

Use the background information and the analytical results on the **R Handout Results #1** to answer the following questions. Make sure to answer each question as thoroughly as possible and by citing supporting evidence where appropriate (you may want to label output on the handout).

- Assess all assumptions on the original scale. State whether you will interpret results on the original or transformed scale (you should examine, but you do not need to describe, the tests of assumptions on the transformed scale).
- What type(s) of effects are **and** are not evident in these results?
- For the effect(s) that you identified in (b), which group means are **and** are not statistically different? For group means that differ, specifically state which group means are larger or smaller and by how much (on the original scale, if possible).
- Modify one of the graphics to illustrate your results from question (c) (*make sure to explicitly identify which graph(s) you marked*).
- Were the author's research hypotheses supported by the data? Be specific.

Biometry Quiz #2

R Handout

Results #1

Sanz (2001) examined the nesting behavior and nesting success for male and female Pied Flycatchers (*Ficedula hypoleuca*). He hypothesized that males would be more involved in nesting activities as the level of brood demand increased and as the "attractiveness" of the male decreased.

The author manipulated brood demand by removing two eggs from randomly selected nests and placing those eggs into other randomly selected nests. Still other nests were not manipulated. This created three levels for the "clutch-size manipulation" factor (*csm*) – reduced (two eggs removed), enlarged (two eggs added), and control (no eggs removed or added).

The author manipulated the "attractiveness" of the male by reducing the size of the white patch on the forehead. The forehead patch was reduced in size on randomly selected males by clipping approximately two-thirds of the white feathers. Thus, the experiment consisted of two levels of the "forehead manipulation" factor (*fh*) – "unmanipulated" (more attractive) and "reduced" (less attractive).

In one aspect of the experiment, Sanz recorded the feeding rate (*mfr*; number of times the male fed the hatchlings per hour) of the male flycatchers on the 13th day post-hatch. The author tested his hypotheses by examining the data for clutch-size manipulation, forehead manipulation, and the interaction between these two factors on feeding rates.

```
> pfc <- read.table("PiedFlycatcher1.txt", head=TRUE)

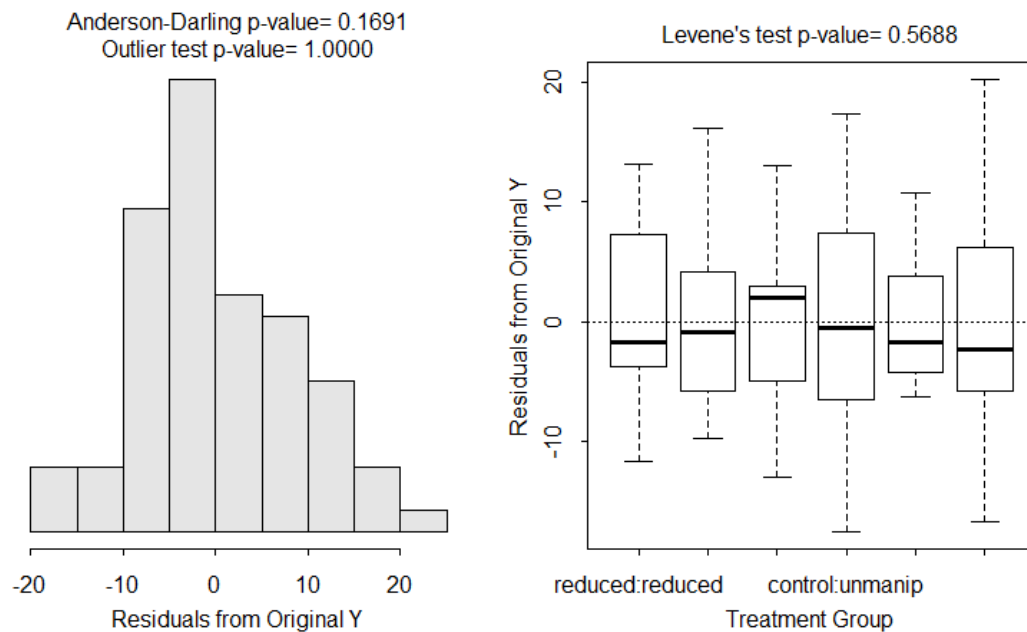
> pfc$csm <- factor(pfc$csm, levels=c("reduced", "control", "enlarged"))
> pfc$comb <- pfc$csm:pfc$fh
> pfc$logmfr <- log(pfc$mfr)
```

```
> str(pfc)
```

```
'data.frame': 74 obs. of 5 variables:
 $ csm : Factor w/ 3 levels "reduced","control",...: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
 $ fh : Factor w/ 2 levels "reduced","unmanip": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
 $ mfr : int 1 13 11 3 24 12 26 36 17 19 ...
 $ comb : Factor w/ 6 levels "reduced:reduced",...: 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 ...
 $ logmfr: num 0 2.56 2.4 1.1 3.18 ...
```

```
> aov1 <- lm(mfr~csm*fh,data=pfc)
```

```
> transChooser(aov1)
```



```
> anova(aov1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
csm	2	896.1	448.04	5.9343	0.004212
fh	1	55.3	55.26	0.7319	0.395276
csm:fh	2	70.5	35.24	0.4667	0.629034
Residuals	68	5134.0	75.50		

