Chi-Square Tests

R Handout

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## First Commands

> library(NCStats)

## Chi-Square Test

### From Summarized Observed Table

When [Chinook Salmon (*Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chinook_salmon) were first introduced to Lake Superior there was concern that they would compete with native [Lake Trout (*Salvelinus namaycush*)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lake_trout) for [Cisco (*Coregonus artedi*)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Coregonus_artedi). Preliminarily, fisheries biologists classified the dominant food items (Cisco, [Smelt (*Osmerus mordax*](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rainbow_smelt)) (another type of fish), or [*Mysis*](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mysis_relicta) (an invertebrate)) in the diets of 50 Lake Trout and 40 Chinook Salmon. They found that 32, 10, and 8 Lake Trout diets were dominated by Cisco, Smelt, and *Mysis*, respectively. Similarly, 18, 18, and 4 Chinook Salmon diets were dominated by Cisco, Smelt, and *Mysis*, respectively. Test (at the 10% level) if the distribution of dominant food items differs at the 5% level?

> freq <- c(32,10,8,18,18,4)  
> ( obs <- matrix(freq,nrow=2,byrow=TRUE) )

[,1] [,2] [,3]  
[1,] 32 10 8  
[2,] 18 18 4

> rownames(obs) <- c("Lake Trout","Chinook Salmon")  
> colnames(obs) <- c("Cisco","Smelt","Mysis")  
> obs

Cisco Smelt Mysis  
Lake Trout 32 10 8  
Chinook Salmon 18 18 4

> chi1 <- chisq.test(obs,correct=FALSE)  
> chi1$expected

Cisco Smelt Mysis  
Lake Trout 27.77778 15.55556 6.666667  
Chinook Salmon 22.22222 12.44444 5.333333

> chi1$expected >= 5

Cisco Smelt Mysis  
Lake Trout TRUE TRUE TRUE  
Chinook Salmon TRUE TRUE TRUE

> chi1

Pearson's Chi-squared test with obs   
X-squared = 6.5083, df = 2, p-value = 0.03861

> chi1$residuals

Cisco Smelt Mysis  
Lake Trout 0.8011103 -1.408590 0.5163978  
Chinook Salmon -0.8956686 1.574852 -0.5773503

> percTable(obs,margin=1,digits=1)

Cisco Smelt Mysis Sum  
Lake Trout 64 20 16 100  
Chinook Salmon 45 45 10 100

> ( obs2 <- obs[,-2] )

Cisco Mysis  
Lake Trout 32 8  
Chinook Salmon 18 4

> ( chi2 <- chisq.test(obs2,correct=FALSE) )

Warning in chisq.test(obs2, correct = FALSE): Chi-squared approximation may be incorrect

Pearson's Chi-squared test with obs2   
X-squared = 0.0301, df = 1, p-value = 0.8624

### From Raw Data

The [General Social Survey](http://www.norc.org/Research/Projects/Pages/general-social-survey.aspx) (GSS) is a nationwide survey that has been administered since 1972 to gather data on contemporary American society in an attempt to monitor and explain trends in attitudes, behaviors, and attributes of American society. One part of that survey asked respondents to state their opinion on how true the following statement was -- "*All radioactivity is made by humans.*" Respondents were also categorized by their highest educational degree. The results from this portion of the GSS is in [SciTest1.csv](https://raw.githubusercontent.com/droglenc/NCData/master/SciTest1.csv). Use these data to determine, at the 5% level, if the distribution of responses to this statement differs among levels of education.

> setwd("C:/aaaWork/Web/GitHub/NCMTH107/modules/Chi\_Square")  
> ST1 <- read.csv("SciTest1.csv")  
> str(ST1)

'data.frame': 2549 obs. of 2 variables:  
 $ degree : Factor w/ 5 levels "bach","grad",..: 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...  
 $ scitest: Factor w/ 4 levels "def.not","def.true",..: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...

> levels(ST1$degree)

[1] "bach" "grad" "hs" "jc" "lt.hs"

> ST1$fdegree <- factor(ST1$degree,levels=c("lt.hs","hs","jc","bach","grad"))  
> levels(ST1$scitest)

[1] "def.not" "def.true" "prob.not" "prob.true"

> ST1$fscitest <- factor(ST1$scitest,levels=c("def.not","prob.not","prob.true","def.true"))

> ( freq.tbl <- xtabs(~fdegree+fscitest,data=ST1) )

fscitest  
fdegree def.not prob.not prob.true def.true  
 lt.hs 52 112 155 70  
 hs 366 451 437 114  
 jc 60 44 36 9  
 bach 214 135 78 12  
 grad 123 57 18 6

> ST1.chi <- chisq.test(freq.tbl,correct=FALSE)  
> ST1.chi$expected

fscitest  
fdegree def.not prob.not prob.true def.true  
 lt.hs 124.37623 121.93448 110.48882 32.20047  
 hs 437.39506 428.80816 388.55708 113.23970  
 jc 47.64025 46.70498 42.32091 12.33386  
 bach 140.36289 137.60730 124.69047 36.33935  
 grad 65.22558 63.94508 57.94272 16.88662

> ST1.chi$expected >= 5

fscitest  
fdegree def.not prob.not prob.true def.true  
 lt.hs TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE  
 hs TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE  
 jc TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE  
 bach TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE  
 grad TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE

> ST1.chi

Pearson's Chi-squared test with freq.tbl   
X-squared = 288.2331, df = 12, p-value < 2.2e-16

> ST1.chi$residuals

fscitest  
fdegree def.not prob.not prob.true def.true  
 lt.hs -6.4897392 -0.8996675 4.2345762 6.6612431  
 hs -3.4137460 1.0716718 2.4575530 0.0714471  
 jc 1.7906992 -0.3958064 -0.9716327 -0.9492868  
 bach 6.2154218 -0.2222643 -4.1813025 -4.0375730  
 grad 7.1536326 -0.8685073 -5.2473280 -2.6492428

> percTable(freq.tbl,margin=1,digits=1)

fscitest  
fdegree def.not prob.not prob.true def.true Sum  
 lt.hs 13.4 28.8 39.8 18.0 100.0  
 hs 26.8 33.0 31.9 8.3 100.0  
 jc 40.3 29.5 24.2 6.0 100.0  
 bach 48.7 30.8 17.8 2.7 100.0  
 grad 60.3 27.9 8.8 2.9 99.9