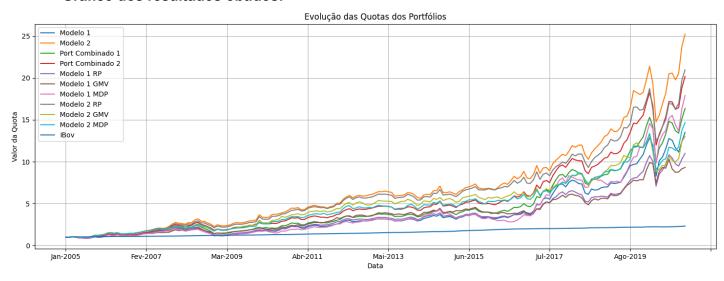
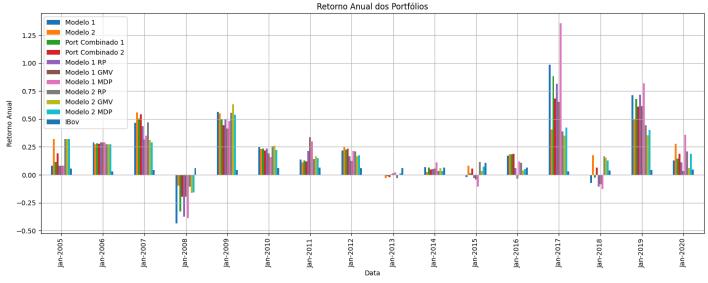
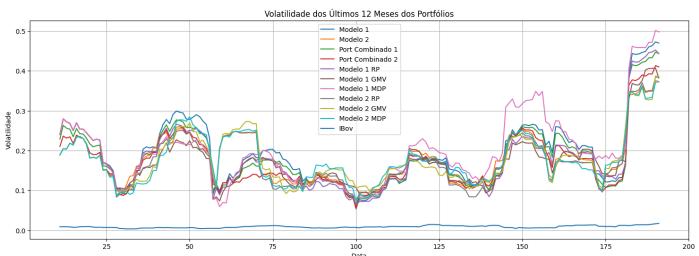
Trabalho 2 SSC0964 - Portfólio de Multifatores e Otimização

Gráfico dos resultados obtidos:







Código:

```
!pip install fpdf matplotlib pandas riskfolio-lib statsmodels
import warnings
warnings.simplefilter(action='ignore', category=FutureWarning)
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import riskfolio as rp
import statsmodels
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from fpdf import FPDF
# ESSE TRECHO DE CÓDIGO ESTÁ DEFININDO OS VALORES DE REFERÊNCIA GLOBAIS E ARMAZENANDO OS
DADOS QUE ESTÃO NOS ARQUIVOS .xlsx
data inicial = 13 \# 13 = 01/2005
data final = data inicial + 192 # 12/2020
colunas = 291 #len(comp indice.columns)
step port = 1
step_eval = 1
#Composição do índice IBX
comp_indice=pd.read_excel('Dados-Comp-IBRX.xlsx', engine='openpyxl')
comp_indice.set_index(keys = 'Data', inplace = True)
#Preços de fechamento dos ativos
fechamento=pd.read excel('Dados-Fechamento.xlsx', engine='openpyxl')
fechamento.set index(keys = 'Data', inplace = True)
```

```
referencias=pd.read excel('Dados-Base.xlsx', engine='openpyxl')
referencias.set index(keys = 'Data', inplace = True)
fator_ROIC=pd.read_excel('Dados-ROIC-A2.xlsx', engine='openpyxl')
fator ROIC.set index(keys = 'Data', inplace = True)
ranked ROIC=fator ROIC.rank(axis=1, numeric only=True, ascending=False, method='first')
# Fator Momentum (Momentum de 12 meses)
fator Mom=pd.read excel('Dados-Momentum-12.xlsx', engine='openpyxl')
fator Mom.set index(keys = 'Data', inplace = True)
ranked Mom=fator Mom.rank(axis=1, numeric only=True, ascending=False, method='first')
#Fator Tamanho (Valor de mercado das empresas)
fator Val Merc=pd.read excel('Dados-Val-Merc.xlsx', engine='openpyxl')
fator Val Merc.set index(keys = 'Data', inplace = True)
ranked Val Merc=fator Val Merc.rank(axis=1, numeric only=True, ascending=True,
method='first')
#Fator Valor (Preço / Valor Patrimonial)
fator PVP=pd.read excel('Dados-PVP.xlsx', engine='openpyxl')
fator PVP.set index(keys = 'Data', inplace = True)
ranked PVP=fator PVP.rank(axis=1, numeric only=True, ascending=True, method='first')
#Fator Volatilidade (Volatilidade em 12 meses)
fator Vol=pd.read excel('Dados-Vol-12.xlsx', engine='openpyxl')
fator Vol.set index(keys = 'Data', inplace = True)
ranked Vol=fator Vol.rank(axis=1, numeric only=True, ascending=True, method='first')
print("Periodo de avaliacao - de:", comp indice.index[data inicial], "(", data inicial,
")", "ate:", comp indice.index[data final-1], "(", data final-1, ")")
