Linear Models Foundations Handout

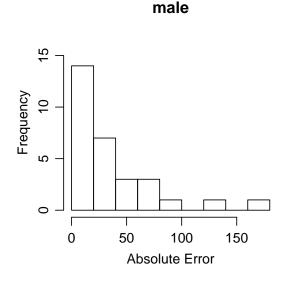
1 Initialization

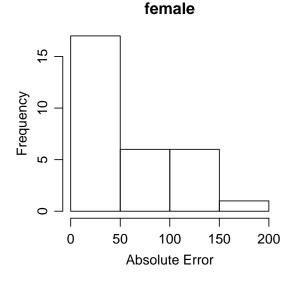
> library(NCStats)

2 2-sample t-Test

You must change the directory to where the following file is located.

> hist(abserr~f.sex,data=sdir,xlab="Absolute Error")





```
> Summarize(abserr~f.sex,data=sdir,digits=2)
  f.sex n Mean St. Dev. Min. 1st Qu. Median 3rd Qu. Max.
  male 30 37.6 38.48654 3 11.50
                                        22.5
                                              58.75 167
                                        35.0 88.25 176
2 female 30 55.8 48.25964
                            3
                                15.75
> leveneTest(abserr~f.sex,data=sdir)
Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Variance (center = median)
     Df F value Pr(>F)
group 1 2.1692 0.1462
     58
> t.test(abserr~f.sex,data=sdir,var.equal=TRUE)
       Two Sample t-test
data: abserr by f.sex
t = -1.6149, df = 58, p-value = 0.1118
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
-40.758823
            4.358823
sample estimates:
 mean in group male mean in group female
                                    55.8
               37.6
```

3 2-Sample t-Test as a Linear Model

This example begins by assuming that you are using the same data as shown in Section 2.

```
> lm1 <- lm(abserr~f.sex,data=sdir)</pre>
> anova(lm1)
Analysis of Variance Table
Response: abserr
         Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
         1 4969 4968.6 2.608 0.1118
Residuals 58 110496 1905.1
> summary(lm1)
lm(formula = abserr ~ f.sex, data = sdir)
Residuals:
  Min
          1Q Median
                        3Q
-52.80 -29.00 -18.10 22.85 129.40
Coefficients:
          Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 37.600
                       7.969 4.718 1.54e-05
f.sexfemale 18.200
                       11.270 1.615
                                       0.112
```

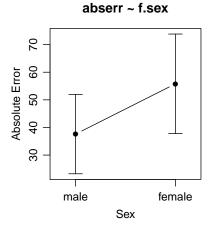
```
Residual standard error: 43.65 on 58 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.04303, Adjusted R-squared: 0.02653 F-statistic: 2.608 on 1 and 58 DF, p-value: 0.1118
```

r statistic. 2.000 on r and 50 br, p

> confint(lm1)

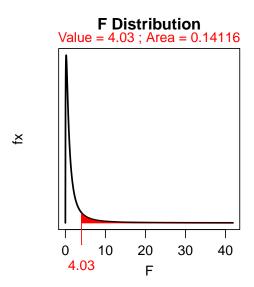
2.5 % 97.5 % (Intercept) 21.648503 53.55150 f.sexfemale -4.358823 40.75882

> fitPlot(lm1,xlab="Sex",ylab="Absolute Error")



4 F Distribution Calculations

> distrib(4.03,distrib="f",df1=3,df2=3,lower.tail=FALSE)



> distrib(4.03, distrib="f", df1=3, df2=3, lower.tail=FALSE, plot=FALSE)

[1] 0.1411648