Report

raytracer 306

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a simple C++ ray
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files

- vec.cpp vector and ray classes
- random.cpp random sampling of rays
- mat.cpp material and UV classes
- sphere.cpp self explanatory
- mesh.cpp triangle, mesh, BVH tree and tiny .obj parser
- main.cpp scene, camera classes; rendering

(for grading) pandoc <(echo "# Report"; cat README.md) -o report.pdf

features

this raytracer can render:

- diffuse, refractive, reflective and emitting spheres
- meshes, with UV mapping

it does not handle phong reflections nor participating media (smoke, etc.)

details and tricks

parallelism

OpenMP, dynamic scheduling over the lines rendered

monte carlo

- effects like soft shadows are achieved by shooting several rays per pixel and sampling bouncing rays from random distributions
- depth of field is achieved by shooting rays from various positions in the aperture aiming at the focal plane
- for antialiasing, we introduce normal noise when aiming at the focal plane

refraction

We check whether the ray coming in or out. Since we only care about n1/n2 (Snell's law), we can simply invert the refractive index depending on the case. To emulate refractive indices of nested objects, one should divide the real refractive index by the ambient one.

parser

expects f v/vt/vn and vn x y z

external res

- $Models_F0202A090/*$ cat model and texture
- stb_image_write.h and stb_image.h STB library

renders

recursion depth limit set to 5, resolution 600 x 400 $\,$



Figure 1: little cat and hollow sphere (5 samples)



Figure 2: big boi (20 samples. 2m53s)

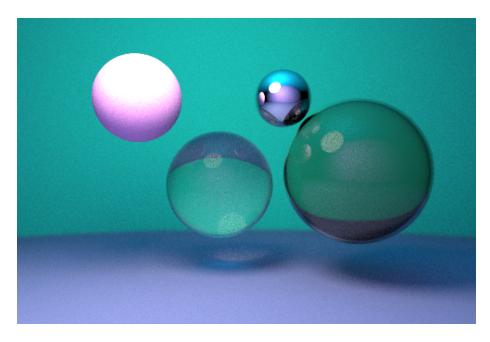


Figure 3: from left to right: spheres showing diffraction, refraction, reflection and a hollow refractive sphere (90 samples, 8.6s)