# One-Way ANOVA

#### R Handout

Derek H. Ogle

```
> options(show.signif.stars=FALSE)
> library(NCStats)
> library(multcomp) # for glht()
```

## Raspberry Example

A researcher is interested in the effect of irrigation on fruit production by raspberry plants. The researcher has determined that he will examine the effects of 100 ml (a maintenance amount), 200, 400, and 800 ml of water per pot. The researcher had 16 identical planting pots available and much more than that number of raspberry plant seedlings. A square table for growing the plants in a greenhouse is available. He had enough time to let the plants mature (i.e., produce berries) or not. At the end of this period, the total weight (g) of mature berries was recorded.

```
> setwd("C:/aaaWork/Web/GitHub/NCMTH207/modules/Anova-1Way")
> rasp <- read.csv("Raspberry.csv")
> str(rasp)

'data.frame': 16 obs. of 2 variables:
$ water : int 100 100 100 100 200 200 200 400 400 ...
$ weight: num 8.1 10.9 11.1 13.9 12.2 11.5 11.4 6.8 6.5 5.5 ...
> rasp$water <- factor(rasp$water)
> str(rasp)

'data.frame': 16 obs. of 2 variables:
$ water : Factor w/ 4 levels "100","200","400",..: 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
$ weight: num 8.1 10.9 11.1 13.9 12.2 11.5 11.4 6.8 6.5 5.5 ...
```

## Fitting the Linear Model

(Intercept) 11.000 8.946558 13.053442

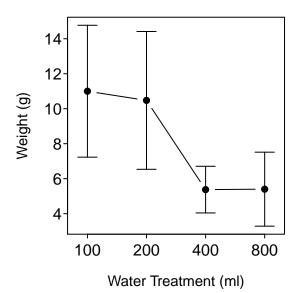
-0.525 -3.429006 2.379006 -5.625 -8.529006 -2.720994

-5.600 -8.504006 -2.695994

water200

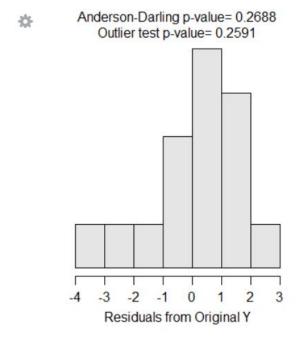
water400 water800

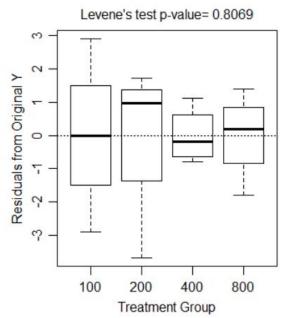
## > fitPlot(lm1,xlab="Water Treatment (ml)",ylab="Weight (g)")



# **Checking Assumptions**

#### > transChooser(lm1)

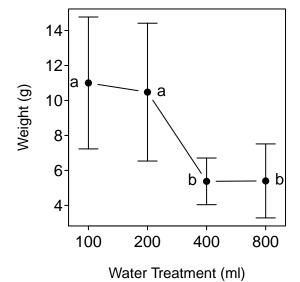




## **Multiple Comparison Tests**

```
> rasp.mc <- glht(lm1, mcp(water = "Tukey"))</pre>
> summary(rasp.mc)
              Estimate Std. Error
                                       t value
                                                   p value
200 - 100 = 0
                -0.525
                         1.332838 -0.39389620 0.978341101
400 - 100 = 0
                -5.625
                         1.332838 -4.22031642 0.005617495
800 - 100 = 0
                -5.600
                         1.332838 -4.20155946 0.005647972
400 - 200 = 0
                -5.100
                         1.332838 -3.82642022 0.011083694
800 - 200 = 0
                -5.075
                         1.332838 -3.80766326 0.011861205
800 - 400 = 0
                 0.025
                         1.332838 0.01875696 0.999997485
> confint(rasp.mc)
```

```
Estimate
                         lwr
200 - 100
            -0.525 -4.488075 3.438075
400 - 100
            -5.625 -9.588075 -1.661925
800 - 100
            -5.600 -9.563075 -1.636925
400 - 200
            -5.100 -9.063075 -1.136925
800 - 200
            -5.075 -9.038075 -1.111925
800 - 400
            0.025 -3.938075 3.988075
> fitPlot(lm1,xlab="Water Treatment (ml)",ylab="Weight (g)",main="")
> addSigLetters(lm1,lets=c("a","a","b","b"),pos=c(2,4,2,4))
```



