

Technical guide Dribdat 2.0

Module 646-2 Projects

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1. Introduction

As part of the 646-2 Projects course, we developed a hackathon web site in vuejs and used the SCRUM methodology.

A version of this website already exists (dribdat 1), we had to be inspired to try to make an improved version (dribdat 2) completed and more simplified.

The goal of this technical guide is to provide useful information for further developers in case of the client would re-use what the team has done.

2. Source Code

Our application's code be found source can here https://github.com/hackathons-ftw/dribdat2 frontend

We are using the dribdat application's API and modified a little the main route for retrieving data. It can be found here: https://github.com/hackathonsftw/dribdat2

3. Technologies used

3.1 Frontend



Vue.JS: Vue is a progressive framework for building user interfaces. The core library is focused on the view layer only and is easy to pick up and integrate with other libraries or existing projects.

Vue CLI: It was used to work the command line project

Module VueX: VueX is used to have a state management pattern and a library



for Vue.js applications.

Module Axios: The module AXIOS is used to retrieve API data.

Node.js: it's used to retrieve all the changes in a development environment

DISQUS: It is a comment plug-in, we used it to be able to leave a feedback

GitHub: GitHub is used to recover activities and issues of the repository.

Bootstrap: Bootsrap is used to do the design

3.2 Backend

The backend was taken from the previous version of Dribdat (dribdat 1). We made only some changes and added roots.





Python: The version of python we used for this project is the version "python2.7" which is compatible with flack.

Flask: Use python 2.7 to generate a virtual environment

3.3 Unit test

JEST: To do the unit test with continuous integration of **Travis**.



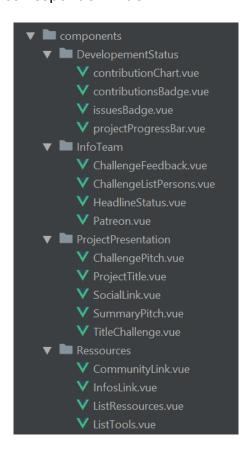


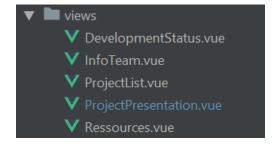


4. Project

Vue.js

The project was organized according to the recommendation vue.JS. We separate the different screens in a specific folder and each folder contains all the components for this screen. And then each component is added in the correspondent Vue.







Vue file are split in 3 parts:

```
1 ★ <template>...

58

59 ★ <script>...

64

65 ★ <style scoped>...
```

In the <template> tag you'll write your html code specific to your component. You can also call component that you have created. (e.g. Navigation.vue

In the <script> tab you'll write your javascript code to set variables, add methods, get props from the component, etc...

```
export default {
   name: "Stepper",
   props: ["steps", "currentStep"],
data: function() { ...
   methods: {
        editSteps() {
            this.tempProgress = this.$store.state.custom_project.progress
            this.isEditMode = !this.isEditMode
        },
        cancelEdit(){
            this.$store.dispatch("setProjectProgress", this.tempProgress)
            this.isEditMode = false
        setNextStep(){
            this.$store.dispatch("setProjectProgress", this.$store.state.custom_project.progress + 1)
        },
        setPreviousStep(){
            this.$store.dispatch("setProjectProgress", this.$store.state.custom_project.progress - 1)
       getEditButtonText() {
            return (this.isEditMode)? 'Save' : 'Set current step'
```



In the <style> tag you'll write your CSS code. You can "scoped" your style to this component to avoid modifying other components with your specific style.

```
<style scoped>
#myFooter li {
  font-size: 11px;
#myFooter {
 background-color: #f4fcfc;
 opacity: 0.87;
 color: White;
 margin-top: 40px;
 border: 1px groove □#333333;
 border-radius: 10px;
#myFooter .footer-copyright {
 background-color: □#3a3838;
 padding-top: 3px;
 padding-bottom: 3px;
 text-align: center;
  font-size: 13px;
```

Vuex

According to the official documentation, Vuex is a **state management pattern** + **library** for Vue.js applications. It serves as a centralized store for all the components in an application, with rules ensuring that the state can only be mutated in a predictable fashion. It also integrates with Vue's official devtools extension to provide advanced features such as zero-config time-travel debugging and state snapshot export / import.

