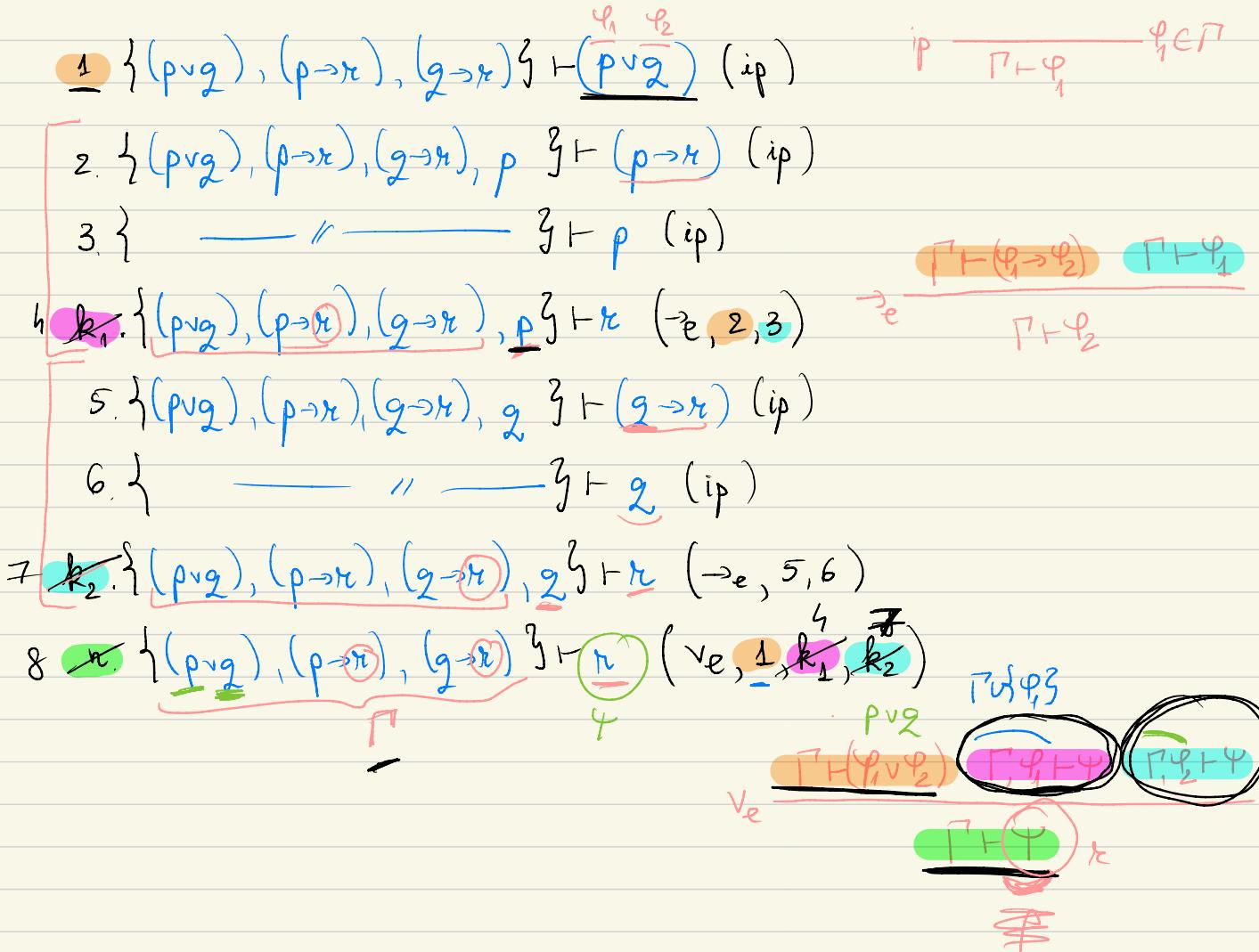
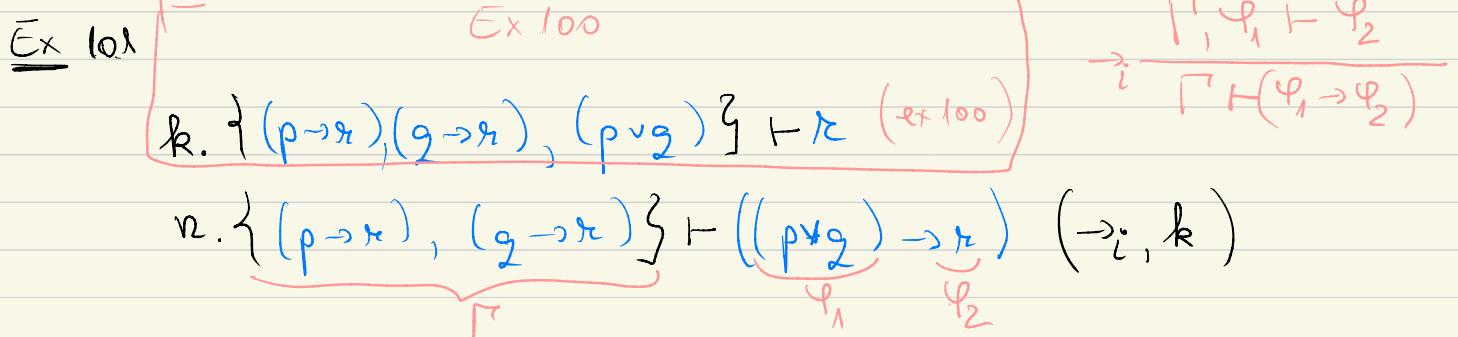


