An Introduction to Algorithms in LATEX

Braden Licastro
Department of Computer Science
Allegheny College
licastb@allegheny.edu
http://www.fullforceapps.com

March 28, 2013

1 Introduction

Introduction 2

```
K \leftarrow \varnothing

for each mutant do

Create tables in database for mutant

for each sqlInsertStatement in testSuite do

originalResult \leftarrow Pre-computed result of insert with non-mutant

mutantResult \leftarrow executeWithDBMS(sqlInsertStatement)

if originalResult \neq mutantResult then

K \leftarrow K \cup mutant

end if

end for

Remove tables in database for mutant

end for
```

Figure 1: Kapfhammer et al.'s mutation analysis algorithm, referred to as the "Original" approach in this paper

Introduction 3

```
▷ 1. Meta-mutant creation
for each mutant do
    Prefix names of tables in mutant with unique mutant ID
end for
Create tables in database for all mutants
▷ 2. Mutant evaluation
for each mutant do
    killed \leftarrow false
    for each sqlInsertStatement in testSuite do
        sqlInsertStatement' \( \sigma \) sqlInsertStatement modified to use unique mutant ID of mutant for table names
        originalResult \leftarrow Pre-computed result of insert with non-mutant
        mutantResult \leftarrow executeWithDBMS(sqlInsertStatement)
        if {\it original Result} \neq {\it mutant Result} \ then
            K \leftarrow K \cup mutant
        end if
    end for
end for
⊳ 3. Clean up
Remove tables in database for all mutants
```

Figure 2: "Full Schemata" mutation analysis algorithm

Introduction 4

Can you create your own LATEX document to write the psuedo code for another algorithm in the Efficient Mutation Analysis of Relational Database Structure Using Mutant Schemata and Parallelisation paper?