

**Problem Set 1**  
**Due Wednesday January 23**

1. Let  $P$  and  $Q$  be statements. Show that the following statements are logically equivalent.

- (a)  $\neg(P \vee Q)$  and  $(\neg P) \wedge (\neg Q)$
- (b)  $P \Rightarrow Q$  and  $(\neg P) \vee Q$ .

2. Let  $P$ ,  $Q$ , and  $R$  be statements. Determine whether or not the statements

$$(P \wedge Q) \Rightarrow R \text{ and } (P \Rightarrow R) \wedge (Q \Rightarrow R)$$

are logically equivalent.

3. Determine whether or not each of the following statements is true. Explain your answers.

- (a) For all real numbers  $x$ ,  $x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$  only if  $x = 3$ .
- (b) For all real numbers  $x$ ,  $x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$  if  $x = 3$ .

4. Find a useful denial of each of the following statements. Use mathematically precise, natural English, writing all conditional statements in the form “if ..., then ....”

- (a) I will do my homework and I will pass this class.
- (b) If  $x \neq 0$ , then there exists a real number  $y$  such that  $xy = 1$ .
- (c) The stars are green or the white horse is shining only if the world is eleven feet wide.
- (d) There are integers  $m$  and  $n$  such that for each rational number  $x$  either  $m < nx$  or  $n < mx$ .
- (e) For every  $\epsilon > 0$ , there exists  $\delta > 0$  such that for every  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ , if  $|x - a| < \delta$ , then  $|x^2 - a^2| < \epsilon$ .

5. Find the converse and contrapositive of each of the following statements. Use mathematically precise, natural English, writing all conditional statements in the form “if ..., then ....”

- (a) If I ski, I will fall.
- (b) If  $y > x$  and  $y > 0$ , then  $y > z$ .
- (c) If  $x \neq 0$ , then there exists a real number  $y$  such that  $xy = 1$ .
- (d)  $n - 3 \leq 6$  only if  $n > 4$  or  $n > 10$ .
- (e) If there exist integers  $m$  and  $n$  such that  $12m + 15n = 1$ , then  $m$  and  $n$  are both positive.