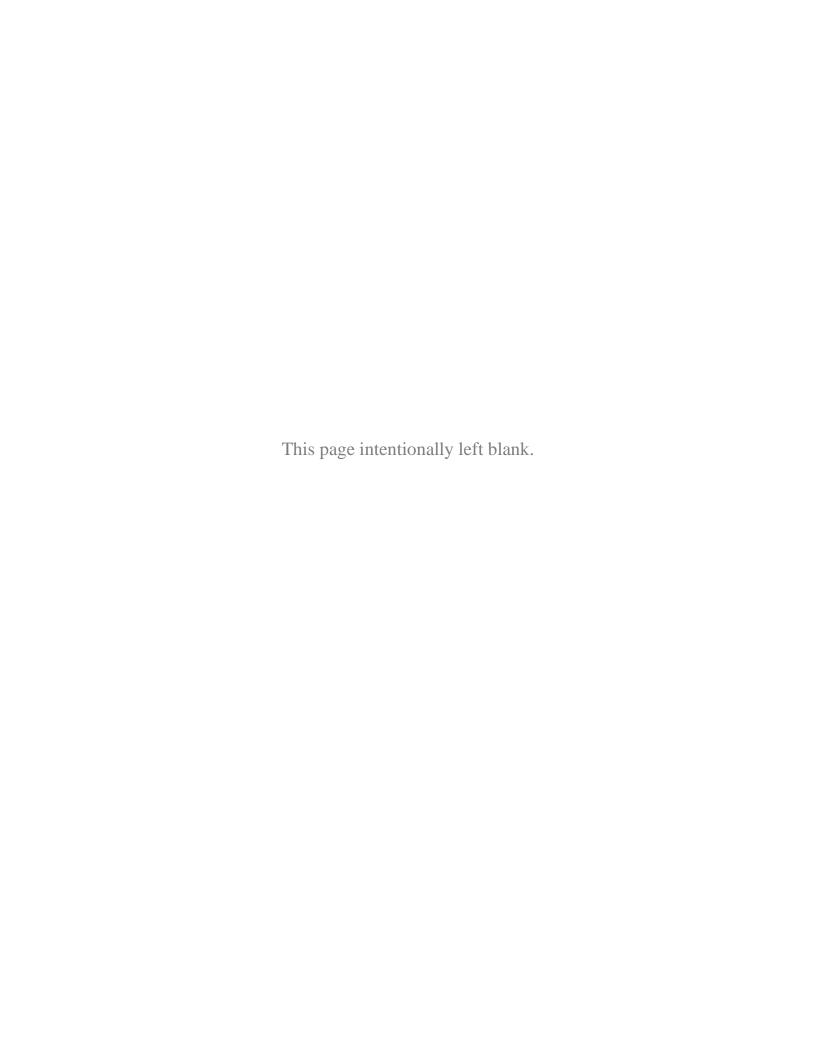


CRIME IN MAJOR CITIES



Q3 - 2017





3rd Quarter Crime in Major Ohio Cities, 2017

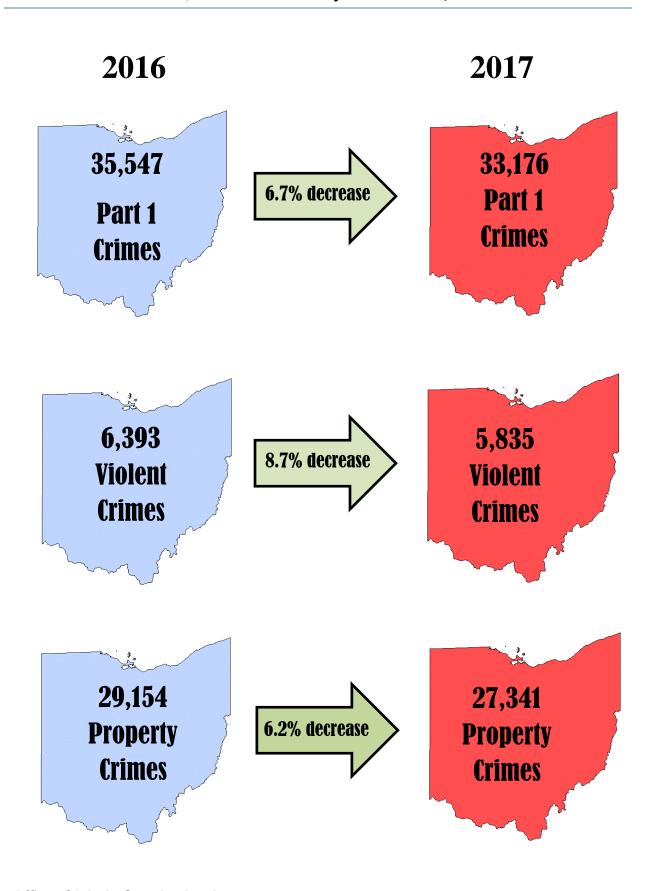
Overview

- ❖ This report provides information about crimes occurring in major Ohio cities during the third quarter (July 1st − September 30th) of 2017. The cities included in this report are Akron, Canton, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Dayton, Toledo, and Youngstown.
- ❖ Data for this report are taken from the Ohio Incident-Based Reporting System (OIBRS). OIBRS is a voluntary crime reporting program that allows Ohio law enforcement agencies to electronically submit crime statistics to state and federal government agencies.
- ❖ The data included in this report consist of the seven most severe categories of offenses collected by the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program. These offenses are known as Part 1 crimes, and are divided in to two categories: violent crimes (murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault) and property crimes (burglary, larceny/theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson¹).
- ❖ Data from the third quarter of 2017 are compared to the third quarter of 2016 to provide context.

Disclaimer: Data included in this report are preliminary, and only as accurate as the data provided by local law enforcement agencies.

