

LAST NAME:	FIRST NAME:	CIRCLE:			
		Makhijani 8:30am	Makhijani 11:30am	Makhijani 2:30pm	Zweck 11:30am

1	/10	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10	
6	/10	7	/10	8	/10	9	/10	10	/10	T /100

MATH 2415 Final Exam, Spring 2019

No books or notes! **NO CALCULATORS!** Show all work and give complete explanations. This 2 hours 45 mins exam is worth 100 points.

- (1) [10 pts] (a) If $z = f(x, y)$, with $x = e^t$, $y = t^2 + 3t + 2$, $\nabla f = (2xy^2 - y, 2x^2y - x)$ find $z'(t)$ at $t = 0$.
- (b) Parametrize the surface $(y - 2)^2 + (z - 3)^2 = 4$.

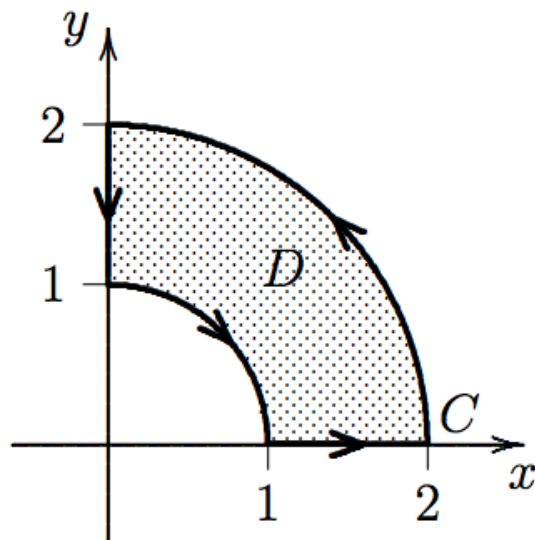
(2) [10 pts] Let $\mathbf{F}_1(x, y) = (2y - x^2e^{-y})\mathbf{i} + 2xe^{-y}\mathbf{j}$ and $\mathbf{F}_2(x, y) = 2xe^{-y}\mathbf{i} + (2y - x^2e^{-y})\mathbf{j}$

(a) One of these vector fields is conservative. Which one is it and why?

(b) Find a potential function for the conservative vector field.

(c) Evaluate $\int_C \mathbf{G} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ where C is the line segment from $(1, 0)$ to $(2, 1)$ and \mathbf{G} denotes the conservative vector field you identified in (a).

(3) [10 pts] Use Green's theorem to evaluate $\int_C xy^2 dx - x^2y dy$ where C is given in the figure.



(4) [10 pts] Evaluate $\int_{x=0}^{x=1} \int_{y=\sqrt{x}}^{y=1} \cos(y^3) dy dx$.

(5) [15 pts] Make a labelled sketch of the traces of the surface

$$y^2 - 4x^2 - z^2 = 1$$

in the planes $x = 0$, $z = 0$, and $y = k$ for $k = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2$. Then sketch the surface.

(6) [10pts] Let $A = (1, 2, 5)$, $B = (2, 2, 7)$, and $C = (3, 5, 8)$ be three points in space.

(a) Let P_1 be the plane containing the points A , B , and C . Find an equation of the form $ax + by + cz = d$ for the plane P_1 .

(b) Let P_2 be the plane containing the line segment AB and which is parallel to the normal vector to the plane P_1 . Find a parametrization for the plane P_2 .

(7) [10 pts] Let D be the closed triangular domain with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(2, 0)$, and $(0, 4)$. Find the absolute maximum and minimum of the function $f(x, y) = xy - x - y$ on D .

(8) [10 pts] Evaluate $\iint_R (x+2y)(y-3x) \, dA$ where R is the parallelogram enclosed by the lines $x+2y = -4$, $x+2y = 3$, $y-3x = -1$, $y-3x = 5$.

(9) [10 pts] Let E be the solid region bounded by the surfaces $z = y$, $z = y^2$, $x = 0$, and $x + 2z = 2$. Sketch the region E and calculate $\iiint_E y \, dV$.

(10) [10 pts]

(a) Let $\mathbf{F}_1(x, y) = x^2\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j}$ be the velocity vector field of a fluid flowing in \mathbb{R}^2 . On average, is the fluid flowing in or out of a small disc centered at the point $(-3, 1)$? Why?

(b) Let $\mathbf{F}_2(x, y) = y^2\mathbf{i} + x^2\mathbf{j}$ be the velocity vector field of a fluid flowing in \mathbb{R}^2 . On average, is the fluid rotating clockwise or counter-clockwise around the point $(1, 2)$? Why?