LAST NAME:	FIRST NAME:	CIRCLE:	Dahal 4pm	Li 1pm
Saurons		Li 5:30pm	Zweck 11:30am	Zweck 1pm

1 /12	2 /12	3 /12	5 /12	

MATH 2415 [Fall 2019] Exam I, Sep 27th

No books or notes! NO CALCULATORS! Show all work and give complete explanations. Don't spend too much time on any one problem. This 75 minute exam is worth 75 points.

- (1) [12 pts] Let $\mathbf{u} = 4\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{v} = 2\mathbf{i} \mathbf{j} 2\mathbf{k}$.
- (a) Find the scalar projection of **u** onto **v**.

Comp
$$\vec{h} = \frac{\vec{n} \cdot \vec{1}}{|\vec{v}|} = \frac{(4, 0.3), (2, -1, -2)}{\sqrt{2^2 + (1)^2 + (2)^2}} = \frac{2}{3}$$

(b) Find the vector projection of v onto u.

$$\frac{7}{100} = \frac{10.1}{100} = \frac{2}{100} = \frac$$

(c) Find the angle between u and v. [Your answer should be in terms of an inverse trigonometric function.]

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\vec{u} \cdot \vec{i}}{|\vec{u}||\vec{i}|} = \frac{2}{5x3} = \frac{2}{15}$$

$$\theta = \frac{2}{15}$$

- (2) [12 pts] Let $\mathbf{u} = (3, 0, -2)$ and $\mathbf{v} = (-4, 1, 2)$.
- (a) Find a vector w that is perpendicular to both u and v.

$$\overrightarrow{W} = \overrightarrow{u} \times \overrightarrow{7} = \begin{vmatrix} \overrightarrow{1} & \overrightarrow{1} & \overrightarrow{1} \\ \overrightarrow{3} & \overrightarrow{0} & -2 \\ -4 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 27 \cdot 63$$

$$= 27 - (6-8)3 + 37$$

$$= 27 + 27 + 37$$

(b) Find the volume of the parallelepiped generated by u, v and w.

$$VOL = |(\vec{x} \times \vec{y}) \cdot \vec{y}| = |(2, 2, 3), (2, 2, 3)|$$

$$= |(4 + 4 + 9)| = 17$$

- (3) [12 pts] Let C be the curve parametrized by $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle \cos t, \sin t, \ln(\cos t) \rangle$.
- (a) Find a parametrization of the line tangent to the curve, C, when $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$.

$$\vec{\lambda}(s) = \vec{\tau} + \vec{s} - \vec{\lambda}(\vec{r})$$

$$\vec{\tau} = \vec{\tau}(\vec{r}_{4}) = (\vec{r}_{2}, \vec{r}_{2}, \vec{k}(\vec{r}_{1}))$$

(b) Show that the length of the segment of the curve, C, from t=0 to $t=\frac{\pi}{4}$ is $L=\int_0^{\pi/4}\sec t\,dt$.

$$L = \int_{0}^{1} \sqrt{|t|} |dt$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \sqrt{|-\sin t|^{2}} + (\cos^{2}t) + (-t\alpha t)^{2} dt$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \sqrt{1 + \tan^{2}t} dt$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \sqrt{1 + \tan^{2}t} dt$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \sqrt{1 + \tan^{2}t} dt$$

- (4) [15pts]
- (a) Parametrize the curve of intersection of the surfaces $x = y^2 z^2$ and $y^2 + z^2 = 9$.

$$y = 3 \cot 7$$
 $z = 3 \cot 7$
 $z = 3 \cot 7$

(b) Let P be the point with spherical coordinates
$$(\rho, \theta, \phi) = (4, -\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{3})$$
. Find the rectangular coordinates

$$S(= p \text{ an } \phi \text{ cos} \theta = 4 \text{ an } T_{S} \text{ cos} (-T_{A}) = 4 \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{6}$$

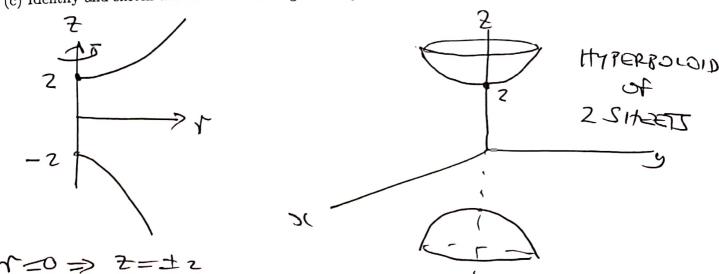
$$Y = p \text{ an } \phi \text{ sind} = 4 \text{ an } T_{S} \text{ an } (-T_{A}) = - \sqrt{6}$$

$$Z = p \text{ cos} \phi = 4 \text{ cos} T_{S} = 2$$

$$2 / \sqrt{3}$$

$$(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}) = (\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2})$$

(c) Identify and sketch the surface which is given in cylindrical coordinates by the equation $z^2 - r^2 = 4$.



(5) [12 pts] (a) Let P be the plane parametrized by $\mathbf{r}(s,t) = (1+2s-4t,3s+t,6-t)$. Find an equation of the form As + B = 3of the form Ax + By + Cz = D for the plane, P.

NORMAL TO PLANE IS
$$\vec{n} = \vec{v} \times \vec{w}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{4} \\ -4 & \frac{1}{4} & -1 \end{vmatrix} = (-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{14}{4})$$

$$\frac{c}{0} = (\vec{r} - \vec{p}) \cdot \vec{n} = -3(n-1) + 2(n-0) + 14(n-6)$$

$$= -3x + 2n + 14n = 81$$

(b) Consider the lines, L_1 , L_2 , and L_3 parametrized by $L_1: \mathbf{r}_1(t) = (2+5t, -1+4t, t), \qquad L_2: \mathbf{r}_2(t) = (2+3t, -1+4t, t)$

$$L_2: \mathbf{r}_2(t) = (2+3t, 3+4t, 1-t)$$

$$L_2: \mathbf{r}_2(t) = (2+3t, 3+4t, 1-t),$$
 $L_3: \mathbf{r}_3(t) = (5+3t, 2-4t, 3+t).$

Let \mathcal{P} be a plane that is perpendicular to L_1 . Could \mathcal{P} contain the line L_2 ? Could \mathcal{P} contain the line L_3 ?

$$\frac{1}{v_1} = (5, 4, 1)$$

$$\vec{V}_2 = (34-1)$$

SO LZ NOT CONTAINED IN P

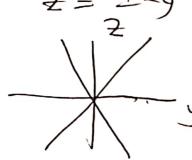
$$\vec{L}_{S} \vec{V}_{S} = (\vec{S}, -4, \vec{D})$$

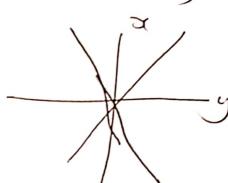
(6) [12 pts] Make a labelled sketch of the traces (slices) of the surface

$$x^2 - 4y^2 + z^2 = 0$$

in the planes x=0, z=0, and y=k for $k=0,\pm 1,\pm 2$. Then make a labelled sketch of the surface.

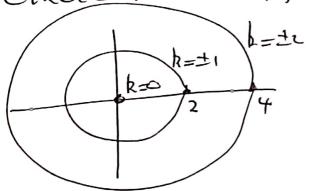






$$\sqrt{2^2+2^2}=46^2$$
.

CIRCLE RADIUS 2k)



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CIRCULAR

DOUBLE, CONE

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y- AX4