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¹ Arson data are omitted from this report due to limited reporting of offenses.



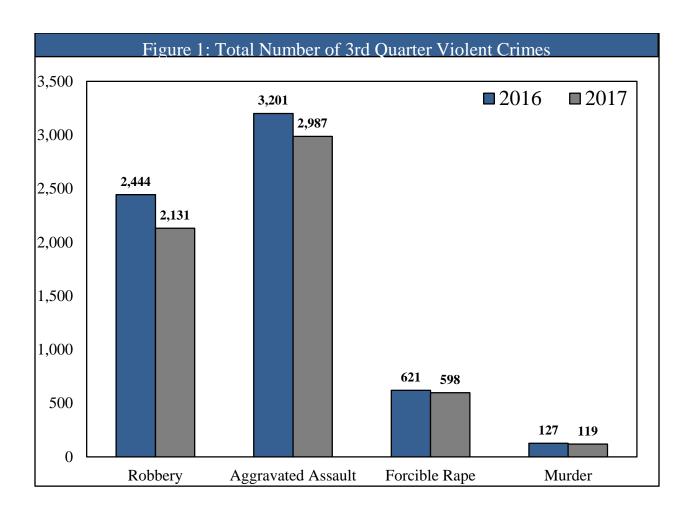
3rd Quarter Crime in Major Ohio Cities, 2017

Summary

- ❖ A total of 33,176 Part 1 crimes were reported in major Ohio cities during the third quarter of 2017. This represents a 6.7% decrease from the 35,547 Part 1 crimes reported during the third quarter of 2016.
- ❖ The 5,835 violent crimes reported in the third quarter of 2017 represent an 8.7% decrease from the 6,393 violent crimes reported in the third quarter of 2016.
- ❖ The 27,341 property crimes reported in the third quarter of 2017 represent a 6.2% decrease from the 29,154 property crimes reported in the third quarter of 2016.
- ❖ Canton, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Dayton, and Toledo reported a decrease in violent crime from the third quarter of 2016 to the third quarter of 2017.
- ❖ Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, and Dayton reported a decrease in property crime from the third quarter of 2016 to the third quarter of 2017.

Violent Crime

- ❖ According to the UCR Program, violent crimes are offenses that involve force or the threat of force. Four different offenses are categorized as violent crimes: murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.
- * Robberies, aggravated assaults, forcible rapes, and murders decreased from the third quarter of 2016 to the third quarter of 2017.



