**Statistician: Dylan Hudson Version: R**

**Directions**

The final exam will consist of several application-type questions related to the following topics we’ve covered this semester – univariate EDA (quantitative & categorical), bivariate EDA (quantitative & categorical), linear regression, one-sample t-test, two-sample t-test, and chi-square. On the final exam, you will be asked to answer each question from results that you have prepared prior to the exam using R.

The dataset that you will examine is introduced below including actual questions that will be on the exam. You should load these data into R (from the class website) and create output that can be used to answer each question. Your R input and output should be printed and brought to the exam to be used to answer the exam questions.

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**Data Set – RuffeMorph**

A Master’s student collected a variety of morphological (body characteristics) data on the invasive ruffe (*Gymnocephalus cernuus*). Specifics of the variables recorded are documented in the **RuffeMorph.txt** data file (open the data file outside of R to read comments at the top). In addition, commands for “cleaning” the data file are suggested in the data file. Once the data file has been “cleaned” the ***miss*** and ***out*** variables can be ignored. Possible questions asked from these data are …

1. Univariate EDA for each of the following variables – w, tl, bg, and sex.

2. Bivariate EDA for all pairs of quantitative variables. [*I suggest just one graph & table.*]

3. Bivariate EDA for all pairs of categorical variables.

4. Linear regression results (equation results and r2) for predicting body girth from total length.

5. Results for testing the following research hypotheses (use 5% level for each)

a. The mean total length of ruffe is different than 120 mm.

b. The mean body girth is greater for male than female ruffe.

c. The mean weight is different for ruffe from Allouez then for ruffe from Whaleback.

d. The proportion of female ruffe differs among the three locations.

e. The mean upper jaw length of female ruffe is less than 11 mm.

**Version: R Statistician: Dylan Hudson**

**Directions:**

You may have a pencil, a calculator, and your R output document for the **RuffeMorph.txt** file on your desk. All other materials should be fully stored out of sight and your computer should be turned off.

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# **11 Steps for any Significance Test**

1. **[1]** state the rejection criterion (),

2. **[2]** state the null and alternative hypotheses to be tested – define the parameter,

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4. **[1]** collect the data (address type of study and randomization),

5. **[2]** check all necessary assumptions – explain how you tested the validity,

6. **[1]** calculate the appropriate statistic(s),

7. **[2]** calculate the appropriate test statistic,

8. **[2]** calculate the p‑value,

9. **[1]** state rejection decision,

10. **[2]\*** summarize your findings in terms of the problem, and

11. **[2]\* If reject H0,** compute a **100(1-)%** *confidence region* for the parameter.

**Questions:**

1. **[3pts]** Identify what type of variable each of the following is: weight, sex, and total length.

2. **[5pts]\*** Perform a thorough EDA for the weight of ruffe.

3. **[2pts]\*** Perform a thorough EDA for the sex of ruffe.

4. **[5pts]\*** Perform a thorough EDA for the relationship between total length and weight of ruffe.

5. **[2pts]\*** Interpret the slope of the linear regression that you performed.

6. **[2pts]** Predict the body girth of a ruffe whose total length equals the median total length.

7. **[2pts]** What proportion of the total variability in body girth is explained by knowing the total length?

8. **[15pts]** Test, at the 5% level, that the proportion of female ruffe differs among the three locations.

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10. **[8 pts]\*** Describe the importance of statistics (as a field of study or a collection of methods). Among other things make sure you describe the two major goals of statistics, identify at least three major concepts or ideas of statistics, and identify how some of the “tools” you have learned this semester illustrate or are related to why you think statistics is important.

**Statistician: Jacob Huss Version: R**

**Directions**

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e. The mean upper jaw length of female ruffe is less than 11 mm.

**Version: R Statistician: Jacob Huss**

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**Questions:**

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6. **[2pts]** Predict the body girth of a ruffe whose total length equals the median total length.

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**Statistician: Asher Maliepaard Version: R**

**Directions**

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e. The mean upper jaw length of female ruffe is less than 11 mm.

**Version: R Statistician: Asher Maliepaard**

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**Statistician: Lucas Nagel Version: R**

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**Version: R Statistician: Lucas Nagel**

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**Questions:**

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**Statistician: Savanna Richter Version: R**

**Directions**

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**Version: R Statistician: Savanna Richter**

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**Statistician: Stuart Schmidt Version: R**

**Directions**

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b. The mean body girth is greater for male than female ruffe.

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d. The proportion of female ruffe differs among the three locations.

e. The mean upper jaw length of female ruffe is less than 11 mm.

**Version: R Statistician: Stuart Schmidt**

**Directions:**

You may have a pencil, a calculator, and your R output document for the **RuffeMorph.txt** file on your desk. All other materials should be fully stored out of sight and your computer should be turned off.

