

## Load Necessary Packages

```
> library(FSA)      # for Subset(), view(), lencat()
```

## Reading External Data

When beginning with R it is easiest to load external data with the following steps:

1. Enter data in an external software (e.g., spreadsheet or database) and save as a “comma separated values” (CSV) file.
2. Start an initial script in RStudio. Save this script to the **exact same folder** as the CSV file.
3. Use the “Session”, “Set Working Directory ...”, “To Source File Location” menu items to print the appropriate `setwd()` function to the *Console* pane.
4. Copy the appropriate `setwd()` function from the *Console* pane to your script.
5. Use `read.csv()` to load the external file into the R environment (described below).
6. Use `str()`, `head()`, `view()`<sup>1</sup>, or view the file from the *Environment* tab (upper-right pane of RStudio) to make sure the data appears proper.

```
> setwd("C:/aaaWork/Web/fishR/courses/Vermont2014/CourseMaterial/") # Derek's computer only
> d <- read.csv("Data/MNBCData.csv",header=TRUE)
> str(d)

'data.frame': 2422 obs. of  20 variables:
 $ species: Factor w/ 9 levels "BLC","BLG","LMB",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ gear   : Factor w/ 5 levels "All","GN","GN, TN",...: 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 3 3 ...
 $ lake   : Factor w/ 24 levels "Bean Lake","Benton",...: 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 16 16 ...
 $ yearcap: int   2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 ...
 $ fish   : int   67 43 45 44 42 41 63 78 56 55 ...
 $ agecap : int    1 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 1 1 ...
 $ lencap  : int  108 198 258 247 249 235 278 284 135 127 ...
 $ anu1    : num   1.15 1.42 1.52 1.28 1.43 ...
 $ anu2    : num   2.28 3.06 3.28 3.35 2.53 ...
 $ anu3    : num   NA 3.88 4.27 3.86 3.36 ...
 $ anu4    : num   NA NA 4.88 4.11 3.68 ...
 $ anu5    : num   NA NA 5.66 4.34 3.99 ...
 $ anu6    : num   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
 $ anu7    : num   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
 $ anu8    : num   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
 $ anu9    : num   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
 $ anu10   : num   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
 $ anu11   : num   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
 $ anu12   : num   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
 $ radcap  : num   2.28 3.88 5.66 4.34 3.99 ...

> view(d)
```

---

<sup>1</sup>This requires the FSA package.

```

      species gear      lake yearcap fish agecap lencap  anu1  anu2  anu3  anu4
127      BLG   TN        Long   2006   29     3    162 0.9370 1.966 3.034 3.536
407      YEP  All   Bean Lake   1998   72     2    237 1.4616 3.344 4.228   NA
1058     BLC  All   Iowa Lake   1998  120     4    295 0.9971 2.453 3.697 4.831
1277     BLC  All   Lake Sarah   1998   46     2    193 1.4169 3.555 3.753   NA
1809     BLC  All   Long Lake   1998  128     1    107 0.5355 1.660   NA   NA
2334     BLC  All   Timber Lake   1998   38     2    192 0.9008 3.043 3.789   NA

      anu5 anu6 anu7 anu8 anu9 anu10 anu11 anu12 radcap
127      NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA 3.536
407      NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA 4.228
1058 5.303  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA 5.303
1277     NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA 3.753
1809     NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA 1.660
2334     NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA 3.789

> nrow(d)
[1] 2422

```

## Subsets of the Data

```

> d[5,]
      species gear      lake yearcap fish agecap lencap  anu1  anu2 anu3  anu4  anu5 anu6
5      BLC   TN Benton   2006   42     4    249 1.431 2.534 3.36 3.676 3.992   NA
      anu7 anu8 anu9 anu10 anu11 anu12 radcap
5      NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA 3.992

> d[c(5,11,17),]
      species gear      lake yearcap fish agecap lencap  anu1  anu2 anu3  anu4  anu5
5      BLC   TN Benton   2006   42     4    249 1.431 2.534 3.36 3.676 3.992
11     BLC GN, TN   Long   2006   54     1    123 1.452 2.185   NA   NA   NA
17     BLC GN, TN   Long   2006   41     1    118 1.221 1.928   NA   NA   NA
      anu6 anu7 anu8 anu9 anu10 anu11 anu12 radcap
5      NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA 3.992
11     NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA 2.185
17     NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA 1.928

> d$age[1:25]
[1] 1 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3

