

Software

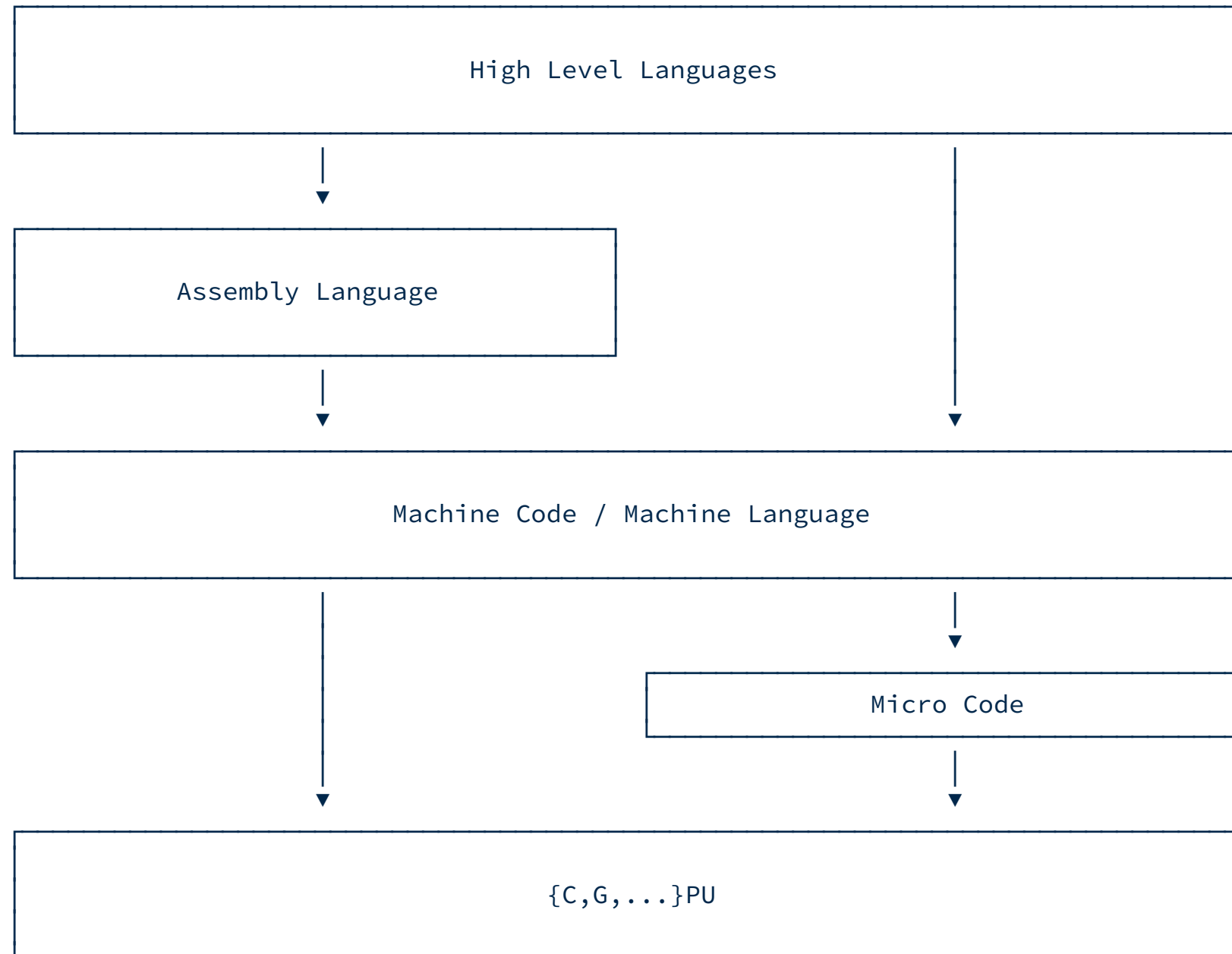
What **is** Software?

Software is an *executable* process.