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# **11 Steps for any Significance Test**

1. **[1]** state the rejection criterion (),

2. **[2]** state the null and alternative hypotheses to be tested – define the parameter,

3. **[1]** determine which hypothesis test to use – thoroughly explain why,

4. **[1]** collect the data (address type of study and randomization),

5. **[2]** check all necessary assumptions – explain how you tested the validity,

6. **[1]** calculate the appropriate statistic(s),

7. **[2]** calculate the appropriate test statistic,

8. **[2]** calculate the p‑value,

9. **[1]** state rejection decision,

10. **[2]\*** summarize your findings in terms of the problem, and

11. **[2]\* If reject H0,** compute a **100(1-)%** *confidence region* for the parameter.

**Questions:**

1. **[3pts]** Identify what type of variable each of the following is: weight, sex, and total length.

2. **[5pts]\*** Perform a thorough EDA for the weight of ruffe.

3. **[2pts]\*** Perform a thorough EDA for the sex of ruffe.

4. **[5pts]\*** Perform a thorough EDA for the relationship between total length and weight of ruffe.

5. **[2pts]\*** Interpret the slope of the linear regression that you performed.

6. **[2pts]** Predict the body girth of a ruffe whose total length equals the median total length.

7. **[2pts]** What proportion of the total variability in body girth is explained by knowing the total length?

8. **[15pts]** Test, at the 5% level, that the proportion of female ruffe differs among the three locations.

9. **[15 or 17 pts]** Test, at the 5% level, that the mean body girth is greater for male than female ruffe.

10. **[8 pts]\*** Describe the importance of statistics (as a field of study or a collection of methods). Among other things make sure you describe the two major goals of statistics, identify at least three major concepts or ideas of statistics, and identify how some of the “tools” you have learned this semester illustrate or are related to why you think statistics is important.

**Statistician: Chelsea Skog Version: R**

**Directions**

The final exam will consist of several application-type questions related to the following topics we’ve covered this semester – univariate EDA (quantitative & categorical), bivariate EDA (quantitative & categorical), linear regression, one-sample t-test, two-sample t-test, and chi-square. On the final exam, you will be asked to answer each question from results that you have prepared prior to the exam using R.

The dataset that you will examine is introduced below including actual questions that will be on the exam. You should load these data into R (from the class website) and create output that can be used to answer each question. Your R input and output should be printed and brought to the exam to be used to answer the exam questions.

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Failure to follow all of these criteria will result in a 0 for the final exam (24% of your overall grade)!!

**Data Set – RuffeMorph**

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1. Univariate EDA for each of the following variables – w, tl, bg, and sex.

2. Bivariate EDA for all pairs of quantitative variables. [*I suggest just one graph & table.*]

3. Bivariate EDA for all pairs of categorical variables.

4. Linear regression results (equation results and r2) for predicting body girth from total length.

5. Results for testing the following research hypotheses (use 5% level for each)

a. The mean total length of ruffe is different than 120 mm.

b. The mean body girth is greater for male than female ruffe.

c. The mean weight is different for ruffe from Allouez then for ruffe from Whaleback.

d. The proportion of female ruffe differs among the three locations.

e. The mean upper jaw length of female ruffe is less than 11 mm.

**Version: R Statistician: Chelsea Skog**

**Directions:**

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# **11 Steps for any Significance Test**

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3. **[1]** determine which hypothesis test to use – thoroughly explain why,

4. **[1]** collect the data (address type of study and randomization),

5. **[2]** check all necessary assumptions – explain how you tested the validity,

6. **[1]** calculate the appropriate statistic(s),

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9. **[1]** state rejection decision,

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11. **[2]\* If reject H0,** compute a **100(1-)%** *confidence region* for the parameter.

**Questions:**

1. **[3pts]** Identify what type of variable each of the following is: weight, sex, and total length.

2. **[5pts]\*** Perform a thorough EDA for the weight of ruffe.

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**Statistician: Nicholas Smith Version: R**

**Directions**

The final exam will consist of several application-type questions related to the following topics we’ve covered this semester – univariate EDA (quantitative & categorical), bivariate EDA (quantitative & categorical), linear regression, one-sample t-test, two-sample t-test, and chi-square. On the final exam, you will be asked to answer each question from results that you have prepared prior to the exam using R.

The dataset that you will examine is introduced below including actual questions that will be on the exam. You should load these data into R (from the class website) and create output that can be used to answer each question. Your R input and output should be printed and brought to the exam to be used to answer the exam questions.

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**Data Set – RuffeMorph**

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d. The proportion of female ruffe differs among the three locations.

e. The mean upper jaw length of female ruffe is less than 11 mm.

**Version: R Statistician: Nicholas Smith**

**Directions:**

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# **11 Steps for any Significance Test**

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**Questions:**

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7. **[2pts]** What proportion of the total variability in body girth is explained by knowing the total length?

