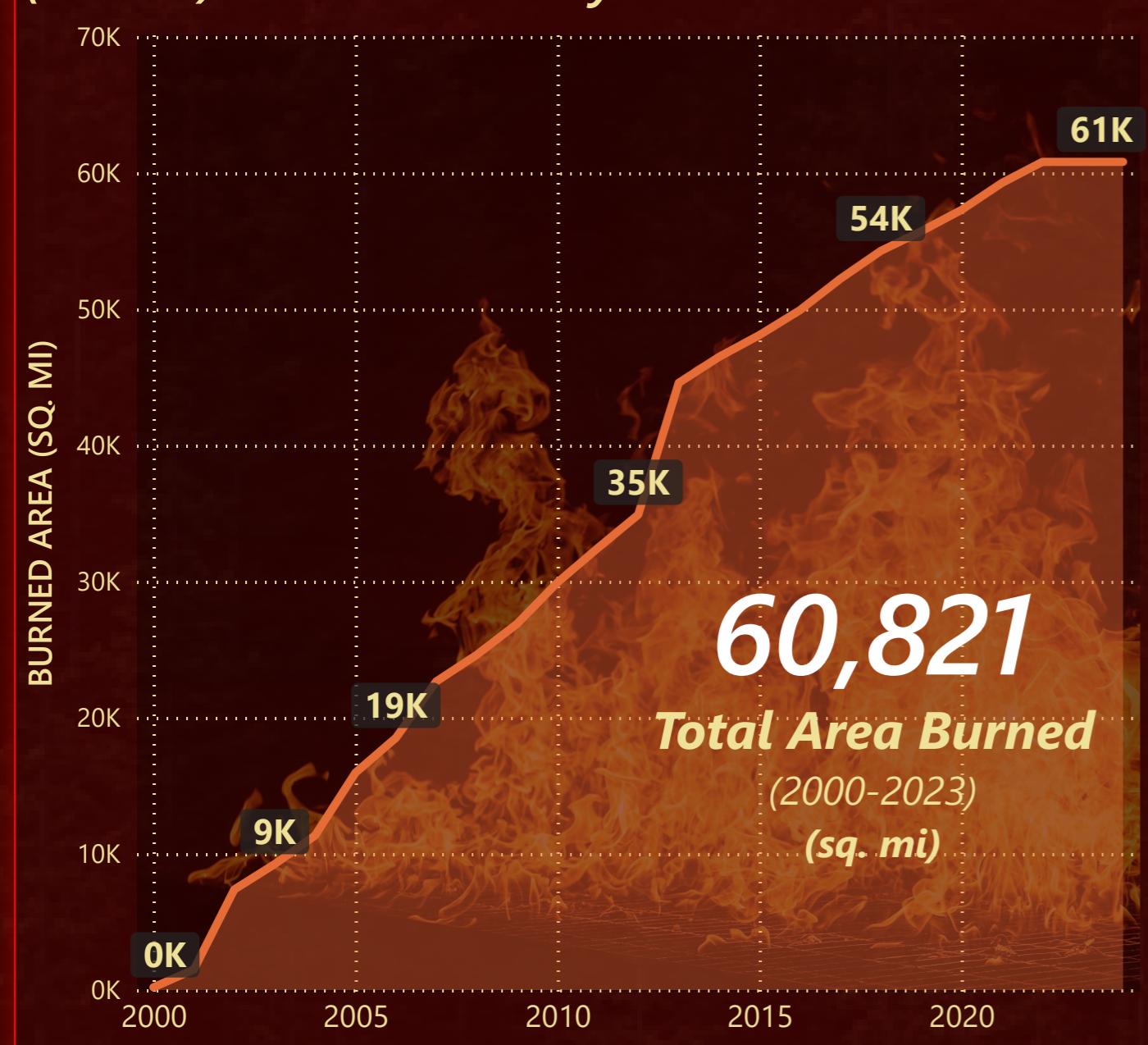


# UP IN FLAMES Wildfire Impacts in Eastern North America 2000 - 2023

Wildfires are an increasing threat to our survival and are often understudied on the east coast compared to their western counterparts. These blazes, now more common and more severe due to climate change, affect populations far removed from the blaze itself.