```

```

> levels(d$species)
[1] "BLC" "BLG" "LMB" "NOP" "PMK" "SMB" "WAE" "WHC" "YEP"

> levels(d$lake)
[1] "Bean Lake"      "Benton"          "Bingham"          "Bingham Lake"
[5] "Buff Lake"      "Cottonwood Lake" "Fish Lake"        "Fox Lake"
[9] "Hills Reservoir" "Iowa Lake"       "Kinbrae"          "Lake Okamanpeedan"
[13] "Lake Sarah"     "Lake Shetek"     "Lake Yankton"     "Long"
[17] "Long Lake"      "Okabena Lake"    "Rock Lake"        "South Silver"
[21] "South Silver Lake" "Summit Lake"     "Talcot"           "Timber Lake"

```

```

> dBLC <- Subset(d,species=="BLC")
> xtabs(~species,data=dBLC)

species
BLC
563

> dBLCCTL <- Subset(d,species=="BLC" & lake=="Talcot")
> xtabs(~species+lake,data=dBLCCTL)

      lake
species Talcot
      BLC      68

> dBLCBLG <- Subset(d,species=="BLC" | species=="BLG")
> xtabs(~species,data=dBLCBLG)

species
BLC BLG
563 174

> d2 <- Subset(d,species!="BLC")
> xtabs(~species,data=d2)

species
BLG LMB NOP PMK SMB WAE WHC YEP
174  27  72  75  42 550 175 744

> dPred <- Subset(d,species %in% c("LMB","NOP","SMB","WAE"))
> xtabs(~species,data=dPred)

species
LMB NOP SMB WAE
  27  72  42 550

> dgt500 <- Subset(d,lencap>=500)
> nrow(dgt500)

[1] 173

> min(dgt500$lencap)

[1] 500

```

## Adding Variables I

```

> d$lenin <- d$lencap/25.4
> d$loglen <- log(d$lencap)
> view(d)

```

	species	gear	lake	yearcap	fish	agecap	lencap	anu1	anu2	anu3		
151	NOP	TN	Hills Reservoir	2006	26	3	511	1.3490	2.039	2.401		
244	WAE	GN,TN	Talcot	2006	27	2	313	1.4650	3.207	4.255		
1233	YEP	All	Lake Okamanpeedan	1998	44	2	139	1.2602	2.458	2.745		
1488	BLC	All	Lake Shetek	1998	131	4	268	0.9118	2.651	3.961		
1799	YEP	All	Lake Yankton	1998	170	3	254	1.1317	2.928	4.344		
2344	BLC	All	Timber Lake	1998	94	2	224	1.1785	3.656	4.432		
	anu4	anu5	anu6	anu7	anu8	anu9	anu10	anu11	anu12	radcap	lenin	loglen
151	2.875	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.875	20.118	6.236
244	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.255	12.323	5.746
1233	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.745	5.472	4.934
1488	4.645	4.964	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.964	10.551	5.591
1799	4.693	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.693	10.000	5.537
2344	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.432	8.819	5.412

```

> # Create a year factor (categorical) variable
> d$yearcap <- factor(d$yearcap)
> str(d)

'data.frame': 2422 obs. of 23 variables:
 $ species : Factor w/ 9 levels "BLC","BLG","LMB",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ gear    : Factor w/ 5 levels "All","GN","GN, TN",...: 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 3 3 ...
 $ lake    : Factor w/ 24 levels "Bean Lake","Benton",...: 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 16 16 ...
 $ yearcap : int 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 ...
 $ fish    : int 67 43 45 44 42 41 63 78 56 55 ...
 $ agecap  : int 1 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 1 1 ...
 $ lencap  : int 108 198 258 247 249 235 278 284 135 127 ...
 $ anu1    : num 1.15 1.42 1.52 1.28 1.43 ...
 $ anu2    : num 2.28 3.06 3.28 3.35 2.53 ...
 $ anu3    : num NA 3.88 4.27 3.86 3.36 ...
 $ anu4    : num NA NA 4.88 4.11 3.68 ...
 $ anu5    : num NA NA 5.66 4.34 3.99 ...
 $ anu6    : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
 $ anu7    : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
 $ anu8    : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
 $ anu9    : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
 $ anu10   : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
 $ anu11   : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
 $ anu12   : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
 $ radcap  : num 2.28 3.88 5.66 4.34 3.99 ...
 $ lenin   : num 4.25 7.8 10.16 9.72 9.8 ...
 $ loglen  : num 4.68 5.29 5.55 5.51 5.52 ...
 $ fyearcap: Factor w/ 2 levels "1998","2006": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...

> levels(d$yearcap)

[1] "1998" "2006"