8. **[15pts]** Test, at the 5% level, that the proportion of female ruffe differs among the three locations.

9. **[15 or 17 pts]** Test, at the 5% level, that the mean body girth is greater for male than female ruffe.

10. **[8 pts]\*** Describe the importance of statistics (as a field of study or a collection of methods). Among other things make sure you describe the two major goals of statistics, identify at least three major concepts or ideas of statistics, and identify how some of the “tools” you have learned this semester illustrate or are related to why you think statistics is important.

**Statistician: Amber Acker Version: R**

**Directions**

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**Data Set – RuffeMorph**

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5. Results for testing the following research hypotheses (use 5% level for each)

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c. The mean weight is different for ruffe from Allouez then for ruffe from Whaleback.

d. The proportion of female ruffe differs among the three locations.

e. The mean upper jaw length of female ruffe is less than 11 mm.

**Version: R Statistician: Amber Acker**

**Directions:**

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# **11 Steps for any Significance Test**

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11. **[2]\* If reject H0,** compute a **100(1-)%** *confidence region* for the parameter.

**Questions:**

1. **[3pts]** Identify what type of variable each of the following is: weight, sex, and total length.

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10. **[8 pts]\*** Describe the importance of statistics (as a field of study or a collection of methods). Among other things make sure you describe the two major goals of statistics, identify at least three major concepts or ideas of statistics, and identify how some of the “tools” you have learned this semester illustrate or are related to why you think statistics is important.

**Statistician: John Aguirre Version: R**

**Directions**

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**Data Set – RuffeMorph**

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d. The proportion of female ruffe differs among the three locations.

e. The mean upper jaw length of female ruffe is less than 11 mm.

**Version: R Statistician: John Aguirre**

**Directions:**

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# **11 Steps for any Significance Test**

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**Questions:**

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**Statistician: Meagan Harris Version: R**

**Directions**

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**Data Set – RuffeMorph**

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e. The mean upper jaw length of female ruffe is less than 11 mm.

**Version: R Statistician: Meagan Harris**

**Directions:**

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7. **[2pts]** What proportion of the total variability in body girth is explained by knowing the total length?

8. **[15pts]** Test, at the 5% level, that the proportion of female ruffe differs among the three locations.

9. **[15 or 17 pts]** Test, at the 5% level, that the mean body girth is greater for male than female ruffe.

10. **[8 pts]\*** Describe the importance of statistics (as a field of study or a collection of methods). Among other things make sure you describe the two major goals of statistics, identify at least three major concepts or ideas of statistics, and identify how some of the “tools” you have learned this semester illustrate or are related to why you think statistics is important.

**Statistician: Emmaei Hoard Version: R**

**Directions**

The final exam will consist of several application-type questions related to the following topics we’ve covered this semester – univariate EDA (quantitative & categorical), bivariate EDA (quantitative & categorical), linear regression, one-sample t-test, two-sample t-test, and chi-square. On the final exam, you will be asked to answer each question from results that you have prepared prior to the exam using R.

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**Data Set – RuffeMorph**

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1. Univariate EDA for each of the following variables – w, tl, bg, and sex.

2. Bivariate EDA for all pairs of quantitative variables. [*I suggest just one graph & table.*]

3. Bivariate EDA for all pairs of categorical variables.

4. Linear regression results (equation results and r2) for predicting body girth from total length.

5. Results for testing the following research hypotheses (use 5% level for each)

a. The mean total length of ruffe is different than 120 mm.

b. The mean body girth is greater for male than female ruffe.

c. The mean weight is different for ruffe from Allouez then for ruffe from Whaleback.

d. The proportion of female ruffe differs among the three locations.

e. The mean upper jaw length of female ruffe is less than 11 mm.

**Version: R Statistician: Emmaei Hoard**

**Directions:**

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# **11 Steps for any Significance Test**

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4. **[1]** collect the data (address type of study and randomization),

5. **[2]** check all necessary assumptions – explain how you tested the validity,

6. **[1]** calculate the appropriate statistic(s),

7. **[2]** calculate the appropriate test statistic,

8. **[2]** calculate the p‑value,

9. **[1]** state rejection decision,

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11. **[2]\* If reject H0,** compute a **100(1-)%** *confidence region* for the parameter.

**Questions:**

1. **[3pts]** Identify what type of variable each of the following is: weight, sex, and total length.

2. **[5pts]\*** Perform a thorough EDA for the weight of ruffe.

3. **[2pts]\*** Perform a thorough EDA for the sex of ruffe.

4. **[5pts]\*** Perform a thorough EDA for the relationship between total length and weight of ruffe.