```
> mc1 <- glht(aov1, mcp(csm="Tukey"))
```

```
> summary(mc1)
```

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
control - reduced == 0	10.231	3.905	2.620	0.0286
enlarged - reduced == 0	4.481	3.478	1.288	0.4058
enlarged - control == 0	-5.750	3.966	-1.450	0.3207

```
> confint(mc1)
```

	Estimate	lwr	upr
control - reduced == 0	10.2308	0.8817	19.5798
enlarged - reduced == 0	4.4808	-3.8480	12.8096
enlarged - control == 0	-5.7500	-15.2463	3.7463

```

> aov1c <- lm(mfr~comb,data=pfc)
> mc1c <- glht(aov1c,mcp(comb="Tukey"))

> summary(mc1c)

```

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
reduced:unmanip - reduced:reduced == 0	-1.9231	3.4081	-0.564	0.9929
control:reduced - reduced:reduced == 0	10.2308	3.9045	2.620	0.1056
control:unmanip - reduced:reduced == 0	5.8022	3.3467	1.734	0.5133
enlarged:reduced - reduced:reduced == 0	4.4808	3.4784	1.288	0.7893
enlarged:unmanip - reduced:reduced == 0	5.0165	3.3467	1.499	0.6647
control:reduced - reduced:unmanip == 0	12.1538	3.9045	3.113	0.0307
control:unmanip - reduced:unmanip == 0	7.7253	3.3467	2.308	0.2039
enlarged:reduced - reduced:unmanip == 0	6.4038	3.4784	1.841	0.4455
enlarged:unmanip - reduced:unmanip == 0	6.9396	3.3467	2.074	0.3119
control:unmanip - control:reduced == 0	-4.4286	3.8510	-1.150	0.8577
enlarged:reduced - control:reduced == 0	-5.7500	3.9660	-1.450	0.6953
enlarged:unmanip - control:reduced == 0	-5.2143	3.8510	-1.354	0.7525
enlarged:reduced - control:unmanip == 0	-1.3214	3.4183	-0.387	0.9988
enlarged:unmanip - control:unmanip == 0	-0.7857	3.2842	-0.239	0.9999
enlarged:unmanip - enlarged:reduced == 0	0.5357	3.4183	0.157	1.0000

```

> confint(mc1c)