print("Rebalanceamento a cada", step eval,"/", step port, "meses")
```

```
#Parâmetros: (fator, ranking inicio, ranking fim)
#Retorno: portfólio
def SelPort1(port ranked 1, param 1a, param 1b):
 port ranked final = port ranked 1.copy()
 port ranked final.loc[:, :] = 0
 for lin in range(data inicial, data final, step port):
    for col in range(0, colunas):
        if ((port ranked 1.iat[lin-1, col] >= param 1a) and (port ranked 1.iat[lin-1,
col] <= param 1b)):
           port ranked final.iat[lin-1, col] = 1
 return port ranked final
def SelPort2Par(ranked 1, param 1, ranked 2, param 2):
port ranked final = ranked 1.copy()
port ranked final.loc[:, :] = 0
for lin in range(data_inicial, data_final, step_port):
 for col in range(0, colunas):
```

```
if ((ranked_1.iat[lin-1, col] >= 1) and (ranked_1.iat[lin-1, col] <= param_1) and
        (ranked_2.iat[lin-1, col] >= 1) and (ranked_2.iat[lin-1, col] <= param_2)):
      port ranked final.iat[lin-1, col] = 1
return port ranked final
#Avaliação de um portfólio.
#Parâmetros: (portfólio, histórico de preços dos ativos)
#Retorno: vetor com retorno acumulado, vetor com retornos periódicos, vetor com drawdown,
def EvalPort(port, fechamento):
 port acc vet = []
 port chg vet = []
 port ddown vet = []
 port acc = 1.0
 port acc vet.append(1.0)
  cost trans = 0.0006
  for lin in range(data inicial, data final, step_eval):
     cont = 0.0
     rent = 0.0
      for col in range(0, colunas):
          if (port.iat[lin-1, col] > 0 and fechamento.iat[lin-1, col]>0 and
fechamento.iat[lin-1+step_eval, col]>0):
              rent = rent +
(fechamento.iat[lin-1+step eval,col]/fechamento.iat[lin-1,col]-1)*(port.iat[lin-1, col])
              cont = cont + port.iat[lin-1, col]
      if (cont == 0):
      port acc = port acc * (1.0 + rent/cont - cost trans)
      port_chg_vet.append(rent/cont - cost_trans)
      port acc vet.append(port acc)
      port ddown vet.append(port acc/(np.max(port acc vet))-1)
```

```
ret_aa = pow(port_acc, 12/(data_final-data_inicial))-1
 vol aa = np.std(port chg vet)*((12/step eval)**(1/2))
  return port acc vet, port chg vet, port ddown vet, ret aa, vol aa
def EvalRef(ref, ind):
 ref acc vet = []
 ref chg vet = []
  ref ddown vet = []
  ref acc = 1.0
  ref acc vet.append(1.0)
  for lin in range(data inicial, data final, step eval):
     ref chg vet.append(rent-1)
     ref acc vet.append(ref acc)
      ref ddown vet.append(ref acc/(np.max(ref acc vet))-1)
  ret aa = pow(ref acc, 12/(data final-data inicial))-1
 vol aa = np.std(ref chg vet)*((12/step eval)**(1/2))