## (Not So) Little Fires Everywhere



Releasing...

**25,953,927**

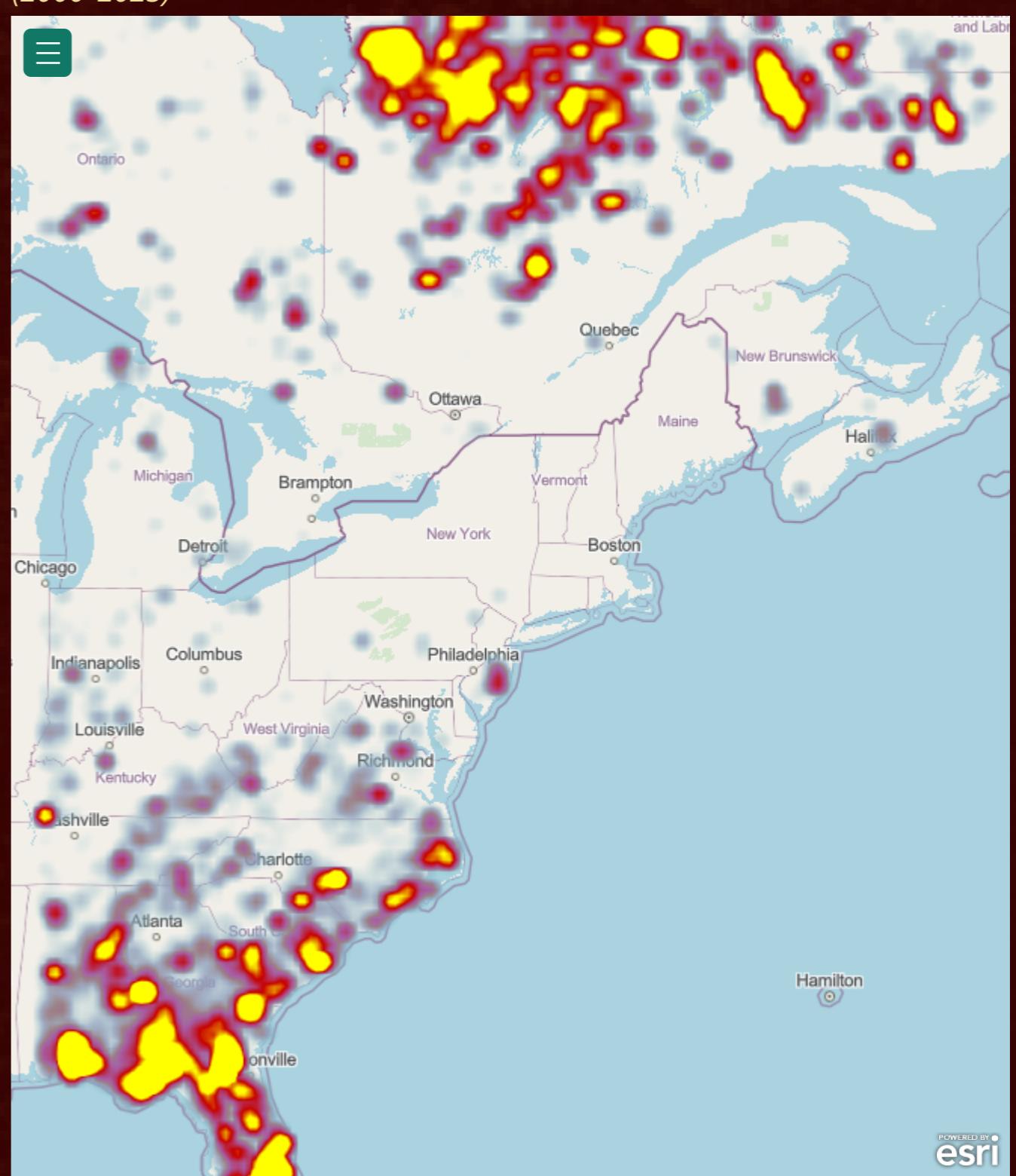
**Total Megawatts**  
of Fire Radiative Power (FRP)

...and burning an area  
**larger than Georgia**

The loss of biomass, the high density of smoke, the increase of small particulate matter and deadly carbon monoxide in the air all negatively impact the Air Quality Index (AQI)

