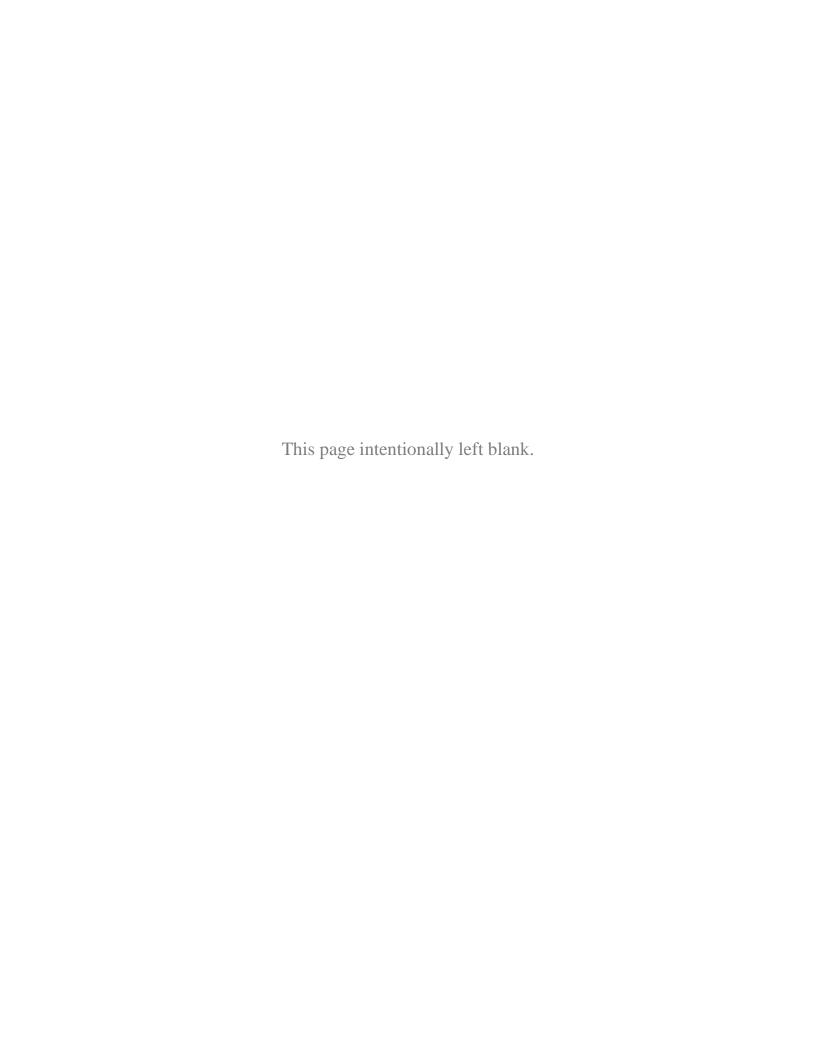


CRIME IN MAJOR CITIES







1st Quarter Crime in Major Ohio Cities, 2017

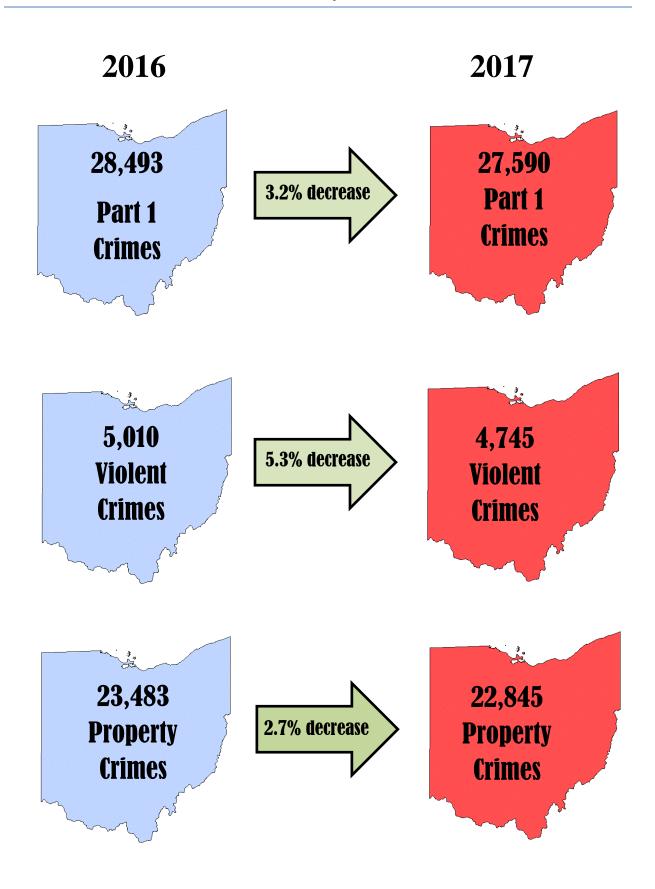
Overview

- ❖ This report provides information about crimes occurring in major Ohio cities during the first quarter (January 1st March 31st) of 2017. The cities included in this report are Akron, Canton, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Dayton, Toledo, and Youngstown.
- ❖ Data for this report are taken from the Ohio Incident-Based Reporting System (OIBRS). OIBRS is a voluntary crime reporting program that allows Ohio law enforcement agencies to electronically submit crime statistics to state and federal government agencies.
- ❖ The data included in this report consist of the seven most severe categories of offenses collected by the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program. These offenses are known as Part 1 crimes, and are divided in to two categories: violent crimes (murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault) and property crimes (burglary, larceny/theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson¹).
- ❖ Data from the first quarter of 2017 are compared to the first quarter of 2016 to provide context.

Disclaimer: Data included in this report are preliminary, and only as accurate as the data provided by local law enforcement agencies.

Office of Criminal Justice Services

¹ Arson data are omitted from this report due to limited reporting of offenses.

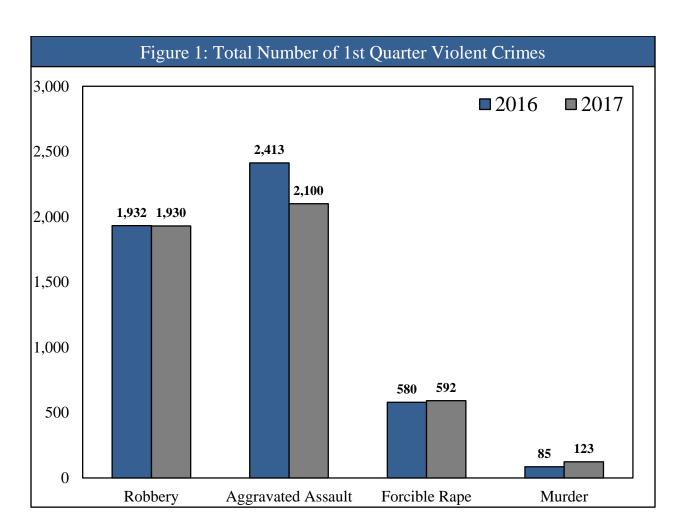


Summary

- ❖ A total of 27,590 Part 1 crimes were reported in major Ohio cities during the first quarter of 2017. This represents a 3.2% decrease from the 28,493 Part 1 crimes reported during the first quarter of 2016.
