Université d'Ottawa University of Ottawa 28 May 2020

Atelier Python | Python workshop

• Pandas, tracer et l'analyse des données | Pandas, plotting and data analysis

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Helpers: Purvasha Patnaik, Masoumeh Soflaei, and Will Kochtitzky



Getting Started

- Download the slides: jarno.ca/python.pdf
- Go to syzygy.ca
 - Click on LAUNCH in top-right corner
 - Choose UOTTAWA
 - Click on the red house with "Log in" in small print
 - Use your uoAccess credentials to log in
- If you don't have uoAccess credentials, talk to Jarno over Teams



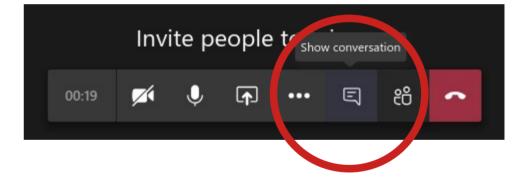
Program

| 9:00 | Intro |
|-------|--|
| 9:30 | Reading data |
| 10:30 | Break |
| 10:45 | Plotting |
| 12:00 | Lunch break |
| 13:00 | Data manipulation |
| 14:30 | Break |
| 14:45 | Basic scripting with if-then and for loops |
| 16:00 | END |



Say Hello!

- We will use the chat function in Teams for interactivity
- Say hello and introduce yourself!
 - Why are you here?





Helpers

- We have three helpers with us today!
 - Will Kochtitzky
 - Purvasha Patnaik
 - Masoumeh Soflaei
- They will help if you get in trouble!





Data Science

- What do you think Data Science is?
- Type your answers in the chat!
- Data science is an exciting discipline that allows you to turn raw data into understanding, insight, and knowledge.

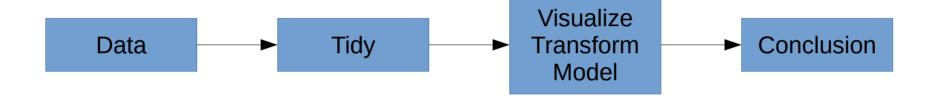


Normal Science



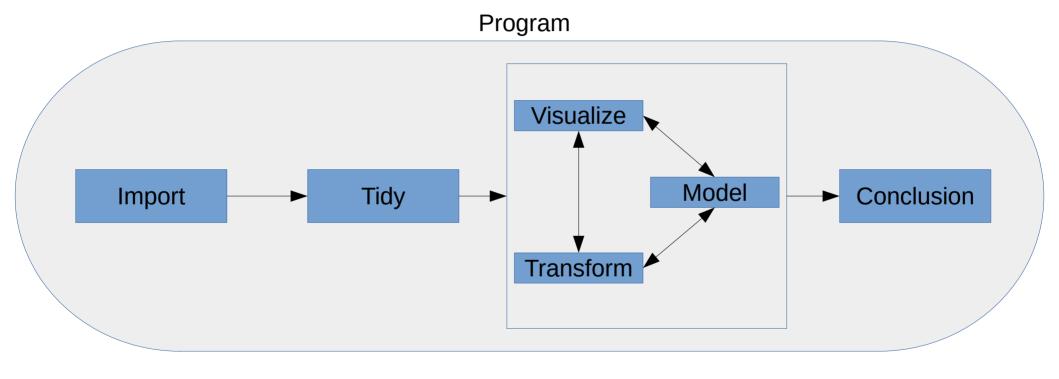


Data Science





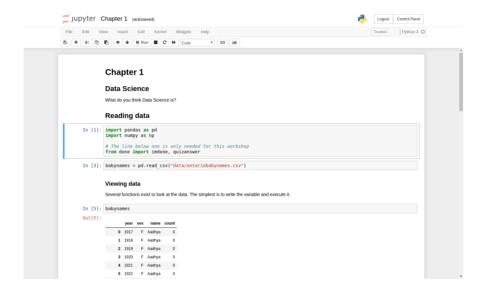
Data Science





Reproducible Science

- Programs are reproducible
- Using Jupyter Notebook
- Mix between program and report
- Takes data and reproduces conclusions





Python

- High-level
- General-purpose
- Interpreted
- Huge ecosystem





Python – The Language

• Values: -1 1.3 "Ottawa"

• Object: n = -1 x = 1.3 city_name = "Ottawa"

• Functions: print(n) len(city name)

Special values:

- Lists: [1,2,3,4] ["Hello", "world"]

Dictionaries: {"num": 12, "name": "something"}



Warm Up

Which of these are numbers?

"1"

"one"

one



Warm Up

Which one of these will work? (assume one=1)

log(1)

log("1")

log("one")

log(one)



Speed test

- Numerical integration of $f(x,y) = x^2 + xy + y^2$ from -10 to 10 with steps of 0.001.
- Python

Integral of
$$f(x,y) = x^2 + xy + y^2$$
 is 66.673



Well, that sucks... but!

- The power of Python is in its ecosystem.
- Thousands of packages are available. Many written in C but usable from Python.
- Python is the glue to connect them all



Python Packages

- Python Package Index (PyPI)
 - https://pypi.org
- 233,536 projects
- Package installation depends on how Python was installed, most common is conda or pip.
- Our environment already has the most common packages installed

Using packages with import

```
import math
print("sin(3) = ", math.sin(3))
```



Jupyter Notebooks

- Open your browser and go to
 - https://uottawa.syzygy.ca
 - Open Chapter 1.ipynb



Further Assistance

- For help with
 - Compute Canada
 - Programming
 - Servers
 - Any research-related computing needs
- Contact Jarno van der Kolk through TopDesk
 - https://topdesk.uottawa.ca
- Or by e-mail, jvanderk@uottawa.ca