```

```

> # Create a length categorization variable
> d <- lencat(~lencap,data=d,startcat=75,w=25)
> view(d)

```

	species	gear	lake	yearcap	fish	agecap	lencap	anu1	anu2	anu3	anu4	
161	NOP	GN,TN	Kinbrae	2006	28	2	628	1.1290	2.552	3.035	NA	
951	WAE	All	Fox Lake	1998	108	3	415	2.6896	4.362	5.059	5.456	
1096	WHC	All	Iowa Lake	1998	106	2	254	0.6068	3.138	3.956	NA	
1102	WHC	All	Iowa Lake	1998	91	3	292	0.8688	3.026	3.983	4.300	
1373	WAE	All	Lake Sarah	1998	151	6	585	2.1288	4.105	5.638	6.319	
1605	YEP	All	Lake Shetek	1998	40	3	203	0.9115	2.230	3.072	3.410	
	anu5	anu6	anu7	anu8	anu9	anu10	anu11	anu12	radcap	lenin	loglen	fyearcap
161	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.035	24.724	6.443	2006
951	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.456	16.339	6.028	1998
1096	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.956	10.000	5.537	1998
1102	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.300	11.496	5.677	1998
1373	6.717	7.015	7.168	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	7.168	23.031	6.372	1998
1605	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.410	7.992	5.313	1998
LCat												
161	625											
951	400											
1096	250											
1102	275											
1373	575											
1605	200											

```
> xtabs(~species+LCat,data=d)
```

```

      LCat
species 75 100 125 150 175 200 225 250 275 300 325 350 375 400 425 450 475 500 525
BLC      0  26  39  78  94  91  84  67  56  17   7   4   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
BLG      6  16  25  65  48  10   4   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
LMB      0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   2   3   3   3   4   3   3   5   1   0   0
NOP      0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   2   2   6   3   2   5   6
PMK      1  20  28  18   7   1   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
SMB      1   3   0   0   9   7   0   5   6   6   2   0   0   0   2   1   0   0   0
WAE      0   0   0   0  11  18  18  17  28  56  54  48  54  30  35  27  33  37  26
WHC      0   5   2  15  37  50  23  18  24   1   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
YEP      0   4  66 141 152 158 119  59  35  10   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0

```

```

      LCat
species 550 575 600 625 650 675 700 725 750 775 800 825
BLC      0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
BLG      0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
LMB      0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
NOP      2   6  10   9   4   4   1   2   2   0   2   1
PMK      0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
SMB      0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
WAE     22  13   5   9   2   4   3   0   0   0   0   0
WHC      0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
YEP      0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0

```

## Back-Calculation Example

```
> # Focus hereafter on Talcot Lake Black Crappie in 2006 (only year sampled)
> # and eliminate several variables not used (for illustration & simplicity)
> dBLC <- Subset(d,species=="BLC" & lake=="Talcot" & yearcap==2006,
                 select=-c(gear,yearcap,lenin,loglen,fyearcap,LCat))
> levels(dBLC$species)
[1] "BLC"
> levels(dBLC$lake)
[1] "Talcot"
```

## Reshaping

Some definitions:

- “Wide” Data – Rows contains repeated measurements on same individuals. This is currently the cases ... each row has multiple scale radii measurements for the same fish in the `anuX` variables.
- “Long” Data – Each row contains only one measurement from an individual. Thus, multiple measurements on the same fish will be in multiple rows.

The `reshape()` function can be used to change the shape of a data frame from wide to long, or vice versa. Within this function several items have to be defined when moving from “wide” to “long” format.