- ❖ The 4,745 violent crimes reported in the first quarter of 2017 represent a 5.3% decrease from the 5,010 violent crimes reported in the first quarter of 2016.
- ❖ The 22,845 property crimes reported in the first quarter of 2017 represent a 2.7% decrease from the 23,483 property crimes reported in the first quarter of 2016.
- Akron, Canton, Columbus, Dayton, Toledo, and Youngstown reported a decrease in violent crime from the first quarter of 2016 to the first quarter of 2017.
- ❖ Akron, Canton, Cleveland, Columbus, Dayton, and Toledo reported a decrease in property crime from the first quarter of 2016 to the first quarter of 2017.

Violent Crime

- ❖ According to the UCR Program, violent crimes are offenses that involve force or the threat of force. Four different offenses are categorized as violent crimes: murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.
- ❖ Forcible rapes and murders increased from the first quarter of 2016 to the first quarter of 2017 while robberies and aggravated assaults decreased.



	Ta	able 1: Rob	bery, Q1, 20	16 & 2017	
City	2016 Total	2016 Rate	2017 Total	2017 Rate	% Change
Akron	98	49.53	86	43.47	12.2% decrease
Canton	51	70.54	36	49.79	29.4% decrease
Cincinnati	282	94.58	271	90.89	3.9% decrease
Cleveland	690	177.14	751	192.80	8.8% increase
Columbus	507	60.65	446	53.35	12.0% decrease
Dayton	102	72.34	104	73.76	2.0% increase
Toledo	166	59.07	201	71.52	21.1% increase
Youngstown	36	55.33	35	53.79	2.8% decrease
Total	1,932	84.70	1,930	84.62	0.1% decrease

- * Robberies decreased by 0.1% during the first quarter of 2017.2.
- ❖ Akron, Canton, Cincinnati, Columbus, and Youngstown reported a decrease in robberies.

