

Class 6: Sorting Algorithms

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Complexity

Sorting Algorithms

Recursion

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 - ▶ Consider only the term with the highest order of n .
- ▶ Check the best case, the average case and the worst case.

Insertion Sort

- ▶ Start with the element in the second position.
- ▶ Insert it to the appropriate position among the numbers to its left.
 - ▶ Check whether it is greater than the last element to its left.
 - ▶ If not, check the second to last element to its left.
 - ▶ ...
- ▶ Continue with the element in the third position.

Selection Sort

- ▶ Go over the unsorted list to find the minimum and place it as your first element of your sorted list.
- ▶ Repeat.

Bubble Sort

- ▶ Compare - swap stage
 - ▶ Compare the first two elements and swap them if necessary.
 - ▶ Compare the second and third elements and swap them if necessary.
 - ▶ Repeat until the end of the list.
- ▶ If you did any swaps in the first stage, repeat it with the first $n-1$ elements.
- ▶ Repeat.

Merge Sort

- ▶ Divide the list into sublists - each with one element.
- ▶ Merge the sublists to create new sublists - each with two elements.
- ▶ Repeat until you have a single list

Recursion

- ▶ Function calls itself.
- ▶ You need to know:
 - ▶ the base case
 - ▶ when to call the function
 - ▶ when to stop