## Total Area Burned

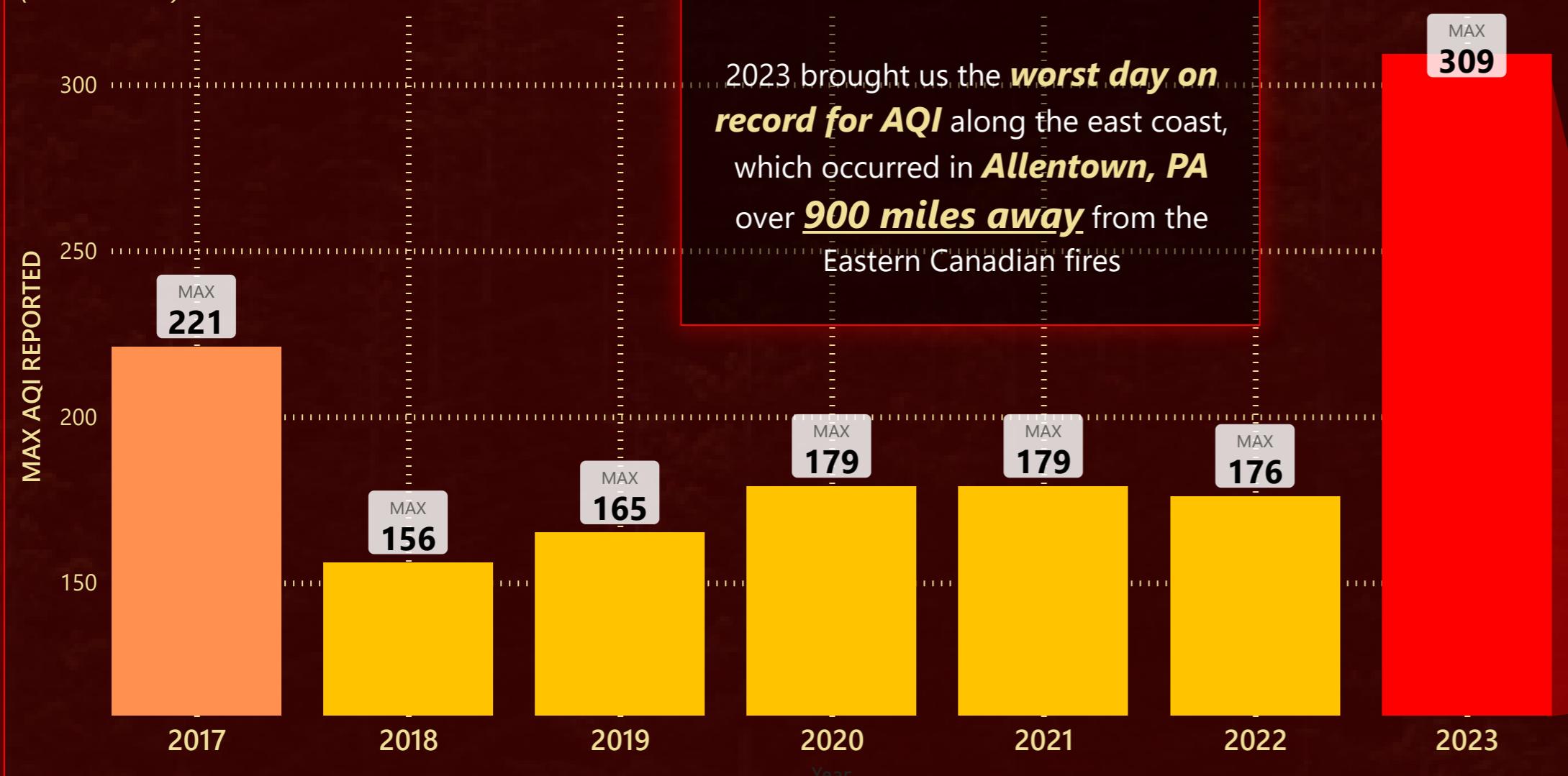
(2000-2023)



## AS FIRES SPREAD, SMOKE RISES

### 5 YEAR FOCUS: AQI TRENDS

(2018-2023)