	Table 2	: Aggrava	ated Assault,	Q1, 2016	& 2017
City	2016	2016	2017	2017	% Change
City	Total	Rate	Total	Rate	70 Change
Akron	222	112.20	196	99.06	11.7% decrease
Canton	150	207.48	151	208.86	0.7% increase
Cincinnati	278	93.24	315	105.65	13.3% increase
Cleveland	641	164.56	578	148.39	9.8% decrease
Columbus	383	45.82	340	40.67	11.2% decrease
Dayton	180	127.66	165	117.02	8.3% decrease
Toledo	512	182.19	321	114.22	37.3% decrease
Youngstown	47	72.24	34	52.26	27.7% decrease
Total	2,413	105.79	2,100	92.07	13.0% decrease

- ❖ Aggravated assaults decreased by 13.0% during the first quarter of 2017.
- Akron, Cleveland, Columbus, Dayton, Toledo, and Youngstown reported a decrease in aggravated assaults.

Office of Criminal Justice Services Page 6

 $^{^2}$ % change is calculated based on rate. Rate describes the total number of offenses per 100,000 people and is rounded to the nearest hundredth. Rounding may lead to discrepancies for column and row totals.

	Table	e 3: Forcible	e Rape, Q1,	2016 & 20	17
City	2016 Total	2016 Rate	2017 Total	2017 Rate	% Change
Akron	55	27.80	59	29.82	7.3% increase
Canton	23	31.81	26	35.96	13.0% increase
Cincinnati	65	21.80	67	22.47	3.1% increase
Cleveland	111	28.50	124	31.83	11.7% increase
Columbus	233	27.87	230	27.51	1.3% decrease
Dayton	25	17.73	32	22.69	28.0% increase
Toledo	62	22.06	46	16.37	25.8% decrease
Youngstown	6	9.22	8	12.30	33.3% increase
Total	580	25.43	592	25.95	2.1% increase

- Forcible rapes increased by 2.1% during the first quarter of 2017.
- ❖ Columbus and Toledo reported a decrease in forcible rape offenses.

	Ta	ıble 4: Muı	der, Q1, 201	6 & 2017	
City	2016	2016	2017	2017	% Change
	Total	Rate	Total	Rate	
Akron	9	4.55	11	5.56	22.2% increase
Canton	3	4.15	4	5.53	33.3% increase
Cincinnati	15	5.03	17	5.70	13.3% increase
Cleveland	21	5.39	31	7.96	47.6% increase
Columbus	23	2.75	32	3.83	39.1% increase
Dayton	6	4.26	8	5.67	33.3% increase
Toledo	4	1.42	12	4.27	200.0% increase
Youngstown	4	6.15	8	12.30	100.0% increase
Total	85	3.73	123	5.39	44.7% increase

- ❖ Murders increased by 44.7% during the first quarter of 2017.
- **.** Every city reported an increase in murders.

Property Crimes

- According to the UCR Program, property crimes are offenses involving the taking of money or property without force or the threat of force against a victim. Three different offenses are categorized as property crime: burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft.
- ❖ Larcenies/thefts and burglaries decreased between the first quarter of 2016 and the first quarter of 2017, while motor vehicle thefts increased.

