

Background

Barrels designed to hold 200-gallons of gasoline were recently found in an abandoned warehouse. The contents of a random sample of 38 barrels were carefully measured to determine if the barrels had leaked a significant amount of gasoline. Assume that it is known that the actual content of the barrels has a standard deviation of 10 gallons. The results for the sample are found in `barrels.txt` on the class webpage. Use results computed from the sample to determine, at the 10% level, if there is evidence that the barrels had leaked.

Data

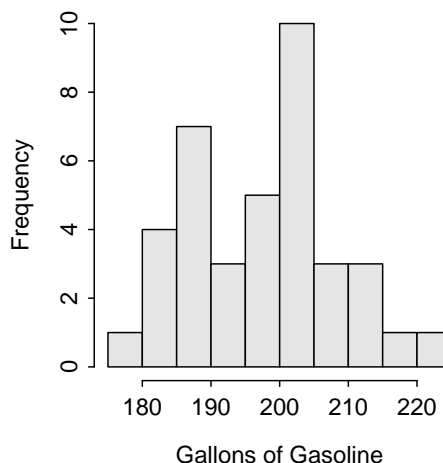
```
> library(NCStats)
> setwd("C:/aaaWork/Class Materials/MTH107/Lecture/H0s")
> brls <- read.table("Barrels.txt",header=TRUE)
> str(brls)

'data.frame': 38 obs. of 2 variables:
 $ barrel : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
 $ gasoline: num  183 197 192 200 190 ...
```

Quick EDA

```
> Summarize(~gasoline,data=brls,digits=1)
      n    mean    sd   min    Q1  median    Q3   max percZero
 38.0  197.7   10.6  179.0  189.0   199.0  204.0  223.0      0.0

> hist(~gasoline,data=brls,xlab="Gallons of Gasoline")
```



1-Sample Z-test

```
> ( gas.z <- z.test(brls$gasoline,sd=10,mu=200,alt="less",conf.level=0.90) )  
One Sample z-test with brls$gasoline  
z = -1.424, n = 38.000, Std. Dev. = 10.000, SE of the sample mean = 1.622,  
p-value = 0.07718  
alternative hypothesis: true mean is less than 200  
90 percent confidence interval:  
-Inf 199.8  
sample estimates:  
mean of brls$gasoline  
197.7  
  
> plot(gas.z)
```