	7				
City	2016 Total	2016 Rate	2017 Total	2017 Rate	% Change
Akron	113	57.11	108	54.58	4.4% decrease
Canton	45	62.24	58	80.22	28.9% increase
Cincinnati	370	124.09	320	107.32	13.5% decrease
Cleveland	929	238.50	757	194.34	18.5% decrease
Columbus	614	73.45	545	65.19	11.2% decrease
Dayton	127	90.07	95	67.37	25.2% decrease
Toledo	206	73.30	203	72.23	1.5% decrease
Youngstown	40	61.48	45	69.16	12.5% increase
Total	2,444	107.15	2,131	93.43	12.8% decrease

- * Robberies decreased by 12.8% during the third quarter of 2017.2.
- Akron, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Dayton, and Toledo reported a decrease in robberies.

	Table 2	: Aggrava	ated Assault,	Q3, 2016	& 2017
City	2016 Total	2016 Rate	2017 Total	2017 Rate	% Change
Akron	214	108.16	224	113.21	4.7% increase
Canton	201	278.02	168	232.37	16.4% decrease
Cincinnati	447	149.92	435	145.89	2.7% decrease
Cleveland	910	233.62	868	222.84	4.6% decrease
Columbus	462	55.27	397	47.49	14.1% decrease
Dayton	248	175.88	213	151.06	14.1% decrease
Toledo	648	230.58	591	210.30	8.8% decrease
Youngstown	71	109.13	91	139.87	28.2% increase
Total	3,201	140.34	2,987	130.96	6.7% decrease

- ❖ Aggravated assaults decreased by 6.7% during the third quarter of 2017.
- Canton, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Dayton, and Toledo reported a decrease in aggravated assaults.

Office of Criminal Justice Services Page 6

² % change is calculated based on rate. Rate describes the total number of offenses per 100,000 people and is rounded to the nearest hundredth. Rounding may lead to discrepancies for column and row totals.

	Table	e 3: Forcible	e Rape, Q3,	2016 & 20	17
City	2016 Total	2016 Rate	2017 Total	2017 Rate	% Change
Akron	51	25.78	49	24.77	3.9% decrease
Canton	18	24.90	21	29.05	16.7% increase
Cincinnati	68	22.81	69	23.14	1.5% increase
Cleveland	130	33.37	153	39.28	17.7% increase
Columbus	239	28.59	215	25.72	10.0% decrease
Dayton	40	28.37	18	12.77	55.0% decrease
Toledo	65	23.13	68	24.20	4.6% increase
Youngstown	10	15.37	5	7.68	50.0% decrease
Total	621	27.23	598	26.22	3.7% decrease

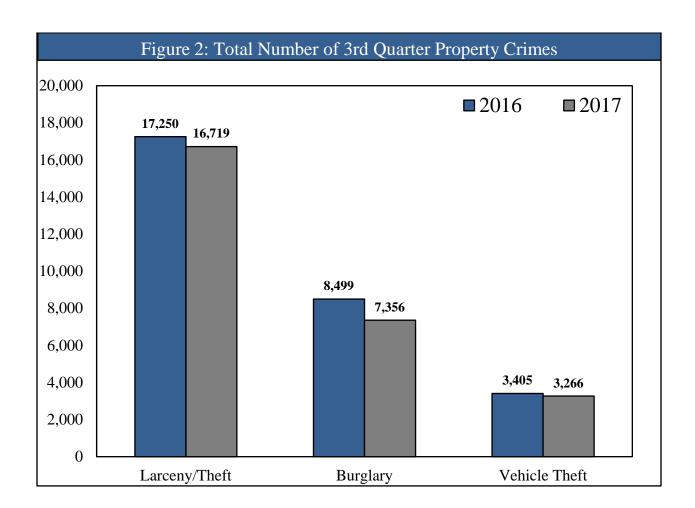
- ❖ Forcible rapes decreased by 3.7% during the third quarter of 2017.
- ❖ Akron, Columbus, Dayton, and Youngstown reported a decrease in forcible rape offenses.

