

Ros. $\rightarrow \varphi$ -TNSC $\rightarrow \square$ ddaco φ resalif.

E x 207

$$6) \varphi = (\exists y. \forall x. P(x, y)) \rightarrow (\forall x. \exists y. P(x, y)) \text{ valida}$$

ddaco $\neg\varphi$ resalif.

$$\neg\varphi = \neg((\exists y. \forall x. P(x, y)) \rightarrow (\forall x. \exists y. P(x, y)))$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \neg\varphi & \xrightarrow{\neg NP} & \varphi_1 \text{-TNP} & \xrightarrow{\exists} & \varphi_2 \text{-TNP} & \xrightarrow{\text{skolem}} & \varphi_3 \text{-TNS} \\ & & \varphi_1 \equiv \neg\varphi & & \varphi_2 \text{ l'inchisa} & & \varphi_2 \text{ eclusit } \varphi_3 \\ & & & & \varphi_1 \text{ eclusit } \varphi_2 & & \varphi_3 \text{ eclusit } \varphi_2 \end{array} \xrightarrow{\varphi \text{-TNC}} \varphi_4 \text{-TNSC}$$

1. TNP.

$$\neg\varphi \equiv \neg \left(\neg \left(\exists y. \forall x. P(x, y) \right) \vee \left(\forall x. \exists y. P(x, y) \right) \right)$$

$$\equiv \neg \left(\neg \left(\exists y. \forall x. P(x, y) \right) \wedge \neg \left(\forall x. \exists y. P(x, y) \right) \right)$$

$\neg\neg\varphi \equiv \varphi$

$\neg\neg x. \varphi \equiv \forall x. \neg\varphi$

$$\equiv (\exists y. \forall x. P(x, y)) \wedge \left(\exists x. \neg \left(\exists y. P(x, y) \right) \right)$$

$\neg \exists x. \varphi \equiv \forall x. \neg\varphi$

$$\equiv (\exists y. \underbrace{\forall x. P(x, y)}_{\varphi_1}) \wedge \left(\exists x. \forall y. \neg P(x, y) \right) \quad \text{free}(\varphi_2) = \emptyset$$

$$(\exists x. \varphi_1) \wedge \varphi_2 \equiv \exists x. (\varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2) \text{ daca } x \notin \text{free}(\varphi_2)$$

$$\equiv \exists y. \left(\underbrace{\forall x. P(x, y)}_{\varphi_1} \wedge \left(\exists x. \forall y. \neg P(x, y) \right) \right)$$

$$\equiv \exists y. \forall x. \left(\underbrace{P(x, y)}_{\varphi_1} \wedge \left(\exists x. \forall y. \neg P(x, y) \right) \right)$$

$$\varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \equiv \varphi_2 \wedge \varphi_1$$

$$\equiv \exists y. \forall x. \left(\left(\underbrace{\exists x. \forall y. \top P(x, y)}_{\varphi_1} \right) \wedge \underbrace{P(x, y)}_{\varphi_2} \right) \quad \text{free}(\varrho) = \{x, y\}$$

$$(\exists x. \varphi_1) \wedge \varphi_2 \equiv \exists x. (\varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2) \quad \text{daca } \underline{x \notin \text{free}(\varrho)}$$

$$LR: \quad \exists x. \underbrace{\varphi_1}_{=} \equiv \exists z. \nabla^b(\varphi_1) \quad z = \{x \mapsto z\} \quad \underline{z \notin \text{free}(\varphi_1)}$$

$$\exists x. \underbrace{(\nabla Q(x)) \wedge \forall x. Q(x)}_{\varphi_1} \equiv \exists z. (Q(z) \wedge \forall x. Q(x))$$

$$\exists x. P(x, y) \neq \exists y. P(y, y)$$

$$\equiv \exists y. \forall x. \left(\left(\underbrace{\exists x_1. \forall y. \top P(x_1, y)}_{\varphi_1} \right) \wedge \underbrace{P(x, y)}_{\varphi_2} \right)$$

$$\equiv \exists y. \forall x. \exists x_1. \left(\left(\forall y. \top P(x_1, y) \right) \wedge P(x, y) \right)$$

$$\stackrel{LR}{\equiv} \exists y. \forall x. \exists x_1. \left(\left(\forall y_1. \top P(x_1, y_1) \right) \wedge P(x, y) \right)$$

$$\equiv \exists y. \forall x. \exists x_1. \forall y_1. \left(\top P(x_1, y_1) \wedge P(x, y) \right) =_{\varphi} - \text{FNP}$$

• incluzarea existențială nu este necesară (φ_1 este inclus) ($\varphi_2 = \varphi_1$)