Processes **Revisited**



Software Languages



High Level Languages

High level languages offer the *strongest*
abstraction from the underlying hardware.

Common Language Features

Expressions

Variables

Subroutines

Functions

Loops

Branching

Data Structures

Objects

Usability > Optimality

Compiled vs. *Interpreted* Languages

Compiled

Interpreted

Major High Level Languages

Many Options

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_programming_languages

<https://www.codingdojo.com/blog/7-most-in-demand-programming-languages-of-2018/>

Major Languages

Language

Applications

Java

Android Apps, Major EHRs

Python

Cutting Edge Machine Learning

JavaScript

The Web, Servers

C/C++

Embedded Systems, Highly
Optimized Systems

Programming Tips

Embedded Software

98% of all microprocessors are for
embedded systems

— Michael Barr ¹

¹ Barr, Michael (1 August 2009). "Real men program in C". Embedded Systems Design. TechInsights (United Business Media). p. 2.

Consumer Electronics

Automotive

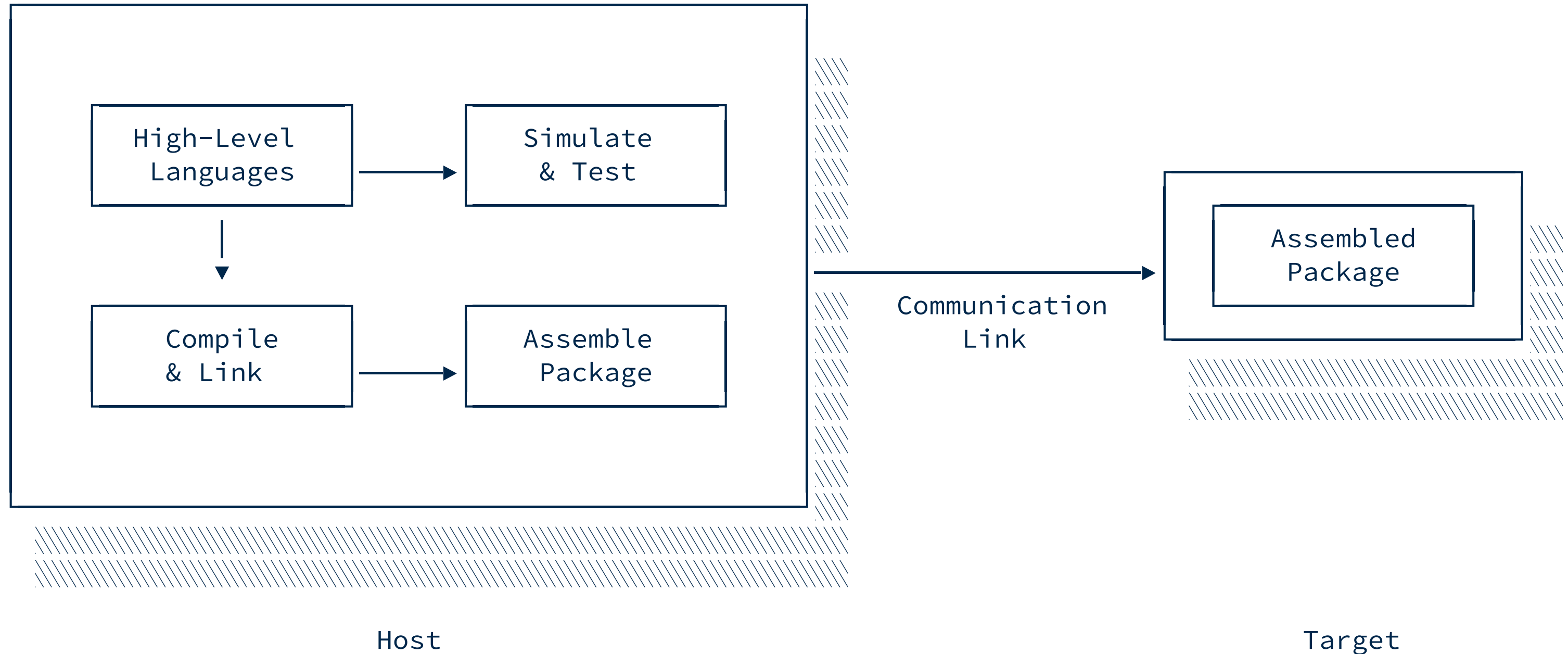
Medical Devices

Cooking Equipment

Industrial Systems

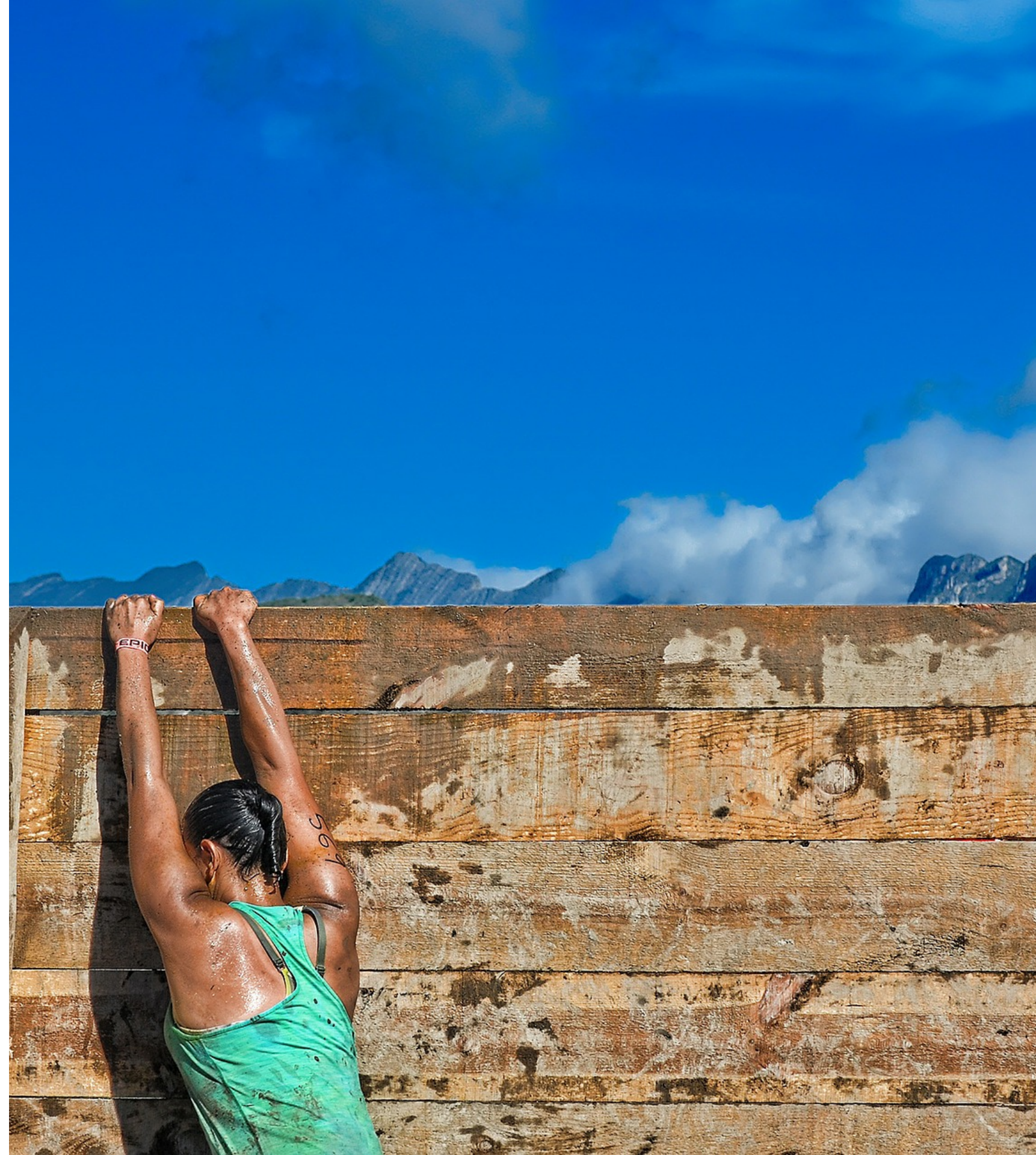
Military

Embedded Software **Development**



Challenges for Embedded Systems

- Limited resources
- Timing constraints
- Debugging without a user interface
- Robustness and longevity requirements



