

## **PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY**

**POLICY:** Inflammatory Conditions – Zymfentra Prior Authorization Policy

Zymfentra® (infliximab-dyyb subcutaneous injection – Celltrion)

**REVIEW DATE:** 12/04/2024; selected revision 07/23/2025

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

The following Coverage Policy applies to health benefit plans administered by Cigna Companies. Certain Cigna COMPANIES AND/OR LINES OF BUSINESS ONLY PROVIDE UTILIZATION REVIEW SERVICES TO CLIENTS AND DO NOT MAKE COVERAGE DETERMINATIONS. REFERENCES TO STANDARD BENEFIT PLAN LANGUAGE AND COVERAGE DETERMINATIONS DO NOT APPLY TO THOSE CLIENTS. COVERAGE POLICIES ARE INTENDED TO PROVIDE GUIDANCE IN INTERPRETING CERTAIN STANDARD BENEFIT PLANS ADMINISTERED BY CIGNA COMPANIES. PLEASE NOTE, THE TERMS OF A CUSTOMER'S PARTICULAR BENEFIT PLAN DOCUMENT [GROUP SERVICE AGREEMENT, EVIDENCE OF COVERAGE, CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE, SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION (SPD) OR SIMILAR PLAN DOCUMENT] MAY DIFFER SIGNIFICANTLY FROM THE STANDARD BENEFIT PLANS UPON WHICH THESE COVERAGE POLICIES ARE BASED. FOR EXAMPLE, A CUSTOMER'S BENEFIT PLAN DOCUMENT MAY CONTAIN A SPECIFIC EXCLUSION RELATED TO A TOPIC ADDRESSED IN A COVERAGE POLICY. IN THE EVENT OF A CONFLICT, A CUSTOMER'S BENEFIT PLAN DOCUMENT ALWAYS SUPERSEDES THE INFORMATION IN THE COVERAGE POLICIES. IN THE ABSENCE OF A CONTROLLING FEDERAL OR STATE COVERAGE MANDATE, BENEFITS ARE ULTIMATELY DETERMINED BY THE TERMS OF THE APPLICABLE BENEFIT PLAN DOCUMENT. COVERAGE DETERMINATIONS IN EACH SPECIFIC INSTANCE REQUIRE CONSIDERATION OF 1) THE TERMS OF THE APPLICABLE BENEFIT PLAN DOCUMENT IN EFFECT ON THE DATE OF SERVICE; 2) ANY APPLICABLE LAWS/REGULATIONS; 3) ANY RELEVANT COLLATERAL SOURCE MATERIALS INCLUDING COVERAGE POLICIES AND; 4) THE SPECIFIC FACTS OF THE PARTICULAR SITUATION. EACH COVERAGE REQUEST SHOULD BE REVIEWED ON ITS OWN MERITS. MEDICAL DIRECTORS ARE EXPECTED TO EXERCISE CLINICAL JUDGMENT WHERE APPROPRIATE AND HAVE DISCRETION IN MAKING INDIVIDUAL COVERAGE DETERMINATIONS. WHERE COVERAGE FOR CARE OR SERVICES DOES NOT DEPEND ON SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES, REIMBURSEMENT WILL ONLY BE PROVIDED IF A REQUESTED SERVICE(S) IS SUBMITTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RELEVANT CRITERIA OUTLINED IN THE APPLICABLE COVERAGE POLICY, INCLUDING COVERED DIAGNOSIS AND/OR PROCEDURE CODE(S). REIMBURSEMENT IS NOT ALLOWED FOR SERVICES WHEN BILLED FOR CONDITIONS OR DIAGNOSES THAT ARE NOT COVERED UNDER THIS COVERAGE POLICY (SEE "CODING INFORMATION" BELOW). WHEN BILLING, PROVIDERS MUST USE THE MOST APPROPRIATE CODES AS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE SUBMISSION. CLAIMS SUBMITTED FOR SERVICES THAT ARE NOT ACCOMPANIED BY COVERED CODE(S) UNDER THE APPLICABLE COVERAGE POLICY WILL BE DENIED AS NOT COVERED. COVERAGE POLICIES RELATE EXCLUSIVELY TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS. COVERAGE POLICIES ARE NOT RECOMMENDATIONS FOR TREATMENT AND SHOULD NEVER BE USED AS TREATMENT GUIDELINES. IN CERTAIN MARKETS, DELEGATED VENDOR GUIDELINES MAY BE USED TO SUPPORT MEDICAL NECESSITY AND OTHER COVERAGE DETERMINATIONS.

