

MSc. in HPC

HPC Software II (55612)

MPI Programming Exercises 2: RMA and MPI-IO

Darach Golden

April 14, 2025

1 Notes

- To complete these exercises, submit a document containing results for each question and a separate tarball of the all code used to obtain the results. Details of how to compile and run the code must be provided in a "README" file. You *must* use a makefile to compile the code. The code should compile on seagul1
- Use C to implement all exercises

2 Exercises

- 1. Update your version of the Poisson solver which uses a 2D processor decomposition to use active target RMA operations for 2D ghost/halo exchange instead of MPI message passing operations
 - Implement two versions of the 2D ghost exchange routine:
 - [20%] A version which uses MPI_Win_fence based synchronization along with MPI Put and MPI Get
 - [30%] A version which uses general active target synchronization: MPI_Win_start, MPI_Win_complete, MPI_Win_post and MPI_Win_wait along with MPI_Put and MPI_Get
 - [10%] Demonstrate that your answers using RMA operations match the answers of your non-RMA version
- 2. The 20x20 matrix in Figure 1 is shown as a 4x4 block matrix consisting of blocks of dimension 5x5. The binary file mat-d20-b5-p4.bin contains this matrix in the following format:
 - The binary file first stores the dimension of the matrix in integer format.
 - Then, in double precision format: the first block column is stored followed by the second block column and so on
 - In each block column the first 5x5 block is stored followed by the second 5x5 block and so on

Let the vector x be $x = \{4, 5, 6, 7, 7, 5, 7, 7, 7, 4, 3, 6, 3, 7, 3, 6, 4, 1, 7, 6\}$. This vector is stored in the binary file x-d20.txt.bin. The binary file first stores the length (20) of the vector in integer format. Then it lists the vector entries in double precision format.

- [20%] Use MPI-IO calls to read the data in the matrix file across 4 processes, where rank 0 reads in the first block column, rank 1 reads in the second block column, and so on. Then use MPI-IO commands to read in the x vector across 4 process so that the sub-vector assigned to each process has the same dimension as the 5x5 blocks.
- [20%] Using the distributed matrix (A) and vector (x) you have just read in, write mpi code to calculate the distributed matrix vector product Ax. The code should run on 4 processors where, as described above, each processor owns a block column of the matrix. Demonstrate that your matrix vector product gives the correct answer by carrying out the matrix vector product in a separate software package such as matlab or python.

Figure 1: Matrix A of dimension 20×20 divided into square block submatrices of dimension 5

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 4 & 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 & 3 & 4 & 4 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 4 & 4 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 4 & 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & 2 & 4 & 4 \\ 4 & 4 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 3 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 0 & 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 4 & 4 & 4 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 4 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 4 & 3 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 4 & 3 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 4 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 4 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 4 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 4 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 4 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 4 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 4 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 4 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 4 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 4 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 3 & 0 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 3 & 0 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 2 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 4 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$$