



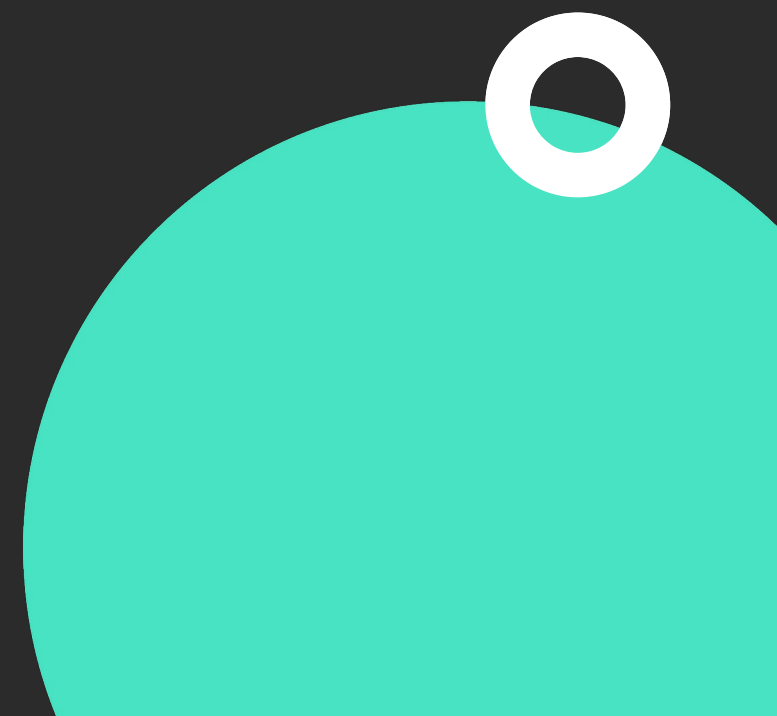
# Exploring Proto DataStore



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# Section Overview

- Define and use protobuf objects
- Implement a protobuf serializer
- Create an instance of Proto DataStore
- Read from and write to Proto DataStore
- Handle read and write exceptions



# Define Protobuf objects

- Protobuf:
  - Define a **structured** data
  - Compiler **generates** the source code needed to read and write the **structured** data
- Structured data defined in a proto file like **user\_pref.pb** inside **src/main/proto**
  - Specify the syntax to be used
  - Structured data is defined using **message**
  - **Members** of the structured data are defined inside the **message**

```
// inside a proto file
```

```
syntax = "proto3";
```

```
option java_package = "com.droidcon.comicsworld";
```

```
option java_multiple_files = true;
```

```
message UserComicPreference {
```

```
    // enum representing the different sort orders  
    for our app
```

```
    enum SortOrder{
```

```
        UNSPECIFIED = 0;
```

```
        NONE = 1;
```

```
        BY_RATING = 2;
```

```
        BY_DATE_ADDED = 3;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```



# Define a Serializer

- Serializer enables the data-store to know how to:
  - **Read** and **write** the data-structure in our proto file
  - Return a **default value** in case there is no data persisted in our proto file
- To create a serializer we implement the **Serializer<T>** interface

```
// UserPreferenceSerializer
object UserPreferencesSerializer:
    Serializer<UserComicPreference>{
        override val defaultValue: UserComicPreference
            get() = UserComicPreference.getDefaultInstance()
        override suspend fun readFrom(input: InputStream):
            UserComicPreference {
            return try {
                UserComicPreference.parseFrom(input)
            } catch (e: InvalidProtocolBufferException){
                throw CorruptionException(
                    "Cannot read from the proto file because of $e")
            }
        }
        override suspend fun writeTo(t: UserComicPreference, output:
            OutputStream) = t.writeTo(output)
    }
```



# Creating a Proto DataStore

- 2 ways to create an instance of a Proto DataStore
  - Using the `protoDataStore` property delegate with a `Context` Receiver
    - used when you are providing your datastore instance manually
  - Using the `DataStoreFactory` API
    - used with dependency injection frameworks such as Hilt



# Using Property Delegate

Construct a proto datastore instance using property delegate

```
// at the top level of your file
```

```
private const val DATA_STORE_FILE_NAME =  
    "user_prefs.pb"
```

```
private const val SORT_ORDER_KEY = "sort_order"
```

```
private val Context.userProtoDatastore:
```

```
DataStore<UserPreferences> by datastore(  
    fileName = DATA_STORE_FILE_NAME,  
    serializer = UserPreferencesSerializer  
)
```



# Using DataStoreFactory

- Create a Proto DataStore instance: use `DataStoreFactory.create()`
- **Parameters:**
  - `serializer`
  - `produceFile`

```
// creating a proto data-store instance using
DataStoreFactory

@Provides
@Singleton
fun provideProtoDataStore(@ApplicationContext
appContext: Context): DataStore<UserComicPreference>
{
    return DataStoreFactory.create(
        serializer = UserPreferencesSerializer()
        {
            File(appContext.filesDir,
                USER_PROTO_PREFERENCES_NAME)
        }
    )
}
```



# Reading from Proto DataStore

- Read via `DataStore<Preferences>.data` property
- The read data will be exposed via `Flow<Preference>`
  - Latest changes stored in datastore are emitted
- The returned flow will always either:
  - Emit a `value` or
  - Throw an `exception`





# Writing data to Proto Data-store

- The `DataStore<Preference>.updateData()` function used to : write data to Proto DataStore
- The `DataStore<Preference>.updateData()` function is `suspending`
- The function updates data `transanctionally`

```
suspend fun filterByCategory(  
    comicCategory:UserComicPreference.ComicCategory  
) {  
    userPreferenceProtoStore.updateData {currentPreferences ->  
        currentPreferences.toBuilder()  
    }.setComicCategory(comicCategory).build()  
}
```



# Handling Read Exceptions

- Proto DataStore throws an `IOException` whenever an error occurs during the reading/writing operation
- Handling of the exception during read is done using the Flow's `catch()` operator

```
fun getUserPreferences(): Flow<UserComicPreference> {  
    return userPreferenceProtoStore.data.catch  
{exception->  
        if (exception is IOException){  
            Log.e(LoggingTag, "An error occurred while  
reading from the proto data store $exception")  
        }  
        else throw exception  
    }  
}
```



# Handling Write Exceptions

- Proto DataStore throws an `IOException` whenever an error occurs during the reading/writing operation
- Handling of exceptions during writing is done via a `try-catch` block

```
suspend fun filterByCategory(
    comicCategory: UserComicPreference.ComicCategory) {
    try{
        userPreferenceProtoStore.updateData
        {currentPreferences ->
            currentPreferences
                .toBuilder()
                .setComicCategory(comicCategory)
                .build()
        }
    }catch(ioException: IOException){
        // do something with the exception
    }
}
```



# Code Challenge

- Add a new sort order option
  - The new sort order must enable the user to sort the comics based on their names
- Implement read and write functionality of the new sort order option in the **UserProtoPreferencesRepository.kt**.



# Section Summary

- Define protobuf objects
- Implement a protobuf serializer
- Create a Proto Datastore instance
- Read from and write to the Proto DataStore
- Handle read and write exceptions thrown by Proto DataStore





# Proto DataStore in Action

Up Next