# CIGNA NATIONAL FORMULARY COVERAGE:

## **OVERVIEW**

Zymfentra, a subcutaneous (SC) tumor necrosis factor (TNF) inhibitor, is indicated for the following uses:<sup>1</sup>

- Crohn's disease, as maintenance treatment for moderately to severely active disease in adults who have received three induction doses with an infliximab intravenous product.
- Ulcerative colitis, as maintenance treatment for moderately to severely
  active disease in adults who have received three induction doses with an
  infliximab intravenous product.

Therapy begins with an infliximab intravenous (IV) product administered as an induction regimen at Weeks 0, 2, and 6.<sup>1</sup> At Week 10 or at any scheduled infliximab IV infusion in patients with a clinical response or remission, therapy can be switched

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to Zymfentra. The recommended dose of Zymfentra is 120 mg administered subcutaneously once every 2 weeks.

#### **Guidelines**

Guidelines for the treatment of inflammatory conditions recommend use of infliximab.

- **Crohn's Disease:** The American College of Gastroenterology (ACG) [2025] has guidelines for the management of CD in adults.<sup>2</sup> In moderate to severe disease, systemic corticosteroids or advanced therapies may be utilized for induction of remission. Advanced therapies recommended include tumor necrosis factor (TNF) inhibitors, Entyvio® (vedolizumab), interleukin (IL)-23 inhibitors, IL-12/23 inhibitors, and Rinvoq® (upadacitinib). If steroids are utilized for induction, efforts should be made to introduce steroid-sparing agents for maintenance therapy. Guidelines from the American Gastroenterological Association (AGA) [2021] include various biologics among the therapies for moderate to severe CD, for induction and maintenance of remission.<sup>3</sup>
- **Ulcerative Colitis:** The AGA (2024) and the ACG (2025) have clinical practice guidelines on the management of moderate to severe UC.<sup>4,5</sup> In moderate to severe disease, systemic corticosteroids or advanced therapies may be utilized for induction of remission. Advanced therapies recommended include TNF inhibitors, Entyvio, IL-23 inhibitors, IL-12/23 inhibitors, sphingosine-1-phosphate (S1P) receptor modulators, and Janus kinase (JAK) inhibitors. If steroids are utilized for induction, efforts should be made to introduce steroid-sparing agents for maintenance therapy. Of note, guidelines state corticosteroids may be avoided entirely when other effective induction strategies are planned.<sup>5</sup> Both guidelines also recommend that any drug that effectively treats induction should be continued for maintenance.<sup>4,5</sup>

#### **POLICY STATEMENT**

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of Zymfentra. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Zymfentra as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, initial approval requires Zymfentra to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below. In cases where the approval is authorized in months, 1 month is equal to 30 days.

• Zymfentra® (infliximab-dyyb subcutaneous injection – Celltrion) is(are) covered as medically necessary when the following criteria is(are) met for FDA-approved indication(s) or other uses with supportive evidence (if applicable):

## **FDA-Approved Indications**

- **1. Crohn's Disease.** Approve for the duration noted if the patient meets ONE of the following (A <u>or</u> B):
  - A) <u>Initial Therapy</u>. Approve for 6 months if the patient meets ALL of the following (i, ii, iii, <u>and</u> iv):
    - i. Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
    - **ii.** According to the prescriber, the patient is currently receiving infliximab intravenous maintenance therapy or will receive induction dosing with an infliximab intravenous product within 3 months of initiating therapy with Zymfentra; AND
    - iii. Patient meets ONE of the following (a, b, c, or d):
      - a) Patient has tried or is currently taking systemic corticosteroids, or corticosteroids are contraindicated in this patient; OR <u>Note</u>: Examples of corticosteroids are prednisone and methylprednisolone.
      - Patient has tried one conventional systemic therapy for Crohn's disease;
         OR
        - <u>Note</u>: Examples of conventional systemic therapy for Crohn's disease include azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, or methotrexate. An exception to the requirement for a trial of or contraindication to steroids or a trial of one other conventional systemic agent can be made if the patient has already tried at least one biologic other than the requested medication. A biosimilar of the requested biologic <u>does not count</u>. Refer to <u>Appendix</u> for examples of biologics used for Crohn's disease. A trial of mesalamine does <u>not</u> count as a systemic therapy for Crohn's disease.
      - c) Patient has enterocutaneous (perianal or abdominal) or rectovaginal fistulas; OR
      - **d)** Patient had ileocolonic resection (to reduce the chance of Crohn's disease recurrence); AND
    - iv. The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist;
      OR
  - B) <u>Patient is Currently Receiving an Infliximab Product</u>. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (i <u>and</u> ii):
    - i. Patient has been established on therapy for at least 6 months; AND Note: A patient who has received < 6 months of therapy or who is restarting therapy with the requested drug is reviewed under criterion A (Initial Therapy).
    - ii. Patient meets at least one of the following (a or b):
      - a) When assessed by at least one objective measure, patient experienced a beneficial clinical response from baseline (prior to initiating the requested product); OR
        - <u>Note</u>: Examples of objective measures include fecal markers (e.g., fecal lactoferrin, fecal calprotectin), serum markers (e.g., C-reactive protein), imaging studies (magnetic resonance enterography [MRE], computed tomography enterography [CTE]), endoscopic assessment, and/or reduced dose of corticosteroids.