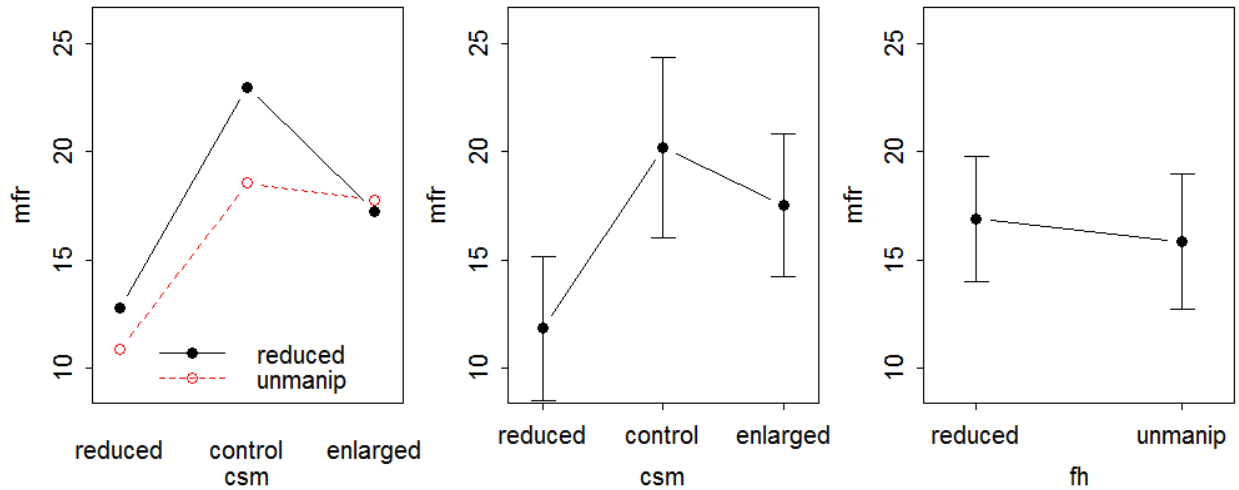
```

	Estimate	lwr	upr
reduced:unmanip - reduced:reduced == 0	-1.9231	-11.9068	8.0606
control:reduced - reduced:reduced == 0	10.2308	-1.2070	21.6685
control:unmanip - reduced:reduced == 0	5.8022	-4.0016	15.6060
enlarged:reduced - reduced:reduced == 0	4.4808	-5.7088	14.6703
enlarged:unmanip - reduced:reduced == 0	5.0165	-4.7873	14.8203
control:reduced - reduced:unmanip == 0	12.1538	0.7161	23.5916
control:unmanip - reduced:unmanip == 0	7.7253	-2.0785	17.5291
enlarged:reduced - reduced:unmanip == 0	6.4038	-3.7857	16.5934
enlarged:unmanip - reduced:unmanip == 0	6.9396	-2.8642	16.7434
control:unmanip - control:reduced == 0	-4.4286	-15.7097	6.8525
enlarged:reduced - control:reduced == 0	-5.7500	-17.3679	5.8679
enlarged:unmanip - control:reduced == 0	-5.2143	-16.4954	6.0668
enlarged:reduced - control:unmanip == 0	-1.3214	-11.3348	8.6919
enlarged:unmanip - control:unmanip == 0	-0.7857	-10.4063	8.8348
enlarged:unmanip - enlarged:reduced == 0	0.5357	-9.4777	10.5491

```

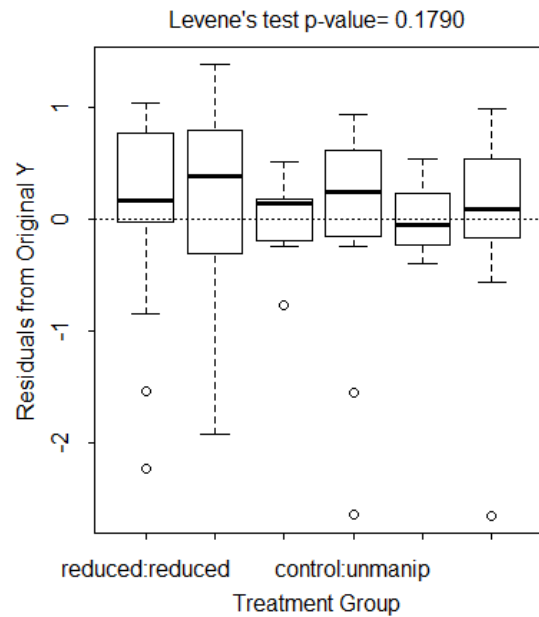
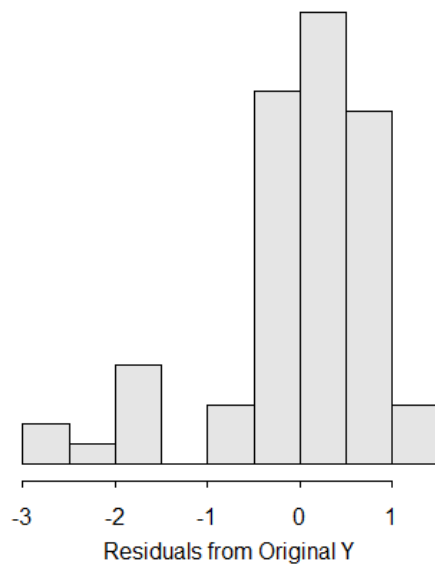
> fitPlot(aov1,legend="bottomright",ylim=c(9,26),main="",interval=FALSE)
> fitPlot(aov1,which="csm",ylim=c(9,26),main="")
> fitPlot(aov1,which="fh",ylim=c(9,26),main="")

```



