PA GEE

September 5, 2023

0.1 Get Mha of bioenergy outside and inside protected areas within the top fractions of the landscape for biodiversity.

This script uses the Google Earth Engine Collection "World Database on Protected Areas". The collection updated regularly on GEE

```
[1]: # import required libraries
import ee
ee.Initialize()
import geemap
Map = geemap.Map()
import pandas as pd
```

Functions

```
[2]: def get_stats(fraction):
         # lists for loops
         continent = ['Africa', 'Europe', 'North America', 'Asia', 'South
      ⇔America','Oceania']
         scenarios = ['ssp1','ssp2','ssp5']
         # store results in list
         res = []
         for i in scenarios:
             if fraction==17:
                 frac = '17%'
                 # get original mask
                 mask = ee.Image('users/marcogirardello/annarepo/'+i).select('b1').
      ⊶float()
                 # get image with pixels outside protected areas
                 opa = ee.Image('users/marcogirardello/annarepo/'+i+'_nopa').
      →updateMask(mask.eq(2))
                 # get image with pixels inside protected areas
                 inpa = ee.Image('users/marcogirardello/annarepo/'+i+'_pa').
      →updateMask(mask.eq(2))
             elif fraction==30:
                 frac = '30%'
                 # get image with pixels outside protected areas
                 opa = ee.Image('users/marcogirardello/annarepo/'+i+'_nopa')
                 # get image with pixels inside protected areas
```

```
inpa = ee.Image('users/marcogirardello/annarepo/'+i+'_pa')
       # ----- qlobal: outside protected areas
      valopa = opa.reduceRegion(geometry = opa.geometry(), reducer = ee.
GReducer.sum().unweighted(),scale = 50000, maxPixels = 1e13).getInfo()
       # store results for non-protected areas
      res.append((pd.DataFrame([valopa])
               .rename({'b1':'Mha'},axis = 1)
               .assign(coverage = 'global', scenario = i, type = 'outside_
→protected areas',fraction = frac)))
       # ----- global: within protected areas
      valinpa = inpa.reduceRegion(geometry = inpa.geometry(), reducer = ee.
-Reducer.sum().unweighted(),scale = 50000, maxPixels = 1e13).getInfo()
       # store results for protected areas
      res.append(pd.DataFrame([valinpa])
              .rename({'b1':'Mha'},axis = 1)
              .assign(coverage = 'global', scenario = i, type = 'inside_
protected areas', fraction = frac))
       # ----- by continent
      for y in continent:
          cont = countries.filterMetadata('CONTINENT', 'equals', y)
          # ---- outside protected areas
          opa1 = opa.clip(cont)
          opacont = opa1.reduceRegion(geometry = opa.geometry(),scale =__
⇒50000, reducer = ee.Reducer.sum().unweighted(),maxPixels = 1e13).getInfo()
          res.append(pd.DataFrame([opacont])
                     .rename({'b1':'Mha'},axis = 1)
                     .assign(coverage = y,scenario = i,type = 'outside_
protected areas',fraction = frac))
          # ---- outside protected areas
          inpa1 = inpa.clip(cont)
          inpacont = inpa1.reduceRegion(geometry = inpa.geometry(),scale = ___
$50000, reducer = ee. Reducer.sum().unweighted(), maxPixels = 1e13).getInfo()
          res.append(pd.DataFrame([inpacont])
                     .rename({'b1':'Mha'},axis = 1)
                      .assign(coverage = y, scenario = i, type = 'inside_∟
⇔protected areas',fraction = frac))
  return pd.concat(res,ignore_index=True)
```

Load relevant collections and images

A note on the bioenergy images. The whole image is the top 30% fraction. The top 17% fraction can be obtained by filtering with a mask (b2 = 3)

```
[3]: # wpa dataset
wpa = ee.FeatureCollection("WCMC/WDPA/current/polygons")
# dissolve wpa data
```

```
#wpa1 = wpa.map(lambda feature: feature.buffer(30)).union()

ssp1 = ee.Image('users/marcogirardello/annarepo/ssp1')
ssp2 = ee.Image('users/marcogirardello/annarepo/ssp2')
ssp5 = ee.Image('users/marcogirardello/annarepo/ssp5')

# get continents
countries = ee.FeatureCollection('users/marcogirardello/annarepo/countries')
```

```
[4]: wpa = wpa.filterMetadata('STATUS','equals','Designated')
```

```
[5]: scenarios =['ssp1','ssp2','ssp5']
```

Clip and export bionenergy data

```
[6]: for i in scenarios:
         # get image
         tmp = ee.Image('users/marcogirardello/annarepo/'+i)
         # get bioenergy data
         values = tmp.select('b2')
         # get everything inside protected areas
         values1 = values.clip(wpa)
         # get everything outside protected areas
         values2 = values1.where(values1.gt(0),1)
         values3 = values.updateMask(values2.unmask().Not())
         # outside PA
         task = ee.batch.Export.image.toAsset(image = values3,assetId='users/
      →marcogirardello/annarepo/'+i+'_nopa',crs='EPSG:4326',maxPixels=1e13,
                                    region = values3.geometry(),scale=___
      \rightarrow50000, description = i)
         task.start()
         # inside PA
         task = ee.batch.Export.image.toAsset(image = values1,assetId='users/
      →marcogirardello/annarepo/'+i+'_pa',crs='EPSG:4326',maxPixels=1e13,
                                    region = values3.geometry(),scale=_
      50000, description = i)
         task.start()
```

Get Mha of bioenergy inside and outside protected areas