 return ref acc vet, ref chg vet, ref ddown vet, ret aa, vol aa
def calc riskfolio opt(ranked, fechamento, otim opt):
 hist size = 24
 port = ranked.copy()
  for lin in range(data inicial+hist size, data final, 1):
```

```
print("\r", lin, "/", data_final-1, end=' ')
      port comp = pd.DataFrame()
      for col in range(0, colunas):
          if (port.iat[lin-1, col] > 0):
              port comp[port.columns[col]] =
fechamento[port.columns[col]].iloc[lin-1-hist size:lin-1]
      port comp.fillna(method='backfill', axis=0, inplace=True)
      port comp chg = port comp.pct change().dropna()
      if (otim opt == 'RP'):
         rp port = rp.Portfolio(returns=port comp chg)
          rp port.assets stats(d=0.94, method cov='hist')
          w = rp port.rp optimization(rm='MV', b=None)
      elif (otim opt == 'GMV'):
          gmv port = rp.Portfolio(returns=port comp chg)
          gmv port.assets stats(d=0.94)
          w = gmv port.optimization(model='Classic', rm='MV', obj='MinRisk')
      elif (otim opt == 'MDP'):
          mdp port = rp.Portfolio(returns=port comp chg)
          mdp port.assets stats(d=0.94)
          mdp port.cov = port comp chg.corr()
          w = mdp port.optimization(model='Classic', rm='MV', obj='MinRisk')
     port len = len(port comp chg.columns)
      for at in range (port len):
          port.at[port.index[lin-1], port comp.columns[at]] = w['weights'].iat[at]
 port final = port.copy()
  return port final
def combine portfolios(port1, port2, weight1, weight2):
 combined_port = (port1 * weight1 + port2 * weight2) / (weight1 + weight2)
  return combined port
```

```
# Cálculo de rentabilidade / volatilidade / drawdown do Ibovespa
ref acc vet, ref chg vet, ref ddown vet, ret aa ref, vol aa ref = EvalRef(referencias, 0)
print("Ref Ibov:\nRet. Acc.:",round(ref acc vet[-1]*100-100, 2) ,"% Ret.
Anual.:",round(ret_aa_ref*100,2), "% Vol.:", round(vol aa ref*100,2), "% Ret/Vol:",
round(ret aa ref/vol aa ref, 2), "DDown:", round(np.min(ref ddown vet)*100,2), "%")
print("\n")
# Cálculo de rentabilidade / volatilidade / drawdown do IBX
ref_acc_vet, ref_chg_vet, ref_ddown_vet, ret_aa_ref, vol_aa_ref = EvalRef(referencias, 1)
print("Ref IBX:\nRet. Acc.:",round(ref acc vet[-1]*100-100, 2) ,"% Ret.
Anual.:",round(ret_aa_ref*100,2), "% Vol.:", round(vol_aa_ref*100,2), "% Ret/Vol:",
round(ret_aa_ref/vol_aa_ref, 2), "DDown:", round(np.min(ref ddown vet)*100,2), "%")
print("\n")
ref acc vet, ref chg vet, ref ddown vet, ret aa ref, vol aa ref = EvalRef(referencias, 2)
print("Ref SELIC:\nRet. Acc.:",round(ref acc vet[-1]*100-100, 2) ,"% Ret.
