

# Towards a Continuous Cleaning Robot

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**Abstract.** The abstract should briefly summarize the contents of the paper in 150–250 words.

**Keywords:** First keyword · Second keyword · Another keyword.

## 1 Introduction

The cleaning robot is a landmark case study in the world of multi-agent systems, allowing us to think about spatiality with a precise and well-defined goal: to remove all dirt. The classic example involves a grid environment of which some cells are dirty, and an agent located on it that must find and clean all the dirty cells knowing only how to take a step in one of the four directions and remove the dirt. With the rapid evolution of game engines, however, the "step-by-step" approach seems to be becoming limiting: we no longer need to think this way; we can abstract more.

In this paper, we propose a cleaning robot that explores space by reasoning about the continuum and leaving the precise management of motion to the environment.

## 2 Related Work

## 3 Design and Implementation

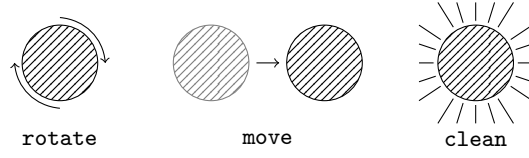
The framework uses JaCaMo for the multi-agent system and Godot for the environment, connected using the WebSocket protocol.

### 3.1 Robot Actions

The agent is able to perform some simple actions: rotate, move, stop and clean. These actions are implemented as simple plans in the agent body. Here we present the motion action as example.

```
+!move
:      true
<-    .print("Moving robot");
      move.
```

In this case the action is to move and the agent calls the `move` artifact method.



```
@OPERATION
public void move(){
    JSONObject json = new JSONObject();
    json.put("type", "move");
    json.put("status", "start");
    send(json);
}
```

### 3.2 Logic Exploration

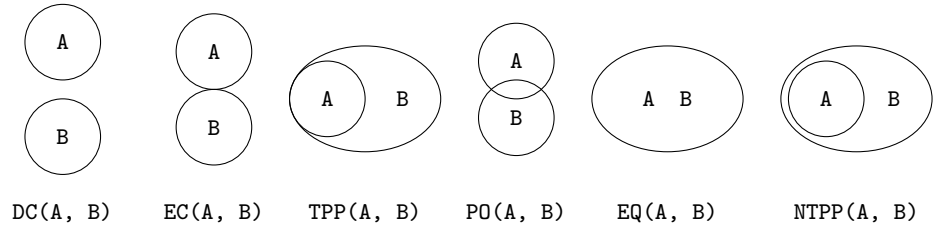
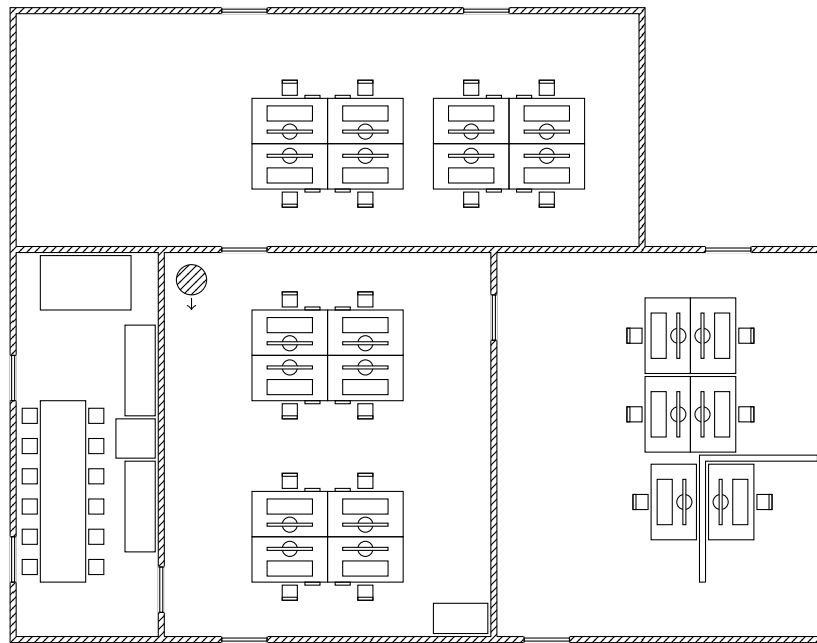


Fig. 1. Relations between regions

## 4 Results

## 5 Conclusions



**Fig. 2.** The test environment