Applications

An application is any program, or group of programs, that is designed for the **end user** ... includ[ing] such things as *database programs, word processors, Web browsers and spreadsheets.*²

² Beal, V. (n.d.) Application (Application Software). In webopedia. Retrieved from <https://www.webopedia.com/TERM/A/application.html>

Apps vs. Applications??

Application **Interfaces**

Command Line

vim

ls

cURL

Graphical

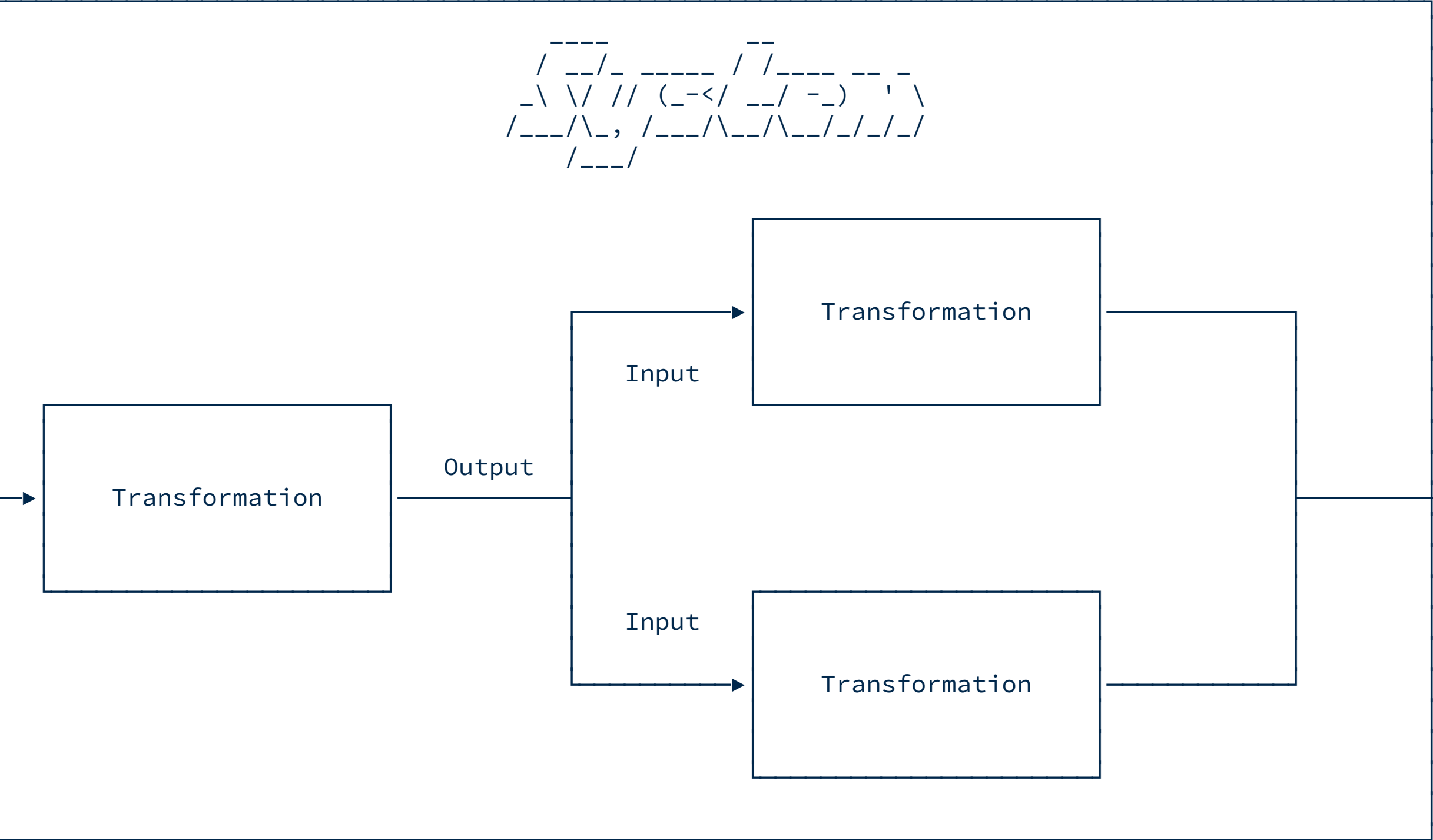
Notepad/TextEdit

File Explorer/Finder

Chrome

Software **Systems**

Process : System :: Software : Software System



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Complex Applications

