1. What is MVC architecture.(Model View Controll)

* **Model** - Model represents an object or JAVA POJO carrying data. It can also have logic to update controller if its data changes.
* **View** - View represents the visualization of the data that model contains.
* **Controller** - Controller acts on both model and view. It controls the data flow into model object and updates the view whenever data changes. It keeps view and model separate.
* In Java Programming context, the Model consists of simple [Java classes](https://www.edureka.co/blog/java-objects-and-classes/#javaclass), the View displays the data and the Controller consists of [servlets](https://www.edureka.co/blog/java-servlets" \t "_blank).

1. What is an http session.

Session is used to identify the particular user.

An object of HttpSession can be used to perform two tasks:

* bind objects
* view and manipulate information about a session, such as the session identifier, creation time, and last accessed time.

1. What is expression language and its scope.

Expression language (EL) has been introduced in JSP 2.0. The main purpose of it to simplify the process of accessing data from [bean](https://beginnersbook.com/2013/11/jsp-usebean-setproperty-getproperty-action-tags/) properties and from [implicit objects](https://beginnersbook.com/2013/11/jsp-implicit-objects/). EL includes arithmetic, relational and logical operators.

1. What are page directives.

The page directive is used to provide instructions to the container that pertain to the current JSP page. You may code the page directives anywhere in your JSP page. By convention, page directives are coded at the top of the JSP page.

Syntax:

<%@ page attribute = "value" %>