Ex 100:  $\{(p \vee q), (p \rightarrow r), (q \rightarrow r)\} \vdash r$  válida



a.  $\{(p \vee q), (p \rightarrow r), (q \rightarrow r)\} \vdash \underline{(q \rightarrow r)} \quad (\text{ip})$

$\{(p \vee q), (p \rightarrow r), (q \rightarrow r), q\} \vdash \underline{(q \rightarrow r)} \quad (\text{ext a}) \quad (\text{ip})$



Ex 10h 1)  $\{(p \vee q), (\neg p \wedge q)\} \vdash \neg(\neg p \wedge q)$  válida

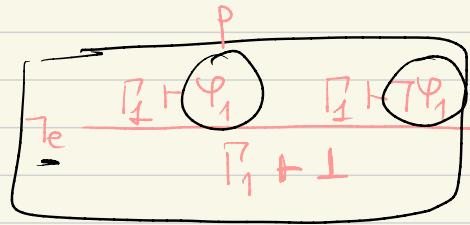
1.  $\{(p \vee q), (\neg p \wedge q)\} \vdash (\neg p \vee q)$  (ip)

2.  $\{(p \vee q), (\neg p \wedge q), p\} \vdash p$  (ip)

3.  $\{(p \vee q), (\neg p \wedge q), p\} \vdash \neg(\neg p \wedge q)$  (ip)

4.  $\{ \} \vdash \neg p$  ( $\Lambda e_1, 3$ )

5.  $\{k_1\} (p \vee q), (\neg p \wedge q), \underline{p} \vdash \perp (\neg e, 2, 4)$



6.  $\{(p \vee q), (\neg p \wedge q), q\} \vdash q$  (ip)

7.  $\{(p \vee q), (\neg p \wedge q), q\} \vdash (\neg p \wedge q)$  (ip)

8.  $\{(p \vee q), (\neg p \wedge q), \underline{q}\} \vdash \neg q$  ( $\Lambda e_2, 7$ ) ( $\Lambda e_2, 3$ )

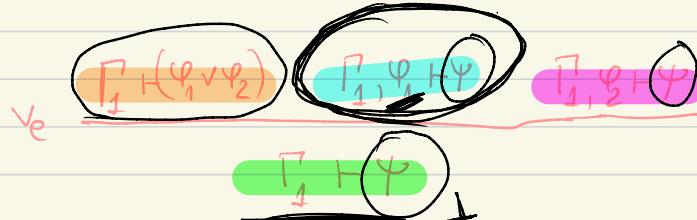
9.  $\{k_2\} (p \vee q), (\neg p \wedge q), \underline{q} \vdash \perp (\neg e, 6, 8)$

10.  $\{k_2\} (p \vee q), (\neg p \wedge q) \vdash \perp (v_e, 1, k_1, k_2)$

11. ~~x.~~  $\{(p \vee q)\} \vdash \neg(\neg p \wedge q) (\neg i, \frac{k}{10})$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \Psi \vdash \perp}{\Gamma \vdash \neg \Psi}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash \neg \Phi_1}{\Gamma \vdash \Phi_1} \quad \text{X}$$