Numerous Users / Roles

Distributed / Networked

Integrated Functions

Software Systems are *designed* by Software **Engineers**

Software Architectures

Architectural styles and patterns [\[edit \]](#)

Main article: [Architectural pattern](#)

An [architectural pattern](#) is a general, reusable solution to a commonly occur software [design patterns](#).

Following traditional building architecture, a 'software architectural style' is a

“ *An architectural style defines: a family of systems in terms of a patt can be combined.*^[33]

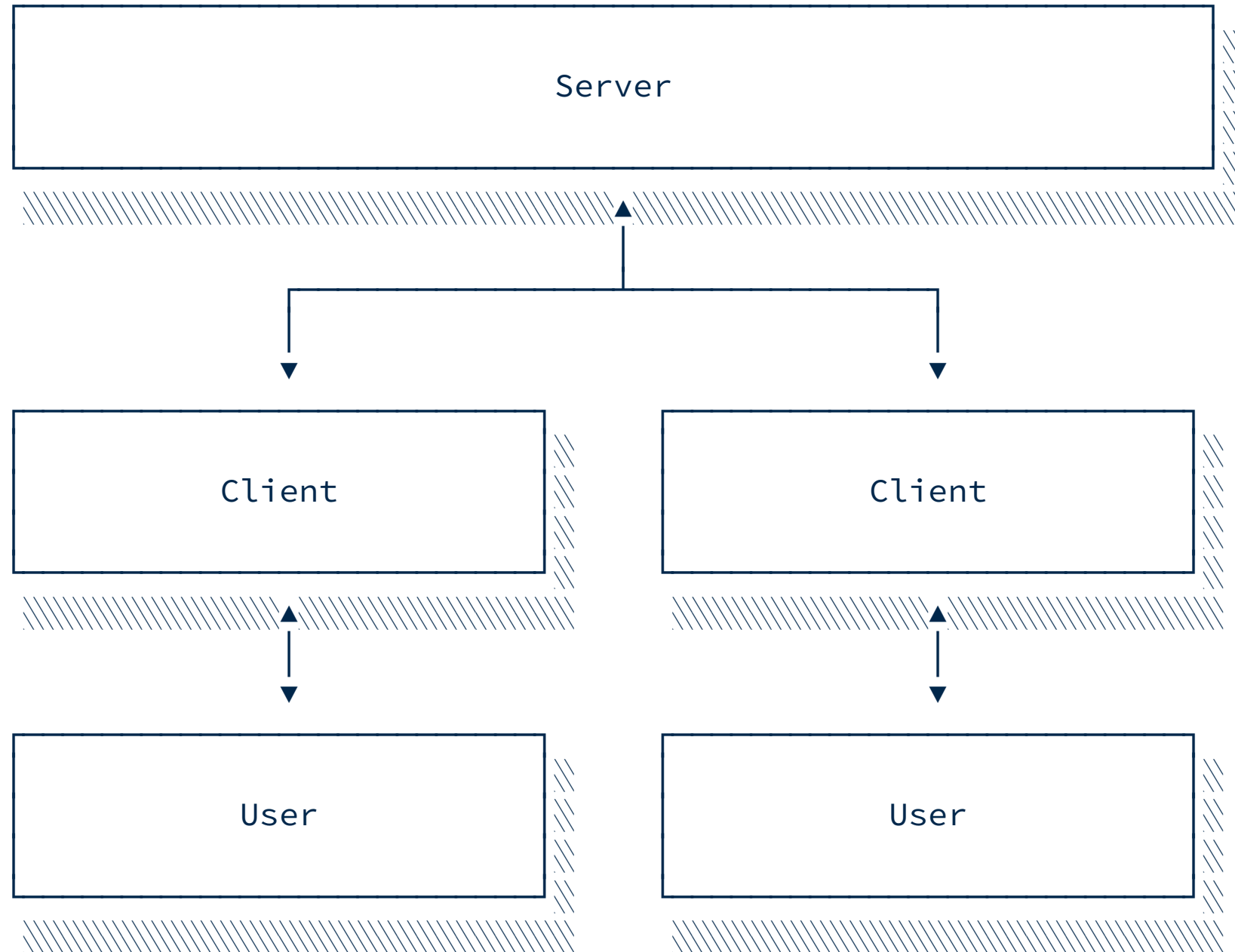
“ *Architectural styles are reusable 'packages' of design de*

