# Lecture 3 The Civil Engineering Curriculum

Nikol O. Telen

Mindanao State University - General Santos
CIVIL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

September 6, 2023





#### Lecture Overview

1 The Civil Engineering Curriculum

2 Curriculum Structure

# The Civil Engineering Curriculum

The Civil Engineering curriculum is designed to prepare graduates to:

■ apply knowledge of mathematics, calculus-based physics, chemistry, and at least one additional area of basic science

- apply knowledge of mathematics, calculus-based physics, chemistry, and at least one additional area of basic science
- apply knowledge of technical areas appropriate to civil engineering

- apply knowledge of mathematics, calculus-based physics, chemistry, and at least one additional area of basic science
- apply knowledge of technical areas appropriate to civil engineering
- conduct civil engineering experiments and analyze and interpret the resulting data

- apply knowledge of mathematics, calculus-based physics, chemistry, and at least one additional area of basic science
- apply knowledge of technical areas appropriate to civil engineering
- conduct civil engineering experiments and analyze and interpret the resulting data
- design a system component, or process in more than one civil engineering context

- apply knowledge of mathematics, calculus-based physics, chemistry, and at least one additional area of basic science
- apply knowledge of technical areas appropriate to civil engineering
- conduct civil engineering experiments and analyze and interpret the resulting data
- design a system component, or process in more than one civil engineering context
- explain basic concepts in management, business, public, policy, and leadership

- apply knowledge of mathematics, calculus-based physics, chemistry, and at least one additional area of basic science
- apply knowledge of technical areas appropriate to civil engineering
- conduct civil engineering experiments and analyze and interpret the resulting data
- design a system component, or process in more than one civil engineering context
- explain basic concepts in management, business, public, policy, and leadership
- explain the importance of professional licensure

The curriculum has five (5) tracks of specialization:

■ Construction Engineering and Management

- Construction Engineering and Management
- Geotechnical Engineering

- Construction Engineering and Management
- Geotechnical Engineering
- Structural Engineering

- Construction Engineering and Management
- Geotechnical Engineering
- Structural Engineering
- Transportation Engineering

- Construction Engineering and Management
- Geotechnical Engineering
- Structural Engineering
- Transportation Engineering
- Structural Engineering

The curriculum has five (5) tracks of specialization:

- Construction Engineering and Management
- Geotechnical Engineering
- Structural Engineering
- Transportation Engineering
- Structural Engineering

As of 2022, the PICE looks to add the following fields of specialization:

The curriculum has five (5) tracks of specialization:

- Construction Engineering and Management
- Geotechnical Engineering
- Structural Engineering
- Transportation Engineering
- Structural Engineering

As of 2022, the PICE looks to add the following fields of specialization:

■ Energy and Environmental Engineering

The curriculum has five (5) tracks of specialization:

- Construction Engineering and Management
- Geotechnical Engineering
- Structural Engineering
- Transportation Engineering
- Structural Engineering

As of 2022, the PICE looks to add the following fields of specialization:

- Energy and Environmental Engineering
- Civil Engineering Education

The curriculum has a minimum of 171 credit units.

The curriculum has a minimum of 171 credit units.

121 units of technical courses (mathematics, natural/physical sciences, basic engineering sciences, allied courses, and professional courses, and OJT)

The curriculum has a minimum of 171 credit units.

121 units of technical courses (mathematics, natural/physical sciences, basic engineering sciences, allied courses, and professional courses, and OJT)

50 units for non-technical courses (General Education Curriculum (GEC), PE, & NSTP)

# Curriculum Structure

### Curriculum Structure

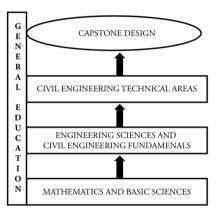


Figure: Curriculum Structure

#### General Education

complements the technical content of the curriculum consistent with the program and institution objectives

#### General Education

complements the technical content of the curriculum consistent with the program and institution objectives

college graduate should have knowledge and skills in areas vital to understanding of modern society

#### Mathematics and Basic Sciences

Mathematics courses includes basic calculus courses, differential equations, statistics, and numerical methods.

Basic sciences requirements can be satisfied by either biology, chemistry, or other science courses.

Required for most engineering disciplines. Typically includes:

Required for most engineering disciplines. Typically includes:

■ **Statics** - deals with forces and equilibrium, and the concepts derived thereof

Required for most engineering disciplines. Typically includes:

- Statics deals with forces and equilibrium, and the concepts derived thereof
- **Dynamics** deals with motion of objects and its relationship with forces

Required for most engineering disciplines. Typically includes:

- **Statics** deals with forces and equilibrium, and the concepts derived thereof
- **Dynamics** deals with motion of objects and its relationship with forces
- Fluid Mechanics studies the movement of fluids in open and enclosed environment

Courses required for Civil Engineering but are not for most other engineering disciplines. Typically includes:

■ **Engineering Materials** - studies the manufacturing and the properties of materials for engineering applications

- **Engineering Materials** studies the manufacturing and the properties of materials for engineering applications
- **Mechanics of Materials** studies the effects of forces acting on structural members on the material of the members

- **Engineering Materials** studies the manufacturing and the properties of materials for engineering applications
- **Mechanics of Materials** studies the effects of forces acting on structural members on the material of the members
- **Soil Mechanics** studies the behavior of soil and rocks supporting civil engineering structures

- **Engineering Materials** studies the manufacturing and the properties of materials for engineering applications
- **Mechanics of Materials** studies the effects of forces acting on structural members on the material of the members
- **Soil Mechanics** studies the behavior of soil and rocks supporting civil engineering structures
- **Hydrology** studies and quantifies the circulation and movement of water

Includes introductory courses from other engineering disciplines, such as:

Includes introductory courses from other engineering disciplines, such as:

■ **Basic Electric Engineering** - covers electric circuit analysis, tranformers, power supply, etc

Includes introductory courses from other engineering disciplines, such as:

■ **Basic Electric Engineering** - covers electric circuit analysis, tranformers, power supply, etc

Includes introductory courses from other engineering disciplines, such as:

- Basic Electric Engineering covers electric circuit analysis, tranformers, power supply, etc
- **Thermodynamics** studies the conversion among different forms of energy
- **Computer Programming** covers either fundamentals of computer programming or tools of computing for civil engineers

Includes courses focused on Civil Engineering technical areas. For Structural Engineering:

Includes courses focused on Civil Engineering technical areas. For Structural Engineering:

■ **Structural Theory** - studies further analytical tools for computing the member forces and the deflections of beams, trusses, and frames.

Includes courses focused on Civil Engineering technical areas. For Structural Engineering:

- **Structural Theory** studies further analytical tools for computing the member forces and the deflections of beams, trusses, and frames.
- **Reinforced Concrete Design** covers beam design, simple slab design, column design, and simple foundation design using concrete and reinforcing steel bars

Includes courses focused on Civil Engineering technical areas. For Structural Engineering:

- **Structural Theory** studies further analytical tools for computing the member forces and the deflections of beams, trusses, and frames.
- **Reinforced Concrete Design** covers beam design, simple slab design, column design, and simple foundation design using concrete and reinforcing steel bars
- **Steel Structures Design** deals with design of tension and compression members made of steel including their connections (welded, bolted)

# Capstone Design

The culmination of the curriculum which involves a major design experience based on the knowledge and skills acquired in earlier courses.

# The End

Questions? Comments?