```
> #####
> aov2 <- lm(logmfr~csm*fh,data=pfc)
> transChooser(aov2)
```

Anderson-Darling p-value= 0.0000
Outlier test p-value= 0.1088



```
> anova(aov2)
      Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
csm      2   7.907   3.9537   5.0287 0.009188
fh       1   1.491   1.4915   1.8971 0.172926
csm:fh    2   0.231   0.1153   0.1467 0.863828
Residuals 68 53.462   0.7862
```

```
> mc2 <- glht(aov2, mcp(csm="Tukey"))
> summary(mc2)
```

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
control - reduced == 0	0.8488	0.3984	2.130	0.0909

```
enlarged - reduced == 0    0.5699    0.3550    1.605    0.2496
enlarged - control == 0   -0.2789    0.4047   -0.689    0.7701
```

```
> confint(mc2)
```

```
              Estimate lwr      upr
control - reduced == 0    0.8488 -0.1056  1.8031
enlarged - reduced == 0    0.5699 -0.2803  1.4201
enlarged - control == 0  -0.2789 -1.2483  0.6905
```

```
> aov2c <- lm(logmfr~comb,data=pfc)
```

```
> mc2c <- glht(aov2c,mcp(comb="Tukey"))
```

> summary(mc2c)

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
reduced:unmanip-reduced:reduced == 0	-0.308021	0.347787	-0.886	0.9483
control:reduced-reduced:reduced == 0	0.848763	0.398440	2.130	0.2831
control:unmanip-reduced:reduced == 0	0.415207	0.341520	1.216	0.8267
enlarged:reduced-reduced:reduced == 0	0.569860	0.354958	1.605	0.5963
enlarged:unmanip-reduced:reduced == 0	0.418257	0.341520	1.225	0.8223
control:reduced-reduced:unmanip == 0	1.156784	0.398440	2.903	0.0535
control:unmanip-reduced:unmanip == 0	0.723228	0.341520	2.118	0.2893
enlarged:reduced-reduced:unmanip == 0	0.877882	0.354958	2.473	0.1458
enlarged:unmanip-reduced:unmanip == 0	0.726279	0.341520	2.127	0.2850
control:unmanip-control:reduced == 0	-0.433556	0.392981	-1.103	0.8776
enlarged:reduced-control:reduced == 0	-0.278903	0.404715	-0.689	0.9825
enlarged:unmanip-control:reduced == 0	-0.430505	0.392981	-1.095	0.8808
enlarged:reduced-control:unmanip == 0	0.154654	0.348820	0.443	0.9977
enlarged:unmanip-control:unmanip == 0	0.003051	0.335136	0.009	1.0000
enlarged:unmanip-enlarged:reduced == 0	-0.151603	0.348820	-0.435	0.9979

> confint(mc2c)

	Estimate	lwr	upr
reduced:unmanip - reduced:reduced == 0	-0.308021	-1.326942	0.710899
control:reduced - reduced:reduced == 0	0.848763	-0.318558	2.016083
control:unmanip - reduced:reduced == 0	0.415207	-0.585354	1.415767
enlarged:reduced - reduced:reduced == 0	0.569860	-0.470072	1.609792
enlarged:unmanip - reduced:reduced == 0	0.418257	-0.582303	1.418818
control:reduced - reduced:unmanip == 0	1.156784	-0.010536	2.324105
control:unmanip - reduced:unmanip == 0	0.723228	-0.277332	1.723788
enlarged:reduced - reduced:unmanip == 0	0.877882	-0.162050	1.917813
enlarged:unmanip - reduced:unmanip == 0	0.726279	-0.274282	1.726839
control:unmanip - control:reduced == 0	-0.433556	-1.584885	0.717773
enlarged:reduced - control:reduced == 0	-0.278903	-1.464607	0.906802
enlarged:unmanip - control:reduced == 0	-0.430505	-1.581834	0.720823
enlarged:reduced - control:unmanip == 0	0.154654	-0.867295	1.176602
enlarged:unmanip - control:unmanip == 0	0.003051	-0.978806	0.984907
enlarged:unmanip - enlarged:reduced == 0	-0.151603	-1.173552	0.870346

> fitPlot(aov2,legend="bottomright",ylim=c(1.6,3.2),main="",interval=FALSE)

> fitPlot(aov2,which="csm",ylim=c(1.6,3.2),main="")

> fitPlot(aov2,which="fh",ylim=c(1.6,3.2),main="")