There are many recognized architectural patterns and styles, among them:

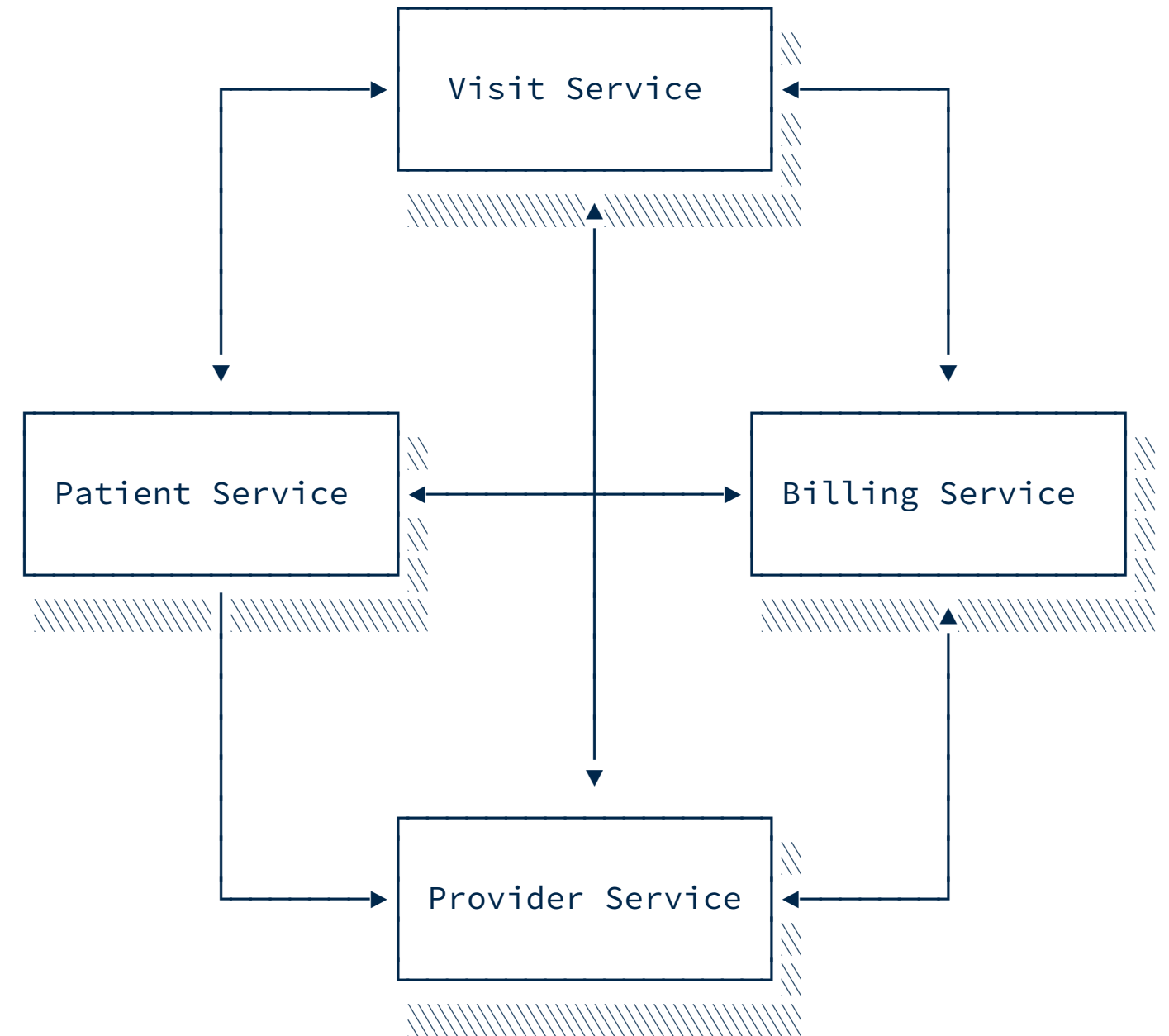
- Blackboard
- Client-server (2-tier, 3-tier, n-tier, [cloud computing](#) exhibit this style)
- Component-based
- Data-centric
- Event-driven (or implicit invocation)
- Layered (or multilayered architecture)
- Microservices architecture
- Monolithic application
- Peer-to-peer (P2P)
- Pipes and filters
- Plug-ins
- Representational state transfer (REST)
- Rule-based
- Service-oriented
- Shared nothing architecture
- Space-based architecture