1.  $\Gamma_1 \vdash (p \vee q)$

2.  $\Gamma_1 \vdash (\neg p \wedge q)$

— 3.  $\Gamma_1 \vdash \neg p$  ( $\Lambda e_1, 2$ )

— 4.  $\Gamma_1 \vdash \neg q$  ( $\Lambda e_2, 2$ )

5.  $\Gamma_1, p \vdash \neg p$  (ext 3)

6.  $\Gamma_1, p \vdash p$  (ip)

7.  $\{k_1\} \Gamma_1, p \vdash \perp (\neg e, 6, 5)$

8.  $\Gamma_1, q \vdash \neg q$  (ext 4)

9.  $\Gamma_1, q \vdash q$  (ip)

10.  $\{k_2\} \Gamma_1, q \vdash \perp (\neg e, 9, 8)$

11-10.  $\{(p \vee q), (\neg p \wedge q)\} \vdash \perp$

$\Gamma_1$

Ex 104 b)

parte direita ex 104 1)

$$j. \{(\neg p_1 \neg q_2), (p \vee q_2)\} \vdash \perp$$

$$n. \{(\neg p_1 \neg q_2)\} \vdash \neg (\underline{p \vee q_2}) \quad (\gamma_i, j) \\ \varphi_1$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \varphi_1 \vdash \perp}{\Gamma \vdash \neg \varphi_1}$$

Ex 115 2)

$$\text{LEM} \quad \frac{}{\Gamma \vdash (\varphi \vee \neg \varphi)}$$

$$1. \Gamma_2 \vdash \varphi \quad (\text{ip})$$

$$2. \not\in \Gamma_2. \Gamma_2 \vdash (\varphi \vee \neg \varphi) \quad (\forall i_1, \perp)$$

$$3. \not\in \Gamma_1. \Gamma_2 \vdash \neg (\varphi \vee \neg \varphi) \quad (\text{ip})$$

$$\gamma_e \frac{\varphi \vee \neg \varphi}{\begin{array}{c} \Gamma_2 \vdash \varphi_2 \\ \Gamma_2 \vdash \neg \varphi_2 \end{array}} \quad \Gamma_2 \vdash \perp$$

$$4. \not\in \Gamma_2. \Gamma, \neg (\varphi \vee \neg \varphi), \varphi \vdash \perp \quad (\gamma_e, \not\in \Gamma_2, \not\in \Gamma_1)$$

$$5. \not\in \Gamma_2. \Gamma, \neg (\varphi \vee \neg \varphi) \vdash \neg \varphi \quad (\gamma_i, \not\in \Gamma_2)$$

$$6. \not\in \Gamma_2. \Gamma, \neg (\varphi \vee \neg \varphi) \vdash (\varphi \vee \neg \varphi) \quad (\forall i_2, \not\in \Gamma_1)$$

$$\gamma_i \frac{\Gamma, \varphi \vdash \perp}{\Gamma \vdash \neg \varphi}$$

$$\text{PBC} \frac{\Gamma, \neg \varphi \vdash \perp}{\Gamma \vdash \varphi}$$

$$- 7. \not\in \Gamma_1. \Gamma, \neg (\varphi \vee \neg \varphi) \vdash \neg (\varphi \vee \neg \varphi) \quad (\text{ip})$$

$$8. \not\in \Gamma_1. \Gamma, \neg (\varphi \vee \neg \varphi) \vdash \perp \quad (\gamma_e, \not\in \Gamma_2, \not\in \Gamma_1)$$

$$- 9. \not\in \Gamma_1. \Gamma \vdash \neg \neg (\varphi \vee \neg \varphi) \quad (\gamma_i, \not\in \Gamma_2)$$

$$10. \not\in \Gamma_1. \Gamma \vdash (\varphi \vee \neg \varphi) \quad (\gamma_e, \not\in \Gamma_2) \quad (\text{PBC}, j)$$

$$4) \quad \text{MT} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash (\varphi \rightarrow \varphi') \quad \Gamma \vdash \neg \varphi}{\Gamma \vdash \neg \varphi'}$$