### Distant Fires, Local Impacts

2023 brought us the **worst day on record for AQI** along the east coast, which occurred in **Allentown, PA** over **900 miles away** from the Eastern Canadian fires

### Category & Range

Category & Range	Meaning
Good	Satisfactory, poses little to no risk
0-50	
Moderate	Acceptable, moderate health concern for small number of people unusually sensitive to air pollution.
51-100	
Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups	Members of sensitive groups may experience health effects
101-150	
Unhealthy	Everyone may experience health effects, with members of sensitive groups experiencing more serious effects.
151-200	
Very Unhealthy	HEALTH ALERT: Everyone may experience more serious health effects.
201-300	
Hazardous	EMERGENCY: The entire population is more likely to be affected by more serious health conditions.
301-500	

## 10 Worst Days for Air Quality

Washington D.C. (2000-2023)

	Date	AQI		Date	AQI
1	June 8, 2023	198	6	February 19, 2011	162
2	June 7, 2023	176	7	July 4, 2006	161
3	July 4, 2000	174	8	July 4, 2019	157
4	June 29, 2023	170	9	July 4, 2003	155
5	July 4, 2020	166	10	July 4, 2010	154

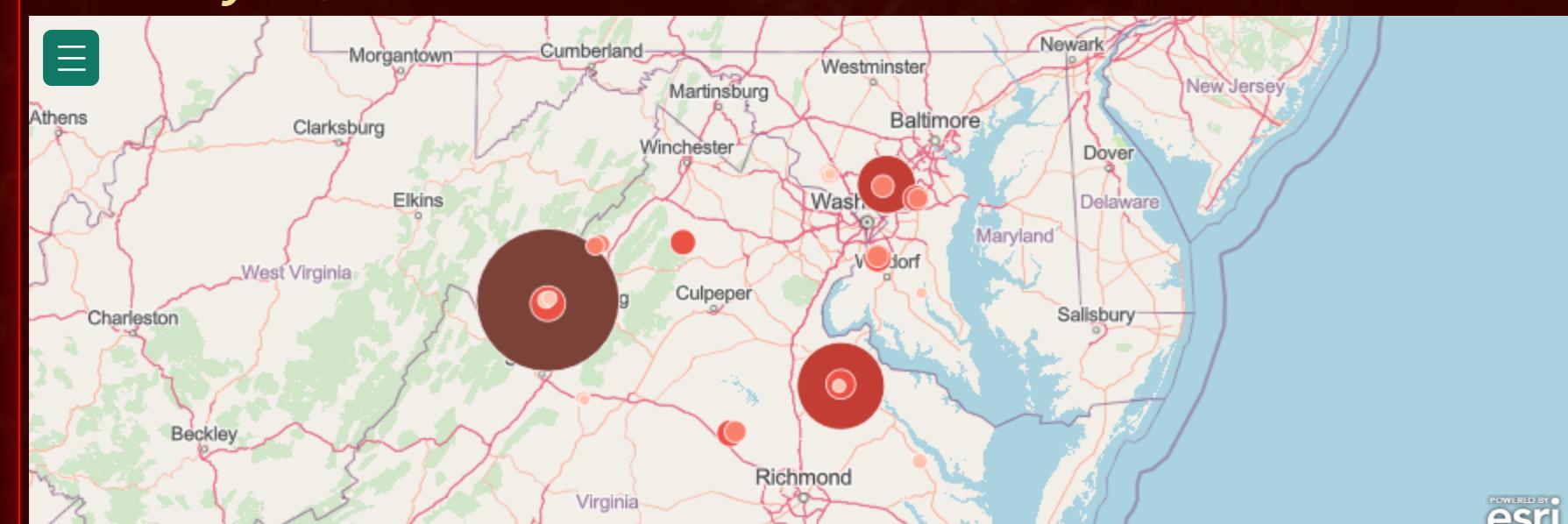
Highlighted cells show days where the AQI was impacted by wildfire, note that all other AQI spikes are correlated with Independence Day fireworks

## HITTING HOME

**Four of the top six** worst measurements of AQI in Washington D.C. occurred as a **direct result of wildfires**

The February 19th, 2011 D.C. AQI spike was the result of a close-range fire in Maryland and several ongoing brush fires in Virginia; but in June of 2023, mere days after fires ravaged east Canada, Washington D.C. was covered in smog from more than **1,000 miles away**.