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**Statistician: Tammy Kavulla Version: R**

**Directions**

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d. The proportion of female ruffe differs among the three locations.

e. The mean upper jaw length of female ruffe is less than 11 mm.

**Version: R Statistician: Tammy Kavulla**

**Directions:**

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# **11 Steps for any Significance Test**

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**Questions:**

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**Statistician: Tyler Larson Version: R**

**Directions**

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e. The mean upper jaw length of female ruffe is less than 11 mm.

**Version: R Statistician: Tyler Larson**

**Directions:**

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# **11 Steps for any Significance Test**

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**Questions:**

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**Statistician: Hugh Peltier Version: R**

**Directions**

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e. The mean upper jaw length of female ruffe is less than 11 mm.

**Version: R Statistician: Hugh Peltier**

**Directions:**

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**Questions:**

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**Statistician: Alison Phillips Version: R**

**Directions**

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**Data Set – RuffeMorph**

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**Version: R Statistician: Alison Phillips**

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**Statistician: Emily Romuald Version: R**

**Directions**

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Failure to follow all of these criteria will result in a 0 for the final exam (24% of your overall grade)!!

**Data Set – RuffeMorph**

A Master’s student collected a variety of morphological (body characteristics) data on the invasive ruffe (*Gymnocephalus cernuus*). Specifics of the variables recorded are documented in the **RuffeMorph.txt** data file (open the data file outside of R to read comments at the top). In addition, commands for “cleaning” the data file are suggested in the data file. Once the data file has been “cleaned” the ***miss*** and ***out*** variables can be ignored. Possible questions asked from these data are …

1. Univariate EDA for each of the following variables – w, tl, bg, and sex.

2. Bivariate EDA for all pairs of quantitative variables. [*I suggest just one graph & table.*]

3. Bivariate EDA for all pairs of categorical variables.

4. Linear regression results (equation results and r2) for predicting body girth from total length.

5. Results for testing the following research hypotheses (use 5% level for each)

a. The mean total length of ruffe is different than 120 mm.

b. The mean body girth is greater for male than female ruffe.

c. The mean weight is different for ruffe from Allouez then for ruffe from Whaleback.

d. The proportion of female ruffe differs among the three locations.

e. The mean upper jaw length of female ruffe is less than 11 mm.

**Version: R Statistician: Emily Romuald**

**Directions:**

You may have a pencil, a calculator, and your R output document for the **RuffeMorph.txt** file on your desk. All other materials should be fully stored out of sight and your computer should be turned off.

Do not write anything on your document of results except to add labels – e.g., “Output #1” or “Figure 1” – for referring to when answering the questions below. When you are finished with the exam, you should staple this sheet, your handwritten answers, and your document of R results together, in that order.

You should answer all questions below with as much information as necessary to fully answer the question. All answers should be completed by using and referring to specific R output. Some questions require further calculations for which you are allowed to use your calculator. You are not allowed to make any further calculations in R. Your answers should be legibly handwritten on the sheets of paper provided, clearly labeled with the question number, and, *when marked by an asterisk*, written with complete sentences.

# **11 Steps for any Significance Test**

1. **[1]** state the rejection criterion (),

2. **[2]** state the null and alternative hypotheses to be tested – define the parameter,

3. **[1]** determine which hypothesis test to use – thoroughly explain why,

4. **[1]** collect the data (address type of study and randomization),

5. **[2]** check all necessary assumptions – explain how you tested the validity,

6. **[1]** calculate the appropriate statistic(s),

7. **[2]** calculate the appropriate test statistic,

8. **[2]** calculate the p‑value,

9. **[1]** state rejection decision,

10. **[2]\*** summarize your findings in terms of the problem, and

11. **[2]\* If reject H0,** compute a **100(1-)%** *confidence region* for the parameter.

**Questions:**

1. **[3pts]** Identify what type of variable each of the following is: weight, sex, and total length.

2. **[5pts]\*** Perform a thorough EDA for the weight of ruffe.

3. **[2pts]\*** Perform a thorough EDA for the sex of ruffe.

4. **[5pts]\*** Perform a thorough EDA for the relationship between total length and weight of ruffe.

5. **[2pts]\*** Interpret the slope of the linear regression that you performed.

6. **[2pts]** Predict the body girth of a ruffe whose total length equals the median total length.

7. **[2pts]** What proportion of the total variability in body girth is explained by knowing the total length?

8. **[15pts]** Test, at the 5% level, that the proportion of female ruffe differs among the three locations.

9. **[15 or 17 pts]** Test, at the 5% level, that the mean body girth is greater for male than female ruffe.

10. **[8 pts]\*** Describe the importance of statistics (as a field of study or a collection of methods). Among other things make sure you describe the two major goals of statistics, identify at least three major concepts or ideas of statistics, and identify how some of the “tools” you have learned this semester illustrate or are related to why you think statistics is important.