# Bivariate EDA

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### Background

Measurements of the levels of arsenic in the drinking water, cooking water, and toenail samples, as well as related covariates, were measured on 21 individuals with private wells in a New Hampshire community. The variables below were recorded in the <a href="https://github.com/droglenc/NCData/blob/master/Arsenic.csv">https://github.com/droglenc/NCData/blob/master/Arsenic.csv</a> file located on the R Resources web page.

```
age: Age (yrs) of person
sex: Sex of person
usedrink: Household well used for drinking - A="< ½", B="≈½", C="≈½", D="≈¾", E=">¾"
usecook: Household well used for cooking - A="<½", B="≈½", C="≈½", D="≈¾", E=">¾"
arswater: Arsenic in water (ppm)
```

• arsnails: Arsenic in toenails (ppm)

In this handout, we will consider the questions below.

- What type of variable is each variable in the data set?
- Describe the relationship between the level of arsenic in the toenails and the age of the person.
- Describe the relationship between the "amount" that the well is used for drinking and the sex of the person.
- What percentage of females used the well for drinking water more than three-quarters of the time?
- What percentage of all persons in the study were female and used the well for drinking water about one-half of the time?
- What percentage of the sample was female?

### Getting The Data

3

44

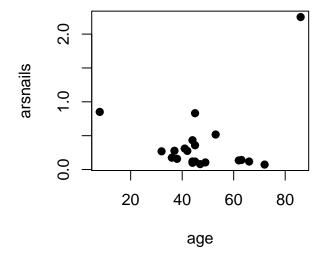
0.099

E 0.00000

```
66
                 С
                        E 0.00115
                                     0.118
10
   49
        F
                 D
                        E 0.00000
                                     0.105
                                     0.073
        F
                 Ε
                        E 0.00000
   72
17
   44
                 Ε
                        E 0.07640
                                      0.433
        М
                        E 0.00012
                                      0.135
```

## Bivariate EDA – Quantitative

```
> plot(arsnails~age,data=Ars,pch=19)
```



## > cor(Ars\$arsnails,Ars\$age)

### [1] 0.2807416

## Bivariate EDA – Categorical

```
> ( freq.tbl <- xtabs(~sex+usedrink,data=Ars) )

usedrink
sex A B C D E
F 1 0 2 3 7
M 0 1 0 0 7

> percTable(freq.tbl,margin=1,digits=1)
```

### usedrink

```
        sex
        A
        B
        C
        D
        E
        Sum

        F
        7.7
        0.0
        15.4
        23.1
        53.8
        100.0

        M
        0.0
        12.5
        0.0
        0.0
        87.5
        100.0
```

### > percTable(freq.tbl,margin=2,digits=1)

### usedrink

### > percTable(freq.tbl,digits=1)

### usedrink

sex	Α	В	C	D	E	Sum
F	4.8	0.0	9.5	14.3	33.3	61.9
M	0.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	33.3	38.1
Sum	4.8	4.8	9.5	14.3	66.6	100.0