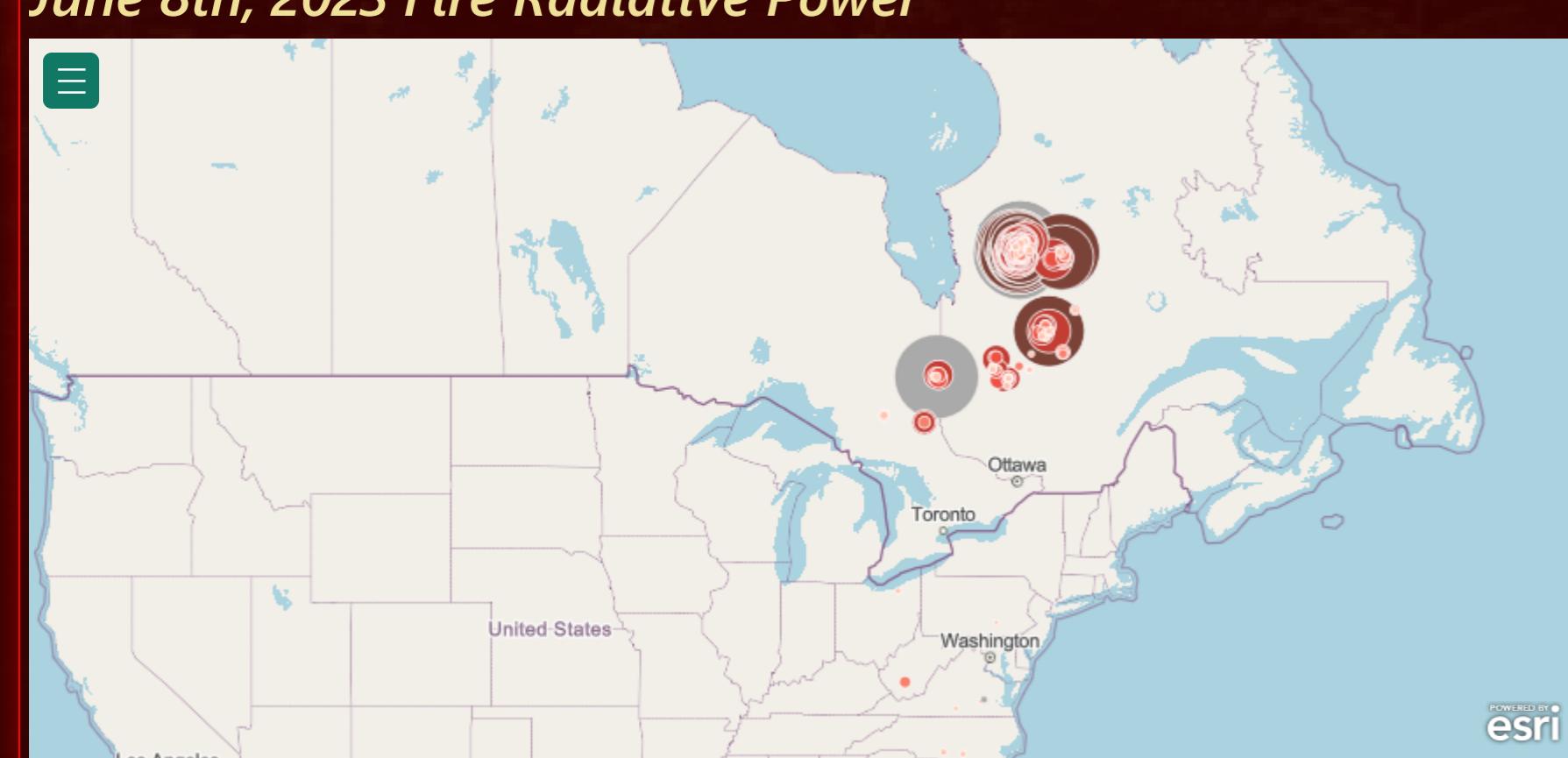
### February 19, 2011 Fire Radiative Power



