# Bivariate EDA

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### Background

Measurements of the levels of arsenic in the drinking water, cooking water, and toenail samples, as well as related covariates, were measured on 21 individuals with private wells in a New Hampshire community. The variables below were recorded in the <a href="https://github.com/droglenc/NCData/blob/master/Arsenic.csv">https://github.com/droglenc/NCData/blob/master/Arsenic.csv</a> file located on the R Resources web page.

```
age: Age (yrs) of person
sex: Sex of person
usedrink: Household well used for drinking - A="< ½", B="≈ ¼", C="≈ ½", D="≈ ¾", E="> ¾"
usecook: Household well used for cooking - A="< ¼", B="≈ ¼", C="≈ ½", D="≈ ¾", E="> ¾"
```

- arswater: Arsenic in water (ppm)
- arsnails: Arsenic in toenails (ppm)

In this handout, we will consider the questions below.

- What type of variable is each variable in the data set?
- Describe the relationship between the level of arsenic in the toenails and the age of the person.
- Describe the relationship between the "amount" that the well is used for drinking and the sex of the person.
- What percentage of females used the well for drinking water more than three-quarters of the time?
- What percentage of all persons in the study were female and used the well for drinking water about one-half of the time?
- What percentage of the sample was female?

age sex usedrink usecook arswater arsnails

E 0.00115

C

### Getting The Data

66

```
> library(NCStats)
> setwd("C:/aaaWork/Web/GitHub/NCMTH107/resources/class/HOs")
> Ars <- read.csv("Arsenic.csv")
> str(Ars)

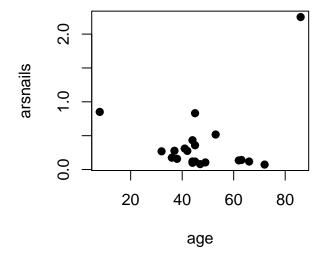
'data.frame': 21 obs. of 6 variables:
$ age : int 44 45 44 66 37 45 47 38 41 49 ...
$ sex : Factor w/ 2 levels "F","M": 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 ...
$ usedrink: Factor w/ 5 levels "A","B","C","D",...: 5 4 5 3 2 5 5 4 3 4 ...
$ usecook : Factor w/ 2 levels "B","E": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 ...
$ arswater: num 0.00087 0.00021 0 0.00115 0 0 0.00013 0.00069 0.00039 0 ...
$ arsnails: num 0.119 0.118 0.099 0.118 0.277 0.358 0.08 0.158 0.31 0.105 ...
> view(Ars)
```

0.118

```
5
   37
                        E 0.00000
                                     0.277
12 45
        F
                Α
                        E 0.04600
                                     0.832
13
                Ε
                                     0.517
   53
                        E 0.01940
14 86
        F
                Ε
                        E 0.13700
                                     2.252
                Ε
16
   32
        F
                        E 0.01750
                                     0.269
```

## Bivariate EDA – Quantitative

```
> plot(arsnails~age,data=Ars,pch=19)
```



## > cor(Ars\$arsnails,Ars\$age)

### [1] 0.2807416

## Bivariate EDA – Categorical

```
> ( freq.tbl <- xtabs(~sex+usedrink,data=Ars) )

usedrink
sex A B C D E
F 1 0 2 3 7
M 0 1 0 0 7

> percTable(freq.tbl,margin=1,digits=1)
```

### usedrink

```
        sex
        A
        B
        C
        D
        E
        Sum

        F
        7.7
        0.0
        15.4
        23.1
        53.8
        100.0

        M
        0.0
        12.5
        0.0
        0.0
        87.5
        100.0
```

### > percTable(freq.tbl,margin=2,digits=1)

### usedrink

### > percTable(freq.tbl,digits=1)

### usedrink

sex	Α	В	C	D	E	Sum
F	4.8	0.0	9.5	14.3	33.3	61.9
M	0.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	33.3	38.1
Sum	4.8	4.8	9.5	14.3	66.6	100.0