1.  $\Gamma \vdash (\varphi \rightarrow \varphi')$  (data)  
 2.  $\Gamma \vdash \neg \varphi'$  (data)  
 3.  $\Gamma_1, \varphi \vdash \neg \varphi'$  (ext 2)  
 4.  $\Gamma_1, \varphi \vdash (\varphi \rightarrow \varphi')$  (ext 1)  
 5.  $\Gamma, \varphi \vdash \varphi$  (ip)  
 6.  $\Gamma_2, \boxed{\Gamma, \varphi} \vdash \varphi \quad (\rightarrow_e; 4, 5)$   
 7.  $\Gamma, \varphi \vdash \perp \quad (\neg_e, k_2, k_1)$

$$8) \quad \Gamma \vdash \neg \varphi \quad (\neg_i, j) \quad \text{MT, 1, 2} \quad \frac{\neg_i \quad \Gamma \vdash \perp}{\Gamma \vdash \neg \varphi}$$

Ex 108 3)

1.  $\{ \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q), \neg(p \vee q), p \} \vdash p \quad (\text{ip})$   
 2.  $\{ \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q), \neg(p \vee q) \} \vdash \neg(p \vee q) \quad (\neg_i, 1)$   
 3.  $\{ \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q), \neg(p \vee q) \} \vdash \neg(p \vee q) \quad (\text{ip})$   
 4.  $\{ \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q), \neg(p \vee q), \neg \exists \} \vdash \perp \quad (\neg_e, 2, 3)$   
 5.  $\{ \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q), \neg(p \vee q) \} \vdash \neg p \quad (\neg_i, 4)$

aproape identic cu (\*) ( $\neg$  în loc de  $\varphi$ )

$$y_2. \{ \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q), \neg(p \vee q) \} \vdash \neg q$$

$$z_2. \{ \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q), \neg(p \vee q) \} \vdash \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q) \quad (\neg_i, y_1, y_2)$$

$$x_1. \{ \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q), \neg(p \vee q) \} \vdash \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q) \quad (\text{ip}) \quad \frac{\neg_e \quad \begin{matrix} \Gamma \vdash \varphi \\ \Gamma \vdash \neg \varphi \end{matrix}}{\Gamma \vdash \perp}$$

$$j. \{ \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q), \neg(p \vee q) \} \vdash \perp \quad (\neg_e, z_2, x_1)$$

$$k. \{ \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q), \neg(p \vee q) \} \vdash \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q) \quad (\neg_i, j)$$

$$n. \{ \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q), \neg(p \vee q) \} \vdash \neg(p \vee q) \quad (\text{PBC}, j)$$

$$\neg_i \quad \frac{\Gamma, \varphi_1 \vdash \perp}{\Gamma \vdash \neg \varphi_1} \quad \frac{}{\neg \neg(p \vee q)} \quad \varphi_1$$

$$\begin{matrix} \Gamma, \neg \varphi \vdash \perp \\ \Gamma \vdash \neg \neg \varphi \quad (\neg_i) \\ \Gamma \vdash \varphi \quad (\neg \neg_e) \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{PBC} \quad \frac{\Gamma, \neg \varphi \vdash \perp}{\Gamma \vdash \varphi}$$

Ex 116 Th corectitudine : pt orice  $\Gamma \subseteq \mathbb{L}P_{\forall \forall \rightarrow \perp}$ , orice  $\Psi \in \mathbb{L}P_{\forall \forall \rightarrow \perp}$

Dacă  $\Gamma \vdash \Psi$  validă, atunci  $\Gamma \models \Psi$   
 $\vdash P(S) : S = \Gamma \vdash \Psi$

$\Gamma \vdash \Psi$  validă  $\Rightarrow$  există o serie formală.

deci formală  
 pt  $S_2$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $S_2$  validă

1.  $S_1 = \Gamma_1 \vdash \Psi_1 \Rightarrow \Gamma_1 \models \Psi_1$   
 2.  $S_2 = \Gamma_2 \vdash \Psi_2 \Rightarrow \Gamma_2 \models \Psi_2$   
 3.  $\vdots$   
 n.  $S_n = \Gamma \vdash \Psi$  (regulă,  $\underbrace{S_{i_1}, \dots, S_{i_k}}$ )

Dacă prin inducție în funcție de lungimea der.