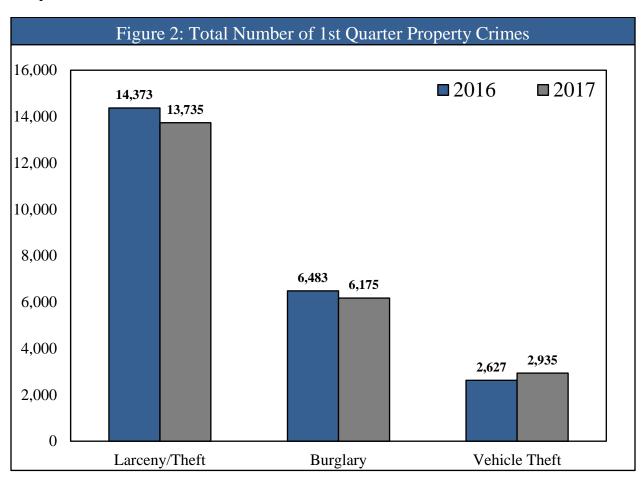


	Table	e 5: Larce	eny/Theft, Q1,	2016 & 2	2017
City	2016 Total	2016 Rate	2017 Total	2017 Rate	% Change
Akron	1,255	634.29	1,191	601.94	5.1% decrease
Canton	626	865.87	561	775.97	10.4% decrease
Cincinnati	2,317	777.09	2,280	764.68	1.6% decrease
Cleveland	3,353	860.80	3,325	853.61	0.8% decrease
Columbus	5,603	670.25	5,234	626.11	6.6% decrease
Dayton	931	660.27	851	603.53	8.6% decrease
Youngstown	288	442.65	293	450.34	1.7% increase
Total	14,373	718.70	13,735	686.80	4.4% decrease

- ❖ Larceny/theft offenses decreased by 4.4% during the first quarter of 2017.³.
- Akron, Canton, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, and Dayton reported a decrease in the total number of larceny/theft offenses.

Table 6: Burglary, Q1, 2016 & 2017					7
City	2016 Total	2016 Rate	2017 Total	2017 Rate	% Change
Akron	595	300.72	528	266.86	11.3% decrease
Canton	224	309.83	228	315.37	1.8% increase
Cincinnati	914	306.54	892	299.16	2.4% decrease
Cleveland	1,503	385.86	1,545	396.64	2.8% increase
Columbus	1,707	204.20	1,595	190.80	6.6% decrease
Dayton	440	312.05	443	314.18	0.7% increase
Toledo	934	332.35	765	272.21	18.1% decrease
Youngstown	166	255.14	179	275.12	7.8% increase
Total	6,483	284.23	6,175	270.73	4.8% decrease

- ❖ Burglaries decreased by 4.8% during the first quarter of 2017.
- ❖ Akron, Cincinnati, Columbus, and Toledo reported a decrease in burglaries.

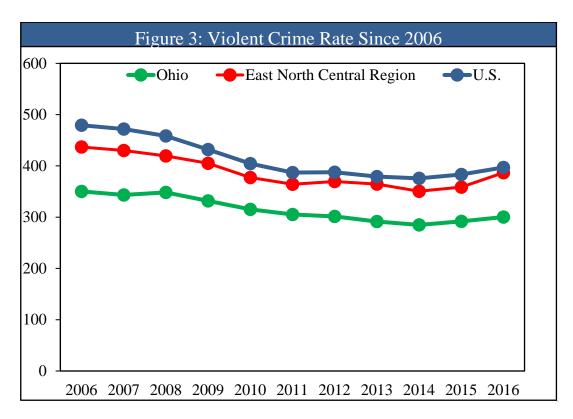
Office of Criminal Justice Services

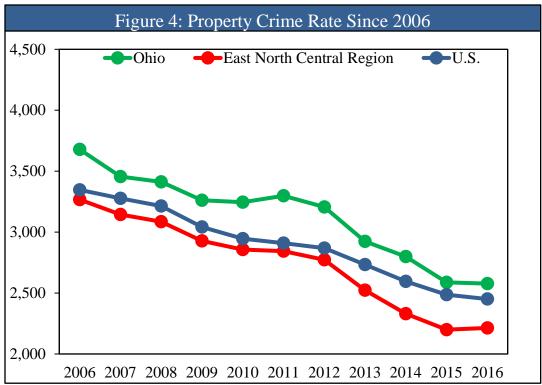
³ Data for Toledo larceny/theft offenses are not available.

	Table 7	: Motor V	ehicle Theft,	Q1, 2016	& 2017
City	2016 Total	2016 Rate	2017 Total	2017 Rate	% Change
Akron	151	76.32	186	94.01	23.2% increase
Canton	49	67.78	69	95.44	40.8% increase
Cincinnati	246	82.50	369	123.76	50.0% increase
Cleveland	1,009	259.04	981	251.85	2.8% decrease
Columbus	781	93.43	971	116.15	24.3% increase
Dayton	191	135.46	137	97.16	28.3% decrease
Toledo	147	52.31	163	58.00	10.9% increase
Youngstown	53	81.46	59	90.68	11.3% increase
Total	2,627	115.17	2,935	128.68	11.7% increase

[❖] Motor vehicle thefts increased by 11.7% during the first quarter of 2017.

Cleveland and Dayton reported a decrease in motor vehicle thefts.





The "East North Central Region" includes Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, and Wisconsin.