Lesson Titie:

K-1

Time Needed:

30-45 minutes

Big Idee (BC Curriculum):

- Stories and fraditions help us learn about ourselves our families, and our communities.
- People connect to others and share who they are through stories and traditions.

First Peoples Principles of Learning:

- Learning is holistic, rellexive.
 reflective, experiential, and elational.
- Learning involves recognizing the consequences of ond's actions.
- Learning involves generational 'les and responsibilities.
- Practice respect and curiosity when learning about indigenous knowledge.

Materials

- Large poster or digital display of the Medicine Wheel
- Printable blank Medicine Wheel templates
- Cravens/markers in white, yellow. red, and black
- Picture books o short video introducing the Medicine Wheel le.g. We All Counc A Book of Cree Numbers)
- · Small talking stick or sharing item

learning Objectives:

Students will:

- Learn he four parts of the IVlioone Whel (mental, emotional, physical, and spiritual)
- Recognize the circular and colot-coded design of the Medicine Whee).
- Reflect on how each part connects ; to their own livas.
- Practice respect and curibstiy when learning about Indigenous knowledge."

Story or Videe (5-10 min)

- Read a short Indigenous story or show a video that introduces the Medicine WIeet or themes of balance and harmony.
- Hands-On Activity (10-15 min)
- Distribute blank Medicine Wheel templat-
- Guide students to color each section with the correct color.
- Ask them to draw something in each section that relates to their own life "(e., something that helps them feel happy, strong, caim, or thoughtful).

8 Sharing Circle (5-10 min)

- Invne volumbers to share one,pc,part of their wheel and explain what they drow
- Use a talking stich to encourage respecfful listening and furn-taking.

Assessment

- Observe participation in circle discussions.
- Check for correct color placement and bersonal connections in activly,