# Reasoning Table for operationX

```
void operationX (ContainerOfT& p, T& y);

//! updates p

//! clears y

//! requires

//! ensures

p = #p * <#y>

void operationX (ContainerOfT& p, T& y);

operationX's requires clause goes in A0
operationX's ensures clause goes in CN

p = #p * <#y>
```

S	Code	Assume	Confirm
0		AO	C0
	p.op1(y);	111111	111111
1		A1	C1
		111111	111111
k		Ak	Ck
		/ / / / / / / /	1111111
N		AN	CN

### Reference:

```
void op1 (T& x);

//! updates self

//! clears x

//! requires: self /= <>

//! ensures: self = #self * <x>
```

# Reasoning Table for operationX

```
void operationX (ContainerOfT& p, T& y);
//! updates p
//! clears y
//! requires |p| > 1
//! ensures |p = #p * <#y>
The requires clause for a called operation always appears in the Confirm column in the state previous to the call. For example, opl's requires goes in State 0's Confirm column.
```

S	Code	Assume	Confirm
0		AO	CO CO
	p.op1(y);	1111111	111111
1		A1	C1
		111111	111111
k		Ak	Ck
	•••	1111111	111111
N		AN	CN

### Reference:

```
void op1 (T& x);

//! updates self

//! clears x

//! requires: self /= <>

//! ensures: self = #self * <#x>
```

# Reasoning Table for operationX

```
void operationX (ContainerOfT& p, T& y);
//! updates p
//! clears x
//! requires |p| > 1
//! ensures |p| > 1
//! ensures p = #p * <#y>
The ensures clause for a called operation always appears in the Assume column in the state subsequent to the call. For example,
op1's ensures goes in State 1's Assume column.
```

S	Code	Assume	Confirm
0		AO	C0
	p.op1(y);	1111111	111111
1		A1	C1
		/ / / / / / / /	111111
k		Ak	Ck
		1111111	111111
N		AN	CN

### Reference:

```
void op1 (T& x);

//! updates self

//! clears x

//! requires: self /= <>

//! ensures: self = #self * <#x>
```