$\rightarrow$  pp. că  $P(S_k)$  are loc pt toate secențele  $S_k$ ,  $k < n$

Asta înseamnă că avem  $\vdash P(S_n)$

$S_k = \Gamma_k \vdash \Psi_k$  validă  $\Rightarrow \Gamma_k \models \Psi_k$

Caz 1 regula aplicată la linia n este  $\Lambda_i$

$S_i$  este validă  $\vdash S_i = \Gamma \vdash \Psi_i \xrightarrow{\text{ip Jud}} \Gamma \models \Psi_i$

$$\Lambda_i \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Psi_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash \Psi_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\Psi_1 \wedge \Psi_2)} n$$

j.  $S_j = \Gamma \vdash \Psi_j \xrightarrow{\text{ip Jud}} \Gamma \models \Psi_j$

n.  $S_n = \Gamma \vdash (\underbrace{\Psi_1 \wedge \Psi_2}_{\Psi}) (\Lambda_i, i, j)$

$\Gamma \models \Psi_1$  dacă pt orice  $\tau : A \rightarrow B$  a.i. pt orice  $\Psi' \in \Gamma$ ,  $\tilde{\tau}(\Psi') = \perp$   
 avem  $\tilde{\tau}(\Psi_1) = \perp$ . (1)

$\Gamma \models \Psi_2$  dacă pt orice  $\tau : A \rightarrow B$  a.i. pt orice  $\Psi' \in \Gamma$ ,  $\tilde{\tau}(\Psi') = \perp$   
 avem  $\tilde{\tau}(\Psi_2) = \perp$ . (2)

Pt a avea  $P(S_n)$ , stim  $\Gamma \vdash (\Psi_1 \wedge \Psi_2)$  validă și ab dem  $\Gamma \vdash (\Psi_1 \wedge \Psi_2)$

$\Gamma \models (\varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2)$  ddacā pt orice  $\tau: A \rightarrow B$  a.i.  $\hat{\tau}(\varphi') = 1$  pt orice  $\varphi' \in \Gamma$

avem  $\hat{\tau}((\varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2)) = 1$ .

ddacā

||

avem  $\hat{\tau}(\varphi_1) * \hat{\tau}(\varphi_2) = 1$ . (\*)

Din ①  $\Rightarrow$  pt orice  $\tau: A \rightarrow B$  a.i.  $\hat{\tau}(\varphi') = 1$  pt orice  $\varphi' \in \Gamma$

avem  $\hat{\tau}(\varphi_1) = 1$

=)

(2)  $\Rightarrow$

||

avem  $\hat{\tau}(\varphi_2) = 1$

$\Rightarrow$  pt orice  $\tau: A \rightarrow B$  a.i.  $\hat{\tau}(\varphi') = 1$  pt orice  $\varphi' \in \Gamma$

avem  $\hat{\tau}(\varphi_1) * \hat{\tau}(\varphi_2) = 1 * 1 = 1 \Rightarrow (*)$

$\Rightarrow \Gamma \models (\varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2)$

once  $\varphi_1, \varphi_2 \in \text{LP}$   $(\neg \varphi_1 \vee \varphi_2)$  valida ddacā  $\neg \varphi_2 \models \varphi_1$

Fixe  $\varphi_1, \varphi_2 \in \text{LP}$  fixate arbitrar.

"  $\Rightarrow$  "  $\frac{(\neg \varphi_1 \vee \varphi_2) \text{ valida ddacā pt orice } \tau: A \rightarrow B \text{ avem } \hat{\tau}(\neg \varphi_1 \vee \varphi_2) = 1}{\neg \varphi_2 \models \varphi_1}$

ddacā — || —  $\frac{\hat{\tau}(\varphi_1) + \hat{\tau}(\varphi_2) = 1}{\hat{\tau}(\varphi_1) = 1}$

(1)

$\{\neg \varphi_2\} \models \varphi_1$  ddacā pt orice  $\tau_1: A \rightarrow B$  a.i.  $\hat{\tau}_1(\neg \varphi_2) = 1$  avem  $\hat{\tau}_1(\varphi_1) = 1$