# Benthic Infaunal Example

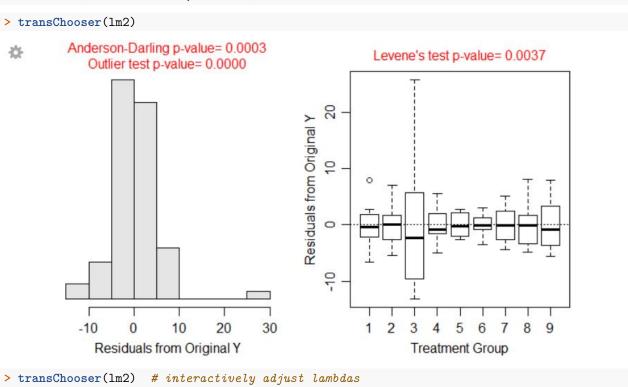
To examine the effect of effluent releases on benthic organisms in the release area, researchers recorded the total abundance of benthic organisms at eight haphazardly-selected sublocations at each of eight control locations (thought to have not been impacted by the effluent release) and one potentially impacted location. Use the data in BenthicInfaunal.csv to determine if the mean abundance of benthic organisms differs between the locations (and, especially, if the impacted location differs from any of the control locations).

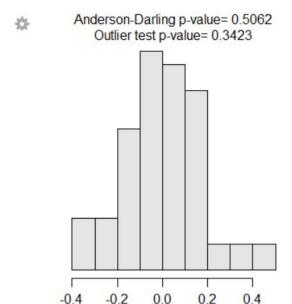
```
> ben <- read.csv("BenthicInfaunal.csv")
> ben$site <- factor(ben$site)
> str(ben)

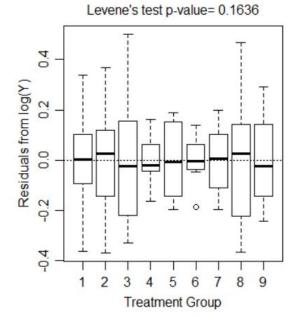
'data.frame': 72 obs. of 2 variables:
$ site : Factor w/ 9 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 ...
$ abundance: num 14.4 20.4 21.2 17.6 29 ...
```

## Assumption Checking with Possible Transformations

```
> lm2 <- lm(abundance~site,data=ben)
```







- > ben\$logab <- log(ben\$abundance)</pre>
- > lm3 <- lm(logab~site,data=ben)

#### **Model Summarization**

```
> anova(lm3)
```

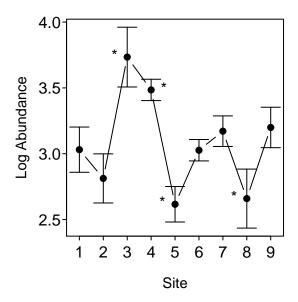
Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F) site 8 8.6683 1.08353 29.066 < 2.2e-16 Residuals 63 2.3485 0.03728

Residuals from log(Y)

- > ben.mc <- glht(lm3, mcp(site = "Dunnett"))</pre>
- > summary(ben.mc)

```
Estimate Std. Error t value p value 2-1=0 -0.21843454 0.09653725 -2.26269698 1.456286e-01 3-1=0 0.70318863 0.09653725 7.28411718 3.557137e-09 4-1=0 0.45383639 0.09653725 4.70115314 1.012575e-04 5-1=0 -0.41485933 0.09653725 -4.29740160 4.489152e-04 6-1=0 -0.00423765 0.09653725 -0.04389653 1.000000e+00 7-1=0 0.14028047 0.09653725 1.45312275 5.797132e-01 8-1=0 -0.37186732 0.09653725 -3.85206051 2.027465e-03 9-1=0 0.16866808 0.09653725 1.74718135 3.798758e-01
```

```
> fitPlot(lm3,ylab="Log Abundance",xlab="Site",main="")
> addSigLetters(lm3,lets=c("","","*","*","","","",""),pos=c(2,4,2,4,2,4,2,4))
```



#### > confint(ben.mc)

```
Estimate lwr upr
2 - 1 -0.21843454 -0.48187397 0.04500489
3 - 1 0.70318863 0.43974920 0.96662806
4 - 1 0.45383639 0.19039696 0.71727582
5 - 1 -0.41485933 -0.67829876 -0.15141990
6 - 1 -0.00423765 -0.26767708 0.25920178
7 - 1 0.14028047 -0.12315896 0.40371990
8 - 1 -0.37186732 -0.63530676 -0.10842789
9 - 1 0.16866808 -0.09477135 0.43210751
```

#### > exp(confint(ben.mc)\$confint)

```
Estimate lwr upr
2 - 1 0.8037761 0.6175752 1.0461171
3 - 1 2.0201841 1.5521930 2.6292760
4 - 1 1.5743404 1.2096324 2.0490090
5 - 1 0.6604332 0.5074388 0.8595559
6 - 1 0.9957713 0.7650933 1.2959995
7 - 1 1.1505965 0.8840520 1.4975050
8 - 1 0.6894457 0.5297303 0.8973158
9 - 1 1.1837272 0.9095077 1.5406247
```