In the **main.js** file we import the store that implements Vuex:

```
import Vue from 'vue'
import App from './App.vue'
import router from './router'
import store from './store'
import './registerServiceWorker'
import { library } from '@fortawesome/fontawesome
import { faLightbulb, faUsers, faFileCode, faLink,
import { FontAwesomeIcon } from '@fortawesome/vue-
library.add(faLightbulb,faUsers,faFileCode,faLink,
Vue.component('font-awesome-icon', FontAwesomeIcon
Vue.config.productionTip = false
require('./design/custom.css');
new Vue({
router,
store,
 render: h => h(App)
}).$mount('#app')
```



In the **store.js** file we export a new Vuex.Store with some parameters:

```
import Vue from
      import Vuex from 'vuex'
      import axios from 'axios'
      import VueAxios from 'vue-axios'
      Vue.use(Vuex)
      Vue.use(VueAxios, axios)
      let github_apiURL = 'https://api.github.com/repos'
     //let path = '/repos/ChallengeHunt/challengehunt'
      const Backend_API_URL = 'http://127.0.0.1:5000/api'
      export default new Vuex.Store({
 14 ₺
          state: { ···
 40 €
          mutations: {
65
          actions: { ···
66 ₺
          getters: { ···
158 €
      })
```

State

We create some variable that we'll use later in our program and that we want to keep changes without save it on database. Custom_project is a copy of the project loaded from the API and will be used inside the application to avoid errors by modifying the other project. We set also this variable for the "edit" part (that has been comment in the code after discussion with the product owner).

```
state: {
   github_BaseURL: '',
   github_repoPath: '/repos/ChallengeHunt/challengehunt',
   project: {},
   custom_project: {
       name: "getaround.io",
       summary: "We want to get people to be more concerned about their health.
           //name: "Help people be more active"
name: ""
        id: 1,
        pitch: "'https://www.youtube.com/embed/0lwOmIHcSno'",
       phase: 4,
       status: "Looking for designers",
        event: {
    contributors: [],
    issues: [],
   projectList: [],
   editMode: false
```



Mutations

Mutations allows you to modify stored variables by calling these methods.

```
SET_CONTRIBUTORS (state, contributors) {
    state.contributors = contributors
SET_ISSUES (state, issues) {
    state.issues = issues
SET_PROJECT (state, project) {
    state.project = project
SET_CUSTOM_PROJECT (state, custom_project) {
   state.custom_project = custom_project.project
    state.custom_project.challenge = { name: '' }
    state.custom_project.event = custom_project.event
    state.custom_project.pitch = 'https://www.youtube.com/embed/0lwOmIHcSno
SET_PROJECT_LIST (state, projectList) {
    state.projectList = projectList;
SET_EDITABLE (state, editMode) {
    state.editMode = editMode;
},
SET_PROJECT_PROGRESS (state, progress) {
    state.custom_project.progress = progress
```

Actions

Mutations allows you to modify stored variables by calling these methods from your Vue or Js files.

```
actions: {
    loadContributors ({ commit, state }) {
       axios
            .get(github_apiURL
                + state.custom project.source url.replace('https://github.com', '')
                + '/stats/contributors')
            .then(r => r.data)
            .then(contributors => {
                commit('SET_CONTRIBUTORS', contributors)
    loadIssues ({ commit, state }) { ···
   loadProject ({ commit }) { ...
   loadCustomProject ({ commit }, id) { …
    loadProjectList ({ commit }, event) { ···
    setModeEdit ({ commit }) { ···
   setModeDisplay ({ commit }) { ···
   setProjectProgress ({ commit }, progress) { ···
```



Getters

Getters allows you to get data from the store.

```
getters: {
    projectSourceAPI_Path: state => {
        return state.custom_project.source_url.replace('https://github.com', '')
    },
}
```

4.1 API

There are several API calls that admins can use to easily get to the data in Dribdat in CSV or JSON format. See GitHub issues for development status.

Basic data on an event:

/api/event/<EVENT ID>/info.json/api/event/current/info.json

Retrieve data on all projects from an event:

- /api/event/<EVENT ID>/projects.csv/api/event/<EVENT ID>/projects.json
- /api/event/current/projects.json

Recent activity in projects (all or specific):

/api/project/activity.json/api/<PROJECT ID>/activity.json

Search project contents:

/api/project/search.json?q=<text_query>

Push data into projects (WIP):

