interseeder - Impacts on Corn Yield, Penn State Extension

Special Cover Crop Control Considerations, Penn State Extension