City	2016 Total	2016 Rate	2017 Total	2017 Rate	% Change
Akron	8	4.04	6	3.03	25.0% decrease
Canton	4	5.53	3	4.15	25.0% decrease
Cincinnati	17	5.70	22	7.38	29.4% increase
Cleveland	46	11.81	31	7.96	32.6% decrease
Columbus	24	2.87	32	3.83	33.3% increase
Dayton	10	7.09	10	7.09	no change
Toledo	13	4.63	10	3.56	23.1% decrease
Youngstown	5	7.68	5	7.68	no change
Total	127	5.57	119	5.22	6.3% decrease

- ❖ Murders decreased by 6.3% during the third quarter of 2017.
- ❖ Akron, Canton, Cleveland, and Toledo reported a decrease in murders.

Property Crimes

- ❖ According to the UCR Program, property crimes are offenses involving the taking of money or property without force or the threat of force against a victim. Three different offenses are categorized as property crime: burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft.
- ❖ Larcenies/thefts, burglaries, and motor vehicle thefts decreased between the third quarter of 2016 and the third quarter of 2017.



	Tab	le 5: Larc	eny/Theft, Q3,	, 2016 &	2017
City	2016 Total	2016 Rate	2017 Total	2017 Rate	% Change
Akron	1,493	754.58	1,636	826.85	9.6% increase
Canton	660	912.90	656	907.37	0.6% decrease
Cincinnati	2,844	953.83	2,781	932.71	2.2% decrease
Cleveland	4,182	1,073.63	3,884	997.12	7.1% decrease
Columbus	6,609	790.59	6,339	758.29	4.1% decrease
Dayton	1,137	806.37	1,059	751.05	6.9% decrease
Youngstown	325	499.52	364	559.47	12.0% increase
Total	17,250	862.56	16,719	836.01	3.1% decrease

- ❖ Larceny/theft offenses decreased by 3.1% during the third quarter of 2017.³.
- Canton, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, and Dayton reported a decrease in the total number of larceny/theft offenses.

	7				
City	2016 Total	2016 Rate	2017 Total	2017 Rate	% Change
Akron	779	393.71	745	376.53	4.4% decrease
Canton	251	347.18	294	406.66	17.1% increase
Cincinnati	1,095	367.25	963	322.98	12.1% decrease
Cleveland	2,152	552.47	1,661	426.42	22.8% decrease
Columbus	2,303	275.49	2,001	239.37	13.1% decrease
Dayton	735	521.27	507	359.57	31.0% decrease
Toledo	873	310.64	912	324.52	4.5% increase
Youngstown	311	478.01	273	419.60	12.2% decrease
Total	8,499	372.62	7,356	322.50	13.4% decrease

- ❖ Burglaries decreased by 13.4% during the third quarter of 2017.
- Akron, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Dayton, and Youngstown reported a decrease in burglaries.

3	Data for	Toledo	larceny.	/theft	offenses	are not	availabl
	Data 101	roiedo	iar cerry,	/men	onenses	are not	avallabl

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	Table 7	: Motor V	Vehicle Theft,	Q3, 2016	& 2017
City	2016	2016	2017	2017	% Change
City	Total	Rate	Total	Rate	70 Change
Akron	198	100.07	190	96.03	4.0% decrease
Canton	75	103.74	84	116.19	12.0% increase
Cincinnati	377	126.44	401	134.49	6.4% increase
Cleveland	1,246	319.88	918	235.67	26.3% decrease
Columbus	1,073	128.36	1,228	146.90	14.4% increase
Dayton	170	120.56	159	112.76	6.5% decrease
Toledo	211	75.08	219	77.93	3.8% increase
Youngstown	55	84.53	67	102.98	21.8% increase
Total	3,405	149.28	3,266	143.19	4.1% decrease

[❖] Motor vehicle thefts decreased by 4.1% during the third quarter of 2017.

^{*} Akron, Cleveland, and Dayton reported a decrease in motor vehicle thefts.