Anual.:",round(ret aa ref*100,2), "% Vol.:", round(vol aa ref*100,2), "% Ret/Vol:",
round(ret_aa_ref/vol_aa_ref, 2), "DDown:", round(np.min(ref_ddown_vet)*100,2), "%")
print("\n")
ref acc vet, ref chg vet, ref ddown vet, ret aa ref, vol aa ref = EvalRef(referencias, 3)
print("Ref IPCA:\nRet. Acc.:",round(ref acc vet[-1]*100-100, 2) ,"% Ret.
Anual.:",round(ret aa ref*100,2), "% Vol.:", round(vol aa ref*100,2), "% Ret/Vol:",
round(ret_aa_ref/vol_aa_ref, 2), "DDown:", round(np.min(ref ddown vet)*100,2), "%")
param 1 roic = 30  # Top 30 por ROIC
param 1 mom = 30  # Top 30 por Momentum
param 2 mom = 30  # Top 30 por Momentum
param 2 vol = 30  # Top 30 por Baixa Volatilidade
port modelo1 = SelPort2Par(ranked ROIC, param 1 roic, ranked Mom, param 1 mom)
port_modelo2 = SelPort2Par(ranked_Mom, param_2_mom, ranked_Vol, param_2_vol)
```

```
eval modelo1 = EvalPort(port modelo1, fechamento)
eval modelo2 = EvalPort(port modelo2, fechamento)
combined port1 = combine portfolios(port modelo1, port_modelo2, 0.7, 0.3)
eval combined1 = EvalPort(combined port1, fechamento)
combined port2 = combine portfolios(port modelo1, port modelo2, 0.3, 0.7)
eval combined2 = EvalPort(combined port2, fechamento)
port modelo1 rp = calc riskfolio opt(port modelo1, fechamento, 'RP')
port modelo1 gmv = calc riskfolio opt(port modelo1, fechamento, 'GMV')
port modelo1 mdp = calc riskfolio opt(port modelo1, fechamento, 'MDP')
port modelo2    rp = calc riskfolio    opt(port modelo2, fechamento, 'RP')
port modelo2 gmv = calc riskfolio opt(port modelo2, fechamento, 'GMV')
port modelo2 mdp = calc riskfolio opt(port modelo2, fechamento, 'MDP')
# Avaliação dos portfólios otimizados
eval modelo1 rp = EvalPort(port modelo1 rp, fechamento)
eval modelo1 gmv = EvalPort(port modelo1 gmv, fechamento)
eval modelo1 mdp = EvalPort(port modelo1 mdp, fechamento)
eval modelo2 rp = EvalPort(port modelo2 rp, fechamento)
eval modelo2 gmv = EvalPort(port modelo2 gmv, fechamento)
eval modelo2 mdp = EvalPort(port modelo2 mdp, fechamento)
# Função para criar e salvar gráficos
def save plot(fig, filename):
  fig.savefig(filename, format='png', bbox inches='tight')
```

```
final df = pd.DataFrame(index = ranked ROIC.iloc[data inicial:data final+1].index)
final df['Modelo 1'] = eval modelo1[0]
final df['Modelo 2'] = eval modelo2[0]
final df['Port Combinado 1'] = eval combined1[0]
final df['Port Combinado 2'] = eval combined2[0]
final df['Modelo 1 RP'] = eval modelo1 rp[0]
final df['Modelo 1 GMV'] = eval modelo1 gmv[0]
final df['Modelo 1 MDP'] = eval modelo1 mdp[0]
final df['Modelo 2 RP'] = eval modelo2 rp[0]
final df['Modelo 2 GMV'] = eval modelo2 gmv[0]
final df['Modelo 2 MDP'] = eval modelo2 mdp[0]
final df['IBov'] = ref acc vet
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(18, 6))
final df.plot(ax=ax, grid=True)
ax.set title('Evolução das Quotas dos Portfólios')
ax.set xlabel('Data')
ax.set ylabel('Valor da Quota')
save plot(fig, 'evolucao quotas.png')