- `idvar` – The single variable name that identifies an individual (a fish in this case).
- `varying` – A vector of names for the variables that contain the repeated measurements (i.e., the variables names containing the scale radius measurements).
- `v.names` – A single name for repeated measurements variable in the long format. This will usually be very closely related to the common portion of the names in `varying`.
- `timevar` – A single name for the labels for the repeated measurements values in the long format. This is likely a descriptive name for specific portion of the names in `varying`.
- `times` – A vector of values for the repeated measurements in the long format (i.e., the ages corresponding to the radial measurements in this case).

```
> # list the variables that contain the repeated measurements
> varying1 <- c("anu1","anu2","anu3","anu4","anu5","anu6",
               "anu7","anu8","anu9","anu10","anu11","anu12")
> # this is an alternative to the above that eliminates repetitive typing
> ( varying2 <- which(grepl("anu",names(dBLC))) )
[1]  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17
>
> # do the reshaping
> ldBLC <- reshape(dBLC,direction="long",
                  idvar="fish",          # what identifies unique fish
                  varying=varying1,     # declare the repeated measurements
                  v.names="anu",         # name for repeat meas in long format
                  timevar="age",         # name of var that identifies the repeat
                  times=1:12)            # values in timevar for repeat
```

```

>
> view(ldBLC)
      species lake fish agecap lencap radcap age  anu
149.2      BLC Talcot 149      1    128  2.369  2 2.369
38.4       BLC Talcot  38      1    168  3.363  4   NA
81.6       BLC Talcot  81      2    193  3.668  6   NA
84.8       BLC Talcot  84      1    127  2.469  8   NA
48.10      BLC Talcot  48      1    144  2.855 10   NA
49.12      BLC Talcot  49      1    137  2.756 12   NA

>
> ldBLC[ldBLC$fish==165,]                                # example for one fish
      species lake fish agecap lencap radcap age  anu
165.1      BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  1 1.757
165.2      BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  2 3.265
165.3      BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  3 4.308
165.4      BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  4 4.728
165.5      BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  5 5.045
165.6      BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  6 5.159
165.7      BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  7   NA
165.8      BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  8   NA
165.9      BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  9   NA
165.10     BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159 10   NA
165.11     BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159 11   NA
165.12     BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159 12   NA

>
> # remove all of the NAs
> ldBLC <- Subset(ldBLC,!is.na(anu))
> ldBLC[ldBLC$fish==165,]                                # same example for one fish
      species lake fish agecap lencap radcap age  anu
67      BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  1 1.757
135     BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  2 3.265
172     BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  3 4.308
193     BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  4 4.728
208     BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  5 5.045
216     BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  6 5.159

>
> # remove the "plus" growth
> ldBLC <- Subset(ldBLC,agecap-age>=0)
> ldBLC[ldBLC$fish==165,]                                # same example for one fish
      species lake fish agecap lencap radcap age  anu
67      BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  1 1.757
104     BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  2 3.265
125     BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  3 4.308
140     BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  4 4.728
148     BLC Talcot 165      5    276  5.159  5 5.045

```

## Adding Variables II

```
> k <- 35 # use Carlander intercept of k=35 mm
> ldBLC <- within(ldBLC, {
  bcFL <- (anu/radcap)*(lencap-k)+k
})
> view(ldBLC)
```

	species	lake	fish	agecap	lencap	radcap	age	anu	bcFL
42	BLC	Talcot	61	2	213	4.259	1	0.842	70.19
45	BLC	Talcot	77	2	218	4.384	1	0.980	75.91
88	BLC	Talcot	143	3	241	4.736	2	3.186	173.58
101	BLC	Talcot	80	5	290	5.023	2	2.710	172.58
121	BLC	Talcot	30	5	279	5.023	3	3.787	218.96
140	BLC	Talcot	165	5	276	5.159	4	4.728	255.87

```
> Summarize(bcFL~age,data=ldBLC)
```

Warning: To continue, variable(s) on RHS of formula were converted to a factor.

	age	n	mean	sd	min	Q1	median	Q3	max	percZero
1	1	68	89.32	14.167	63.8	78.4	88.7	98.9	117	0
2	2	37	173.03	16.442	134.0	162.0	171.0	184.0	217	0
3	3	21	226.02	11.139	205.0	221.0	227.0	231.0	249	0
4	4	15	255.28	8.737	247.0	250.0	252.0	261.0	273	0
5	5	8	277.12	8.414	266.0	271.0	276.0	285.0	288	0