/api/project/push.json

We only use the /api/project/{id}/info.json route to gather all the relevant data for a project. the data is structured like this :

```
▼ creator:
    id:
                      "jon"
    username:
▼event:
    community_url:
    ends_at:
                      "Thu, 18 Apr 2019 16:00:00 GMT"
    has finished:
                      true
                      false
    has_started:
                      "Me"
    hostname:
    id:
                      1
                      "Here"
    location:
                      "Hackathon1"
    name:
    starts_at:
                      "Mon, 18 Feb 2019 13:08:00 GMT"
    webpage_url:
 is webembed:
                      true
                      "Sketching"
 phase:
                      "<iframe src=\"https://hackdash.org\"></iframe>"
 pitch:
▼ project:
                      "https://github.com/impronunciable/hackdash/issues"
    contact url:
    hashtag:
    id:
                      1
                      "https://avatars0.githubusercontent.com/u/165799?v=4"
  ▼image_url:
                      "Hackdash-V1"
    name:
                      "Sketching"
    phase:
                      10
    progress:
                      43
    score:
                      "https://github.com/impronunciable/hackdash"
    source_url:
                      "Ideas for Hackathons"
    summary:
▼team:
  ▼0:
                      2
       id:
      link:
                      "Bob"
      name:
  ▼1:
      id:
                      3
      link:
                      "Marc"
      name:
  ₹2:
       id:
                      "https://github.com/jonHESSO"
      link:
                      "jon"
      name:
```

This data should be pretty self-explanatory. However some parts still need a



little explanation:

- is_webembed : boolean indicating if the project pitch should be embed into the project presentation page.
- pitch : url of the pitch to display
- project.score : completion of page, calculated by the backend
- source url : url to the source code repository

4.2 Développer guide

Backend

Install Python, Virtualenv and Pip or Pipenv to start working with the code. You may need to install additional libraries (libffi) for the misaka package, which depends on CFFI, e.g. sudo dnf install libffi-devel.

Run the following commands from the repository root folder to bootstrap your environment using Pipenv:

```
pipenv --three
pipenv shell
pipenv install
Or using plain pip:
pip install -r requirements/dev.txt
```

By default in a dev environment, a SQLite database will be created in the root folder (dev.db). You can also install and configure your choice of DBMS supported by SQLAlchemy.

Run the following to create your app's database tables and perform the initial migration:

```
python manage.py db init

python manage.py db migrate

python manage.py db upgrade

Finally, run this command to start the server:

FLASK_DEBUG=1 python manage.py run

You will see a pretty welcome screen at http://localhost:5000
```



Frontend

<u>Node.js</u>, <u>git</u> and <u>npm</u> must be installed in your environment to be able to launch the frontend.

Firstly, clone our repository:

git clone https://github.com/hackathons-ftw/dribdat2 frontend.git

Then, run the following command to install all the missing dependencies:

npm install

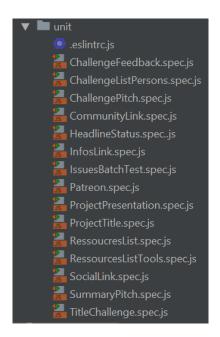
Finally, launch the node server:

npm run serve

Frontend should be running at http://localhost:8080

5. Unit Test

All the tests are in the "unit" folder and are written with: .spec.js.



We use JEST to create, execute and test the components. The tests are done in order to check if the component is displayed correctly or if the behavior of the component is correct. The tests are executed automatically with each commit using the continuous integration of Travis.

Example of Build History:



✓ master ⑤ Jonathan Schnyd	Merge remote-tracking branch 'origin/master'	->- #85 passed ->- 5ac0850 ⊘	① 1 min 28 sec 7 days ago
✓ master	Merge remote-tracking branch 'origin/master'	-0- #84 passed -0- 2efff53 ₺	① 1 min 17 sec ☐ 7 days ago
✓ master ○ RitzAnthony	Merge remote-tracking branch 'origin/master'	-≎- #83 passed -⊙- b854ce8 Ø	① 1 min 20 sec ② 8 days ago
✓ master	Sidebar	-≎- #82 passed -₀- ced17e3 ♂	① 1 min 29 sec ② 8 days ago
✓ master	Add the edit mode for the project title	-≎- #81 passed -≎- 317eeb0 ♂	① 1 min 4 sec 37 8 days ago
✓ master ■ Dodskamp	Merge branch 'master' of https://github.com/hac	>- #80 passed >- e46e436 ₺	S7 secB days ago
✓ master ○ RitzAnthony	Project related issues and contributors are loaded	-≎- #79 passed -◇- bf6e1f6 Ø	① 1 min 6 sec 8 days ago

Result on Travis when a test is passed:

000	Troo cocor anter onattongor ooabaokir	-poor jo				
	File					Uncovered Line #s
			'			
	All files	13.17				
	src	0				
	APIService.js	0				42,43,46,53,60
	registerServiceWorker.js	0	'			17,20,23,26,29
	router.js	0				15,25,32,37,42
	store.js	0	'			18,122,126,131
	src/components	0				
	EditButton.vue	0			0	
	Project.vue	0				
	Stepper.vue	0	100		0	
	src/components/DevelopementStatus	0				
	contributionChart.vue	0 0	'			24,34,35,48,49
	contributionsBadge.vue	0 0			0	46,60,62,63,65
	projectProgressBar.vue src/components/InfoTeam					,,
	ChallengeFeedback.vue	75 75				
	src/components/ProjectPresentation		'		100	
	ChallengePitch.vue	100			100	
	src/components/Ressources	100			20	
	ListRessources.vue	20			20	
	ListTools.vue	20				
	src/views	12.5				
	DevelopmentStatus.vue	12.0				,96,97,101,102
561	InfoTeam.vue	0				99,102,110,111
	ProjectList.vue					12,17,22
	ProjectPresentation.vue	100			100	
	Ressources.vue	100				14,15,16,17,18,26
				'		'
	Test Suites: 14 passed, 14 total					
	Tests: 18 passed, 18 total					
569	Snapshots: 0 total					
	Time: 5.058s					
	Ran all test suites.					
	The command "npm run test:unit" exite	ed with 0.				

Result on Travis when a result is not passed:

200	Lulibutton. vue	U	100	100		20,20,01			
	Footer.vue		100	100	. 0	57	i –		
535	Project.vue	0	100	0	0	14, 15, 16, 22, 28	ī		
	Stepper.vue	0	Θ	Θ	Θ	60,61,64,67,70	1		
	src/components/DevelopementStatus	0	Θ	0	Ι Θ	I .	1		
	contributionChart.vue	9	Θ	100	Θ	24, 34, 35, 48, 49	1		
	contributionsBadge.vue	Θ	100	100	Θ	46,60,62,63,65	1		
	projectProgressBar.vue	0	100	0	0	16,17,23	1		
	src/components/InfoTeam	75	50	66.67	75	I .	1		
	ChallengeFeedback.vue	75	50	66.67	75	11,12	1		
	<pre>src/components/ProjectPresentation </pre>	100	100	100	100	I .	1		
	ChallengePitch.vue	100	100	100	100	I	1		
	src/components/Ressources	18.18	θ	0	18.18	I	T		
	ListRessources.vue	20	Θ	100	20	45,48,49,50	1		
	ListTools.vue	20	J 0	100	20	42, 45, 46, 47	1		
	TicketService.vue	Θ	•	•			1		
	src/views	12.82					1		
	DevelopmentStatus.vue	Θ				,96,97,101,102			
	InfoTeam.vue	0	•			03, 106, 114, 115			
	ProjectList.vue	0					1		
	ProjectPresentation.vue	100					1		
	Ressources.vue	0		•		14, 15, 16, 17, 25			
							1		
	Test Suites: 1 failed, 13 passed, 14								
	Tests: 1 failed, 17 passed, 18	total							
	Snapshots: 0 total Time: 5.462s								
	npm ERR! code ELIFECYCLE								
	<pre>npm ERR! errno 1 npm ERR! dribdat2_frontend@0.1.0 test:unit: `vue-cli-service test:unit`</pre>								
	npm ERR! Exit status 1								
	npm ERR!								
	npm ERR! Failed at the dribdat2_front	end@0.1.0	test:unit s	cript.					
	npm ERR! This is probably not a probl				litional loc	ging output above.			
	npm ERR! A complete log of this run o	an be found	d in:						
	npm ERR! /home/travis/.npm/_logs/2019-04-16T07_07_33_977Z-debug.log								
570									



5.1 Possible issues

If you get these errors:

```
FAIL tests/unit/SocialLink.spec.js

    Test suite failed to run

   TypeError: Cannot assign to read only property 'Symbol(Symbol.toStringTag)' of object '#rocess>'
     at exports.default (node_modules/jest-util/build/create_process_object.js:15:34)
FAIL tests/unit/TitleChallenge.spec.js

    Test suite failed to run

   TypeError: Cannot assign to read only property 'Symbol(Symbol.toStringTag)' of object '#rocess>'
     at exports.default (node modules/jest-util/build/create process object.js:15:34)
FAIL tests/unit/SummaryPitch.spec.js

    Test suite failed to run

   TypeError: Cannot assign to read only property 'Symbol(Symbol.toStringTag)' of object '#rocess>'
     at exports.default (node modules/jest-util/build/create process object.js:15:34)
FAIL tests/unit/IssuesBatchTest.spec.js

    Test suite failed to run

   TypeError: Cannot assign to read only property 'Symbol(Symbol.toStringTag)' of object '#rocess>'
     at exports.default (node_modules/jest-util/build/create_process_object.js:15:34)
```

You must change your version of node by using this command line:

Windows:

```
npm install -g nvmw
nvmw use 11.10.1
Linux:
npm install -g nvm
nvm use 11.10.1
```