• Skolemizare

$$\Sigma = (\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{T}) \models^+ \varphi$$

$$\text{Tie } a \text{ un simbol fact nou de aritate 0} \quad \Sigma' = (\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{T} \cup \{a\}) \models^+ \varphi'$$

$$\varphi'_3 = \forall x. \exists x_1. \forall y_1. \left(\top P(x_1, y_1) \wedge P(x, a) \right) \quad - \text{echisat } \varphi_1$$

Tie a un simbol fact nou de aritate 1.

$$\varphi_3 = \underline{\underline{y}} \cdot \underline{\underline{y}} \cdot \left(\underbrace{\overline{\text{TP}(h(x), y_1)} \wedge \overline{\text{P}(x, a)}}_{c_1} \right) \wedge \left(\underbrace{\overline{\text{TP}(h(x'), y_1)} \wedge \overline{\text{P}(x', a)}}_{c_2} \right)$$

- FNS - *eclisat q'*

FNSC.

$$1. \quad \text{TP}(h(x), y_1)$$

$$2. \quad \text{P}(x, a)$$

$$3. \quad \square \quad \text{RB } 2,1 \quad \text{P}(x, a) \quad \text{TP}(h(x'), y_1)$$

$$\mathcal{P} = \left\{ x \doteq h(x'), \underline{a \doteq y_1} \right\} \xrightarrow{\text{ORIENT}}$$

$$\left\{ x \doteq h(x'), \underline{y_1 \doteq a} \right\} \text{ forma res.}$$

$$\tau = \text{mgu}(\mathcal{P}) = \left\{ x \mapsto h(x), y_1 \mapsto a \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi_3 \text{ mesat} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \varphi'_3 \text{ mesat} \\ \varphi'_3 \text{ eclisat } \varphi_1 \end{array} \right. \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \varphi'_3 \text{ mesat} \\ \varphi'_3 \text{ eclisat } \varphi_1 \end{array} \right. \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \varphi_1 \text{ mesat} \\ \varphi_1 \equiv \varphi \end{array} \right. \quad \Rightarrow \neg \varphi \text{ mesat} \Rightarrow \varphi \text{ valid}$$

$$\neg P \frac{P(t_1 \dots t_n) \vee P(t'_1 \dots t'_n) \vee C}{\neg^b (P(t_1 \dots t_n) \vee C)}$$

$$\mathcal{P} = \left\{ t_1 \doteq t'_1, \dots, t_n \doteq t'_n \right\}$$

$$\tau = \text{mgu}(\mathcal{P})$$

$$\text{RB} \frac{P(t_1 \dots t_n) \vee C_1 \quad \neg P(t'_1 \dots t'_n) \vee C_2}{\neg^b (C_1 \vee C_2)} \quad P(e) \vee P(i(x)) \vee C.$$

$$\mathcal{P} = \left\{ e \doteq i(x) \right\} \xrightarrow{\text{conf}} \perp$$

$$\text{unif}(\mathcal{P}) = \emptyset$$

nu pot aplica FP

$$\mathcal{P} = \left\{ t_1 \doteq t'_1, \dots, t_n \doteq t'_n \right\}$$

$$\tau = \text{mgu}(\mathcal{P})$$

$$P(x) \vee C_1$$

$$\neg P(i(x')) \vee C_2$$

Oreică marină este rosie.
+x

"pt oreică el, dacă este marină
atunci este roșie"

$$(\forall x. (Marină(x) \rightarrow Rosu(x)))$$

Marină(u) = u este marină

Rosu(u) = u este roșu

$$\Sigma = \{ \{ \text{Marină}, \text{Rosu} \}, \phi \}$$

$$ar(\text{Marină}) = 1$$

$$ar(\text{Rosu}) = 1$$

Ex 129

- 7)
- i. ~~$\neg (\neg (P(a) \wedge Q(a)), P(a) \vdash \perp)$~~
 - j. ~~$\neg (\neg (P(a) \wedge Q(a)) \vdash \neg P(a)) (\neg_i, k)$~~
 - n. ~~$\neg (\neg (P(a) \wedge Q(a)) \vdash \neg P(a) \vee \neg Q(a)) (v_{i_1}, j)$~~
 1. $\Gamma \vdash \neg (\neg (P(a) \wedge Q(a)))$ (ip)
 2. $\Gamma, \neg P(a) \vdash \neg (\neg P(a) \vee \neg Q(a))$ (ip)
 3. $\Gamma, \neg P(a) \vdash \neg P(a)$ (ip)
 4. $\Gamma, \neg P(a) \vdash \neg P(a) \vee \neg Q(a) (v_{i_1}, 3)$
 - b. $\Gamma, \neg P(a) \vdash \perp (\neg_e, 4, 2)$
- $\alpha_1.$ $\Gamma \vdash \neg P(a)$ (PBC, b)

analog cu α_1 (pp. pe $\neg Q(a)$)