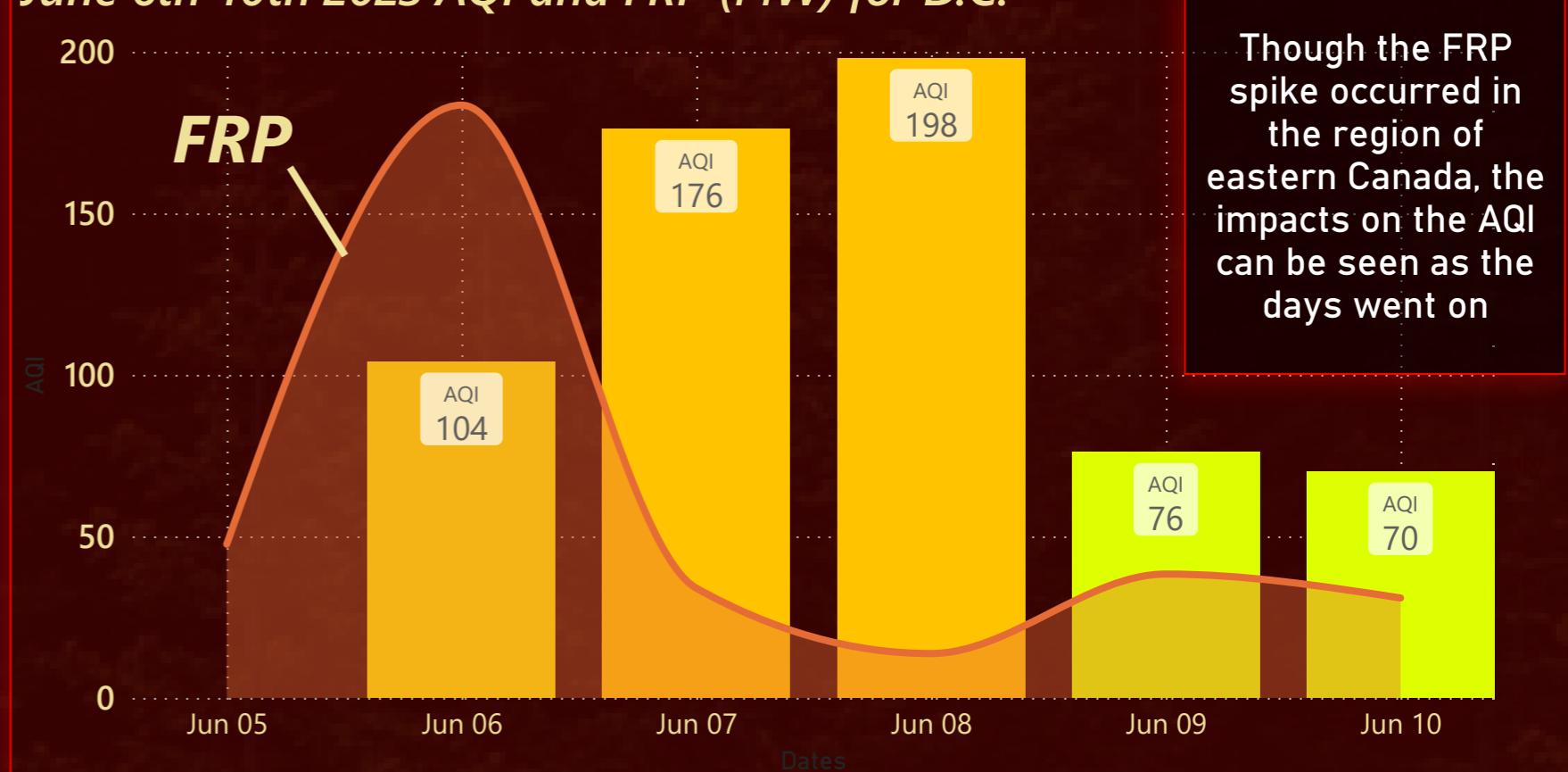
### Feb. 17th - 22nd 2011 AQI and FRP (MW) for D.C.



### June 8th, 2023 Fire Radiative Power



### June 6th-10th 2023 AQI and FRP (MW) for D.C.



Though the FRP spike occurred in the region of eastern Canada, the impacts on the AQI can be seen as the days went on