Some treat architectural patterns and architectural styles as the same,^[35] s architects to use, they "provide a common language"^[35] or "vocabulary"^[33]

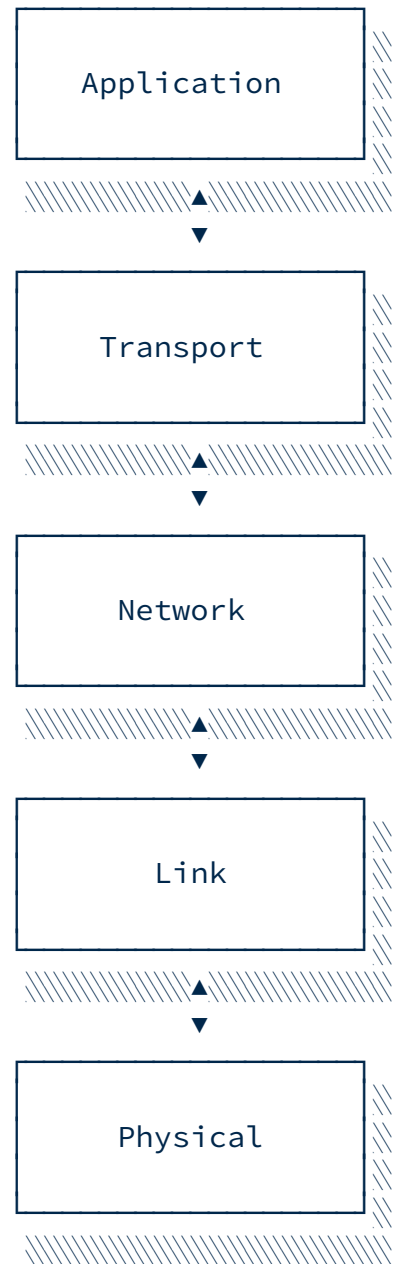
Client - Server



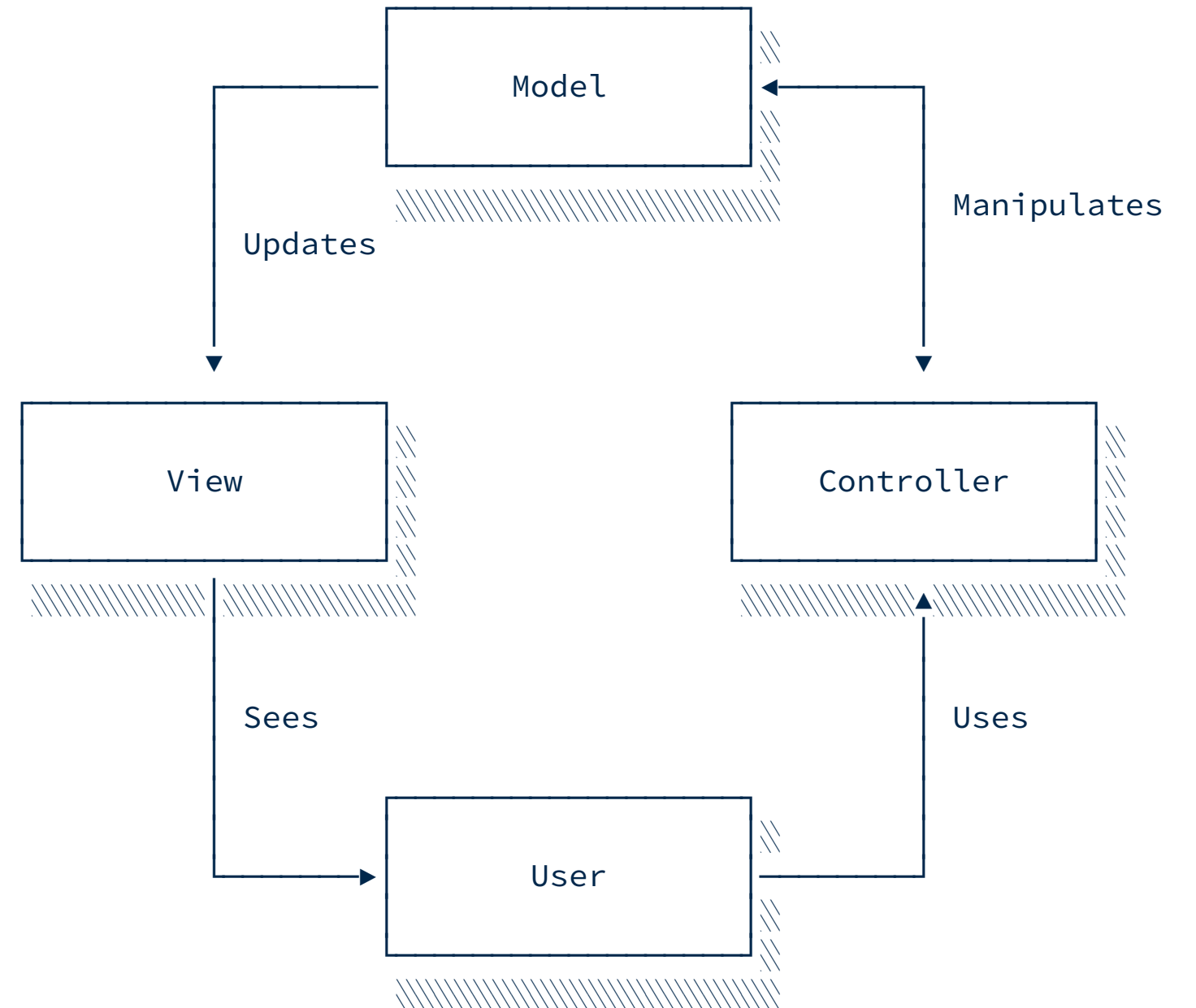
Service-Oriented / Microservices



Layered



Model - View - Controller



Operating Systems