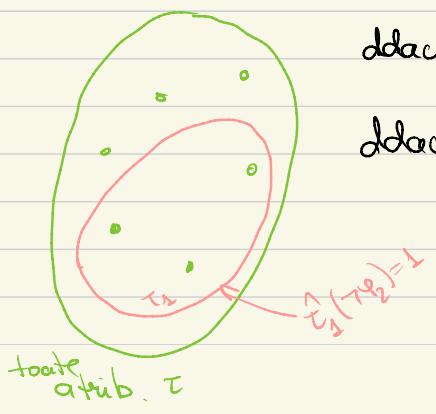
ddacā pt orice  $\tau_1: A \rightarrow B$  a.i.  $\hat{\tau}_1(\varphi_2) = 1$  avem  $\hat{\tau}_1(\varphi_1) = 1$

ddacā — || —  $\hat{\tau}_1(\varphi_2) = 0$  avem  $\hat{\tau}_1(\varphi_1) = 0$

① are loc pt orice  $\tau_1: A \rightarrow B$  a.i.  $\hat{\tau}_1(\varphi_2) = 0$

$\Rightarrow \hat{\tau}_1(\varphi_1) + 0 = 1 \Rightarrow \hat{\tau}_1(\varphi_1) = 1 \Rightarrow \hat{\tau}_1(\varphi_1) = 0$

$\Rightarrow \neg \varphi_2 \models \varphi_1$



$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{7\varphi_2 \models 7\varphi_1 \text{ daca pt orice } \tau: A \rightarrow B \text{ a.i. } \hat{\tau}(\varphi_2) = 0 \text{ avem si } \hat{\tau}(\varphi_1) = 0}{(7\varphi_1 \vee \varphi_2) \text{ valid}\ddot{a}}$$

(2)

$$(7\varphi_1 \vee \varphi_2) \text{ valid}\ddot{a} \text{ daca pt orice } \tau: A \rightarrow B \text{ avem } \overline{\hat{\tau}(\varphi_1)} + \overline{\hat{\tau}(\varphi_2)} = 1$$

Fie  $\tau: A \rightarrow B$  ales arbitrar

Caz 1 : Daca  $\hat{\tau}(\varphi_2) = 0$  (este din multimea "ros")

$$\text{Din (2)} \Rightarrow \hat{\tau}(\varphi_1) = 0 \quad / \cancel{=} \quad \overline{\hat{\tau}(\varphi_1)} + \overline{\hat{\tau}(\varphi_2)} = \overline{0} + 0 = 1 + 0 = 1$$

$\Rightarrow (*)$  are loc in caz 1.

Caz 2 : Daca  $\hat{\tau}(\varphi_2) = 1$   $\Rightarrow$

$$\overline{\hat{\tau}(\varphi_1)} + \overline{\hat{\tau}(\varphi_2)} = \overline{\hat{\tau}(\varphi_1)} + 1 = 1$$

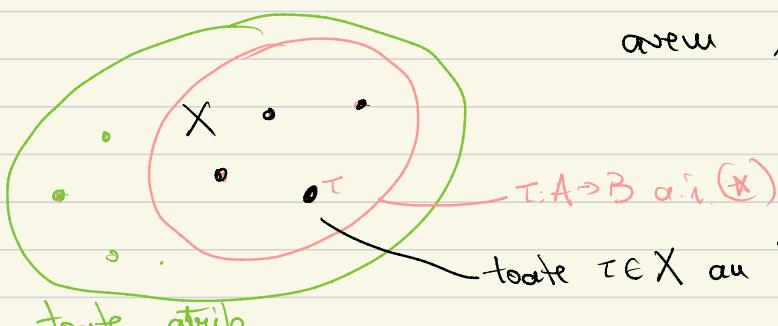
$\Rightarrow (*)$  are loc in caz 2

Caz 1 si 2 acopera toate cazurile posibile  $\Rightarrow (*)$  are loc pt orice  $\tau: A \rightarrow B$

$\Rightarrow (7\varphi_1 \vee \varphi_2) \text{ valid}\ddot{a}$

$$\{\varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_n\} \models \varphi \text{ daca pt orice } \tau: A \rightarrow B \text{ a.i. } \hat{\tau}(\varphi_1) = \hat{\tau}(\varphi_2) = \dots = \hat{\tau}(\varphi_n) = 1$$

avem si  $\hat{\tau}(\varphi) = 1$



toate  $\tau \in X$  au  $\hat{\tau}(\varphi) = 1$ .

a.i.  $\hat{\tau}(\varphi_1) = \dots = \hat{\tau}(\varphi_n) = 1$

$\{\varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_n\} \not\models \varphi$  daca exista  $\tau: A \rightarrow B$  a.i.  $\hat{\tau}(\varphi_1) = \dots = \hat{\tau}(\varphi_n) = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow \hat{\tau}(\varphi) = 0$