- b) Compared with baseline (prior to initiating an infliximab product), patient experienced an improvement in at least one symptom, such as decreased pain, fatigue, stool frequency, and/or blood in stool.
- **2. Ulcerative Colitis.** Approve for the duration noted if the patient meets ONE of the following (A or B):
  - A) <u>Initial Therapy</u>. Approve for 6 months if the patient meets ALL of the following (i, ii, <u>and</u> iii):
    - i. Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
    - ii. According to the prescriber, the patient is currently receiving infliximab intravenous maintenance therapy or will receive induction dosing with an infliximab intravenous product within 3 months of initiating therapy with Zymfentra; AND
    - iii. The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist;
      OR
  - B) Patient is Currently Receiving an Infliximab Product. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (i and ii):
    - i. Patient has been established on therapy for at least 6 months; AND Note: A patient who has received < 6 months of therapy or who is restarting therapy with an infliximab product is reviewed under criterion A (Initial Therapy).
    - **ii.** Patient meets at least one of the following (a <u>or</u> b):
      - a) When assessed by at least one objective measure, patient experienced a beneficial clinical response from baseline (prior to initiating an infliximab product); OR
        - <u>Note</u>: Examples of objective measures include fecal markers (e.g., fecal calprotectin), serum markers (e.g., C-reactive protein), endoscopic assessment, and/or reduced dose of corticosteroids.
      - b) Compared with baseline (prior to initiating an infliximab product), patient experienced an improvement in at least one symptom, such as decreased pain, fatigue, stool frequency, and/or rectal bleeding.

## **CONDITIONS NOT COVERED**

- Zymfentra® (infliximab-dyyb subcutaneous injection Celltrion) is(are) considered not medically necessary for ANY other use(s) including the following (this list may not be all inclusive; criteria will be updated as new published data are available):
- **1. Concurrent Use with a Biologic or with a Targeted Synthetic Oral Small Molecule Drug.** This medication should not be administered in combination with another biologic or with a targeted synthetic oral small molecule drug used for an inflammatory condition (see <a href="Appendix">Appendix</a> for examples). Combination therapy is generally not recommended due to a potentially higher rate of adverse events and lack of controlled clinical data supporting additive efficacy.

Note: This does NOT exclude the use of conventional synthetic disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (e.g., methotrexate, leflunomide, hydroxychloroquine, or sulfasalazine) in combination with this medication.

## **REFERENCES**

- Zymfentra<sup>™</sup> subcutaneous injection [prescribing information]. Yeonsu-gu, Incheon: Celltrion; May 2025.
- 2. Lichtenstein, G, Loftus E, Afzali A, et al. ACG Clinical Guideline: Management of Crohn's Disease in Adults. *Am J Gastroenterol.* 2025 June;120(6):1225-1264.
- 3. Feuerstein JD, Ho EY, Shmidt E, et al. AGA clinical practice guidelines on the medical management of moderate to severe luminal and perianal fistulizing Crohn's disease. *Gastroenterology*. 2021;160(7):2496-2508.
- 4. Singh S, Loftus EV Jr, Limketkai BN, et al. AGA Living Clinical Practice Guideline on Pharmacological Management of Moderate-to-Severe Ulcerative Colitis. *Gastroenterology*. 2024 Dec;167(7):1307-1343.
- 5. Rubin D, Ananthakrishnan A, Siegel C. ACG Clinical Guideline Update: Ulcerative Colitis in Adults. *Am J of Gastroenterol.* 2025 June;120(6):1187-1224.