final df12 = pd.DataFrame(columns=['Data', 'Modelo 1', 'Modelo 2', 'Port Combinado 1',
GMV', 'Modelo 2 MDP', 'IBov'])
for ind in range(0, len(final df.index)-12, 12):
 final temp = final df.iloc[ind+12]/final df.iloc[ind]-1
  final df12 = pd.concat([final df12, pd.DataFrame([final temp])], ignore index=True)
  final df12.iat[len(final df12)-1, 0] = final df.index[ind]
final df12.set index(keys='Data', inplace=True)
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(18, 6))
final df12.plot.bar(ax=ax, grid=True)
ax.set title('Retorno Anual dos Portfólios')
ax.set xlabel('Data')
ax.set ylabel('Retorno Anual')
```

```
save plot(fig, 'retorno anual.png')
# Cálculo da volatilidade dos últimos 12 meses para cada portfólio e o IBov
final vol df = pd.DataFrame()
final vol df['Modelo 1'] =
pd.Series(eval modelo1[1]).rolling(int(12/step eval)).std()*(int(12/step eval)**(1/2))
final vol df['Modelo 2'] =
pd.Series(eval modelo2[1]).rolling(int(12/step eval)).std()*(int(12/step eval)**(1/2))
final vol df['Port Combinado 1'] =
pd.Series(eval_combined1[1]).rolling(int(12/step_eval)).std()*(int(12/step_eval)**(1/2))
final vol df['Port Combinado 2'] =
pd.Series(eval combined2[1]).rolling(int(12/step eval)).std()*(int(12/step eval)**(1/2))
final vol df['Modelo 1 RP'] =
pd.Series(eval modelo1 rp[1]).rolling(int(12/step eval)).std()*(int(12/step eval)**(1/2))
final vol df['Modelo 1 GMV'] =
pd.Series(eval modelo1 gmv[1]).rolling(int(12/step eval)).std()*(int(12/step_eval)**(1/2))
final vol df['Modelo 1 MDP'] =
pd.Series(eval modelo1 mdp[1]).rolling(int(12/step eval)).std()*(int(12/step eval)**(1/2))
final vol df['Modelo 2 RP'] =
pd.Series(eval modelo2 rp[1]).rolling(int(12/step eval)).std()*(int(12/step_eval)**(1/2))
final vol df['Modelo 2 GMV'] =
pd.Series(eval modelo2 gmv[1]).rolling(int(12/step eval)).std()*(int(12/step eval)**(1/2))
final vol df['Modelo 2 MDP'] =
pd.Series(eval modelo2 mdp[1]).rolling(int(12/step_eval)).std()*(int(12/step_eval)**(1/2))
final vol df['IBov'] =
pd.Series(ref chg vet).rolling(int(12/step eval)).std()*(int(12/step eval)**(1/2))
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(18, 6))
final vol df.plot(ax=ax, grid=True)
ax.set title('Volatilidade dos Últimos 12 Meses dos Portfólios')
ax.set xlabel('Data')
ax.set ylabel('Volatilidade')
save plot(fig, 'volatilidade.png')
pdf = FPDF()
pdf.add page()
pdf.set font("Arial", size=12)
```

```
pdf.cell(200, 10, txt="Evolução das Quotas dos Portfólios", ln=True, align='C')
pdf.image("evolucao_quotas.png", x=10, y=20, w=190)

pdf.add_page()
pdf.cell(200, 10, txt="Retorno Anual dos Portfólios", ln=True, align='C')
pdf.image("retorno_anual.png", x=10, y=20, w=190)

pdf.add_page()
pdf.cell(200, 10, txt="Volatilidade dos Últimos 12 Meses dos Portfólios", ln=True, align='C')
pdf.image("volatilidade.png", x=10, y=20, w=190)

pdf.output("portfolios_report.pdf")

print("PDF com os gráficos foi gerado com sucesso.")
```