$a_2 \vdash P \vdash Q(a)$

m. $P \vdash P(a) \wedge Q(a) \quad (\lambda_i, \alpha_1, \alpha_2)$

j. $\vdash \neg(P(a) \wedge Q(a)), \neg(\neg P(a) \vee \neg Q(a)) \vdash \perp \quad (\neg e, 1, m)$

k. $\neg(P(a) \wedge Q(a)) \vdash \neg(\neg P(a) \vee \neg Q(a)) \quad (\neg i, j)$

n. $\neg(P(a) \wedge Q(a)) \vdash \neg P(a) \vee \neg Q(a) \quad (\neg \neg e, k) \quad (\text{PBC}, j)$

Ex 33) h)

$\Sigma = \left(\{ \text{Nat}, \text{Int}, \text{Prim}, \text{Par}, \geq \}^*, \{ +, 0, 1, 2 \}^* \right)$ aritotati

Orice nr prim poate fi scris ca suma a h nr prime.

$\forall x. (\text{Prim}(x) \rightarrow (\exists y_1. \exists y_2. \exists y_3. \exists y_4. (\text{Prim}(y_1) \wedge \text{Prim}(y_2) \wedge \text{Prim}(y_3) \wedge \text{Prim}(y_4) \wedge \neg >(x, +(+(y_1, y_2), +(y_3, y_4))) \wedge \neg >(+((y_1, y_2), +(y_3, y_4)), x)))$

$\neg a = b$ dacă $a \neq b$ și $b \neq a$

Ex 80 $\varphi = \forall x. \exists y. P(x, y)$ nu este validă

φ validă dacă pt orice S și pt orice S -adică oricărui $S, \alpha \models \varphi$

φ nu este validă dacă există S și există o S -adică α î. $S, \alpha \not\models \varphi$

Căutăm S, α î. $S, \alpha \not\models \varphi$

$S, \alpha \not\models \varphi$ dacă $S, \alpha \models \forall x, \exists y. P(x, y)$

dacă NU e adverat că $S, \alpha \models \forall x, \exists y. P(x, y)$

dacă NU e adverat că pt orice $u \in D$ avem $S, \alpha[x \mapsto u] \models \exists y. P(x, y)$

dacă NU e adverat că pt orice $u \in D$, există $v \in D$ a.i.

$$S, \alpha[x \mapsto u][y \mapsto v] \models P(x, y) \quad \alpha$$

dacă NU e adverat că pt orice $u \in D$, există $v \in D$ a.i. $P^s(\bar{\alpha}(x), \bar{\alpha}(y))$

$$\alpha: \underline{X} \rightarrow D$$

$$\alpha(x)$$

$$\bar{\alpha}: \underline{T} \rightarrow D$$

$$\bar{\alpha}(t) = \begin{cases} \alpha(x), & t \in X \\ c^s, & t \in T_0 \\ f^s(\bar{\alpha}(t_1) \dots \bar{\alpha}(t_n)), & t = f(t_1, \dots, t_n) \end{cases}$$

dacă NU e adverat că pt orice $u \in D$, există $v \in D$ a.i. $P^s(\alpha'(x), \alpha'(y))$

$$\alpha(x) = \dots$$

$$\alpha(y) = \dots$$

$$\alpha(z) = \dots$$

...

$$\alpha[x \mapsto u](x) = u$$

$$(y) = \alpha(y)$$

$$(z) = \alpha(z)$$

$$\alpha'(x) = u$$

$$\alpha'(y) = v$$

$$\alpha'(z) = \alpha(z)$$

...

dacă NU e adverat că pt orice $u \in D$, există $v \in D$ a.i. $P^s(u, v)$ "A".

$$\Sigma = (\{ \overset{2}{P} \}, \{ \overset{2}{f}, \overset{1}{i}, \overset{0}{e} \})$$

$$\text{Fie } S = (\mathbb{N}, \{ > \}, \{ +, \text{succ}, 0 \})$$

$$\alpha: \underline{X} \rightarrow$$

pt orice $u \in \mathbb{N}$, există $v \in \mathbb{N}$ a.i. $u > v$ " $\overset{u}{T}$ ".

$u = 0$, nu există v a.i. $0 > v$

$\Rightarrow S, \alpha \not\models \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi$ nu este validă.

Vinod 13°