#### **HISTORY**

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Review Date
New Policy	-	12/06/2023
Selected Revision	<b>Conditions Not Covered:</b> Concurrent use with a Biologic or with a Targeted Synthetic Oral Small Molecule Drug was changed to as listed (previously oral small molecule drug was listed as Disease-Modifying Antirheumatic Drug).	09/11/2024
Annual Revision	No criteria changes.	12/04/2024
Selected Revision	<b>Ulcerative Colitis:</b> For initial therapy, removed the following options of approval: (1) the patient has tried one systemic therapy; (2) the patient has pouchitis and tried an antibiotic, probiotic, corticosteroid enema, or mesalamine enema.	07/23/2025

## **APPENDIX**

Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, JIA, PsO, PsA, RA, UC  AS, CD, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA, RA  AS, JIA, PsO, PsA, RA
Inhibition of TNF Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA, RA
Inhibition of TNF Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA, RA
Inhibition of TNF	RA
	AS, JIA, PsO, PsA, RA
Inhibition of TNF	
	AS, CD, PsO, PsA, RA, UC
Inhibition of TNF	CD, UC
Inhibition of TNF	SC formulation: AS, PsA, RA, UC IV formulation: AS, PJIA,
	PsA, RA
Inhibition of IL-6	SC formulation: PJIA, RA, SJIA
	IV formulation: PJIA, RA, SJIA
Inhibition of IL-6	RA
T-cell costimulation modulator	SC formulation: JIA, PSA, RA IV formulation: JIA, PsA, RA
CD20-directed cytolytic antibody	RA
	JIA^, RA
Inhibition of IL-23	CD, UC
Inhibition of IL-12/23	SC formulation: CD, PsO, PsA, UC
Tubibition of TL 17	IV formulation: CD, UC
	PsO
Innibition of IL-17A	SC formulation: AS, ERA, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA
	IV formulation: AS, nr- axSpA, PsA
	AS, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA
17A/17F	PsO, AS, nr-axSpA, PsA
Inhibition of IL-23	PsO
Inhibition of IL-23	SC formulation: CD, PSA, PsO, UC
	IV formulation: CD, UC
Inhibition of IL-23	SC formulation: CD, PsA, PsO, UC
	IV formulation: CD, UC
antagonist	CD, UC
•	
Inhibition of PDE4	PsO, PsA
Inhibition of JAK pathways	AD
Inhibition of JAK	RA, AA
	Inhibition of IL-6  Inhibition of IL-6  T-cell costimulation modulator  CD20-directed cytolytic antibody Inhibition of IL-1 Inhibition of IL-23  Inhibition of IL-17 Inhibition of IL-17 Inhibition of IL-17A  Inhibition of IL-17A  Inhibition of IL-17A  Inhibition of IL-23  Inhibition of IL-23

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Litfulo® (ritlecitinib capsules)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	AA
Leqselvi® (deuruxolitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	AA
<b>Rinvoq</b> ® (upadacitinib extended-release tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	AD, AS, nr-axSpA, RA, PsA, UC
Rinvoq® LQ (upadacitinib oral solution)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	PsA, PJIA
Sotyktu® (deucravacitinib tablets)	Inhibition of TYK2	PsO
Xeljanz® (tofacitinib tablets/oral solution)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	RA, PJIA, PsA, UC
Xeljanz® XR (tofacitinib extended- release tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	RA, PsA, UC
Zeposia® (ozanimod tablets)	Sphingosine 1 phosphate receptor modulator	UC
Velsipity® (etrasimod tablets)	Sphingosine 1 phosphate receptor modulator	UC

<sup>\*</sup> Not an all-inclusive list of indications. Refer to the prescribing information for the respective agent for FDA-approved indications; SC – Subcutaneous; TNF – Tumor necrosis factor; AS – Ankylosing spondylitis; CD – Crohn's disease; JIA – Juvenile idiopathic arthritis; PsO – Plaque psoriasis; PsA – Psoriatic arthritis; RA – Rheumatoid arthritis; UC – Ulcerative colitis; nr-axSpA – Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis; IV – Intravenous, PJIA – Polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis; IL – Interleukin; SJIA – Systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; ^ Off-label use of Kineret in JIA supported in guidelines; ERA – Enthesitis-related arthritis; DMARD – Disease-modifying antirheumatic drug; PDE4 – Phosphodiesterase 4; JAK – Janus kinase; AD – Atopic dermatitis; AA – Alopecia areata; TYK2 – Tyrosine kinase 2.

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