# **Executive Summary: Customer Analysis**

Analysis Period: January 1, 2023 - March 18, 2025

Coverage: 35 stores across 7 countries (USA, China, UK, Portugal, Germany, Spain,

France)

#### **Customer Profile:**

- 1. Gender:
  - Women: 49%
  - o Men: 51%
- 2. Age (Under 35):
  - o 32% under 22
  - 49% under 27
  - o 66% under 35
- 3. Geographical Distribution:
  - o Eurozone: 42%
  - o USA: 24%
  - o China: 23%
  - o UK: 11%
- 4. Payment Methods:
  - o Credit card: 80%
  - o Cash: 20%

### Customer Profitability. LTV (revenue from 1 customer in the first 6 months of life):

- 1. Women vs. Men:
  - Women's LTV is 37% higher (€126 vs. €92).
  - o Key drivers:
    - **Higher retention:** 58% (women) vs. 34% (men).
    - More repeat purchases: 1.7 (women) vs. 1.3 (men).
    - Larger repeat order value: €109 (women) vs. €83 (men).
- 2. By Country:
  - o Highest LTV:
    - China (€121) due to larger purchase sizes (€100 vs. avg. €100).
    - Portugal (€119) due to high retention (52% vs. 46% avg.).
  - Lowest LTV: UK (€89) due to smaller purchase sizes (€81 vs. avg. €100).
- 3. No Impact on LTV:
  - Payment method.
  - Age (except 66+ group, 1% of customers, with 6% higher LTV).
- 4. No Correlation Found:
  - Retention rate, purchase frequency, and repeat order size do not depend on:
    - First purchase value.
    - Number of items in first purchase.

#### **Trends Over Time:**

- 1. Decline in LTV:
  - o November 2023: LTV dropped by 31% (requires further investigation).
- 2. Shrinking Gender Gap:
  - Women's LTV advantage decreased from 54% (Jan 2023) to 18% (Aug 2024).
- 3. Retention Shifts (Since Nov 2023):
  - o **Decreasing retention:** USA & Portugal.
  - o **Increasing retention:** China.

## **Next Steps:**

- Investigate the **November 2023 LTV drop** (potential causes: pricing, competition, supply chain).
- Monitor the **shrinking gender gap** to adjust marketing strategies.
- Explore **country-specific trends** (e.g., declining retention in the USA vs. growth in China).